

Scheduler using Round Robin Algorithm

Compile with `$ g++ -std=c++11 main.cpp` and run with `$./a.out`

Struct

Process contains name, program code file name, arrival time and last executed instruction.

Data structures

- Processes are stored in a list.
 - `pop_front` method is used to fetch the earliest instruction.
- Ready queue is represented as a list.
 - `pop_front` and `push_back` methods are used to simulate a FIFO queue.
- Instruction execution times are stored as integers in a vector.
 - Then program code file name is mapped to this vector.
 - Instruction names are not stored because they are not used.

Main Loop

- Each iteration of the while loop is a CPU cycle.
- In the beginning of the cycle, current ready queue is printed.
- If there are no processes waiting in the ready queue, then CPU begins to idle.
 - Otherwise next process is fetched and it is executed until there are no instructions left or until there is no quantum left for this CPU cycle.
 - If there is no quantum left then this process is pushed back into the ready queue.
- In both idle state and execution state, total time is incremented either by whole quantum or instruction execution time respectively.
 - After increasing total time, processes list is checked if there are any processes that is entered while CPU is busy.