# Conway's Game of Life

### Game of Life

- October 1970 issue of Scientific American, in Martin Gardner's "Mathematical Games" column.
- Begin of a research area: cellular automaton
- Simple rules yield non-trial, complex patterns, with the formation of local structures that are able to survive for long periods of time



- The universe of the Game of Life is an infinite two-dimensional orthogonal grid of square cells.
- Each cell is in one of two possible states, alive or dead,
- .Every cell interacts with its eight neighbours.
- At each step in time, the following transitions occur:
  - Any live cell withfewer than two live neighbours dies, as if caused by under-population.



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  - 2 Any live cell with two or three live neighbours lives on to the next generation.



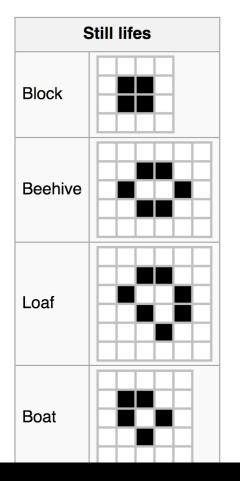
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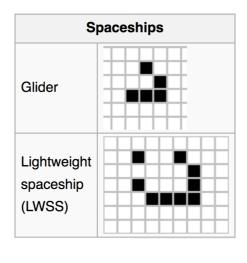


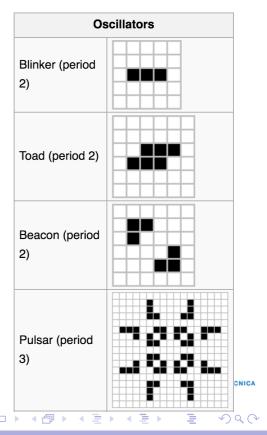
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  - 4 Any dead cell with exactly three live neighbours becomes a live cell, as if by reproduction.



# **Examples**



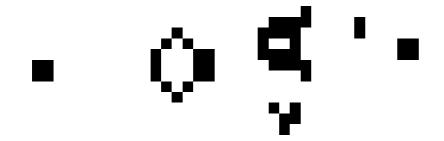




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Embedded and Real Time Systems: T2 A C Language Crash Course

# Conway's Game of Life











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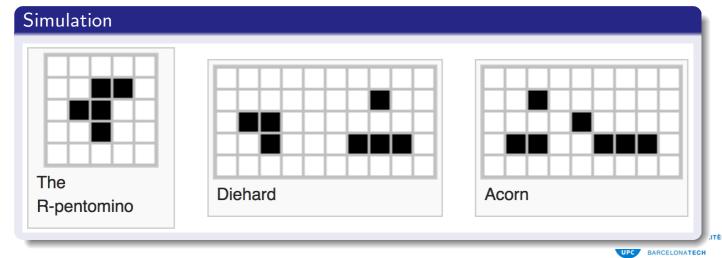
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- 1 Code a well-structured code in C that implements the Game of Life.
- 2 Use the ncurses library for visualization
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## Challenge Evaluation

#### **Evaluation**

Code must be original.

30% Code Clarity

20% Team Work (groups of 3)

50% Functionality

#### **Important**

- Code must be correctly commented.
- Explain in comments in the main.c the team-work strategy
- The creator of each code must be included in the comments, identified as coder 1, coder 2, coder 3
- Upload two files:
  - .txt A *authors.txt* file with the corresponance between real authors and coders
  - .tar.gz A gameoflife.tar.gz file containing the code of your project, uncompiled.

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