



**Hacettepe University**

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Before the starting project code I controled my sub function(previous homeworks). I deleted all sp3 file inputs from my sub functons.Because of that I didn't work sp3 file.I change the functions's inputs for work with brdc file's inputs.I wrote a new satpos function without lagrange interpolation.

```
function [Rsat_final] = new_satpos(calculation_epoch,pseudorange,Relatedepoch_Clockcorrection,sat_params,R0rcv)
We=7292115*10^-11;    %Earth's angular velocity for WGS84
c=2.99792458*10^8;    %Velocity of light for WGS84

EmmisionTimeNm=Emission_Time_nm(calculation_epoch,pseudorange,Relatedepoch_Clockcorrection);
TRS=navigation_message(EmmisionTimeNm,sat_params);
TRS=TRS';
%Applied for last correction with related parameters
deltat=(sqrt((TRS(1,:)-R0rcv(1,:))^2+(TRS(2,:)-R0rcv(2,:))^2+(TRS(3,:)-R0rcv(3,:))^2))/c;
Rsat_final=[cos(We*deltat) sin(We*deltat) 0 ; -sin(We*deltat) cos(We*deltat) 0 ; 0 0 1]*TRS;
end
```

After the this function I ran the my local function and got the azimuth,zenith,latitude and longitude. With this information I put the this variables to cal\_klop function with call2gpstime function and got the ionosphere delay.Than I got the emission time correction with multiplication with velocity of light lastly I got the total group delay with multiplication with velocity of light. I ignore the troposphere delay. As a result I added all finding delays and I found d :

**%Delays:**  
**D=c\*dt+dion+c\*TGD;**

For these functon correcitons my sub functions were ready.

For my main script file firstly I entered my related inputs. Than I put the these inputs to structure arrays. My related satellites are : G04 G05 G07 G08 G09 G13 G27 G28 G30 My epoch is (2+1+4+3+1+7+9+6)\*660. It is approximate equal 06.03.Than I should the take 06.00 's inputs.I embeded the these inputs to structure arrays.

Than I assign 0 value for I want to find result. After that I created empty arrays for to fill at for loop. The continuation I create a loop for enter my all satallite's inputs. Firstly I call my drm function.With this function I calculated delay. Than I called my new satpos functon and got the my satallites coordinates. With this informations I started the build least square matrix. Firstly I build p0:

$$\rho^j(x, y, z) = \sqrt{(x^j - x)^2 + (y^j - y)^2 + (z^j - z)^2}$$

Our x,y and z coordinates will be my want to find receiver coordinates. But I entered the 0 value for they and I will iterated these coordinates. Xj,Yj and Zj are my satallite coordinates.Than I create L and A matrix for build least square.

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} R^1 - \rho_0^1 - D^1 \\ \vdots \\ R^n - \rho_0^n - D^n \end{bmatrix}}_{\substack{l \\ \text{reduced} \\ \text{observation vector}}} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \frac{x_0 - x^1}{\rho_0^1} & \frac{y_0 - y^1}{\rho_0^1} & \frac{z_0 - z^1}{\rho_0^1} & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \frac{x_0 - x^n}{\rho_0^n} & \frac{y_0 - y^n}{\rho_0^n} & \frac{z_0 - z^n}{\rho_0^n} & 1 \end{pmatrix}}_{\substack{A \\ \text{design} \\ \text{matrix}}} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} dx \\ dy \\ dz \\ c \delta t \end{bmatrix}}_{\substack{x \\ \text{vector of unknown} \\ \text{parameters}}}$$

With this structure I could get the vector of unknown parameters and got the dx,dy ,dz and receiver clock error before iteration. Then I create a iteration and it's threshold is  $10^{-3}$  for dx,dy,dz.

```
%Find unknowns from least square
X = A\L;
%X=((A'*A)^-1)*A'*L;
dx=X(1);
dy=X(2);
dz=X(3);
cdtrcv=X(4);
%Start an iteration for find my unknown parameters
while abs(dx)>10^-3 && abs(dy)>10^-3 && abs(dz)>10^-3
    x0=dx+x0;
    y0=dy+y0;
    z0=dz+z0;
    L=[];
    A=[];
    for i=1:length(sat_positon)
        p0=sqrt((Satpositon{i}(1)-x0)^2+(Satpositon{i}(2)-y0)^2+(Satpositon{i}(3)-z0)^2);
        L=[L;[Prn_cl(i,2)-p0-D{i}]];
        A=[A;[(x0-Satpositon{i}(1))/p0 (y0-Satpositon{i}(2))/p0 (z0-Satpositon{i}(3))/p0 1]];
    end
    %X=((A'*A)^-1)*A'*L;
    X = A\L;
    dx=X(1);
    dy=X(2);
    dz=X(3);
    cdtrec=X(4);
end
```

Firstly I identified x0,y0 and z0 from dx,dy,dz inside the iteration. Then I created new empty L and A matrix. After that I start a for loop for add my all satellite observations with p0 and delays. After the for loop I create a new least square matrix with this new values. Then I controlled the dx,dy,dz. If they are upper the 0.001 meter; iteration start again and put the new x0 y0 z0 value to start position. Also p0 and L,A matrix created with these new x0,y0 and z0 values.

Finally when dx,dy and dz under the my 0.001 threshold my x0,y0 and z0 values will be my receiver coordinates.

My code work with 2 different part one of is using ionphere delay and using TGD other one is don't use them. For this difference paths you should select one of them.

#### Command Window

```
>> berkalpdirem21431796
For ionphere model and using TGD :1
Without ionphere model and using TGD :0
Please select the following which path(1 or 0):
```

For first path(using ionosphere model and using TGD) my results:

```
Command Window
>> berkalpdirem21431796
For ionphere model and using TGD :1
Without ionphere model and using TGD :0
Please select the following which path(1 or 0):1
X coordinate:
    4239180.27332516
Y coordinate:
    2886994.4681531
Z coordinate:
    3778934.76028226
Receiver Clcok Error:
    0.0035412247398944
-----
Comparison my result with IGS coordinate of receiver:
    70.5534640436639
```

For second path(without ionosphere model and using TGD) my results:

```
Command Window
>> berkalpdirem21431796
For ionphere model and using TGD :1
Without ionphere model and using TGD :0
Please select the following which path(1 or 0):0
X coordinate:
    4239187.59023415
Y coordinate:
    2886992.72824639
Z coordinate:
    3778937.88303572
Receiver Clcok Error:
    0.00354124915594188
-----
Comparison my result with IGS coordinate of receiver:
    75.9334383539078
```