

EV Power - Lab 4 Project Report

Measuring Proportions of Nonrenewable Energy Use per State

Part 0: libraries

```
-- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
v dplyr      1.1.4      v readr      2.1.5
v forcats    1.0.1      v stringr    1.5.2
v ggplot2    4.0.0      v tibble     3.3.0
v lubridate  1.9.4      v tidyr      1.3.1
v purrr      1.1.0
-- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become
Attaching package: 'maps'
```

The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':

map

I'll be using the tidyverse, maps, dplyr, ggplot2, and stringr libraries for this project.

Part 1: Defining Research Question

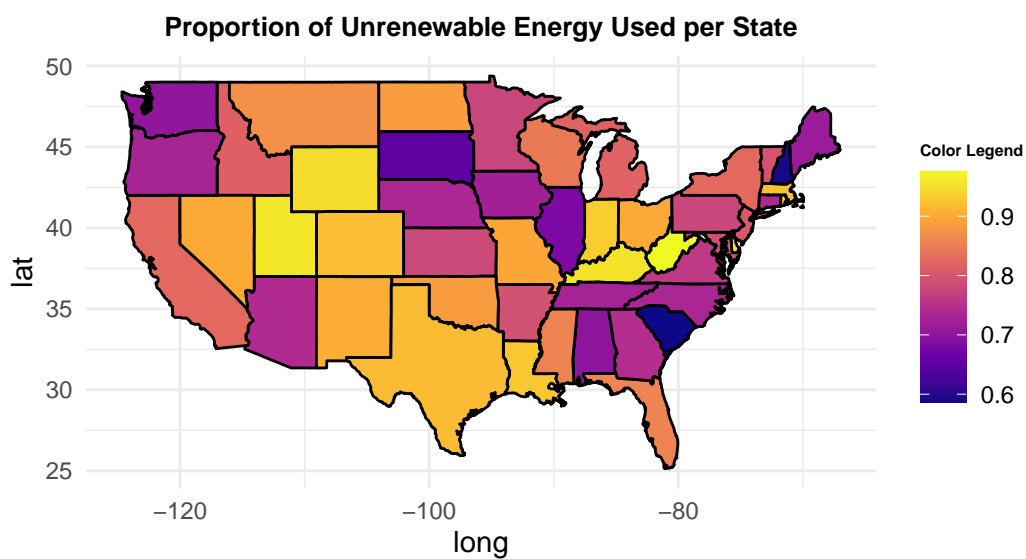
Chosen Question: How much electricity comes from fossil fuels per state (totalled across 2021-2023)? This may sound boring, but it genuinely does have special meaning to me. You see, I am in a few subreddits that often show statistics-based maps of the US similar to this one, except for things like natal facilities or quality of education. And a common meme is that they all have the same groupings, with high concentrations of 'bad' things in the southeast and central north. So, I want to see if it holds true for my question too!

Part 2: Data Preparation and Cleaning

Part 3: Joining / Pivoting Datasets for Analysis

```
# A tibble: 6 x 9
  state_abbr  Coal `Natural Gas` `Petroleum (BTU)` nuclear
  <chr>      <int>      <int>          <int>    <int>
1 AK         55723      1281593      794820      0
2 AL        832371      2302938     1727227    1398600
3 AR        608109      1158210      983549     447518
4 AZ        452191      1490151      1801433     993080
5 CA        87039       6458662     8973501     540848
6 CO        690524      1560306     1550375      0
# i 4 more variables: total_renewable_energy <int>, total <dbl>,
#   unRenewProp <dbl>, renewProp <dbl>
```

Part 4: Mapping Visualization



Part 5: Analysis

The graph really didn't match the meme at all. In fact, the results seemed to vary wildly from state to state without much of an immediately obvious reason why. Rural states seem to tend to use more unrenewable energy, but some are notable outliers (like South Dakota, as opposed to North Dakota). In addition, there doesn't seem to be much of a correlation with Republican or Democratic states. Ultimately, I think this is a topic that would require more research, and comparison with more graphs to find a pattern. My best guess at a pattern is, I suppose, that states on the east tend to use less than states in the west and the south.