Web Programlamason Giriş

Php Define

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
define("GREETING", «hELLO!");
function myTest() {
  echo GREETING;
myTest();
?>
</body>
</html>
```

Php Aritmetik Operatörler

Operator	Name	Example	Result
+	Addition	\$x + \$y	Sum of \$x and \$y
-	Subtraction	\$x - \$y	Difference of \$x and \$y
*	Multiplication	\$x * \$y	Product of \$x and \$y
/	Division	\$x / \$y	Quotient of \$x and \$y
%	Modulus	\$x % \$y	Remainder of \$x divided by \$y
**	Exponentiation	\$x ** \$y	Result of raising \$x to the \$y'th power (Introduced in PHP 5.6)

Php Atama Operatörleri

Same as	Description
x = y	The left operand gets set to the value of the expression on the right
x = x + y	Addition
x = x - y	Subtraction
x = x * y	Multiplication
x = x / y	Division
x = x % y	Modulus
	x = y $x = x + y$ $x = x - y$ $x = x * y$ $x = x / y$

Php Karşılaştırma Operatörleri

Operator	Name	Example	Result
==	Equal	\$x == \$y	Returns true if \$x is equal to \$y
===	Identical	\$x === \$y	Returns true if \$x is equal to \$y, and they are of the same type
!=	Not equal	\$x != \$y	Returns true if \$x is not equal to \$y
<>	Not equal	\$x <> \$y	Returns true if \$x is not equal to \$y
!==	Not identical	\$x !== \$y	Returns true if \$x is not equal to \$y, or they are not of the same type
>	Greater than	\$x > \$y	Returns true if \$x is greater than \$y
<	Less than	\$x < \$y	Returns true if \$x is less than \$y
>=	Greater than or equal to	\$x >= \$y	Returns true if \$x is greater than or equal to \$y
<=	Less than or equal to	\$x <= \$y	Returns true if \$x is less than or equal to \$y

Php Arttırma Azaltma ve Mantıksal Operatörler

Operator	Name	Description
++\$x	Pre-increment	Increments \$x by one, then returns \$x
\$x++	Post-increment	Returns \$x, then increments \$x by one
\$x	Pre-decrement	Decrements \$x by one, then returns \$x
\$x	Post-decrement	Returns \$x, then decrements \$x by one

Operator	Name	Example	Result
and	And	\$x and \$y	True if both \$x and \$y are true
or	Or	\$x or \$y	True if either \$x or \$y is true
xor	Xor	\$x xor \$y	True if either \$x or \$y is true, but not both
&&	And	\$x && \$y	True if both \$x and \$y are true
П	Or	\$x \$y	True if either \$x or \$y is true
·!	Not	!\$x	True if \$x is not true

String ve Dizi Operatörleri

Operator	Name	Example	Result
	Concatenation	\$txt1.\$txt2	Concatenation of \$txt1 and \$txt2
.=	Concatenation assignment	\$txt1 .= \$txt2	Appends \$txt2 to \$txt1

Operator	Name	Example	Result
+	Union	\$x + \$y	Union of \$x and \$y
==	Equality	\$x == \$y	Returns true if \$x and \$y have the same key/value pairs
===	Identity	\$x === \$y	Returns true if \$x and \$y have the same key/value pairs in the same order and of the same types
!=	Inequality	\$x != \$y	Returns true if \$x is not equal to \$y
<>	Inequality	\$x <> \$y	Returns true if \$x is not equal to \$y
!==	Non-identity	\$x !== \$y	Returns true if \$x is not identical to \$y

Php If

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
$t = date("H");
echo "The hour (of the server) is " . $t;
echo", and will give the following message:";
if ($t < "10") {
  echo "Have a good morning!";
} elseif ($t < "20") {
  echo "Have a good day!";
} else {
  echo "Have a good night!";
?>
</body>
</html>
```

Php Switch

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
$favcolor = "red";
switch ($favcolor) {
  case "red":
     echo "Your favorite color is red!";
     break;
   case "blue":
     echo "Your favorite color is blue!";
     break;
  case "green":
     echo "Your favorite color is green!";
     break;
   default:
     echo "Your favorite color is neither red, blue, or green!";
?>
</body>
</html>
```

Php While do While

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<!DOCTYPE html>
                                 <html>
<html>
                                 <body>
<body>
                                 <?php
<?php
                                 x = 1;
x = 1;
                                 do {
while(x \le 5) {
                                    echo "The number is: $x <br>";
 echo "The number is: $x <br>";
                                    $x++;
 $x++;
                                 ) while ($x <= 5);
                                 ?>
                                 </body>
</body>
                                 </html>
</html>
```

Php For ve ForEach

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
for ($x = 0; $x <= 10; $x++) {
    echo "The number is: $x <br>";
}
?>
</body>
</html>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
$colors = array("red", "green", "blue",
"yellow");
foreach ($colors as $value) {
 echo "$value <br>";
</body>
</html>
```

Php Fonksiyon

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
function sum($x, $y) {
   z = x + y;
   return $z;
echo "5 + 10 = " . sum(5,10) . "<br>";
echo "7 + 13 = " . sum(7,13) . "<br>";
echo "2 + 4 = " \cdot sum(2,4);
?>
</body>
</html>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
function familyName($fname, $year) {
  echo "$fname Refsnes. Born in $year
<br >":
familyName("Hege","1975");
familyName("Stale","1978");
familyName("Kai Jim","1983");
?>
</body>
</html>
```

Php Dizler

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
$cars = array("Volvo", "BMW",
"Toyota");
echo "I like " . $cars[0] . ", " .
$cars[1] . " and " . $cars[2] . ".";
?>
</body>
</html>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
$cars = array("Volvo", "BMW", "Toyota");
$arrlength = count($cars);
for(x = 0; x <  arrlength; x++) {
   echo $cars[$x];
   echo "<br>";
</body>
</html>
```

Php Hazır Fonksiyonlar

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
$cars = array("Volvo",
"BMW", "Toyota");
sort($cars);
$clength = count($cars);
for(x = 0; x < clength;
x++
  echo $cars[$x];
  echo "<br>";
?>
</body>
</html>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
numbers = array(4, 6, 2, 22, 11);
rsort($numbers);
$arrlength = count($numbers);
for(x = 0; x <  arrlength; x++) {
   echo $numbers[$x];
  echo "<br>";
</body>
</html>
```

Php Super Global

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
echo $ SERVER['PHP SELF'];
echo "<br>";
echo $_SERVER['SERVER_NAME'];
echo "<br>";
echo $_SERVER['HTTP_HOST'];
echo "<br>";
echo $_SERVER['HTTP_REFERER'];
echo "<br>";
echo $_SERVER['HTTP_USER_AGENT'];
echo "<br>";
echo $_SERVER['SCRIPT_NAME'];
?>
</body>
</html>
```

Element/Code	Description
\$_SERVER['PHP_SELF']	Returns the filename of the currently executing script
s_SERVER['GATEWAY_INTERFACE']	Returns the version of the Common Gateway Interface (CGI) the server is using
\$_SERVER['SERVER_ADDR']	Returns the IP address of the host server
\$_SERVER['SERVER_NAME']	Returns the name of the host server (such as www.w3schools.com)
\$_SERVER['SERVER_SOFTWARE']	Returns the server identification string (such as Apache/2.2.24)
\$_SERVER['SERVER_PROTOCOL']	Returns the name and revision of the information protocol (such as HTTP/1.1)
\$_SERVER['REQUEST_METHOD']	Returns the request method used to access the page (such as POST)
\$_SERVER['REQUEST_TIME']	Returns the timestamp of the start of the request (such as 1377687496)
\$_SERVER['QUERY_STRING']	Returns the query string if the page is accessed via a query string
\$_SERVER['HTTP_ACCEPT']	Returns the Accept header from the current request
<pre>\$_SERVER['HTTP_ACCEPT_CHARSET']</pre>	Returns the Accept_Charset header from the current request (such as utf-8,ISO-8859-1)
s_SERVER['HTTP_HOST']	Returns the Host header from the current request
<pre>\$_SERVER['HTTP_REFERER']</pre>	Returns the complete URL of the current page (not reliable because not all user-agents support it)
\$_SERVER['HTTPS']	Is the script queried through a secure HTTP protocol
\$_SERVER['REMOTE_ADDR']	Returns the IP address from where the user is viewing the current page
\$_SERVER['REMOTE_HOST']	Returns the Host name from where the user is viewing the current page
\$_SERVER['REMOTE_PORT']	Returns the port being used on the user's machine to communicate with the web server
\$_SERVER['SCRIPT_FILENAME']	Returns the absolute pathname of the currently executing script
\$_SERVER['SERVER_ADMIN']	Returns the value given to the SERVER_ADMIN directive in the web server configuration file (if your script runs on a virtual host, it will be the value defined for that virtual host) (such as someone@w3schools.com)
\$_SERVER['SERVER_PORT']	Returns the port on the server machine being used by the web server for communication (such as 80)
\$_SERVER['SERVER_SIGNATURE']	Returns the server version and virtual host name which are added to server-generated pages
\$_SERVER['PATH_TRANSLATED']	Returns the file system based path to the current script
\$_SERVER['SCRIPT_NAME']	Returns the path of the current script
\$_SERVER['SCRIPT_URI']	Returns the URI of the current page

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Php Dosya Yazma

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<?php
$myfile = fopen("webdictionary.txt", "r") or die("Unable to open file!");
echo fread($myfile,filesize("webdictionary.txt"));
fclose($myfile);
?>
</body>
</html>
```

Diğer Php Konuları...

- PHP Advanced
- PHP Arrays Multi
- PHP Date and Time
- PHP Include
- PHP File Handling
- PHP File Open/Read
- PHP File Create/ Write
- PHP File Upload
- PHP Cookies
- PHP Sessions
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- PHP Error Handling
- PHP Exception

PHP - XML

PHP XML Parsers

PHP SimpleXML Parser

PHP SimpleXML - Get

PHP XML Expat

PHP XML DOM

PHP - AJAX

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AJAX PHP

AJAX Database

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