

CODE SAMPLE



a Va EVIL EDITION JAVAMAIL

JSF

INTERCEPTORS

BATCH

SERVLETS

SECURITY

JPA

JTA

JAX-RS

BEAN VALIDATION

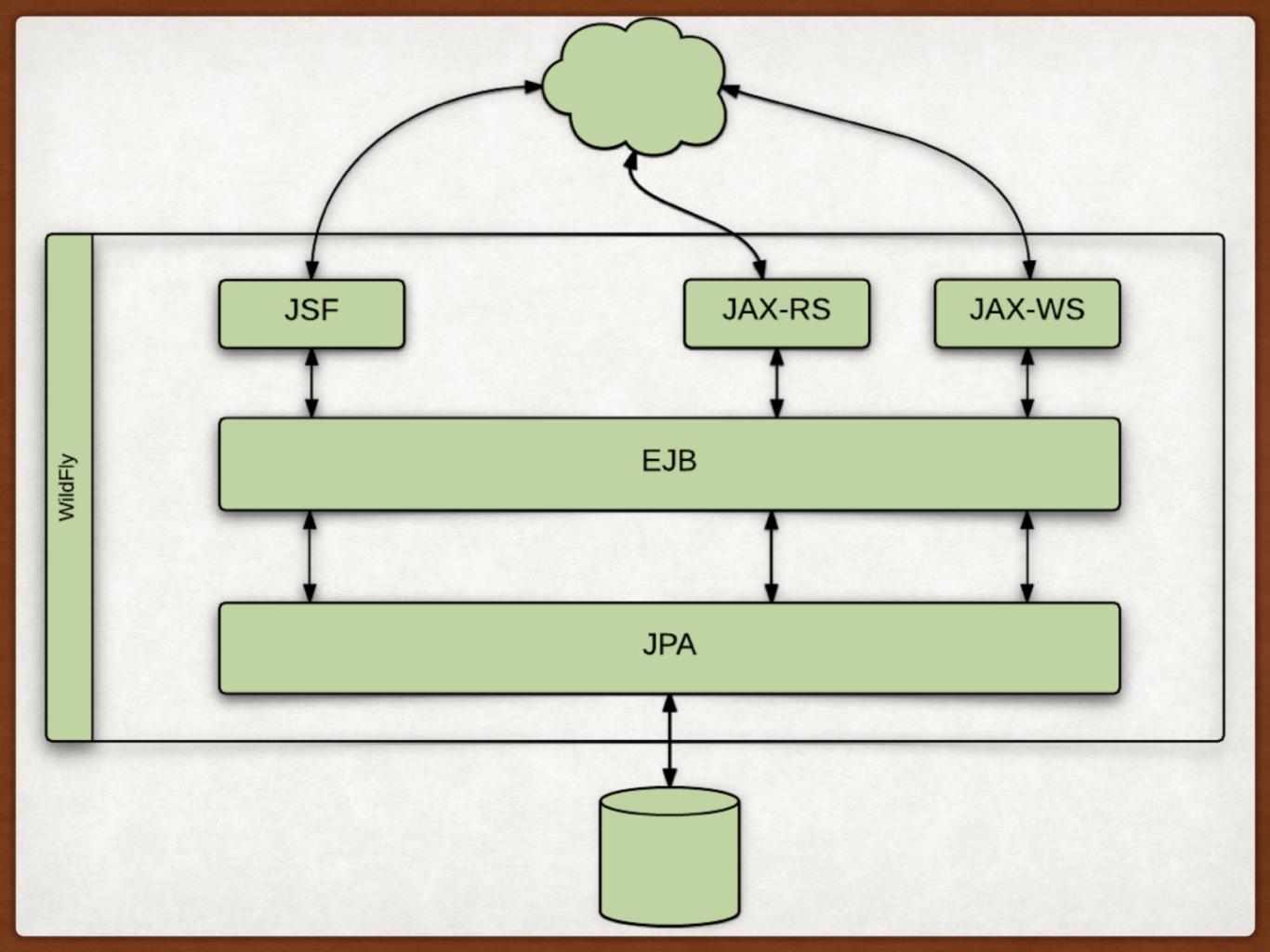
JMS

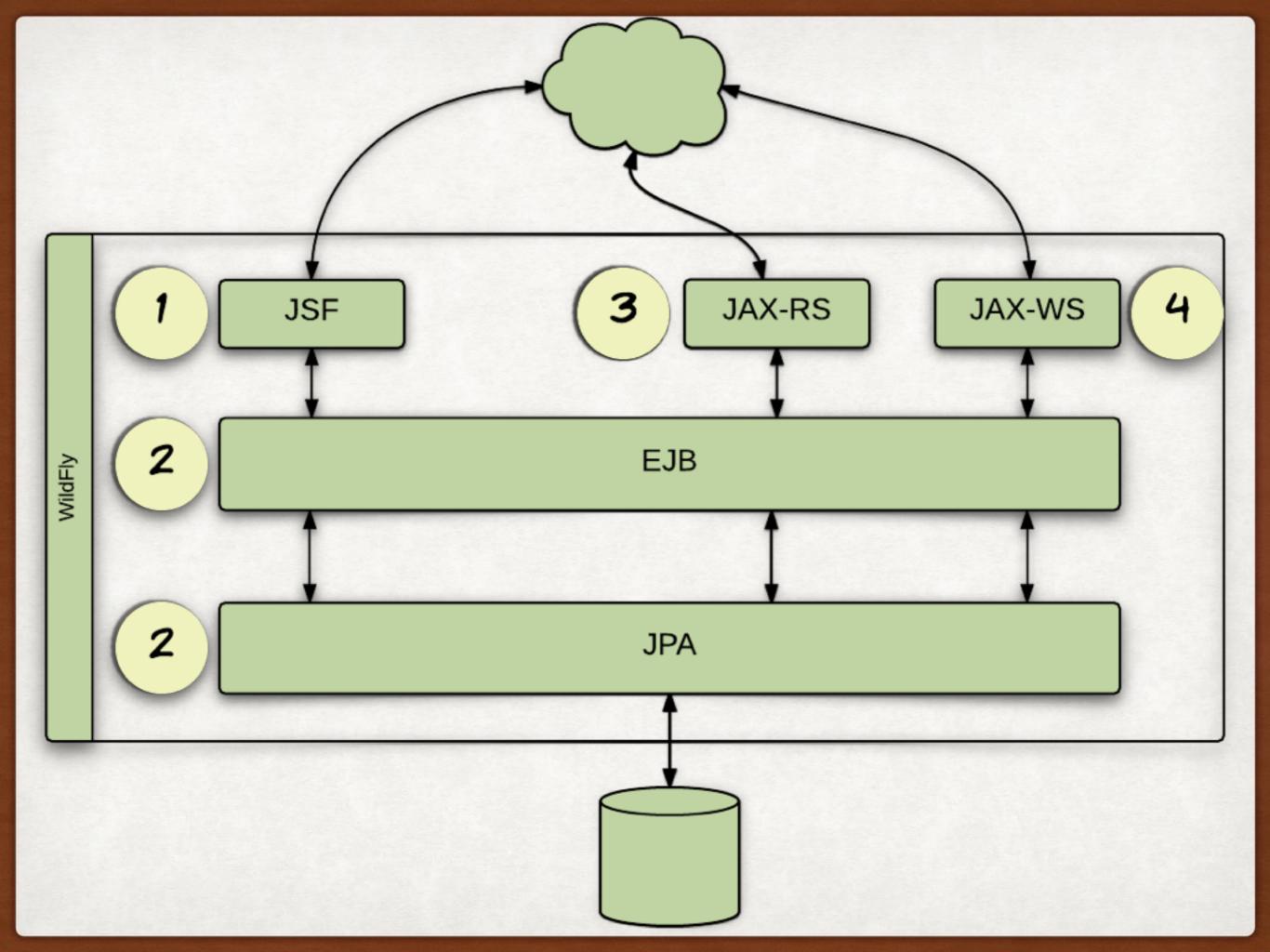
JAX-WS

CDI

EJB

JCA





JAVASERVER FACES

JAVASERVER FACES TECHNOLOGY IS A SERVER-SIDE COMPONENT FRAMEWORK FOR BUILDING JAVA TECHNOLOGY-BASED WEB APPLICATIONS.

```
<h:body>
    <div id="top" class="top">
        <ui:insert name="top">Top Section</ui:insert>
    </div>
    <div>
        <div id="left">
            <ui:insert name="left">Left Section</ui:insert>
        </div>
        <div id="content" class="left content">
            <ui:insert name="content">Main Content</ui:insert>
        </div>
    </div>
</h:body>
```

```
<h:body>
    <ui:composition template="./template.xhtml">
        <ui:define name="top">
            Welcome to Template Client Page
        </ui:define>
        <ui:define name="left">
            <h:outputLabel value="You are in the Left Section"/>
        </ui:define>
        <ui:define name="content">
            <h:graphicImage value="#{resource['images:wave.gif']}"/>
            <h:outputText value="You are in the Main Section"/>
        </ui:define>
    </ui:composition>
</h:body>
```

```
<body>
     <h:form>
        <em:email value="Enter your email id"/>
        </h:form>
        </body>
```

CODE SAMPLE

ENTERPRISE JAVABEANS

THE EJB CONTAINER, RATHER THAN THE BEAN DEVELOPER, IS RESPONSIBLE FOR SYSTEM-LEVEL SERVICES

- Transactions
- Security
- Asynchronous processing
- Pooling
- Parallel processing
- Timers

```
@Stateless
public class HelloService {
    public String sayHello() { return "Hello";}
@Singleton
public class HelloTimer {
    @EJB
    HelloService helloService;
    @Schedule(second="*/1", minute="*", hour="*", persistent=false)
    public void doWork(){
        System.out.println("timer: " + helloService.sayHello());
```

JAVA

PERSISTENCE API

Provides Java developers with an object/relational mapping facility for managing relational data in Java applications

```
@Entity
public class Client {
    @Id
    private Long id;
    @OneToMany(mappedBy = "client")
    private List<Address> addresses;
}
@Entity
public class Address {
    @Id
    private Long id;
    @ManyToOne
    @JoinColumn(name = "client id")
    private Client client;
```

```
@Stateless
public class ClientService {
    @PersistenceContext
    EntityManager em;
    public Client findById(Long id) {
        return em.find(Client.class, id);
    public List<Client> findAll() {
        return em.createQuery("select c from Client c").getResultList();
    }
    public List<Client> findByAddress(String address) {
        Query query = em.createQuery("select c from Client c " +
        "join c.addresses a " +
        "where a.address = :address");
        query.setParameter("address", address);
        return query.getResultList();
```

Java API for RESTful Web Services

- @GET
- @POST
- @PUT
- @DELETE
- @HEAD
- @Path
- @PathParam
- @QueryParam

```
@Path("/clients")
public class ClientResource {

    @GET
    @Path("/{id}")
    @Produces(MediaType.APPLICATION_JSON)
    public List<Client> getClientById(@PathParam("id") Long id) {
        return clientService.findById(id);
    }
}
```

Java API for XML Web Services

Although SOAP messages are complex, the JAX-WS API hides this complexity from the application developer

```
<message name="getTermRequest">
    <part name="term" type="xs:string"/>
</message>
<message name="getTermResponse">
   <part name="value" type="xs:string"/>
</message>
<portType name="glossaryTerms">
   <operation name="getTerm">
       <input message="getTermRequest"/>
       <output message="getTermResponse"/>
   </operation>
</portType>
```