

VRE, = 0.71 V VEBZ-0.71V

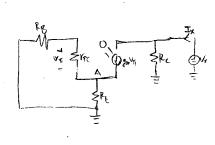
5-41

$$\frac{V_{CC}}{\sqrt{R_{E}}} = \frac{V_{OUT} - g_{M}V_{Ti}R_{C}}{V_{Ii} + I_{C}R_{E}} = \frac{V_{Ti} + I_{C}R_{E}}{V_{Ti} + I_{C}R_{E}} = \frac{R_{C}I_{C}}{R_{E}I_{C}}$$

$$\frac{V_{OUT} - g_{M}V_{Ti}R_{C}}{V_{Ii} + I_{C}R_{E}} = \frac{R_{C}I_{C}}{R_{E}I_{C}} = \frac{R_{C}I_{C}}{R_{E}I_{C}}$$

$$\frac{V_{CC}}{V_{II} + I_{C}R_{E}} = \frac{V_{Ti}R_{C}}{V_{Ti} + I_{C}R_{E}} = \frac{R_{C}I_{C}}{R_{E}I_{C}}$$

R_=20V7 R=5V7



$$\frac{\sqrt{x}}{I_X} = R c$$

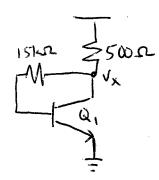
5.54
$$V_{cc}$$
 V_{cc} V_{cor} V

$$\frac{\sqrt{2m}}{\sqrt{m}} \frac{\sqrt{2m}}{\sqrt{2m}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2$$

(b) Since Gain-gare Gand Re So the larger the Re, the higher the gain

Create A Problem

Vcc = 2.5 V



$$\beta = 100 V_X = 1V V_A = \infty$$
What is Is?

$$I_{c+}I_{B} = \frac{2.5-1}{500}$$
 $I_{c+}I_{B} = 0.003$ $I_{c+}I_{C} = 0.00297$ A