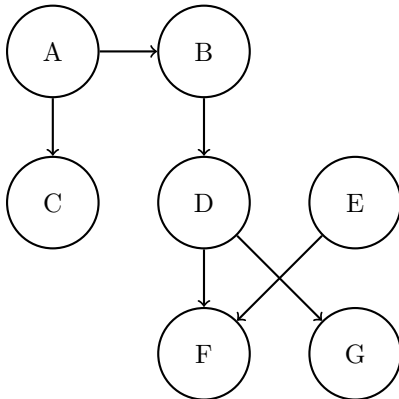


## 1 Bayes Nets: Representation

Parts (a), (b), and (c) pertain to the following Bayes' Net.



(a) Express the joint probability distribution as a product of terms from the Bayes Nets CPTs.

(b) Assume each node can take on 4 values. How many entries do the factors at A, D, and F have?

A: \_\_\_\_\_ D: \_\_\_\_\_ F: \_\_\_\_\_

(c) Mark all that are guaranteed to be true:

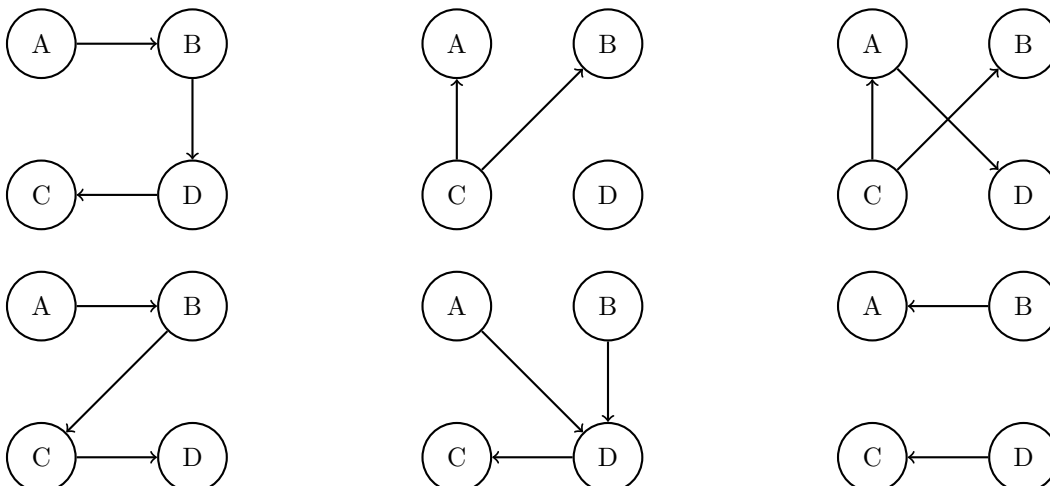
- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> $B \perp\!\!\!\perp C$   | <input type="checkbox"/> $F \perp\!\!\!\perp G D$ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> $A \perp\!\!\!\perp F$   | <input type="checkbox"/> $B \perp\!\!\!\perp F D$ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> $D \perp\!\!\!\perp E F$ | <input type="checkbox"/> $C \perp\!\!\!\perp G$   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> $E \perp\!\!\!\perp A D$ | <input type="checkbox"/> $D \perp\!\!\!\perp E$   |

Parts (d) and (e) pertain to the following CPTs.

A	$P(A)$	A	B	$P(B A)$	B	C	$P(C B)$	C	D	$P(D C)$
+a	0.8	+a	+b	0.9	+b	+c	0.8	+c	+d	0.25
-a	0.2	+a	-b	0.1	+b	-c	0.2	+c	-d	0.75
		-a	+b	0.6	-b	+c	0.8	-c	+d	0.5
		-a	-b	0.4	-b	-c	0.2	-c	-d	0.5

(d) State all non-conditional independence assumptions that are implied by the probability distribution tables.

(e) Circle all the Bayes net(s) that can represent a distribution that is consistent with the tables given.



## 2 Variable Elimination

Using the Bayes Net shown below, we want to compute  $P(Y \mid +z)$ . All variables have **binary domains**. We run variable elimination, with the following variable elimination ordering:  $X, T, U, V, W$ .

After inserting evidence, we have the following factors to start out with:

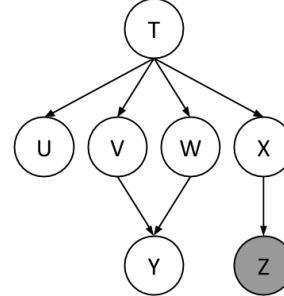
$$P(T), P(U|T), P(V|T), P(W|T), P(X|T), P(Y|V, W), P(+z|X)$$

- (a) When eliminating  $X$  we generate a new factor  $f_1$  as follows,

$$f_1(+z|T) = \sum_x P(x|T)P(+z|x)$$

which leaves us with the factors:

$$P(T), P(U|T), P(V|T), P(W|T), P(Y|V, W), f_1(+z|T)$$



- (b) When eliminating  $T$  we generate a new factor  $f_2$  as follows, which leaves us with the factors:

- (c) When eliminating  $U$  we generate a new factor  $f_3$  as follows, which leaves us with the factors:

- (d) When eliminating  $V$  we generate a new factor  $f_4$  as follows, which leaves us with the factors:

- (e) When eliminating  $W$  we generate a new factor  $f_5$  as follows, which leaves us with the factors:

- (f) How would you obtain  $P(Y \mid +z)$  from the factors left above:

- (g) What is the size of the largest factor that gets generated during the above process?

- (h) Does there exist a better elimination ordering (one which generates smaller largest factors)?