How to Resize an Image With Inline Styles

We used external styling in the previous example, but just like in traditional HTML, we can use the style attribute to add CSS styling. The style attribute value must be a JavaScript object with key-value pairs:

By default, the basic unit is in pixels, but suppose we want to make use of other units like rem, %, vh, etc. We will make use of string for the styles' key value:

If we have many images that need similar styling and don't want to use external styling, we could create an object to hold these styles objects and then add the object to the styles attribute:

How to Resize an Image With the width And height Attributes

In traditional HTML, one way to resize images is to make use of the height and width property with the img tag and this also works with React:

The main drawback of this method is that fiddling with the height and width tends to distort images, making them shrink, stretch or otherwise lose their ratio. This can be fixed by using object-fit: cover;

Styling Our Images

When we use the height, width, max-height, and other CSS properties to resize our images, they tend to distort them, making them shrink or stretch.

It's always a good idea to include the object-fit property, which specifies how an image should be resized to fit its container. This property can accept a variety of values such as contain, cover, fill, none and scale-down.

Other CSS properties, such as max-width, min-width, max-height, and min-height, can define the maximum and minimum values an image can hit, limitting distortion.

Answer: Use the CSS cursor Property

You can simply use the CSS cursor property with the value pointer to change the cursor into a hand pointer while hover over any element and not just hyperlink.

In the following example when you place the cursor over the list item, it will change into a hand pointer instead of the default text selection cursor.

```
Example
                                                                  Try this code »
     <!DOCTYPE html>
 2
     <html lang="en">
     <head>
     <meta charset="utf-8">
 4
     <title>Make the Cursor a Hand Pointer using CSS</title>
 6
     <style>
         li{
 7
 8
            cursor: pointer;
 9
     </style>
10
     </head>
11
     <body>
12
13
         <u1>
14
             List item one
             List item two
15
             List item three
16
         17
18
     </body>
     </html>
19
```

Set a Default route with redirect using React Router

https://bobbyhadz.com/blog/react-router-default-route

Adding Bootstrap

While you don't have to use any specific library to integrate Bootstrap with React apps, it's often easier than trying to wrap the Bootstrap jQuery plugins. React Bootstrap is the most popular option that strives for complete parity with Bootstrap. reactstrap is also a good choice for projects looking for smaller builds at the expense of some features.

Each project's respective documentation site has detailed instructions for installing and using them. Both depend on the Bootstrap css file so install that as well:

npm install bootstrap

Alternatively you may use yarn:

yarn add bootstrap

Import Bootstrap CSS and optionally Bootstrap theme CSS in the beginning of your src/index.js file:

import 'bootstrap/dist/css/bootstrap.css';
// Put any other imports below so that CSS from your
// components takes precedence over default styles.