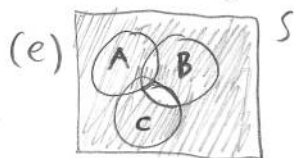
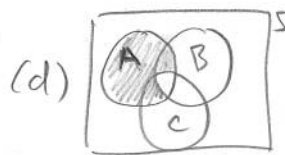
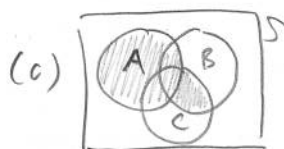
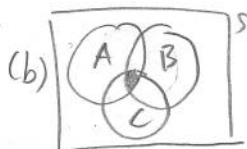
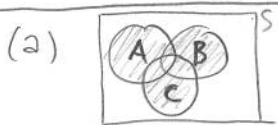


## 1.2.5 Problem 1



## 1.2.5 Problem 2

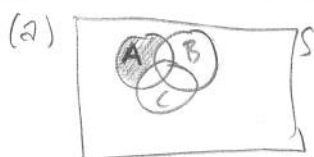
(a)  $\cup$   $=$

(b)  $=$   $+$

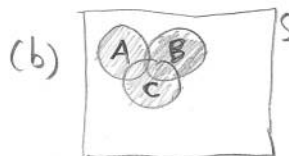
## 1.2.5 Problem 3

1.  $\{1, 2, 3\}$  2.  $\{1\} \{2\} \{3\}$  3.  $\{1, 2\} \{3\}$  4.  $\{1, 3\} \{2\}$  5.  $\{2, 3\} \{1\}$

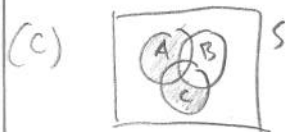
## 1.3.6 Problem 1



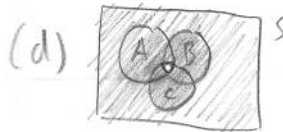
$A - B - C = A - (B \cup C)$



$A \cup B \cup C$



$(A \cup C) - B$



$\overline{(A \cap B \cap C)} = \bar{A} \cup \bar{B} \cup \bar{C}$

## 1.3.6 Problem 2

(a)  $S = \{2, 3, 4, \dots\}$

(b)  $S = \{RB, RW, RG, BR, BW, BG, WR, WB, WG, GR, GB, GW\}$

(c)  $S = [0, \frac{1}{3}]$

## 1.3.6 Problem 3

(a)  $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$   $\frac{5}{6} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3} - x$   $x = \frac{1}{3}$

(b) No  $A \cap B \neq \emptyset$

(c)  $C - A \cup B = C \cup A \cup B - A \cup B = 1 - \frac{5}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$

(d)  $P(C \cap (A \cup B)) + P(C - (A \cup B)) = P(C)$   
 $\frac{5}{12} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{7}{12}$

## 1.3.6 Problem 4

$$A = \{ (1,2) (1,3) (1,4) (1,5) (1,6) \\ (2,3) (2,4) (2,5) (2,6) \\ (3,4) (3,5) (3,6) \\ (4,5) (4,6) \\ (5,6) \}$$

$$\frac{15}{36} = \frac{5}{12}$$

(a)

$$(b) B = \{ (6,1) (6,2) (6,3) (6,4) (6,5) (6,6) \\ (1,6) (2,6) (3,6) (4,6) (5,6) \} \quad \frac{11}{36}$$

## Schaum's 1.1

$$(a) S_1 = \{ TTT, TTH, THT, THH, HTT, HTH, HHT, HHH \}$$

$$(b) S_2 = \{ 0, 1, 2, 3 \}$$

## Schaum's 1.5

$$(a) S = \{ (i,j) : i,j = 1,2,3,4,5,6 \}$$

$$(b) A = \{ (1,6) (2,5) (3,4) (4,3) (5,2) (6,1) \}$$

$$(c) B = \{ (5,6) (6,5) (1,6) \}$$

$$(d) C = \emptyset$$

## Schaum's 1.37

$$(a) P(A) = \frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$(b) P(B) = \frac{3}{36} = \frac{1}{12}$$

## 1.3.6 Problem 5

$$(a) S = [0, \infty)$$

$$(b) P(T \geq 0) = e^{-\frac{0}{5}} = 1 \quad \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} P(T \geq t) = e^{-\frac{\infty}{5}} = 0$$

$$(c) P(T \geq t_1) = e^{-\frac{t_1}{5}} \quad P(T \geq t_2) = e^{-\frac{t_2}{5}} \quad t_1 < t_2 \quad \frac{t_1}{5} < \frac{t_2}{5} \quad -\frac{t_1}{5} > -\frac{t_2}{5} \\ e^{-\frac{t_1}{5}} > e^{-\frac{t_2}{5}}$$

$$(d) P(T \geq 3) = e^{-\frac{3}{5}} \approx 0.548812 \quad 1 - 0.548812 = 0.451188$$

$$(e) P(T \geq 2) = e^{-\frac{2}{5}} \approx 0.67032 \quad P(T \geq 1) = e^{-\frac{1}{5}} \approx 0.818731$$

$$0.818731 - 0.67032 = 0.148411$$

## 15.0 Problem 18

$$(a) P(T \leq 1) = \frac{1}{16}(1)^2 = \boxed{\frac{1}{16}}$$

$$(b) P(T \leq 2) = \frac{1}{16}(2)^2 = \frac{1}{16}(4) = \frac{1}{4} \quad 1 - \frac{1}{4} = \boxed{\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$(c) P(T \leq 3) = \frac{1}{16}(3)^2 = \frac{9}{16} \quad P(T \leq 1) = \frac{1}{16} \quad \frac{9}{16} - \frac{1}{16} = \frac{8}{16} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

## Schaum's 1.11

$$(a) \bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} A_i = \{v: 0 \leq v \leq 1\} \quad \bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} A_i = \emptyset$$

$$(b) \bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} B_i = \{v: v \leq \frac{1}{2}\} \quad \bigcap_{i=1}^{\infty} B_i = \{v: v \leq 0\}$$

## 1.4.5 Problem 1

$$P(A) = P(2 \leq T \leq 3) = P(T \geq 2) - P(T \geq 3) = e^{-\frac{2}{5}} - e^{-\frac{3}{5}} = 0.1215$$

$$P(B) = P(T \geq 2) = 0.6703$$

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} = \frac{P(A)}{P(B)} = \frac{0.1215}{0.6703} = \boxed{0.1813}$$

## Schaum's 1.44

P

$$(a) \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} = \frac{0}{P(B)} = 0$$

$$(b) \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} = \frac{P(A)}{P(B)}$$

$$(c) \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)} = \frac{P(B)}{P(B)} = 1$$

## Schaum's 1.48

$$A = \{(1,1), (1,2), (2,1)\}$$

$$B = \{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (4,4), (5,5), (6,6)\} \quad |B| = 6$$

$$(a) P(B) = \frac{6}{36} = \boxed{\frac{1}{6}}$$

$$P(A) = \frac{3}{36} = \frac{1}{12} \quad B \cap A = \{(1,1)\}$$

$$(b) P(B|A) = \frac{P(B \cap A)}{P(A)} = \frac{1/36}{1/12} = \boxed{\frac{1}{3}}$$