## Scripted PDF

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## Contents

The point of this exercise is to demonstrate flexible rendering of subscripts and superscripts. We want to write expressions for column labels and units that are fairly readable as they are, and yet can be easily rendered with equivalent results in plotmath, html, or pdf.

First we load some packages.

```
library(magrittr)
library(ggplot2)
library(tablet)
library(yamlet)
```

We create some toy data.

```
x <- data.frame(time = 1:10, work = (1:10)^1.5)
x %<>% decorate('
  time: [ Time_cum.^alpha, h ]
  work: [ Work_total_obs, kg*m^2/s^2 ]
')
x %>% decorations
```

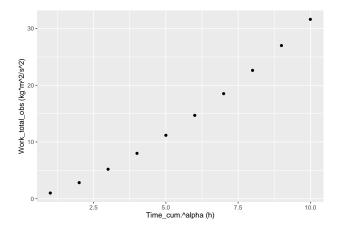
```
## - time
## - label: Time_cum.^alpha
## - guide: h
## - work
## - label: Work_total_obs
## - guide: kg*m^2/s^2
```

Notice that the label for column work has nested subscripts: obs is subordinate to total, and the result is subordinate to Work.

For the column time, the word *Time* is followed by a subscript *cum*. Then, *cum* is followed by the superscript *alpha*. In this case *alpha* intends to be the superscript of *Time\_cum* not just *cum*. We include the dot to explicitly terminate the *cum* subscript, which causes *alpha* to be the superscript of the combined result.

How does this look when we plot it?

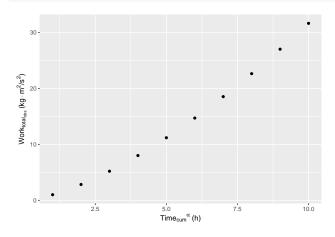
```
x %>% resolve %>% ggplot(aes(time, work)) + geom_point()
```



By default, we get verbatim labels and units as substitutes for column names.

Next, we use scripted() instead of resolve() to indicate that the labels should be understood as potentially having subscripts and superscripts. For this to work well, units should be constructed using \*, /, and ^ (even though the "units" package supports other encodings).





In the background, scripted() is writing expression attributes (consumed by ggplot() ) and title attributes (consumed by tablet() ). We illustrate the latter.

x %>% scripted %>% tablet %>% as\_kable

	All
	(N = 10)
$\operatorname{Time_{cum}}^{\alpha}(h)$	
Mean (SD)	5.5(3.03)
Median (range)	5.5(1, 10)
$ m Work_{total_{obs}} \ (kg \cdot m^2/s^2)$	
Mean (SD)	$14.3 \ (10.5)$
Median (range)	12.9 (1, 31.6)

In summary, we have decorated our data with labels and units containing markup for subscripts and superscripts. If everything goes well, these render similarly in figures and tables. They also render similarly in html and pdf. Please see the html version of this document.