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Mon Sep 04 11:24:26 2017
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arranging-heaps.cpp

```
1: #include <bits/stdc++.h>
    2: #define INF 0x3f3f3f3f
    3:
    4: using namespace std;
    5:
    6: typedef long long ll;
    7:
    8: int n, k;
    9: pair<11, 11> v[1024];
   10: ll sumW[1024], sumXW[1024];
   11:
   12: 11 dp[1024][1024];
   13:
   14: int hullSize, hullPtr;
   15: struct line {
           // y = m*x + n
   16:
   17:
   18:
           11 m, n;
   19:
   20:
           line(){}
   21:
           line(ll _m, ll _n):
   22:
               m(_m), n(_n) {}
   23:
   24: } hull[1024];
   25:
   26: 11 y(int idx, 11 x) {
           return hull[idx].m*x + hull[idx].n;
   27:
   28: }
   29:
   30: double intersection(line t, line r) {
   31:
           double num = double(r.n - t.n);
           double den = double(t.m - r.m);
   32:
   33:
           return num / den;
   34: }
   35:
   36: void insert_line(line 1) {
           while(hullSize >= 2 && ( intersection(l, hull[hullSize-2]) <</pre>
intersection(hull[hullSize-1], hull[hullSize-2]) ) ) {
   38:
               if (hullPtr == hullSize - 1) hullPtr--;
   39:
               hullSize--;
   40:
           }
   41:
   42:
           hull[hullSize++] = 1;
   43: }
   44:
   45: 11 minimize(11 x) {
           while(hullPtr+1 < hullSize && y(hullPtr, x) > y(hullPtr+1, x)) hullPtr++;
   46:
   47:
           return y(hullPtr, x);
   48: }
   49:
   50: int main() {
           while(scanf("%d%d", &n, &k)!=EOF) {
   51:
                for(int i=0; i<n; i++) scanf("%11d%11d", &v[i].first, &v[i].second);</pre>
   52:
   53:
   54:
               sumW[0] = ll(v[0].second);
               sumXW[0] = ll(v[0].first)*ll(v[0].second);
   55:
                for (int i=1; i<n; i++) {</pre>
   56:
   57:
                    sumW[i] = sumW[i-1] + ll(v[i].second);
   58:
                    sumXW[i] = sumXW[i-1] + ll(v[i].first)*ll(v[i].second);
   59:
               }
   60:
   61:
               memset(dp, INF, sizeof(dp));
   62:
               for (int i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
   63:
   64:
                    dp[1][i] = v[i].first*sumW[i] - sumXW[i];
   65:
   66:
               for(int i=2; i<=k; i++) {</pre>
   67:
                    hullSize = hullPtr = 0;
   68:
                    for(int j=i-1; j<n; j++) {</pre>
   69:
                        insert_line( line(-sumW[j-1], dp[i-1][j-1] + sumXW[j-1]) );
```

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   70:
                       dp[i][j] = minimize(v[j].first) + v[j].first*sumW[j] - sumXW[j];
   71:
   72:
                       // the loop below is substituted by the convex hull trick
   73:
                       //
                       // for(int p=0; p<j; p++) {
   74:
   75:
                       // \qquad dp[i][j] = min(dp[i][j], dp[i-1][p] + v[j].first*(sumW[j])
- sumW[p]) - sumXW[j] + sumXW[p]);
                       // }
   77:
                   }
   78:
               }
   79:
              printf("%lld\n", dp[k][n-1]);
   80:
           }
   81:
   82:
   83:
             return 0;
   84: }
```

```
convex_hull.cpp
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    1: #include <stdio.h>
    2: #include <vector>
    3: #include <algorithm>
    4: #include <math.h>
    5: #define pb push_back
    6: using namespace std;
    8: /* Exemplo de calculo de convex hull, solucao do problema
    9:
           "SPOJBR - CERCAMG - Cercadinho de Plantas" */
   10:
   11: struct pt {
   12:
           int x;
   13:
           int y;
   14:
   15:
           pt() {}
   16:
           pt(int x, int y):x(x), y(y) {}
   17: };
   18:
   19: bool operator < (const pt &a, const pt &b) {
          return a.x < b.x | (a.x == b.x && a.y < b.y);
   20:
   21: }
   22:
   23: bool ccw (pt &a, pt &b, pt &c) {
           return a.x * (b.y - c.y) + b.x * (c.y - a.y) + c.x * (a.y - b.y) > 0;
   24:
   25: }
   26:
   27: bool cw(pt &a, pt &b, pt &c) {
           return a.x * (b.y - c.y) + b.x * (c.y - a.y) + c.x * (a.y - b.y) < 0;
   28:
   29: }
   30:
   31: double dist(pt &a, pt &b) {
           int dx = a.x - b.x;
           int dy = a.y - b.y;
   34:
           return sqrt(dx * dx + dy * dy);
   35: }
   36:
   37: double convex_hull (vector <pt> &v) {
   38:
         vector <pt> up;
   39:
           vector <pt> down;
   40:
   41:
           sort(v.begin(), v.end());
           up.pb(v[0]);
   42:
   43:
           down.pb(v[0]);
           for (int i = 1; i < (int)v.size(); i++) {</pre>
   44:
   45:
               while (up.size() >= 2 \&\& !cw(up[up.size() - 2], up[up.size() - 1], v[i])) {
   46:
                   up.pop_back();
   47:
   48:
               while(down.size() >= 2 && !ccw(down[down.size() - 2], down[down.size() -
1], v[i])) {
   49:
                   down.pop_back();
   50:
   51:
               up.pb(v[i]);
   52:
               down.pb(v[i]);
   53:
           }
   54:
   55:
           for (int i = down.size() - 2; i > 0; i--) {
   56:
               up.pb(down[i]);
   57:
```

58:

59:

60:

61:

62: 63:

64:

65:

69:

66: } 67:

}

68: int main(void) { int a, d;

double res = 0;

return res;

int n = up.size();

 $//printf("n = %d\n", n);$

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>

res += dist(up[i], up[(i + 1) % n]);

//printf("dist = ln', dist(up[i], up[(i + 1) % n]));

```
70:
       int x, y;
71:
      vector <pt> v;
72:
73:
      while(scanf(" %d %d", &a, &d) != EOF) {
74:
           v.clear();
           for (int i = 0; i < a; i++) {</pre>
75:
               scanf(" %d %d", &x, &y);
76:
77:
              v.pb(pt(x, y));
78:
79:
80:
          double res = convex_hull(v);
          printf("%.21f\n", res);
81:
82: }
83: return 0;
84: }
```

```
1: #include <stdio.h>
 2: #include <algorithm>
 3: using namespace std;
 4:
 5: /* Exemplo de calculo de distancia maxima entre pontos
        considerando distancia do tipo manhatann
 7:
        solucao do problema "codeforces 366E - Dima and Magic Guitar" */
 8:
 9: const int MAX_K = 10;
10: const int INF = 0x3f3f3f3f;
11:
12: int v[MAX_K][1 << 2];
13:
14: int comp(int mask) {
15:
       return ((1 << 2) - 1) ^ mask;
16: }
17:
18: int solve(int x, int y) {
19:
        int aux = 0;
20:
        for (int mask = 0; mask < 1 << 2; mask++) {</pre>
21:
            aux = max(aux, v[x][mask] + v[y][comp(mask)]);
22:
23:
        return aux;
24: }
25:
26: int get_val(int i, int j, int mask) {
27:
        if (mask & 1) {
28:
            j *= -1;
29:
        }
        if ((mask >> 1) & 1) {
30:
            i *= -1;
31:
32:
        }
33:
        return i + j;
34: }
35:
36: int main(void) {
37:
        int n, m, k, s;
38:
        int x, y;
39:
40:
        for (int i = 0; i < MAX_K; i++) {</pre>
41:
            for (int j = 0; j < 1 << 2; j++) {</pre>
                v[i][j] = -INF;
42:
43:
            }
44:
        }
45:
46:
        scanf(" %d %d %d %d", &n, &m, &k, &s);
47:
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
            for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {</pre>
48:
                 scanf(" %d", &x);
49:
50:
                 for (int mask = 0; mask < 1 << 2; mask++) {</pre>
51:
                     int aux = get_val(i, j, mask);
52:
                     v[x][mask] = max(v[x][mask], aux);
53:
                 }
54:
            }
55:
        }
56:
57:
        int res = 0;
        scanf(" %d", &x);
58:
59:
        while(s-- > 1) {
           scanf(" %d", &y);
60:
61:
           res = max(res, solve(x, y));
62:
           x = y;
63:
        }
64:
        printf("%d\n", res);
65:
        return 0;
66: }
```