

OF NxMx2:

$$x^2 = (V_i - A_\alpha \cdot T_\alpha \cdot i \cdot e^{-i \cdot \omega \cdot t_\alpha}) \cdot (J_{ij}) \cdot (V_j - A_\beta \cdot T_\beta \cdot j \cdot e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_\beta})$$

Approximate signal in
“ith” channel as a
combination of “alpha”
different templates all
moving separately in
time

Noise CSD

Conjugate of First term

i, j-> channel_index-> 1, 2...N

alpha, beta -> Template index-> 1, 2,...M

The above equation is written in Fourier space, V's, T's are FFT of signals, templates respectively and J's is current noise_CSD, thus I have ignored the summation over frequency notation.

Goal is to minimize “Chi2”:

$$\frac{\partial x^2}{\partial A_\gamma} = 0$$

Upon doing this you end up with a matrix equation of

$$[P]_{m \times m} [A]_m = [Q]_m \text{ for each frequencies}$$

Total dimension:

Dimension of P: [frequency_bin][m_template][m_template]

Dimension of A: [frequency_bin][m_template]

Dimension of Q: [frequency_bin][m_template]

$$P_{\alpha\beta} \times A_\beta = Q_\alpha$$

OF NxMx2:

What are P, A, Q and chi2?

$$P_{\alpha\beta} \times A_{\beta} = Q_{\alpha}$$

$$P_{\alpha\beta} = \sum_{ij} \frac{T_{\alpha i} \cdot T_{\beta j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{\alpha\beta})}}{J_{ij}}$$

1/J_{ij} is actually inverse of J_{ij}(current noise CSD).

$$Q_{\alpha} = \sum_{ij} \frac{V_j \cdot T_{\alpha i} \cdot e^{i\omega \cdot (t_{\alpha})}}{J_{ij}}$$

$$\chi^2 = \sum_{ij} \frac{V_i \cdot V_j}{J_{ij}} + \sum_{\alpha\beta} \sum_{ij} \frac{A_{\alpha} \cdot A_{\beta} \cdot T_{\alpha i} \cdot T_{\beta j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{\alpha\beta})}}{J_{ij}} - 2 \cdot \sum_{\alpha} \sum_{ij} \frac{A_{\alpha} V_j T_{\alpha i} e^{-i\omega t_{\alpha}}}{J_{ij}}$$

But, the chi2 actually simplifies to a simpler value; if you put the constrain that you are interest in chi2 only at the point where one satisfies P.A=Q

$$\sum_{\alpha\beta} \sum_{ij} \frac{A_{\alpha} \cdot A_{\beta} \cdot T_{\alpha i} \cdot T_{\beta j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{\alpha\beta})}}{J_{ij}} = \sum_{\alpha} \sum_{ij} \frac{A_{\alpha} V_j T_{\alpha i} e^{-i\omega t_{\alpha}}}{J_{ij}}$$

Than Chi2 simplifies to, remember you have to use the original chi2 for polarity constrain.

$$\chi^2 = \sum_{ij} \frac{V_i \cdot V_j}{J_{ij}} - \sum_{\alpha} \sum_{ij} \frac{A_{\alpha} V_j T_{\alpha i} e^{-i\omega t_{\alpha}}}{J_{ij}}$$

OF NxMx2:

Approximation: signal in “ith” channel as a combination of “alpha” different templates all moving separately in time.

$$\mathbf{P}_{\alpha\beta} \times \mathbf{A}_{\beta} = \mathbf{Q}_{\alpha}$$

$$\mathbf{P}_{\alpha\beta} = \sum_{ij} \frac{\mathbf{T}_{\alpha i} \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\beta j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{\alpha\beta})}}{\mathbf{J}_{ij}}$$

$$\mathbf{Q}_{\alpha} = \sum_{ij} \frac{\mathbf{V}_j \cdot \mathbf{T}_{\alpha i} \cdot e^{i\omega \cdot (t_{\alpha})}}{\mathbf{J}_{ij}}$$

$$\chi^2 = \sum_{ij} \frac{\mathbf{V}_i \cdot \mathbf{V}_j}{\mathbf{J}_{ij}} - \sum_{\alpha} \sum_{ij} \frac{\mathbf{A}_{\alpha} \mathbf{V}_j \mathbf{T}_{\alpha i} e^{-i\omega t_{\alpha}}}{\mathbf{J}_{ij}}$$

This cannot be solved with limited computing resources, thus we decide to only move each templates with either t1 or t2

New assumption: t_alpha and Δ's are decided by user;

Each template can either move with

- a. phase $e^{-i\omega t_1}$:
- b. phase $e^{-i\omega t_2}$:

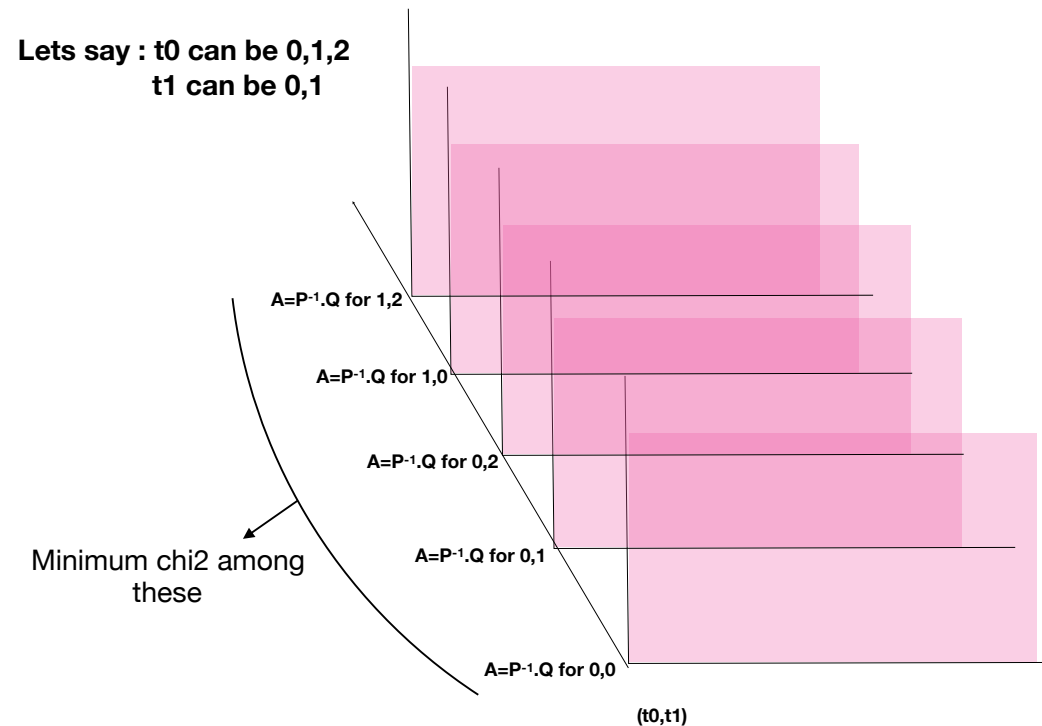
New Goal: Minimise chi2 all possible combination of order-pair (t₁, t₂)

OF NxMx2:

New Goal: Minimise χ^2 all possible combination of order-pair (t_1, t_2)

These are the steps to find χ^2 for all possible order-pair (t_1, t_2)

1. Find Pmatrix for each order pair of (t_1, t_2)
2. Find Pmatrix_inverse for each order pair of (t_1, t_2)
3. Find Q matrix for each order pair of (t_1, t_2)
4. Multiply Pmatrix_inverse for each order pair of (t_1, t_2) with Q matrix for each order pair of (t_1, t_2) to get A(amplitude) for each order pair (t_1, t_2)
5. Get the $[A, \chi^2]$ values for each order pair (t_1, t_2)
6. Minimise χ^2 , $\min [\chi^2 \text{ for each order pair } (t_1, t_2)]$



OF NxMx2:

Lets say we have 4 templates and 2 channels, and the user hasn't decided which of the templates are gonna move together, thus assigning each template a different time..

case for 2x2xO [O time degrees of freedom]

$$\chi^2 = \left(\begin{array}{cc} 1 & 1 \\ J_{11} & J_{12} \\ 1 & 1 \\ J_{21} & J_{22} \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{c} -A_1 \cdot T_{11} \cdot e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_1} - A_2 \cdot T_{21} \cdot e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_2} - A_3 \cdot T_{31} \cdot e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_3} - A_4 \cdot T_{41} \cdot e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_4} + V_1 \\ -A_1 \cdot T_{12} \cdot e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_1} - A_2 \cdot T_{22} \cdot e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_2} - A_3 \cdot T_{32} \cdot e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_3} - A_4 \cdot T_{42} \cdot e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_4} + V_2 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial \chi^2}{\partial A_y} = 0 \rightarrow \mathbf{P_matrix} \cdot \mathbf{A_vector} = \mathbf{Q_vector}$$

P_matrix=

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccc} \sum \frac{T_{1i} \cdot T_{1j}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{1i} \cdot T_{2j} \cdot e^{-i \cdot \omega \cdot (\Delta_{12})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{1i} \cdot T_{3j} \cdot e^{-i \cdot \omega \cdot (\Delta_{13})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{1i} \cdot T_{4j} \cdot e^{-i \cdot \omega \cdot (\Delta_{14})}}{J_{ij}} \\ \sum \frac{T_{2i} \cdot T_{1j} \cdot e^{-i \cdot \omega \cdot (\Delta_{12})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{2i} \cdot T_{2j}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{2i} \cdot T_{3j} \cdot e^{-i \cdot \omega \cdot (\Delta_{23})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{2i} \cdot T_{4j} \cdot e^{-i \cdot \omega \cdot (\Delta_{24})}}{J_{ij}} \\ \sum \frac{T_{3i} \cdot T_{1j} \cdot e^{-i \cdot \omega \cdot (\Delta_{13})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{3i} \cdot T_{2j} \cdot e^{-i \cdot \omega \cdot (\Delta_{23})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{3i} \cdot T_{3j}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{3i} \cdot T_{4j} \cdot e^{-i \cdot \omega \cdot (\Delta_{34})}}{J_{ij}} \\ \sum \frac{T_{4i} \cdot T_{1j} \cdot e^{-i \cdot \omega \cdot (\Delta_{14})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{4i} \cdot T_{2j} \cdot e^{-i \cdot \omega \cdot (\Delta_{24})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{4i} \cdot T_{3j} \cdot e^{-i \cdot \omega \cdot (\Delta_{34})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{4i} \cdot T_{4j}}{J_{ij}} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\mathbf{Q_matrix=} \left(\begin{array}{c} \sum \frac{V_j \cdot T_{1i} \cdot e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot (t_p)}}{J_{ij}} \\ \sum \frac{V_j \cdot T_{2i} \cdot e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot (t_p)}}{J_{ij}} \\ \sum \frac{V_j \cdot T_{3i} \cdot e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot (t_p)}}{J_{ij}} \\ \sum \frac{V_j \cdot T_{4i} \cdot e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot (t_p)}}{J_{ij}} \end{array} \right)$$

OF NxMx2:

The system of equations we need to solve: to exactly solve this we need to have inputs from the users; regarding which template they want to move together in time.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \sum \frac{T_{1i} \cdot T_{1j}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{1i} \cdot T_{2j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{12})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{1i} \cdot T_{3j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{13})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{1i} \cdot T_{4j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{14})}}{J_{ij}} \\ \sum \frac{T_{2i} \cdot T_{1j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{12})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{2i} \cdot T_{2j}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{2i} \cdot T_{3j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{23})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{2i} \cdot T_{4j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{24})}}{J_{ij}} \\ \sum \frac{T_{3i} \cdot T_{1j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{13})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{3i} \cdot T_{2j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{23})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{3i} \cdot T_{3j}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{3i} \cdot T_{4j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{34})}}{J_{ij}} \\ \sum \frac{T_{4i} \cdot T_{1j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{14})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{4i} \cdot T_{2j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{24})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{4i} \cdot T_{3j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{34})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum \frac{T_{4i} \cdot T_{4j}}{J_{ij}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} A_1 \\ A_2 \\ A_3 \\ A_4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sum \frac{V_j \cdot T_{1i} \cdot e^{i\omega \cdot (t_p)}}{J_{ij}} \\ \sum \frac{V_j \cdot T_{2i} \cdot e^{i\omega \cdot (t_p)}}{J_{ij}} \\ \sum \frac{V_j \cdot T_{3i} \cdot e^{i\omega \cdot (t_p)}}{J_{ij}} \\ \sum \frac{V_j \cdot T_{4i} \cdot e^{i\omega \cdot (t_p)}}{J_{ij}} \end{pmatrix}$$

the user inputs, a time tag vector; specifying which template move together:

[0, 1, 0, 1] -> saying the first and the third template move together, and the second and last one move separately.

From the “time tag” [0, 1, 0, 1],
we form a matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

If 1, I have to do ifft for calculating the P_matrix;
if not, just normal sum.

OF NxMx2:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
 \sum_j \frac{T_{1i} \cdot T_{1j}}{J_{ij}} & \sum_j \frac{T_{1i} \cdot T_{2j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{12})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum_j \frac{T_{1i} \cdot T_{3j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{13})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum_j \frac{T_{1i} \cdot T_{4j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{14})}}{J_{ij}} \\
 \sum_j \frac{T_{2i} \cdot T_{1j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{12})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum_j \frac{T_{2i} \cdot T_{2j}}{J_{ij}} & \sum_j \frac{T_{2i} \cdot T_{3j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{23})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum_j \frac{T_{2i} \cdot T_{4j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{24})}}{J_{ij}} \\
 \sum_j \frac{T_{3i} \cdot T_{1j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{13})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum_j \frac{T_{3i} \cdot T_{2j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{23})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum_j \frac{T_{3i} \cdot T_{3j}}{J_{ij}} & \sum_j \frac{T_{3i} \cdot T_{4j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{34})}}{J_{ij}} \\
 \sum_j \frac{T_{4i} \cdot T_{1j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{14})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum_j \frac{T_{4i} \cdot T_{2j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{24})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum_j \frac{T_{4i} \cdot T_{3j} \cdot e^{-i\omega \cdot (\Delta_{34})}}{J_{ij}} & \sum_j \frac{T_{4i} \cdot T_{4j}}{J_{ij}}
 \end{pmatrix}
 \begin{pmatrix}
 A_1 \\
 A_2 \\
 A_3 \\
 A_4
 \end{pmatrix}
 =
 \begin{pmatrix}
 \sum_j \frac{V_j \cdot T_{1i} \cdot e^{i\omega \cdot (t_p)}}{J_{ij}} \\
 \sum_j \frac{V_j \cdot T_{2i} \cdot e^{i\omega \cdot (t_p)}}{J_{ij}} \\
 \sum_j \frac{V_j \cdot T_{3i} \cdot e^{i\omega \cdot (t_p)}}{J_{ij}} \\
 \sum_j \frac{V_j \cdot T_{4i} \cdot e^{i\omega \cdot (t_p)}}{J_{ij}}
 \end{pmatrix}$$

These terms in the P matrix, we don't need to perform any ifft, just the normal sum over all frequencies

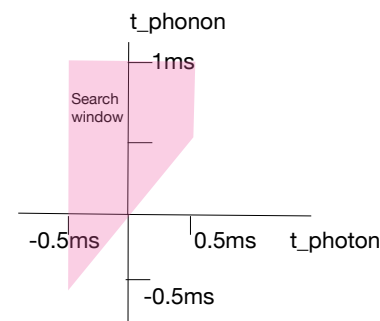
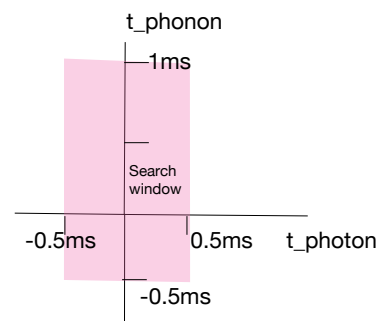
Once P matrix is computed, I compute P_inv Matrix and than form P_inv Matrix for the order pair (to-t1), next question is how do I find the time order pair?

For the 2 time degree of freedom; photon and phonon

Previously we used to create all possible order pair: (t_photon, t_phonon)

now I have restricted to only the following order pair: (t_photon, t_phonon)|

t_phonon > t_photon



OF NxMx2:

Lets try to solve it for an actual case: OF_2x4x2

1. 1 independent scintillation and 1 independent Evaporation in 1 channel
- 2 .1 independent scintillation and 1 independent Evaporation in 2 channel

3. Independent scintillations in each channel moving together, Independent evaporation moving together

Template matrix:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{scintillation 1} & \text{evaporation 1} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \text{scintillation 2} & \text{evaporation 2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & S_{21} & S_{22} \end{pmatrix}$$

Fit window: [[start_window_Scint, end_window_Scint],
[start_window_Evaporation, end_window_Evaporation]]

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{S_{11} \cdot S_{11}}{J_{11}} & \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot (t_1 - t_2)} \cdot S_{11} \cdot S_{12}}{J_{11}} \right] & \text{Real} \left[\frac{S_{11} \cdot S_{21}}{J_{12}} \right] & \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot (t_1 - t_2)} \cdot S_{11} \cdot S_{22}}{J_{12}} \right] \\ \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot (t_1 - t_2)} \cdot S_{11} \cdot S_{12}}{J_{11}} \right] & \frac{S_{12} \cdot S_{12}}{J_{11}} & \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot (t_1 - t_2)} \cdot S_{12} \cdot S_{21}}{J_{12}} \right] & \text{Real} \left[\frac{S_{12} \cdot S_{22}}{J_{12}} \right] \\ \text{Real} \left[\frac{S_{11} \cdot S_{21}}{J_{12}} \right] & \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot (t_1 - t_2)} \cdot S_{12} \cdot S_{21}}{J_{12}} \right] & \frac{S_{21} \cdot S_{21}}{J_{22}} & \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot (t_1 - t_2)} \cdot S_{21} \cdot S_{22}}{J_{22}} \right] \\ \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot (t_1 - t_2)} \cdot S_{11} \cdot S_{22}}{J_{12}} \right] & \text{Real} \left[\frac{S_{12} \cdot S_{22}}{J_{12}} \right] & \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot (t_1 - t_2)} \cdot S_{21} \cdot S_{22}}{J_{22}} \right] & \frac{S_{22} \cdot S_{22}}{J_{22}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} A_{11} \\ A_{12} \\ A_{21} \\ A_{22} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_1} \cdot S_{11} \cdot v_1}{J_{11}} \right] + \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_1} \cdot S_{11} \cdot v_2}{J_{12}} \right] \\ \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_2} \cdot S_{12} \cdot v_1}{J_{11}} \right] + \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_2} \cdot S_{12} \cdot v_2}{J_{12}} \right] \\ \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_1} \cdot S_{21} \cdot v_1}{J_{21}} \right] + \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_1} \cdot S_{21} \cdot v_2}{J_{22}} \right] \\ \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_2} \cdot S_{22} \cdot v_1}{J_{21}} \right] + \text{Real} \left[\frac{e^{i \cdot \omega \cdot t_2} \cdot S_{22} \cdot v_2}{J_{22}} \right] \end{pmatrix}$$

OF NxMx2:

```
#We will use this function to instantiate the OF_NxMx2
def Call_NxMx2_optimal_Filter_object(template_array, template_tags,
templates_time_tag, csd, channel_name_list, fs,
pretrigger_samples,fit_window):
    # instantiate OFnxm
    return qp.OFnxmx2(of_base=None, templates =template_array,
template_tags=template_tags ,templates_time_tag =templates_time_tag ,
channels= channel_name_list, csd=csd,sample_rate=fs,
pretrigger_samples=pretrigger_samples,fit_window = fit_window)
```

```
# to start calling OF_nxmx2, you should have all these things already setup

#First what is the channel list, you have to define it this way : (
channel_name_list="CPD1|CPD2"

#First lets define what are the different types of template you want to have: m
different types, they can differ among the channels
template_tags_2x4 =
['scintillation_CPD1','evaporation_CPD1','scintillation_CPD2','evaporation_CPD2']

# m different types of templates for each channel: a total of 8 different templates
template_array_2x4 = np.asarray((CPD1_scintillation, CPD1_evaporation,
0*CPD2_scintillation, 0*CPD2_evaporation,\
                                0*CPD1_scintillation, 0*CPD1_evaporation,
CPD2_scintillation, CPD2_evaporation))

# out of these m templates which of them you want to move together
tags_which_template_move_together = np.array([0,1,0,1])

#what is the fit window for nxmx2
fit_window = [[-625,625],[-625,1250]]

#csd cross spectral density, needs to evaluate early on
csd = np.copy(noise_csd)

#a noise trace is needed for the nxm function
noise_traces= traces[0]

#smapling frequency
fs = traces_metadata.item()['sample_rate']
```

```
OF_2x4x2 =
Call_NxMx2_optimal_Filter_object(template_array_2x4,templ
ate_tags_2x4,
tags_which_template_move_together,csd,channel_name_list,
fs, 2500,fit_window)
```

```

i=36
# now we will calculate q_vector, signal_filt_mat_td etc ..all
matrices related to signal
OF_2x4x2.calc(channels= channel_name_list,
signal=signal_traces[i])

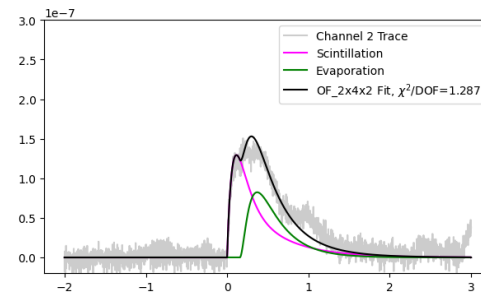
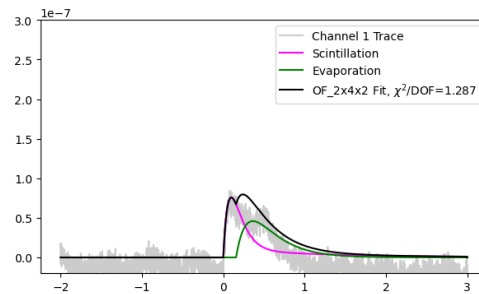
#here we will get the fit quantities
OF_2x4x2.get_fit(channels= channel_name_list,
signal=signal_traces[i])

amps_min= OF_2x4x2._of_amp

time_first_pulse= OF_2x4x2._index_first_pulse
time_second_pulse= OF_2x4x2._index_second_pulse
chi2_min_per_dof= OF_2x4x2._of_chi2_per_DOF

```

After that you can plot the result:



https://github.com/spice-herald/QETpy/tree/working_nxmx2