## lab6

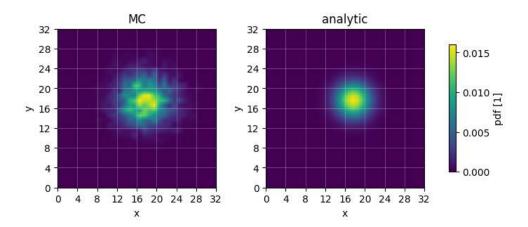
## April 29, 2025

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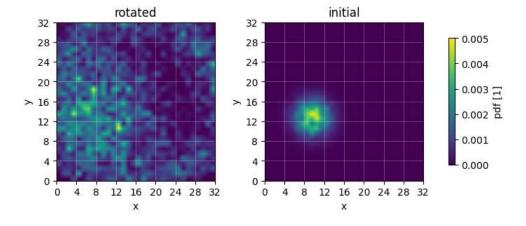
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[1]: #!/usr/bin/env python
     # coding: utf-8
     The script compares a Monte-Carlo (MC) solution with the analytic reference for
     uniform translation, and validates a Molenkamp-type swirling rotation test.
     from __future__ import annotations
     import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[2]: # === PARAMETERS ===
    GRID_SIZE = 32
    N_PART = 32_000
    DX = 1.0 / GRID_SIZE
     VEL_U, VEL_V = 0.25, 0.15
     N_STEP = 40
     DT = 1.0 / N_STEP
    ROTATIONS = 2
     SWIRL_STEPS = 120
     DT_SWIRL = 1.0 / SWIRL_STEPS
     GAUSS_MU = np.array([0.30, 0.40])
     GAUSS_SIGMA = 0.075
     rng = np.random.default_rng(seed=44)
[3]: # === HELPERS ===
     def gaussian_weights(x_pos: np.ndarray, y_pos: np.ndarray) -> np.ndarray:
         """Return normalized 2-D Gaussian weights centred on *GAUSS_MU*."""
         expo = -((x_pos - GAUSS_MU[0]) ** 2 + (y_pos - GAUSS_MU[1]) ** 2) / (2.0 *_U)
      GAUSS_SIGMA**2)
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wts = np.exp(expo)
    return wts / wts.sum()
def make_hist(ix: np.ndarray, iy: np.ndarray, wts: np.ndarray) -> np.ndarray:
    """Convert particle indices + weights into a normalized PDF histogram."""
   hist = np.zeros((GRID_SIZE, GRID_SIZE))
   np.add.at(hist, (ix, iy), wts)
   return hist / hist.sum()
def advect_uniform(ix: np.ndarray, iy: np.ndarray) -> tuple[np.ndarray, np.
 →ndarray]:
    """Stochastic advection under constant velocity (periodic boundaries)."""
   prob_x = abs(VEL_U) * DT / DX
   prob_y = abs(VEL_V) * DT / DX
   sx, sy = int(np.sign(VEL_U)), int(np.sign(VEL_V))
   for _ in range(N_STEP):
       ix += (rng.random(N_PART) < prob_x) * sx</pre>
        iy += (rng.random(N_PART) < prob_y) * sy</pre>
        ix %= GRID_SIZE
        iy %= GRID_SIZE
   return ix, iy
def advect_swirl(ix: np.ndarray, iy: np.ndarray) -> tuple[np.ndarray, np.
 →ndarray]:
    """Molenkamp-style solid-body rotation around the domain centre."""
   for _ in range(ROTATIONS * SWIRL_STEPS):
       xc = (ix + 0.5) * DX - 0.5
        yc = (iy + 0.5) * DX - 0.5
        uu, vv = -2.0 * np.pi * yc, 2.0 * np.pi * xc
        ix += (rng.random(N_PART) < np.abs(uu) * DT_SWIRL / DX) * np.sign(uu).</pre>
 ⇔astype(int)
       iy += (rng.random(N_PART) < np.abs(vv) * DT_SWIRL / DX) * np.sign(vv).</pre>
 ⇔astype(int)
       ix %= GRID SIZE
        iy %= GRID_SIZE
   return ix, iy
def plot_pair(a: np.ndarray, b: np.ndarray, titles: tuple[str, str], save_path:
 ⇔str) -> None:
    """Display two square heat-maps side by side with common colour-bar."""
   fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(7, 3), constrained_layout=True)
   im0 = ax[0].imshow(a.T, origin='lower', extent=(0, GRID_SIZE, 0, GRID_SIZE),
                       cmap='viridis', interpolation='bilinear')
```

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[4]: # === INITIAL SAMPLE ===
    x_r = rng.random(N_PART)
    y_r = rng.random(N_PART)
     weights = gaussian_weights(x_r, y_r)
    ix0 = (x_r / DX).astype(int)
    iy0 = (y_r / DX).astype(int)
    init_hist = make_hist(ix0, iy0, weights)
     # === UNIFORM TRANSLATION ===
    ix_t, iy_t = advect_uniform(ix0.copy(), iy0.copy())
    mc_hist = make_hist(ix_t, iy_t, weights)
    shift_vec = np.array([VEL_U * DT * N_STEP, VEL_V * DT * N_STEP])
    grid = (np.arange(GRID_SIZE) + 0.5) * DX
    gx, gy = np.meshgrid(grid, grid, indexing='ij')
    ana_hist = gaussian_weights(gx - shift_vec[0], gy - shift_vec[1])
    plot_pair(mc_hist, ana_hist, ('MC', 'analytic'), save_path="uniform_translation.
      ⇒svg")
    print('L2 error (translation):', np.sqrt(((mc_hist - ana_hist) ** 2).mean()))
```



## L2 error (translation): 0.0015297093133383615



L2 error (Molenkamp): 0.0034295427181115588