Stat 20: Problem Set 2

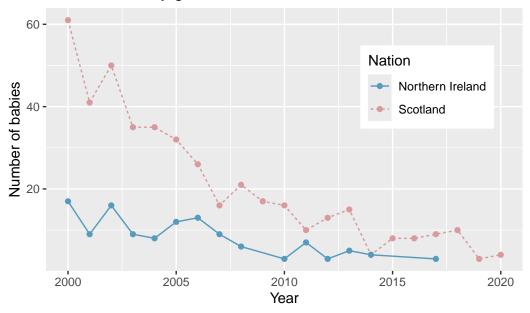
due Thursday, June 27 at 11:59pm

Questions 1-4 (A Grammar of Graphics)

Question 1 - UK Baby names.

The visualization below shows the number of baby girls born in the United Kingdom (comprised of England & Wales, Northern Ireland, and Scotland) who were given the name "Fiona" over the years. 1

Number of baby girls named Fiona

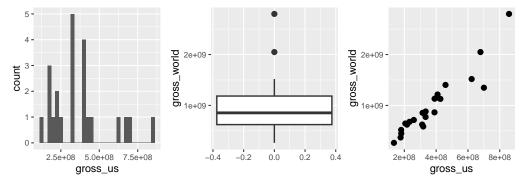


- a. List the variables you believe were necessary to create this visualization.
- b. List the aesthetic mappings of each of the variables you noted in **part a** as per the *Grammar of Graphics*.
- c. Identify the type of each variable in the Taxonomy of Data.

¹The ukbabynames data used in this exercise can be found in the ukbabynames R package.

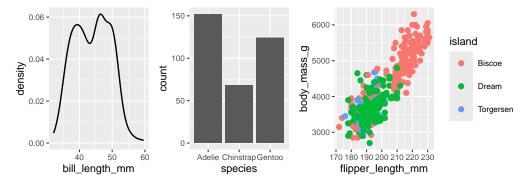
Question 2 - Practice with ggplot2 I

The following three plots come from a data set called mcu_films that is inside the openintro package. Please write out the ggplot2 code that will produce each one.



Question 3 - Practice with ggplot2 II

The following three plots come from a data set called penguins that is inside the stat20data package. Please write out the ggplot2 code that will produce each one.



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Question 4 - Adele

One general rating system for music/movies is to rate the art from 1 stars to 5 stars; the more stars, the better. Sometimes there are half stars given as well.

Consider now the following data set (call it Adele), which tracks reviews of singer-songwriter Adele's last two studio albums, 25 (2015) and 30 (2021) by major music critic outlets. Data obtained from Metacritic. Where necessary, review scores have been translated from 1 to 5 stars using the following scale:

0-10: 0.5 stars **11-20:** 1 stars **21-30:** 1.5 stars **31-40:** 2 stars **41-50:** 2.5 stars **51-60:** 3 stars **61-70:** 3.5 stars **71-80:** 4 stars **81-90:** 4.5 stars **91-100:** 5 stars

Review_25	Review_30
5	5
5	5
4	4.5
4	4.5
4	5
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a. With the column names given in the data set above, write code with ggplot() that would visualize the reviews of the two albums using a two-variable plot. Make sure to label your axes and give the plot a title. What is the geometry and aesthetic mapping(s) of the plot you chose?

b. Then **sketch the plot out** as you have coded it, and plot the points in the data set on the graph.

- c. Did you run into any issues plotting your points? If so, what were they?
- d. Now write code with ggplot() that would visualize the reviews of the two albums in such a way that would resolve the issues you should have identified in part c.

Questions 5-6 (A Grammar of Graphics)

Question 5

Provide the name of the ggplot2 layer that does each of the following.

- a. allows you to set x and y limits.
- b. allows you to make add an annotation to the plot
- c. allows you to add or modify axis, legend, and labels.

Question 6

For each of the following statements determine whether an aesthetic mapping or a setting, or neither has been applied.

- a. Consider the penguins data. When plotting the relationship between bill_length_mm and bill_depth_mm, I decide to color all of the points red.
- b. Consider the penguins data. When plotting the relationship between bill_length_mm and bill_depth_mm, I decide to color the points by species of penguin.
- c. Consider the penguins data. I make a histogram of the bill_length_mm variable; and the frequencies (counts) of each of the histogram bins is mapped to the y-axis.
- d. Consider a dataset called images based off of the shoebill image activity from the second day of class. Each row is one image, and there are three columns: red, blue and green, which each take values from 0 to 255, where 0 indicates no saturation of color and 255 indicates full saturation of color. Here is some code I wrote for a ggplot which involves use of the blue color. Mapping, or setting?

```
ggplot(data = images, mapping = aes(x = red)) +
geom_histogram(binwidth = 25, color = "blue")
```

e. Consider the flights data. I make side-by-side boxplots of the dep_delay variable, grouped by airline carrier. The carrier variable is mapped to the y-axis.

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Questions 7-9 (Data Pipelines)

Question 7 - Multiple Choice

Consider a made up dataset called Students with two columns: ID and Birth_Year. Which of the following lines of code would create a new column ID_3000 which reads TRUE for rows whose ID number is greater than 3000 before arranging the data frame in ascending order by Birth_Year? Circle the correct choice.

```
Students %>%
    mutate(ID_3000 = (ID < 3000)) %>%
    arrange(Birth_Year)

Students %>%
    filter(ID_3000 = (ID > 3000)) %>%
    arrange(Birth_Year)

Students %>%
    mutate(ID_3000 = (ID > 3000)) %>%
    arrange(Birth_Year)

Students %>%
    mutate(ID_3000 = (ID > 3000)) %>%
    select(ID_3000, Birth_Year) %>%
    arrange(Birth_Year)
```

Question 8 - more on the penguins dataset in the stat20data library

Write your code answers in the spaces provided.

- a. Extract a data frame from the original penguins data frame that excludes the Adelie penguins.
- b. Then, with the new, extracted data frame, create a column that has the value TRUE for penguins with bill lengths between 40 and 50 mm and FALSE otherwise.
- c. Using the new column you created, calculate the proportion of penguins in the data frame that have bill lengths between 40 and 50 mm.
- d. Consider a new metric called bill_size that's the sum of the length and depth. What is the average bill size and it's standard deviation among each species, broken out among each of the island? You may end up with potentially nine pairs of statistics. Sort your resulting data structure in decreasing order by average bill size.

e. What are the total number of penguins in the data set belonging to each species-island combination? Why may have you not gotten nine pairs of statistics in the last question?

Question 9 - Air Quality data

You can access the airquality data directly just by typing "airquality" in a pipeline. The data descriptor reads "daily air quality measurements in New York, May to September 1973." Write your code answers below.

a. Calculate the overall: mean, median, variance, standard deviation and IQR of the daily temperatures in New York City.

b. Then, calculate all of these statistics by month.

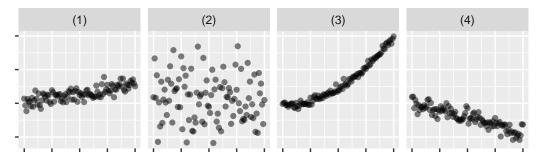
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Questions 10-11 (Summarizing Numerical Associations)

Question 10 - Associations in scatterplots

For each of the four plots, indicate if they show, between the two variables:

- a. a positive association
- b. a negative association
- c. no association.
- d. if part a or part b is true: whether the association is linear or nonlinear.



Question 11 - mtcars dataset

There is a data set built into R called mtcars that includes several measures on different types of cars. Learn more about the data set using ?mtcars. Write your code answers below.

- a. Summarize the association between the fuel efficiency (measured in miles per gallon) and the weight of the car using a scatter plot, the correlation coefficient, and a linear model. Since we seek to explain the fuel efficiency, put that one on the y.
- b. Repeat **part b** but use the horsepower of the car instead of the weight. Compare the scatter plots: why does one of them have a higher correlation coefficient than the other?

c. What is the better way to compare the strength of the linear relationship between these two pairs of variables (mpg and wt; mpg and hp): the correlation coefficients or the slopes of the linear models? Why?

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d. Which car has the lowest fuel efficiency given its weight?

e. Visualize the relationship between number of forward gears and the number of cylinders. Address any overplotting that might occur, and title the plot with a claim about the strength of the association between the two variables.

Question 12 (Data Pipelines + Grammar of Graphics)

Use the russian_influence_on_us_election_2016 dataset within the MASS library to generate the following plot as closely as possible. Write the code you used below.

