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a

$$ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d = 0$$

Let $x = y + h$. Then

$$\begin{aligned} & a(y + h)^3 + b(y + h)^2 + c(y + h) + d = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & a(y^3 + 3y^2h + 3yh^2 + h^3) + b(y^2 + 2yh + h^2) + c(y + h) + d = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & ay^3 + 3ay^2h + 3ayh^2 + ah^3 + by^2 + 2byh + bh^2 + cy + ch + d = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & ay^3 + (3ah + b)y^2 + (3ah^2 + 2bh + c)y + ah^3 + bh^2 + ch + d = 0 \end{aligned}$$

To get to the depressed cubic Let $3ah + b = 0$. Therefore

$$h = -\frac{b}{3a}$$

Then

$$\begin{aligned} & ay^3 + \left(3a\frac{-b}{3a} + b\right)y^2 + \left(3a\left(\frac{-b}{3a}\right)^2 + 2b\frac{-b}{3a} + c\right)y + a\left(\frac{-b}{3a}\right)^3 + b\left(\frac{-b}{3a}\right)^2 + c\frac{-b}{3a} + d = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & ay^3 + \left(\frac{b^2}{3a} - \frac{2b^2}{3a} + c\right)y - \frac{b^3}{27a^2} + \frac{b^3}{9a^2} - \frac{bc}{3a} + d = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & y^3 + \left(\frac{\frac{b^2}{3a} - \frac{2b^2}{3a} + c}{a}\right)y + \frac{\frac{b^3}{9a^2} - \frac{b^3}{27a^2} - \frac{bc}{3a} + d}{a} = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & y^3 + \left(\frac{c}{a} - \frac{b^2}{3a^2}\right)y + \frac{2b^3}{27a^3} - \frac{bc}{3a^2} + \frac{d}{a} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

b

The solution for the depressed cubic $y^3 + cy + d = 0$ is

$$u + v$$

Where

$$u = \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{-d}{2}\right) - \sqrt{R}}$$

,

$$v = \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{-d}{2}\right) + \sqrt{R}}$$

and

$$R = \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{c}{3}\right)^3$$

So with the depressed cubic from part a we get

$$\begin{aligned} u &= \sqrt[3]{-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2b^3}{27a^3} - \frac{bc}{3a^2} + \frac{d}{a} \right) - \sqrt{R}} \\ &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{bc}{6a^2} - \frac{b^3}{27a^3} - \frac{d}{2a} - \sqrt{R}} \end{aligned}$$

,

$$\begin{aligned} v &= \sqrt[3]{-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2b^3}{27a^3} - \frac{bc}{3a^2} + \frac{d}{a} \right) - \sqrt{R}} \\ &= \sqrt[3]{\frac{bc}{6a^2} - \frac{b^3}{27a^3} - \frac{d}{2a} + \sqrt{R}} \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} R &= \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2b^3}{27a^3} - \frac{bc}{3a^2} + \frac{d}{a} \right) \right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{c}{a} - \frac{b^2}{3a^2} \right) \right)^3 \\ &= \left(\frac{b^3}{27a^3} - \frac{bc}{6a^2} + \frac{d}{a} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{c}{3a} - \frac{b^2}{9a^2} \right)^3 \end{aligned}$$

The other two roots will be

$$\omega u + \omega^2 v$$

and

$$\omega^u + \omega v$$

where ω is the cube root of unity.

$$\omega = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2}$$

Now we replace x back in for $y + h$. So because $y = u + v$ now $x - h = u + v$ which leads to $x = h + u + v$. Now our roots are

$$\begin{aligned} r_1 &= \frac{-b}{3a} + \sqrt[3]{\frac{bc}{6a^2} - \frac{b^3}{27a^3} - \frac{d}{2a} - \sqrt{R}} + \sqrt[3]{\frac{bc}{6a^2} - \frac{b^3}{27a^3} - \frac{d}{2a} + \sqrt{R}} \\ r_2 &= \frac{-b}{3a} + \omega \sqrt[3]{\frac{bc}{6a^2} - \frac{b^3}{27a^3} - \frac{d}{2a} - \sqrt{R}} + \omega^2 \sqrt[3]{\frac{bc}{6a^2} - \frac{b^3}{27a^3} - \frac{d}{2a} + \sqrt{R}} \\ r_3 &= \frac{-b}{3a} + \omega^2 \sqrt[3]{\frac{bc}{6a^2} - \frac{b^3}{27a^3} - \frac{d}{2a} - \sqrt{R}} + \omega \sqrt[3]{\frac{bc}{6a^2} - \frac{b^3}{27a^3} - \frac{d}{2a} + \sqrt{R}} \end{aligned}$$

c

$$x^3 - 10x^2 + 31x - 28 = 0$$

$$a = 1, b = -10, c = 31, d = -28$$

$$h = 10/3$$

$$\begin{aligned} R &= ((-10)^3 - (-10)(31) + (-28))^2 + (31 - (-10)^2)^3 \\ &= (-718)^2 + (-69)^3 = 187015 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
u &= \sqrt[3]{(-10)31 - (-10)^3 - \sqrt{-46205}} \\
&= \sqrt[3]{690 - \sqrt{187015}} \\
v &= \sqrt[3]{690 + \sqrt{187015}} \\
h + u + v &= \frac{10}{3} + \sqrt[3]{690 - \sqrt{187015}} + \sqrt[3]{690 + \sqrt{187015}}
\end{aligned}$$