

New Jersey Center for Teaching and Learning

Progressive Mathematics Initiative

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8th Grade



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- The purpose of scientific notation
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Purpose of Scientific Notation

Scientists are often confronted with numbers that look like this:

Can you guess what weighs this much?

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Can you match these BIG objects to their weights?

300,000,000,000 kg

600,000,000 kg

60,000,000,000,000, 000,000,000,000 kg

180,000 kg











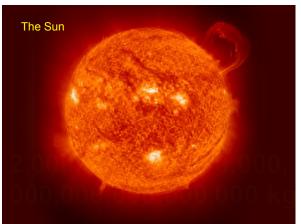
Can you match these BIG objects to their weights?

Click object to reveal answer







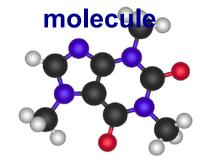




Can you match these small objects to their weights?

0.00015 kg

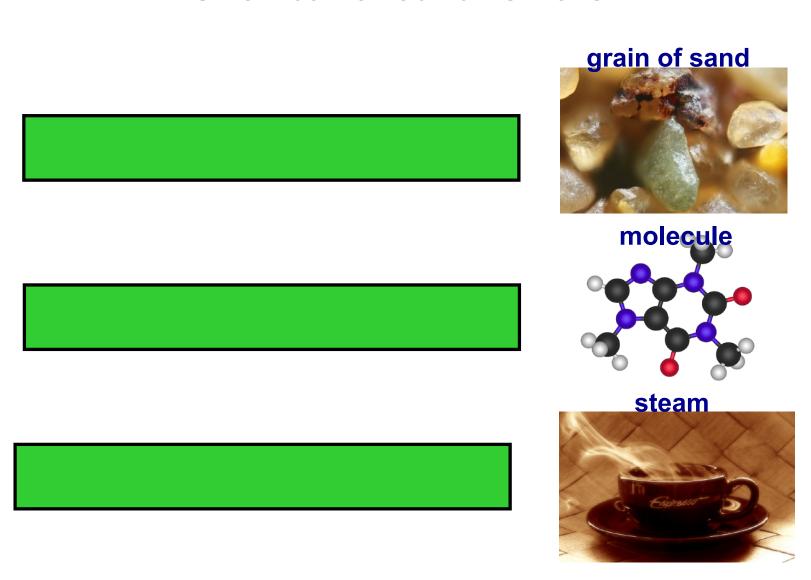




0.0000000035 kg



Click to reveal answers.



The examples were written in "standard form", the form we normally use. But the standard form is difficult when a number is HUGE or tiny, if it has a lot of zeros.

Scientists have come up with a more convenient method to write very LARGE and very small numbers.

Writing numbers in scientific notation doesn't change the value of the number.

Scientific Notation uses Powers of 10 to write big or small numbers more conveniently.

Using scientific notation requires us to use the rules of exponents we learned earlier. While we developed those rules for all bases, scientific notation only uses base 10.

Powers of Ten

$$10^{1} = 10$$

$$10^{2} = 10 \times 10 = 100$$

$$10^{3} = 10 \times 10 \times 10 = 1,000$$

$$10^{4} = 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 = 10,000$$

$$10^{5} = 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 = 100,000$$

click here to see a video on powers of ten which puts our universe into perspective!

Powers of Integers

Powers are a quick way to write repeated multiplication, just as multiplication was a quick way to write repeated addition.

These are all equivalent:

In this case, the base is 10 and the exponent is 3.

Exponent Rules

Remember that when multiplying numbers with exponents, if the bases are the same, you write the base and add the exponents.

$$2^5 \times 2^6 = 2^{(5+6)} = 2^{11}$$

$$3^3 \times 3^7 = 3^{3+7} = 3^{10}$$

$$10^8 \times 10^3 = 10^{8+-3} = 10^5$$

$$4^7 \times 4^7 = 4^{(7+-7)} = 4^0 = 1$$

1 $10^2 \times 10^4 =$

-

- **A** 10⁶
- **○B** 10⁸
- **○C** 10¹⁰
- **D** 10¹²

 $2 10^{14} \times 10^{-6} =$

- **A** 10⁶
- **○B** 10⁸
- **○C** 10¹⁰
- **D** 10¹²

 $3 \quad 10^{-4} \times 10^{-6} =$

-

- **○** A 10⁻⁶
- **○B** 10⁻⁸
- **○C** 10⁻¹⁰
- **D** 10⁻¹²

 $4 10^4 \times 10^6 =$

- **OA** 10⁶
- **○B** 10⁸
- **○C** 10¹⁰
- **D** 10¹²

Writing Numbers in Scientific Notation

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Writing Large Numbers in Scientific Notation

Here are some different ways of writing 6,500.

6,500 = 6.5 thousand $6.5 \text{ thousand} = 6.5 \times 1,000$

 $6.5 \times 1,000 = 6.5 \times 10$

which means that $6,500 = 6.5 \times 10$

6,500 is standard form of the number and 6.5 x 10s scientific notation

These are two ways of writing the same number.

6.5 x 19 isn't a lot more convenient than 6,500.

But let's do the same thing with 7,400,000,000 which is equal to 7.4 billion which is 7.4 x 1,000,000,000 which is 7.4 x 10

Besides being shorter than 7,400,000,000, its a lot easier to keep

track of the zeros in scientific notation.

And we'll see that the math gets a lot easier as well.

Scientific notation expresses numbers as the product of:

a coefficient and 10 raised to some power

3.78x 10⁶

The coefficient is always greater than or equal to one, and less than 1

In this case, the number 3,780,000 is expressed in scientific notation.

Express 870,000 in scientific notation

- 1. Write the number without the comma.
- 2. Place the decimal so that the first number will be less than 10 but greater than or equal to 1.
- 3. Count how many places you had to move the decimal point. This becomes the exponent of 10.
- 4. Drop the zeros to the right of the right-most non-zero digit.

870000

870000 x 10

 870000×10

 8.7×10^{5}

Express 53,600 in scientific notation

- 1. Write the number without the comma.
- 2. Place the decimal so that the first number will be less than 10 but greater than or equal to 1.
- 3. Count how many places you had to move the decimal point. This becomes the exponent of 10.
- 4. Drop the zeros to the right of the right-most non-zero digit.

Express 284,000,000 in scientific notation

| 1 | Write the numb | er without the comma. | |
|---|----------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | | or with loat till collinia. | |

- 2. Place the decimal so that the first number will be less than 10 but greater than or equal to 1.
- 3. Count how many places you had to move the decimal point. This becomes the exponent of 10.
- 4. Drop the zeros to the right of the right-most non-zero digit.

5 Which is the correct coefficient of 147,000 when it is written in scientific notation?

- **OA** 147
- **○B** 14.7
- ○C 1.47
- ○D .147

6 Which is the correct coefficient of 23,400,000 when it is written in scientific notation?

- **OA** .234
- **○B** 2.34
- OC 234.
- OD 23.4

7 How many places do you need to move the decimal point to change 190,000 to 1.9?

- $\bigcirc A$ 3
- **OB** 4
- **OC** 5
- $\bigcirc D$ 6

8 How many places do you need to move the decimal point to change 765,200,000,000 to 7.652?

- **OA** 11
- **OB** 10
- \bigcirc C 9
- $\bigcirc D$ 8

9 Which of the following is 345,000,000 in scientific notation?

- OA 3.45 x 10⁸
- **OB** 3.45 x 10⁶
- \bigcirc C 345 x 10⁶
- $\bigcirc D$.345 x 10⁹

10 Which of these is <u>not</u> a number greater than one in scientific notation?

- \square A .34 x 10 8
- \Box B 7.2 x 10³
- \Box C 8.9 x 10⁴
- \Box D 2.2 x 10⁻¹
- \Box E 11.4 x 10¹²
- \Box F .41 x 10³

The mass of the solar system

(How do you even say that number?)





Express 9,040,000,000 in scientific notation

- 1. Write the number without the comma.
- 2. Place the decimal so that the first number will be less than 10 but greater than or equal to 1.
- 3. Count how many places you had to move the decimal point. This becomes the exponent of 10.
- 4. Drop the zeros to the right of the right-most non-zero digit.

Express 13,030,000 in scientific notation

| 1 | Write the number | r without the comma. | |
|---|------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | | 1 With loat the continua. | |

- 2. Place the decimal so that the first number will be less than 10 but greater than or equal to 1.
- 3. Count how many places you had to move the decimal point. This becomes the exponent of 10.
- 4. Drop the zeros to the right of the right-most non-zero digit.

Express 1,000,000,000 in scientific notation

- 1. Write the number without the comma.
- 2. Place the decimal so that the first number will be less than 10 but greater than or equal to 1.
- 3. Count how many places you had to move the decimal point. This becomes the exponent of 10.
- 4. Drop the zeros to the right of the right-most non-zero digit.

11 Which of the following is 12,300,000 in scientific notation?

- OA .123 x 108
- **○B** 1.23 x 10⁵
- **○C** 123 x 10⁵
- \bigcirc D 1.23 x 10⁷

Writing Small Numbers in Scientific Notation

Express 0.0043 in scientific notation

1. Write the number without the decimal point.

0043

2. Place the decimal so that the first number is 1 or more, but less than 10.

0043 x 10[?]

3. Count how many places you had to move the decimal point. The negative of this numbers becomes the exponent of 10.

0043 x 10[?]

4. Drop the zeros to the left of the left-most non-zero digit.

 4.3×10^{-3}

Express 0.00000832 in scientific notation

| 1_ | Write the | number | without th | he decimal ı | point. |
|----|-----------|--------|------------|--------------|--------|
| | | | | | |

2. Place the decimal so that the first number is 1 or more, but less than 10.

3. Count how many places you had to move the decimal point. The negative of this numbers becomes the exponent of 10.

Express 0.0073 in scientific notation

| 1. | Write the | number | without th | the decimal | point. |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|---------------|--------|
| V V I I (| | IIGIIIDOI | | are accirrial | |

2. Place the decimal so that the first number is 1 or more, but less than 10.

3. Count how many places you had to move the decimal point. The negative of this numbers becomes the exponent of 10.

Which is the correct decimal placement to convert 0.000832 to scientific notation?

- **OA** 832
- **○B** 83.2
- **○C** .832
- ○D 8.32

Which is the correct decimal placement to convert 0.00000376 to scientific notation?

- **A** 3.76
- **○B** 0.376
- OC 376.
- ○D 37.6

14 How many times do you need to move the decimal point to change 0.00658 to 6.58?

- **OA** 2
- \bigcirc B 3
- **OC** 4
- $\bigcirc D$ 5

15 How many times do you need to move the decimal point to change 0.000003242 to 3.242?

- **OA** 5
- $\bigcirc B$ 6
- OC 7
- $\bigcirc D$ 8

16 Write 0.00278 in scientific notation.

- OA 27.8 x 10⁻⁴
- \bigcirc B 2.78 x 10³
- \bigcirc C 2.78 x 10⁻³
- ○D 278 x 10⁻³

17 Which of these is the only number larger than 1 in scientific notation?

- □ A .34 x 10⁻⁸
- □ B 7.2 x 10⁻³
- \Box C 8.9 x 10⁴
- □ D 2.2 x 10^{-1}
- \Box E 11.4 x 10⁻¹²
- \Box F .41 x 10⁻³



Express 0.001003 in scientific notation

2. Place the decimal so that the first number is 1 or more, but less than 10.

3. Count how many places you had to move the decimal point. The negative of this numbers becomes the exponent of 10.

Express 0.000902 in scientific notation

| 4 | AA7 14 41 | | 241 4 | 4.1 | | |
|---|-----------|---------|-----------|------|-----------|---------|
| 1 | Write the | numhar | W/Ithalit | tha | decimal | noint |
| | | HUHHDCI | williout | LITE | ucciiiiai | DOILIL. |

2. Place the decimal so that the first number is 1 or more, but less than 10.

3. Count how many places you had to move the decimal point. The negative of this numbers becomes the exponent of 10.

Express 0.0000012 in scientific notation

| 1. | Write the | number | without th | the decimal | point. |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|---------------|--------|
| V V I I (| | IIGIIIDOI | | are accirrial | |

2. Place the decimal so that the first number is 1 or more, but less than 10.

3. Count how many places you had to move the decimal point. The negative of this numbers becomes the exponent of 10.

18 Write 0.000847 in scientific notation.

OA 8.47 x 10⁴

○B 847 x 10⁻⁴

○C 8.47 x 10⁻⁴

 \bigcirc D 84.7 x 10⁻⁵

Converting to Standard Form

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Express 3.5 x 10⁴ in standard form

1. Write the coefficient. 3.5

2. Add a number of zeros equal to the exponent: to the right for positive exponents and to the left for negative.

3.50000

3. Move the decimal the number of places indicated by the exponent: to the right for positive exponents and to the left for negative.

35000.0

4. Drop unnecessary zeros and add comma, as necessary.

35,000

Express 1.02 x 10⁶ in standard form

| 4 | ١ ٨ | / '1 | 4.1 | cc. | |
|---|-------|-------|-----|--------|---------|
| 1 | 1/1/ | /rita | tha | coeffi | CIANT |
| - | . v v | ווכ | นเธ | COCIII | CICIIL. |

- 2. Add a number of zeros equal to the exponent: to the right for positive exponents and to the left for negative.
- 3. Move the decimal the number of places indicated by the exponent: to the right for positive exponents and to the left for negative.
- 4. Drop unnecessary zeros and add comma, as necessary.

Express 3.42 x 10⁻³ in standard form

| 4 | | Λ | /'1 | 41. | cc: | 1. T |
|---|-----|-----|------|-----|--------|----------|
| 1 | ١ ١ | W | rita | tha | coeffi | CIANT |
| | | v v | | uic | COCIII | CICI IL. |

- 2. Add a number of zeros equal to the exponent: to the right for positive exponents and to the left for negative.
- 3. Move the decimal the number of places indicated by the exponent: to the right for positive exponents and to the left for negative.
- 4. Drop unnecessary zeros and add comma, as necessary.

Express 2.95 x 10⁴ in standard form

| 4 | \ A | / '1 11 | | coefficient | | |
|---|-------|---------|-----|--------------|-------|----|
| 1 | 1/1 | /rita | tha | $CO\DeltaTT$ | ICIAN | T. |
| | . V V | | uic | COCII | | ι. |

- 2. Add a number of zeros equal to the exponent: to the right for positive exponents and to the left for negative.
- 3. Move the decimal the number of places indicated by the exponent: to the right for positive exponents and to the left for negative.
- 4. Drop unnecessary zeros and add comma, as necessary.

19 How many times do you need to move the decimal and which direction to change 7.41 x 10⁻⁶ into standard form?

- A 6 to the right
- **B** 6 to the left
- **○C** 7 to the right
- D 7 to the left

20 How many times do you need to move the decimal and which direction to change 4.5 x 10 ¹⁰ into standard form?

- A 10 to the right
- B 10 to the left
- **○C** 11 to the right
- D 11 to the left

21 Write 6.46 x 10⁴ in standard form.

- **A** 646,000
- ○B 0.00000646
- **○C** 64,600
- OD 0.0000646

22 Write 3.4 x 10³ in standard form.

- **OA** 3,400
- **○B** 340
- **○C** 34,000
- ○D 0.0034

23 Write 6.46 x 10⁻⁵ in standard form.

- **A** 646,000
- ○B 0.00000646
- ○C 0.00646
- OD 0.0000646

24 Write 1.25 x 10⁻⁴ in standard form.

- **OA** 125
- **OB** 0.000125
- **OC** 0.00000125
- **OD** 4.125

25 Write 4.56 x 10⁻² in standard form.

- **OA** 456
- **OB** 4560
- **○C** 0.00456
- ○D 0.0456

26 Write 1.01 x 10⁹ in standard form.

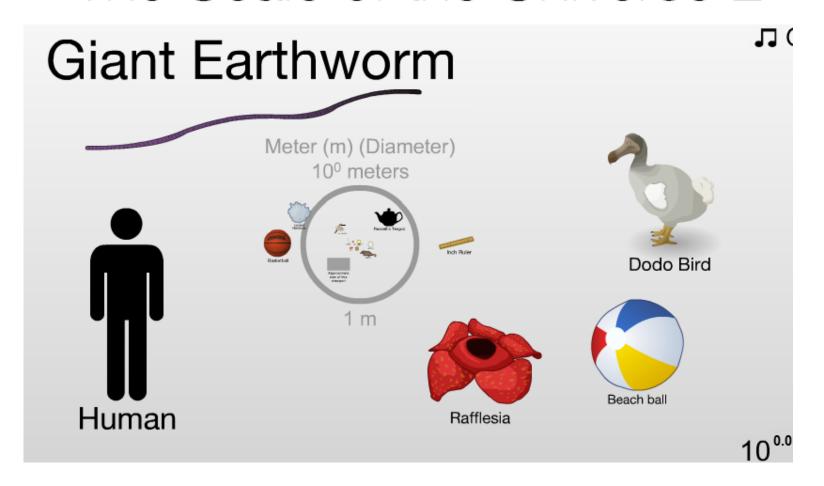
- **A** 101,000,000,000
- **○B** 1,010,000,000
- ○C 0.0000000101
- OD 0.00000101

Comparing Numbers Written in Scientific Notation

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The Scale of the Universe 2

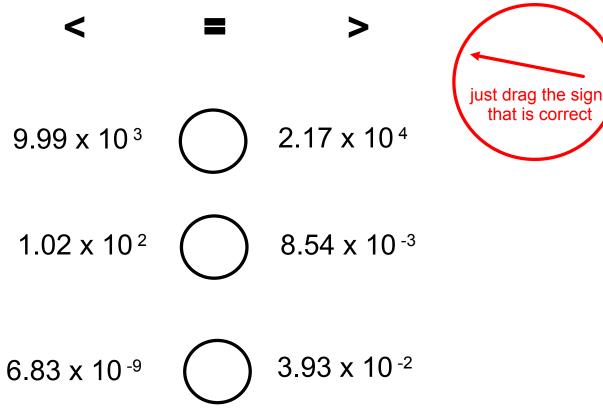


First, compare the exponents.

If the exponents are different, the coefficients don't matter; they have a smaller effect.

Whichever number has the larger exponent is the larger number.

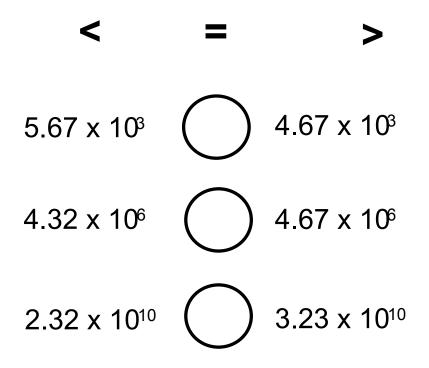
When the exponents are different, just compare the exponents.



If the exponents are the same, compare the coefficients.

The larger the coefficient, the larger the number (if the exponents are the same).

When the exponents are the same, just compare the coefficients.



27 Which is ordered from least to greatest?

○ A I, II, III, IV

I. 1.0 x 10⁵

○B IV, III, I, II

II. 7.5×10^6

OC I, IV, II, III

III. 8.3×10^4

OD III, I, II, IV

IV. 5.4×10^7

○A I, II, III, IV

 $1.1.0 \times 10^{2}$

○B IV, III, I, II

II. 7.5×10^6

OC I, IV, II, III

III. 8.3×10^9

○D I, II, IV, III

○ A I, II, III, IV

I. 1×10^2

○B IV, III, I, II

II. 7.5×10^3

OC III, IV, II, I

III. 8.3×10^{-2}

○D III, IV, I, II

○ A II, III, I, IV

 1.1×10^{-2}

○B IV, III, I, II

II. 7.5×10^{-24}

OC III, IV, II, I

III. 8.3×10^{-15}

OD III, IV, I, II

○ A I, II, III, IV

 $1.1.0 \times 10^{2}$

○B IV, III, I, II

II. 7.5×10^2

OC I, IV, II, III

III. 8.3×10^2

OD III, IV, I, II

○ A I, II, III, IV

I. 1.0 x 10⁶

○B IV, III, I, II

II. 7.5×10^6

OC I, IV, II, III

III. 8.3×10^6

OD III, IV, I, II

IV. 5.4 x 10⁷

○ A I, II, III, IV

 $1.1.0 \times 10^3$

○B IV, III, I, II

II. 5.0×10^3

OC I, IV, II, III

III. 8.3×10^6

OD III, IV, I, II

IV. 9.5 x 10°

○ **A** I, II, III, IV

 $1.2.5 \times 10^{-3}$

○B IV, III, I, II

II. 5.0×10^{-3}

OC I, IV, II, III

III. 9.2 x 10⁻⁶

OD III, IV, I, II

IV. 4.2 x 10⁶

Multiplying Numbers in Scientific Notation

Multiplying with scientific notation requires at least three (and sometimes four) steps.

- 1. Multiply the coefficients
- 2. Multiply the powers of ten
- 3. Combine those results
- 4. Put in proper form

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Multiplying Numbers in Scientific Notation

Evaluate: $(6.0 \times 10^4)(2.5 \times 10^2)$

| 1. Multiply | the coefficients | $6.0 \times 2.5 = 1$ | 5 |
|-------------|------------------|----------------------|---|
|-------------|------------------|----------------------|---|

2. Multiply the powers of ten
$$10^4 \times 10^2 = 10^6$$

3. Combine those results
$$15 \times 10^6$$

4. Put in proper form
$$1.5 \times 10^7$$

Multiplying Numbers in Scientific Notation

Evaluate: $(4.80 \times 10^6)(9.0 \times 10^{-8})$

- 1. Multiply the coefficients
- 2. Multiply the powers of ten _____
- 3. Combine those results
- 4. Put in proper form

35 Evaluate $(2.0 \times 10^{-4})(4.0 \times 10^{7})$. Express the result in scientific notation.

- \bigcirc A 8.0 x 10¹¹
- \bigcirc B 8.0 x 10³
- \bigcirc C 5.0 x 10³
- \bigcirc D 5.0 x 10¹¹
- **E** 7.68 x 10⁻²⁸
- **F** 7.68 x 10⁻²⁸

36 Evaluate $(5.0 \times 10^6)(7.0 \times 10^7)$

- \bigcirc A 3.5 x 10¹³
- \bigcirc B 3.5 x 10¹⁴
- \bigcirc C 3.5 x 10¹
- \bigcirc D 3.5 x 10⁻¹
- \bigcirc E 7.1 x 10¹³
- F 7.1 x 10¹

37 Evaluate $(6.0 \times 10^2)(2.0 \times 10^3)$

- OA 1.2 x 10⁶
- \bigcirc B 1.2 x 10¹
- **○C** 1.2 x 10⁵
- \bigcirc D 3.0 x 10⁻¹
- **○E** 3.0 x 10⁵
- \bigcirc F 3.0 x 10¹

38 Evaluate $(1.2 \times 10^{-6})(2.5 \times 10^{3})$. Express the result in scientific notation.

- \bigcirc A 3 x 10³
- \bigcirc B 3 x 10⁻³
- \bigcirc C 30 x 10⁻³
- \bigcirc D 0.3 x 10⁻¹⁸
- **OE** 30 x 10¹⁸

39 Evaluate (1.1 x 10⁴)(3.4 x 10⁶). Express the result in scientific notation.

- \bigcirc A 3.74 x 10²⁴
- \bigcirc B 3.74 x 10¹⁰
- \bigcirc C 4.5 x 10²⁴
- \bigcirc D 4.5 x 10¹⁰
- **○E** 37.4 x 10²⁴

40 Evaluate (3.3 x 10⁴)(9.6 x 10³). Express the result in scientific notation.

- \bigcirc A 31.68 x 10⁷
- **○B** 3.168 x 10⁸
- \bigcirc C 3.2 x 10⁷
- OD 32 x 108
- \bigcirc E 30 x 10⁷

41 Evaluate (2.2 x 10⁻⁵)(4.6 x 10⁻⁴). Express the result in scientific notation.

- \bigcirc A 10.12 x 10⁻²⁰
- **○B** 10.12 x 10⁻⁹
- \bigcirc C 1.012 x 10⁻¹⁰
- \bigcirc D 1.012 x 10⁻⁹
- ○E 1.012 x 10⁻⁸

Dividing Numbers in Scientific Notation

Dividing with scientific notation follows the same basic rules as multiplying.

- 1. Divide the coefficients
- 2. Divide the powers of ten
- 3. Combine those results
- 4. Put in proper form

Division with Scientific Notation

Evaluate: <u>5.4 x 10⁶</u> 9.0 x 10²

$$5.4 \div 9.0 = 0.6$$

$$10^6 \div 10^2 = 10^4$$

$$6.0 \times 10^3$$

Division with Scientific Notation

Evaluate: 4.4 x 10⁶

1.1 x 10⁻³

- 2. Divide the powers of ten _____
- 3. Combine those results
- 4. Put in proper form

42 Evaluate 4.16 x 10 ⁻⁹
5.2 x 10 ⁻⁵
Express the result in scientific notation.

- \bigcirc A 0.8 x 10⁻⁴
- \bigcirc B 0.8 x 10⁻¹⁴
- \bigcirc C 0.8 x 10⁻⁵
- $\bigcirc D = 8 \times 10^{-4}$
- **OE** 8 x 10⁻⁵

43 Evaluate 7.6 x 10 ⁻² 4 x 10 ⁻⁴

Express the result in scientific notation.

- \bigcirc A 1.9 x 10⁻²
- **○B** 1.9 x 10⁻⁶
- \bigcirc C 1.9 x 10²
- \bigcirc D 1.9 x 10⁻⁸
- **OE** 1.9 x 10⁸

44 Evaluate 8.2×10^{3} 2×10^{7} Express the result in scientific notation.

- \bigcirc A 4.1 x 10⁻¹⁰
- **○B** 4.1 x 10⁴
- \bigcirc C 4.1 x 10⁻⁴
- \bigcirc D 4.1 x 10²¹
- \bigcirc E 4.1 x 10¹⁰

45 Evaluate 3.2×10^{-2} 6.4 x 10 ⁻⁴ Express the result in scientific notation.

- \bigcirc A .5 x 10⁻⁶
- **○B** .5 x 10⁻²
- \bigcirc C .5 x 10²
- \bigcirc D 5 x 10¹
- \bigcirc E 5 x 10³

The point on a pin has a diameter of approximately 1 x 10⁴ meters. If an atom has a diameter of 2 x 10⁴⁰ meters, about how many atoms could fit across the diameter of the point of a pin?

- \bigcirc A 50,000
- **○**B 500,000
- **C** 2,000,000
- **○** D 5,000,000

Question from ADP Algebra I End-of-Course Practice Test

Addition and Subtraction with Scientific Notation

Numbers in scientific notation can only be added or subtracted if they have the same exponents.

If needed, an intermediary step is to rewrite one of the numbers so it has the same exponent as the other.

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Addition and Subtraction

This is the simplest example of addition

$$4.0 \times 10^3 + 5.3 \times 10^3 =$$

Since the exponents are the same (3), just add the coefficients.

$$4.0 \times 10^3 + 5.3 \times 10^3 = 9.3 \times 10^3$$

This just says

4.0 thousand + 5.3 thousand 9.3 thousand.

Addition and Subtraction

This problem is slightly more difficult because you need to add one extra step at the end.

$$8.0 \times 10^{3} + 5.3 \times 10^{3} =$$

Since the exponents are the same (3), just add the coefficients.

$$8.0 \times 10^3 + 5.3 \times 10^3 = 13.3 \times 10^3$$

But that is not proper form, since 13.3 > 10; it should be written as 1.33 x 10⁴

Addition and Subtraction

$$8.0 \times 10^4 + 5.3 \times 10^3 =$$

This requires an extra step at the beginning because the exponents are different. We have to either convert the first number to 80×10^3 or the second one to 0.53×10^4 .

The latter approach saves us a step at the end.

$$8.0 \times 10^4 + 0.53 \times 10^4 = 8.53 \times 10^4$$

Once both numbers had the same exponents, we just add the coefficient. Note that when we made the exponent 1 bigger, coefficient. Note that when we made the exponent 1 bigger, that's makes the number 10x bigger; we had to make the coefficient 1/10 as large to keep the number the same.

47 The sum of 5.6×10^3 and 2.4×10^3 is

- \bigcirc A 8.0 x 10³
- **OB** 8.0 x 10⁶
- \bigcirc C 8.0 x 10⁻³
- $\bigcirc D$ 8.53 x 10³

48 8.0 x 10³ minus 2.0 x 10³ is

- \bigcirc A 6.0 x 10⁻³
- \bigcirc B 6.0 x 10°
- \bigcirc C 6.0 x 10³
- $\bigcirc D$ 7.8 x 10³

49 7.0×10^3 plus 2.0×10^2 is

- \bigcirc A 9.0 x 10³
- **○B** 9.0 x 10⁵
- \bigcirc C 7.2 x 10³
- $\bigcirc D \quad 7.2 \times 10^2$

50 3.5 x 10⁵ plus 7.8 x 10⁵ is

- OA 11.3 x 10⁵
- **○B** 1.13 x 10⁴
- **C** 1.13 x 10⁶
- \bigcirc D 11.3 x 10¹⁰