Package 'Giotto'

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```
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      ComplexHeatmap (>= 1.20.0),
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      irlba,
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2 R topics documented:

reticulate (>= 1.14),

```
magrittr,
 limma,
 ggdendro,
 smfishHmrf,
 devtools,
 reshape2,
 ggraph,
 Rcpp,
 Rfast,
 Rtsne (>= 0.15),
 rlang (>= 0.4.3),
 R.utils,
 fitdistrplus,
 quadprog
Suggests knitr,
 rmarkdown,
 MAST,
 scran (>= 1.10.1),
 png,
 FactoMineR,
 tiff,
 biomaRt,
 trendsceek.
 multinet (>= 3.0.2),
 RTriangle (>= 1.6-0.10)
biocViews
VignetteBuilder knitr
LinkingTo Rcpp,
 RcppArmadillo
Remotes lambdamoses/smfishhmrf-r
R topics documented:
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Description

Creates an additional metadata column with information about interacting and non-interacting cell types of the selected cell-cell interaction.

Usage

```
addCellIntMetadata(
  gobject,
  spatial_network = "spatial_network",
  cluster_column,
  cell_interaction,
  name = "select_int",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object

spatial_network

name of spatial network to use

cluster_column column of cell types

cell_interaction

cell-cell interaction to use

name

name for the new metadata column

return_gobject return an updated giotto object
```

Details

This function will create an additional metadata column which selects interacting cell types for a specific cell-cell interaction. For example, if you want to color interacting astrocytes and oligodendrocytes it will create a new metadata column with the values "select_astrocytes", "select_oligodendrocytes", "other_astrocytes", "other_oligodendrocytes" and "other". Where "other" is all other cell types found within the selected cell type column.

Value

Giotto object

```
addCellIntMetadata(gobject)
```

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addCellMetadata

addCellMetadata

Description

adds cell metadata to the giotto object

Usage

```
addCellMetadata(
  gobject,
  new_metadata,
  vector_name = NULL,
  by_column = FALSE,
  column_cell_ID = NULL)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object

new_metadata new cell metadata to use (data.table, data.frame, ...)

vector_name (optional) custom name if you provide a single vector

by_column merge metadata based on cell_ID column in pDataDT (default = FALSE)

column_cell_ID column name of new metadata to use if by_column = TRUE
```

Details

You can add additional cell metadata in two manners:

- 1. Provide a data.table or data.frame with cell annotations in the same order as the cell_ID column in pDataDT(gobject)
- 2. Provide a data.table or data.frame with cell annotations and specificy which column contains the cell IDs, these cell IDs need to match with the cell_ID column in pDataDT(gobject)

Value

```
giotto object
```

```
addCellMetadata(gobject)
```

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addCellStatistics

addCellStatistics

Description

adds cells statistics to the giotto object

Usage

```
addCellStatistics(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  detection_threshold = 0,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

Details

This function will add the following statistics to cell metadata:

- nr_genes: Denotes in how many genes are detected per cell
- perc_genes: Denotes what percentage of genes is detected per cell
- total_expr: Shows the total sum of gene expression per cell

Value

```
giotto object if return_gobject = TRUE
```

```
addCellStatistics(gobject)
```

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addGeneMetadata

addGeneMetadata

Description

adds gene metadata to the giotto object

Usage

```
addGeneMetadata(gobject, new_metadata, by_column = F, column_gene_ID = NULL)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object

new_metadata new metadata to use

by_column merge metadata based on gene_ID column in fDataDT

column_gene_ID column name of new metadata to use if by_column = TRUE
```

Details

You can add additional gene metadata in two manners: 1. Provide a data.table or data.frame with gene annotations in the same order as the gene_ID column in fDataDT(gobject) 2. Provide a data.table or data.frame with gene annotations and specificy which column contains the gene IDs, these gene IDs need to match with the gene_ID column in fDataDT(gobject)

Value

giotto object

Examples

```
addGeneMetadata(gobject)
```

addGenesPerc

addGenesPerc

Description

calculates the total percentage of (normalized) counts for a subset of selected genes

```
addGenesPerc(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes = NULL,
  vector_name = "gene_perc",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

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Arguments

Value

```
giotto object if return_gobject = TRUE, else a vector with
```

Examples

```
addGenesPerc(gobject)
```

addGeneStatistics

addGeneStatistics

Description

adds gene statistics to the giotto object

Usage

```
addGeneStatistics(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  detection_threshold = 0,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use
detection_threshold
detection threshold to consider a gene detected
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
```

Details

This function will add the following statistics to gene metadata:

- nr_cells: Denotes in how many cells the gene is detected
- per_cells: Denotes in what percentage of cells the gene is detected
- total_expr: Shows the total sum of gene expression in all cells
- mean_expr: Average gene expression in all cells
- mean_expr_det: Average gene expression in cells with detectable levels of the gene

Value

```
giotto object if return_gobject = TRUE
```

Examples

addGeneStatistics(gobject)

 ${\tt addGiottoImage}$

add Giot to Image

Description

Adds giotto image objects to your giotto object

Usage

```
addGiottoImage(gobject, images)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

images list of giotto image objects, see createGiottoImage

Value

an updated Giotto object with access to the list of images

Examples

```
addGiottoImage(mg_object)
```

 $add {\tt GiottoImageToSpatPlot}$

addGiottoImageToSpatPlot

Description

Add a giotto image to a spatial ggplot object post creation

Usage

```
addGiottoImageToSpatPlot(spatpl = NULL, gimage = NULL)
```

Arguments

spatpl a spatial ggplot object

gimage a giotto image, see createGiottoImage

addHMRF

Value

an updated spatial ggplot object

Examples

```
addGiottoImageToSpatPlot(mg_object)
```

addHMRF

addHMRF

Description

Add selected results from doHMRF to the giotto object

Usage

```
addHMRF(gobject, HMRFoutput, k = NULL, betas_to_add = NULL, hmrf_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

HMRF output from doHMRF()

k number of domains

betas_to_add results from different betas that you want to add

hmrf_name specify a custom name

Value

giotto object

Examples

```
addHMRF(gobject)
```

 ${\it addNetworkLayout}\\$

addNetworkLayout

Description

Add a network layout for a selected nearest neighbor network

```
addNetworkLayout(
  gobject,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  layout_type = c("drl"),
  options_list = NULL,
  layout_name = "layout",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

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Arguments

Details

This function creates layout coordinates based on the provided kNN or sNN. Currently only the force-directed graph layout "drl", see layout_with_drl, is implemented. This provides an alternative to tSNE or UMAP based visualizations.

Value

giotto object with updated layout for selected NN network

Examples

```
addNetworkLayout(gobject)
```

 ${\sf addStatistics}$

addStatistics

Description

adds genes and cells statistics to the giotto object

Usage

```
addStatistics(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  detection_threshold = 0,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object

expression_values

expression values to use

detection_threshold

detection threshold to consider a gene detected

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
```

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Details

See addGeneStatistics and addCellStatistics

Value

```
giotto object if return_gobject = TRUE, else a list with results
```

Examples

```
addStatistics(gobject)
```

adjustGiottoMatrix adjustGiottoMatrix

Description

normalize and/or scale expresion values of Giotto object

Usage

```
adjustGiottoMatrix(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  batch_columns = NULL,
  covariate_columns = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  update_slot = c("custom")
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use
batch_columns metadata columns that represent different batch (max = 2)
covariate_columns
metadata columns that represent covariates to regress out
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
update_slot expression slot that will be updated (default = custom)
```

Details

This function implements the removeBatchEffect function to remove known batch effects and to adjust expression values according to provided covariates.

Value

giotto object

```
{\tt adjustGiottoMatrix(gobject)}
```

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 $ann data To {\tt Giotto}$

ann data To Giot to

Description

Converts a spatial anndata (e.g. scanpy) .h5ad file into a Giotto object

Usage

```
anndataToGiotto(
  anndata_path,
  metadata_cols = c("total_counts", "pct_counts_mt"),
  instructions = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

```
anndata_path path to the .h5ad file
metadata_cols metadata columns to include
instructions giotto instructions
```

Details

Function in beta.

Value

Giotto object

annotateGiotto

annotate Giotto

Description

Converts cluster results into provided annotation.

```
annotateGiotto(
  gobject,
  annotation_vector = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  name = "cell_types"
)
```

annotateSpatialGrid 17

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object
annotation_vector
named annotation vector (names = cluster ids)
cluster_column cluster column to convert to annotation names
name new name for annotation column
```

Details

You need to specifify which (cluster) column you want to annotate and you need to provide an annotation vector like this:

- 1. identify the cell type of each cluster
- 2. create a vector of these cell types, e.g. cell_types = c('T-cell', 'B-cell', 'Stromal')
- 3. provide original cluster names to previous vector, e.g. names(cell_types) = c(2, 1, 3)

Value

giotto object

Examples

```
annotateGiotto(gobject)
```

annotateSpatialGrid annotateSpatialGrid

Description

annotate spatial grid with cell ID and cell metadata (optional)

Usage

```
annotateSpatialGrid(
  gobject,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  cluster_columns = NULL
)
```

Arguments

Value

annotated spatial grid data.table

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Examples

```
annotateSpatialGrid()
```

```
annotateSpatialNetwork
```

annotateSpatialNetwork

Description

Annotate spatial network with cell metadata information.

Usage

```
annotateSpatialNetwork(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  cluster_column,
  create_full_network = F
)
```

Arguments

Value

annotated network in data.table format

Examples

```
annotateSpatialNetwork(gobject)
```

binSpect

binSpect

Description

Previously: binGetSpatialGenes. BinSpect (Binary Spatial Extraction of genes) is a fast computational method that identifies genes with a spatially coherent expression pattern.

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Usage

```
binSpect(
     gobject,
     bin_method = c("kmeans", "rank"),
     expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
      subset_genes = NULL,
      spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
      spatial_network_k = NULL,
     reduce_network = FALSE,
     kmeans_algo = c("kmeans", "kmeans_arma", "kmeans_arma_subset"),
     nstart = 3,
      iter_max = 10,
      extreme_nr = 50,
      sample_nr = 50,
     percentage_rank = 30,
     do_fisher_test = TRUE,
     adjust_method = "fdr",
      calc_hub = FALSE,
     hub_min_int = 3,
     get_av_expr = TRUE,
     get_high_expr = TRUE,
      implementation = c("data.table", "simple", "matrix"),
      group_size = "automatic",
     do_parallel = TRUE,
      cores = NA,
      verbose = T,
     knn_params = NULL,
      set.seed = NULL,
     bin_matrix = NULL,
      summarize = c("p.value", "adj.p.value")
   )
Arguments
   gobject
                    giotto object
   bin_method
                    method to binarize gene expression
   expression_values
                    expression values to use
   subset_genes
                    only select a subset of genes to test
   spatial_network_name
                    name of spatial network to use (default = 'spatial_network')
   spatial_network_k
                    different k's for a spatial kNN to evaluate
    reduce_network default uses the full network
   kmeans_algo
                    kmeans algorithm to use (kmeans, kmeans_arma, kmeans_arma_subset)
   nstart
                    kmeans: nstart parameter
                    kmeans: iter.max parameter
   iter_max
   extreme_nr
                    number of top and bottom cells (see details)
```

total number of cells to sample (see details)

sample_nr

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percentage_rank

percentage of top cells for binarization

do_fisher_test perform fisher test

adjust_method p-value adjusted method to use (see p.adjust)

calc_hub calculate the number of hub cells

hub_min_int minimum number of cell-cell interactions for a hub cell

get_av_expr calculate the average expression per gene of the high expressing cells

get_high_expr calculate the number of high expressing cells per gene implementation enrichment implementation (data.table, simple, matrix)

group_size number of genes to process together with data.table implementation (default =

automatic)

do_parallel run calculations in parallel with mclapply
cores number of cores to use if do parallel = TRUE

verbose be verbose

set.seed set a seed before kmeans binarization

bin_matrix a binarized matrix, when provided it will skip the binarization process

summarize summarize the p-values or adjusted p-values

Details

We provide two ways to identify spatial genes based on gene expression binarization. Both methods are identicial except for how binarization is performed.

- 1. binarize: Each gene is binarized (0 or 1) in each cell with **kmeans** (k = 2) or based on **rank** percentile
- 2. network: Alll cells are connected through a spatial network based on the physical coordinates
- 3. contingency table: A contingency table is calculated based on all edges of neighboring cells and the binarized expression (0-0, 0-1, 1-0 or 1-1)
- 4. For each gene an odds-ratio (OR) and fisher.test (optional) is calculated

Three different kmeans algorithmes have been implemented:

- 1. kmeans: default, see kmeans
- 2. kmeans_arma: from ClusterR, see KMeans_arma
- 3. kmeans_arma_subst: from ClusterR, see KMeans_arma, but random subsetting the vector for each gene to increase speed. Change extreme_nr and sample_nr for control.

Other statistics are provided (optional):

- Number of cells with high expression (binary = 1)
- Average expression of each gene within high expressing cells
- Number of hub cells, these are high expressing cells that have a user defined number of high expressing neighbors

By selecting a subset of likely spatial genes (e.g. soft thresholding highly variable genes) can accelerate the speed. The simple implementation is usually faster, but lacks the possibility to run in parallel and to calculate hub cells. The data.table implementation might be more appropriate for large datasets by setting the group_size (number of genes) parameter to divide the workload.

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Value

```
data.table with results (see details)
```

Examples

```
binSpect(gobject)
```

binSpectMulti

binSpectMulti

Description

binSpect for multiple spatial kNN networks

Usage

```
binSpectMulti(
  gobject,
  bin_method = c("kmeans", "rank"),
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  subset_genes = NULL,
  spatial_network_k = c(5, 10, 20),
  reduce_network = FALSE,
  kmeans_algo = c("kmeans", "kmeans_arma", "kmeans_arma_subset"),
  nstart = 3,
  iter_max = 10,
  extreme_nr = 50,
  sample_nr = 50,
  percentage_rank = c(10, 30),
  do_fisher_test = TRUE,
  adjust_method = "fdr",
  calc_hub = FALSE,
  hub_min_int = 3,
  get_av_expr = TRUE,
  get_high_expr = TRUE,
  implementation = c("data.table", "simple", "matrix"),
  group_size = "automatic",
  do_parallel = TRUE,
  cores = NA,
  verbose = T,
  knn_params = NULL,
  set.seed = NULL,
  summarize = c("p.value", "adj.p.value")
```

Arguments

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subset_genes only select a subset of genes to test spatial_network_k different k's for a spatial kNN to evaluate reduce_network default uses the full network kmeans_algo kmeans algorithm to use (kmeans, kmeans_arma, kmeans_arma_subset) kmeans: nstart parameter nstart iter_max kmeans: iter.max parameter extreme_nr number of top and bottom cells (see details) sample_nr total number of cells to sample (see details) percentage_rank percentage of top cells for binarization do_fisher_test perform fisher test adjust_method p-value adjusted method to use (see p.adjust) calc_hub calculate the number of hub cells minimum number of cell-cell interactions for a hub cell hub_min_int get_av_expr calculate the average expression per gene of the high expressing cells get_high_expr calculate the number of high expressing cells per gene enrichment implementation (data.table, simple, matrix) implementation number of genes to process together with data.table implementation (default = group_size

cores number of cores to use if do_parallel = TRUE

do_parallel

verbose be verbose

automatic)

set.seed set a seed before kmeans binarization

summarize summarize the p-values or adjusted p-values

run calculations in parallel with mclapply

Details

We provide two ways to identify spatial genes based on gene expression binarization. Both methods are identicial except for how binarization is performed.

- 1. binarize: Each gene is binarized (0 or 1) in each cell with **kmeans** (k = 2) or based on **rank** percentile
- 2. network: Alll cells are connected through a spatial network based on the physical coordinates
- 3. contingency table: A contingency table is calculated based on all edges of neighboring cells and the binarized expression (0-0, 0-1, 1-0 or 1-1)
- 4. For each gene an odds-ratio (OR) and fisher.test (optional) is calculated

Three different kmeans algorithmes have been implemented:

- 1. kmeans: default, see kmeans
- 2. kmeans_arma: from ClusterR, see KMeans_arma
- 3. kmeans_arma_subst: from ClusterR, see KMeans_arma, but random subsetting the vector for each gene to increase speed. Change extreme_nr and sample_nr for control.

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Other statistics are provided (optional):

- Number of cells with high expression (binary = 1)
- · Average expression of each gene within high expressing cells
- Number of hub cells, these are high expressing cells that have a user defined number of high expressing neighbors

By selecting a subset of likely spatial genes (e.g. soft thresholding highly variable genes) can accelerate the speed. The simple implementation is usually faster, but lacks the possibility to run in parallel and to calculate hub cells. The data.table implementation might be more appropriate for large datasets by setting the group_size (number of genes) parameter to divide the workload.

Value

data.table with results (see details)

Examples

binSpectMulti(gobject)

binSpectSingle

binSpectSingle

Description

binSpect for a single spatial network

```
binSpectSingle(
  gobject,
  bin_method = c("kmeans", "rank"),
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  subset_genes = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  reduce_network = FALSE,
  kmeans_algo = c("kmeans", "kmeans_arma", "kmeans_arma_subset"),
  nstart = 3,
  iter_max = 10,
  extreme_nr = 50,
  sample_nr = 50,
  percentage_rank = 30,
  do_fisher_test = TRUE,
  adjust_method = "fdr",
  calc_hub = FALSE,
  hub_min_int = 3,
  get_av_expr = TRUE,
  get_high_expr = TRUE,
  implementation = c("data.table", "simple", "matrix"),
  group_size = "automatic",
  do_parallel = TRUE,
  cores = NA,
```

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```
verbose = T,
set.seed = NULL,
bin_matrix = NULL
)
```

Arguments

```
giotto object
gobject
bin_method
                  method to binarize gene expression
expression_values
                  expression values to use
                  only select a subset of genes to test
subset_genes
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use (default = 'spatial_network')
reduce_network default uses the full network
kmeans_algo
                  kmeans algorithm to use (kmeans, kmeans_arma, kmeans_arma_subset)
                  kmeans: nstart parameter
nstart
iter_max
                  kmeans: iter.max parameter
extreme_nr
                  number of top and bottom cells (see details)
                  total number of cells to sample (see details)
sample_nr
percentage_rank
                  percentage of top cells for binarization
do_fisher_test perform fisher test
                  p-value adjusted method to use (see p.adjust)
adjust_method
calc_hub
                  calculate the number of hub cells
                  minimum number of cell-cell interactions for a hub cell
hub_min_int
get_av_expr
                  calculate the average expression per gene of the high expressing cells
get_high_expr
                  calculate the number of high expressing cells per gene
implementation enrichment implementation (data.table, simple, matrix)
                  number of genes to process together with data.table implementation (default =
group_size
                  automatic)
do_parallel
                  run calculations in parallel with mclapply
cores
                  number of cores to use if do_parallel = TRUE
verbose
                  be verbose
                  set a seed before kmeans binarization
set.seed
                  a binarized matrix, when provided it will skip the binarization process
bin matrix
```

Details

We provide two ways to identify spatial genes based on gene expression binarization. Both methods are identicial except for how binarization is performed.

- 1. binarize: Each gene is binarized (0 or 1) in each cell with **kmeans** (k = 2) or based on **rank** percentile
- 2. network: Alll cells are connected through a spatial network based on the physical coordinates

calculateHVG 25

• 3. contingency table: A contingency table is calculated based on all edges of neighboring cells and the binarized expression (0-0, 0-1, 1-0 or 1-1)

• 4. For each gene an odds-ratio (OR) and fisher.test (optional) is calculated

Three different kmeans algorithmes have been implemented:

- 1. kmeans: default, see kmeans
- 2. kmeans_arma: from ClusterR, see KMeans_arma
- 3. kmeans_arma_subst: from ClusterR, see KMeans_arma, but random subsetting the vector for each gene to increase speed. Change extreme_nr and sample_nr for control.

Other statistics are provided (optional):

- Number of cells with high expression (binary = 1)
- · Average expression of each gene within high expressing cells
- Number of hub cells, these are high expressing cells that have a user defined number of high expressing neighbors

By selecting a subset of likely spatial genes (e.g. soft thresholding highly variable genes) can accelerate the speed. The simple implementation is usually faster, but lacks the possibility to run in parallel and to calculate hub cells. The data.table implementation might be more appropriate for large datasets by setting the group_size (number of genes) parameter to divide the workload.

Value

data.table with results (see details)

Examples

binSpectSingle(gobject)

calculateHVG

calculateHVG

Description

compute highly variable genes

```
calculateHVG(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  method = c("cov_groups", "cov_loess"),
  reverse_log_scale = FALSE,
  logbase = 2,
  expression_threshold = 0,
  nr_expression_groups = 20,
  zscore_threshold = 1.5,
  HVGname = "hvg",
  difference_in_cov = 0.1,
  show_plot = NA,
```

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```
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "HVGplot",
return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object expression_values

expression values to use

method method to calculate highly variable genes

reverse_log_scale

reverse log-scale of expression values (default = FALSE)

logbase if reverse_log_scale is TRUE, which log base was used?

expression_threshold

expression threshold to consider a gene detected

nr_expression_groups

number of expression groups for cov_groups

zscore_threshold

zscore to select hvg for cov_groups

HVGname name for highly variable genes in cell metadata

difference_in_cov

minimum difference in coefficient of variance required

show_plot show plot

return_plot return ggplot object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

Details

Currently we provide 2 ways to calculate highly variable genes:

1. high coeff of variance (COV) within groups:

First genes are binned (*nr_expression_groups*) into average expression groups and the COV for each gene is converted into a z-score within each bin. Genes with a z-score higher than the threshold (*zscore_threshold*) are considered highly variable.

2. high COV based on loess regression prediction:

A predicted COV is calculated for each gene using loess regression (COV~log(mean expression)) Genes that show a higher than predicted COV (difference_in_cov) are considered highly variable.

Value

giotto object highly variable genes appended to gene metadata (fDataDT)

calculateMetaTable 27

Examples

 ${\tt calculateMetaTable}$

calculateMetaTable

Description

calculates the average gene expression for one or more (combined) annotation columns.

Usage

```
calculateMetaTable(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  metadata_cols = NULL,
  selected_genes = NULL
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use
metadata_cols annotation columns found in pDataDT(gobject)
selected_genes subset of genes to use
```

Value

data.table with average expression values for each gene per (combined) annotation

```
calculateMetaTable(gobject)
```

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```
{\tt calculateMetaTableCells}
```

calculateMetaTableCells

Description

calculates the average metadata values for one or more (combined) annotation columns.

Usage

```
calculateMetaTableCells(
  gobject,
  value_cols = NULL,
  metadata_cols = NULL,
  spat_enr_names = NULL
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object
value_cols metadata or enrichment value columns to use
metadata_cols annotation columns found in pDataDT(gobject)
spat_enr_names which spatial enrichment results to include
```

Value

data.table with average metadata values per (combined) annotation

Examples

```
calculateMetaTableCells(gobject)
```

```
{\tt cellProximityBarplot} \quad \textit{cellProximityBarplot}
```

Description

Create barplot from cell-cell proximity scores

```
cellProximityBarplot(
  gobject,
  CPscore,
  min_orig_ints = 5,
  min_sim_ints = 5,
  p_val = 0.05,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
```

```
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "cellProximityBarplot"
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
CPscore
                  CPscore, output from cellProximityEnrichment()
                  filter on minimum original cell-cell interactions
min_orig_ints
min_sim_ints
                  filter on minimum simulated cell-cell interactions
                  p-value
p_val
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name
```

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Details

This function creates a barplot that shows the spatial proximity enrichment or depletion of cell type pairs.

Value

ggplot barplot

Examples

```
cellProximityBarplot(CPscore)
```

```
cellProximityEnrichment
```

cellProximityEnrichment

Description

Compute cell-cell interaction enrichment (observed vs expected)

Arguments

Details

Spatial proximity enrichment or depletion between pairs of cell types is calculated by calculating the observed over the expected frequency of cell-cell proximity interactions. The expected frequency is the average frequency calculated from a number of spatial network simulations. Each individual simulation is obtained by reshuffling the cell type labels of each node (cell) in the spatial network.

Value

List of cell Proximity scores (CPscores) in data.table format. The first data.table (raw_sim_table) shows the raw observations of both the original and simulated networks. The second data.table (enrichm_res) shows the enrichment results.

Examples

```
cellProximityEnrichment(gobject)
```

```
cellProximityHeatmap cellProximityHeatmap
```

Description

Create heatmap from cell-cell proximity scores

```
cellProximityHeatmap(
  gobject,
  CPscore,
  scale = T,
  order_cell_types = T,
  color_breaks = NULL,
  color_names = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "cellProximityHeatmap")
```

cellProximityNetwork 31

Arguments

```
giotto object
gobject
CPscore
                  CPscore, output from cellProximityEnrichment()
scale
                  scale cell-cell proximity interaction scores
order_cell_types
                  order cell types based on enrichment correlation
                  numerical vector of length 3 to represent min, mean and maximum
color_breaks
                  character color vector of length 3
color_names
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Details

This function creates a heatmap that shows the spatial proximity enrichment or depletion of cell type pairs.

Value

ggplot heatmap

Examples

```
cellProximityHeatmap(CPscore)
```

```
cellProximityNetwork cellProximityNetwork
```

Description

Create network from cell-cell proximity scores

```
cellProximityNetwork(
  gobject,
  CPscore,
  remove_self_edges = FALSE,
  self_loop_strength = 0.1,
  color_depletion = "lightgreen",
  color_enrichment = "red",
  rescale_edge_weights = TRUE,
  edge_weight_range_depletion = c(0.1, 1),
  edge_weight_range_enrichment = c(1, 5),
  layout = c("Fruchterman", "DrL", "Kamada-Kawai"),
```

```
only_show_enrichment_edges = F,
edge_width_range = c(0.1, 2),
node_size = 4,
node_text_size = 6,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "cellProximityNetwork")
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
CPscore
                  CPscore, output from cellProximityEnrichment()
remove_self_edges
                  remove enrichment/depletion edges with itself
self_loop_strength
                  size of self-loops
color_depletion
                  color for depleted cell-cell interactions
color_enrichment
                  color for enriched cell-cell interactions
rescale_edge_weights
                  rescale edge weights (boolean)
edge_weight_range_depletion
                  numerical vector of length 2 to rescale depleted edge weights
edge_weight_range_enrichment
                  numerical vector of length 2 to rescale enriched edge weights
layout
                  layout algorithm to use to draw nodes and edges
only_show_enrichment_edges
                  show only the enriched pairwise scores
edge_width_range
                  range of edge width
                  size of nodes
node_size
node_text_size size of node labels
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Details

This function creates a network that shows the spatial proximity enrichment or depletion of cell type pairs.

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Value

igraph plot

Examples

cellProximityNetwork(CPscore)

cellProximitySpatPlot cellProximitySpatPlot

Description

Visualize 2D cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates in ggplot mode

Usage

```
cellProximitySpatPlot(gobject, ...)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                 giotto object
                 Arguments passed on to cellProximitySpatPlot2D
. . .
                 interaction_name cell-cell interaction name
                 cluster_column cluster column with cell clusters
                 sdimx x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
                 sdimy y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
                 cell_color color for cells (see details)
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors
                 color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                 show_other_cells decide if show cells not in network
                 show_network show spatial network of selected cells
                 show_other_network show spatial network of not selected cells
                 network_color color of spatial network
                 spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use
                 show_grid show spatial grid
                 grid_color color of spatial grid
                 spatial_grid_name name of spatial grid to use
                 coord_fix_ratio fix ratio between x and y-axis
                 show_legend show legend
                 point_size_select size of selected points
                 point_select_border_col border color of selected points
                 point_select_border_stroke stroke size of selected points
                 point_size_other size of other points
                 point_alpha_other opacity of other points
                 point_other_border_col border color of other points
                 point_other_border_stroke stroke size of other points
                 show_plot show plots
```

```
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
   in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

cellProximitySpatPlot2D and cellProximitySpatPlot3D for 3D

Examples

```
cellProximitySpatPlot(gobject)
```

```
cell Proximity Spat Plot 2D \\ cell Proximity Spat Plot 2D
```

Description

Visualize 2D cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates in ggplot mode

```
cellProximitySpatPlot2D(
  gobject,
  interaction_name = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy"
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  show_other_cells = F,
  show_network = F,
  show_other_network = F,
  network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  show_grid = F,
  grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  coord_fix_ratio = 1,
  show_legend = T,
```

```
point_size_select = 2,
      point_select_border_col = "black",
      point_select_border_stroke = 0.05,
      point_size_other = 1,
      point_alpha_other = 0.3,
      point_other_border_col = "lightgrey",
      point_other_border_stroke = 0.01,
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "cellProximitySpatPlot2D"
    )
Arguments
    gobject
                     giotto object
    interaction_name
                     cell-cell interaction name
    cluster_column cluster column with cell clusters
                     x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
    sdimx
                     y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
    sdimy
    cell_color
                     color for cells (see details)
    cell_color_code
                     named vector with colors
    color_as_factor
                     convert color column to factor
    show_other_cells
                     decide if show cells not in network
                     show spatial network of selected cells
    show_network
    show_other_network
                     show spatial network of not selected cells
                     color of spatial network
    network_color
    spatial_network_name
                     name of spatial network to use
                     show spatial grid
    show_grid
    grid_color
                     color of spatial grid
    spatial_grid_name
                     name of spatial grid to use
    coord_fix_ratio
                     fix ratio between x and y-axis
                     show legend
    show_legend
    point_size_select
                     size of selected points
    point_select_border_col
                     border color of selected points
    point_select_border_stroke
```

stroke size of selected points

```
point_size_other
                  size of other points
point_alpha_other
                  opacity of other points
point_other_border_col
                  border color of other points
point_other_border_stroke
                  stroke size of other points
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
cellProximitySpatPlot2D(gobject)
```

```
cell Proximity SpatPlot 3D \\ cell Proximity SpatPlot 2D
```

Description

Visualize 3D cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates in plotly mode

```
cellProximitySpatPlot3D(
  gobject,
  interaction_name = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  show_other_cells = T,
  show_network = T,
  show_other_network = F,
```

show_legend

show legend

```
network_color = NULL,
      spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
      show\_grid = F,
      grid_color = NULL,
      spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
      show_legend = T,
      point_size_select = 4,
      point_size_other = 2,
      point_alpha_other = 0.5,
      axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
      custom_ratio = NULL,
      x_ticks = NULL,
      y_ticks = NULL,
      z_ticks = NULL,
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "cellProximitySpatPlot3D",
    )
Arguments
                     giotto object
    gobject
    interaction_name
                     cell-cell interaction name
    cluster_column cluster column with cell clusters
                     x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
    sdimx
    sdimy
                     y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
                     z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimz')
    sdimz
    cell_color
                     color for cells (see details)
    cell_color_code
                     named vector with colors
    color_as_factor
                     convert color column to factor
    show_other_cells
                     decide if show cells not in network
    show_network
                     show spatial network of selected cells
    show_other_network
                     show spatial network of not selected cells
    network_color
                     color of spatial network
    spatial_network_name
                     name of spatial network to use
                     show spatial grid
    show_grid
                     color of spatial grid
    grid_color
    spatial_grid_name
                     name of spatial grid to use
```

cellProximityVisPlot

```
point_size_select
                  size of selected points
point_size_other
                  size of other points
point_alpha_other
                  opacity of other points
axis_scale
                  scale of axis
custom_ratio
                  custom ratio of axes
x_ticks
                  ticks on x-axis
y_ticks
                  ticks on y-axis
z_ticks
                  ticks on z-axis
                  show plots
show_plot
return_plot
                  return plotly object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
                  additional parameters
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

plotly

Examples

```
cellProximitySpatPlot3D(gobject)
```

```
cell Proximity V is Plot \quad \textit{cell Proximity Vis Plot}
```

Description

Visualize cell-cell interactions according to spatial coordinates

```
cellProximityVisPlot(
  gobject,
  interaction_name = NULL,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  sdimx = NULL,
  sdimy = NULL,
  sdimz = NULL,
  cell_color = NULL,
```

cellProximityVisPlot 39

```
cell_color_code = NULL,
      color_as_factor = T,
      show_other_cells = F,
      show_network = F,
      show_other_network = F,
      network_color = NULL,
      spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
      show_grid = F,
      grid_color = NULL,
      spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
      coord_fix_ratio = 1,
      show_legend = T,
      point_size_select = 2,
      point_select_border_col = "black",
      point_select_border_stroke = 0.05,
      point_size_other = 1,
      point_alpha_other = 0.3,
      point_other_border_col = "lightgrey",
      point_other_border_stroke = 0.01,
      axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
      custom_ratio = NULL,
      x_ticks = NULL,
      y_ticks = NULL,
      z_ticks = NULL,
      plot_method = c("ggplot", "plotly"),
    )
Arguments
    gobject
                    giotto object
    interaction_name
                    cell-cell interaction name
    cluster_column cluster column with cell clusters
                    x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
    sdimx
    sdimy
                    y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
    sdimz
                    z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimz')
    cell_color
                    color for cells (see details)
    cell_color_code
                    named vector with colors
    color_as_factor
                    convert color column to factor
    show_other_cells
                    show not selected cells
                    show underlying spatial network
    show_network
    show_other_network
                    show underlying spatial network of other cells
                    color of spatial network
    network_color
    spatial_network_name
```

name of spatial network to use

show_grid show spatial grid grid_color color of spatial grid

spatial_grid_name

name of spatial grid to use

coord_fix_ratio

fix ratio between x and y-axis

show_legend show legend

point_size_select

size of selected points

point_select_border_col

border color of selected points

point_select_border_stroke

stroke size of selected points

point_size_other

size of other points

point_alpha_other

alpha of other points

point_other_border_col

border color of other points

point_other_border_stroke

stroke size of other points

axis_scale scale of axis

custom_ratio custom ratio of scales

 x_{ticks} x ticks y_{ticks} y ticks z_{ticks} z ticks

plot_method method to plot

... additional parameters

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot or plotly

Examples

cellProximityVisPlot(gobject)

```
{\tt changeGiottoInstructions}
```

change Giot to Instructions

Description

Function to change one or more instructions from giotto object

Usage

```
changeGiottoInstructions(
  gobject,
  params = NULL,
  new_values = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object
params parameter(s) to change
new_values new value(s) for parameter(s)
return_gobject (boolean) return giotto object
```

Value

giotto object with one or more changed instructions

Examples

```
changeGiottoInstructions()
```

changeImageBg

changeImageBg

Description

Function to change the background color of a magick image plot to another color

```
changeImageBg(
  mg_object,
  bg_color,
  perc_range = 10,
  new_color = "#FFFFFF",
  new_name = NULL
)
```

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Arguments

```
mg_object magick image or giotto image object
bg_color estimated current background color
perc_range range around estimated background color to include (percentage)
new_color new_background color
change name of Giotto image
```

Value

magick image or giotto image object with updated background color

Examples

```
changeImageBg(mg_object)
```

clusterCells

clusterCells

Description

cluster cells using a variety of different methods

```
clusterCells(
  gobject,
 cluster_method = c("leiden", "louvain_community", "louvain_multinet", "randomwalk",
    "sNNclust", "kmeans", "hierarchical"),
  name = "cluster_name",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  pyth_leid_resolution = 1,
  pyth_leid_weight_col = "weight",
  pyth_leid_part_type = c("RBConfigurationVertexPartition",
    "ModularityVertexPartition"),
  pyth_leid_init_memb = NULL,
  pyth_leid_iterations = 1000,
  pyth_louv_resolution = 1,
  pyth_louv_weight_col = NULL,
  python_louv_random = F,
  python_path = NULL,
  louvain_gamma = 1,
  louvain\_omega = 1,
  walk_steps = 4,
  walk_clusters = 10,
  walk_weights = NA,
  sNNclust_k = 20,
  sNNclust_eps = 4,
  sNNclust_minPts = 16,
  borderPoints = TRUE,
```

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```
expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
      genes_to_use = NULL,
     dim_reduction_to_use = c("cells", "pca", "umap", "tsne"),
     dim_reduction_name = "pca",
     dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
     distance_method = c("original", "pearson", "spearman", "euclidean", "maximum",
        "manhattan", "canberra", "binary", "minkowski"),
      km_centers = 10,
      km_iter_max = 100,
     km_nstart = 1000,
     km_algorithm = "Hartigan-Wong",
     hc_agglomeration_method = c("ward.D2", "ward.D", "single", "complete", "average",
        "mcquitty", "median", "centroid"),
     hc_k = 10,
     hc_h = NULL
     return_gobject = TRUE,
      set\_seed = T,
      seed_number = 1234
   )
Arguments
                    giotto object
   gobject
   cluster_method community cluster method to use
                    name for new clustering result
   nn_network_to_use
                    type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                    name of NN network to use
   network_name
   pyth_leid_resolution
                    resolution for leiden
   pyth_leid_weight_col
                    column to use for weights
   pyth_leid_part_type
                    partition type to use
   pyth_leid_init_memb
                    initial membership
   pyth_leid_iterations
                    number of iterations
   pyth_louv_resolution
                    resolution for louvain
   pyth_louv_weight_col
                    python louvain param: weight column
   python_louv_random
                    python louvain param: random
                    specify specific path to python if required
   python_path
   louvain_gamma
                    louvain param: gamma or resolution
   louvain_omega
                    louvain param: omega
   walk_steps
                    randomwalk: number of steps
   walk_clusters randomwalk: number of clusters
```

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walk_weights randomwalk: weight column sNNclust_k SNNclust: k neighbors to use

sNNclust_eps SNNclust: epsilon

 $sNNclust_minPts$

SNNclust: min points

borderPoints SNNclust: border points

expression_values

expression values to use

genes_to_use = NULL,
dim_reduction_to_use

dimension reduction to use

dim_reduction_name

name of reduction 'pca',

dimensions_to_use

dimensions to use

distance_method

distance method

km_centers kmeans centers km_iter_max kmeans iterations

km_nstart kmeans random starting points

km_algorithm kmeans algorithm

hc_agglomeration_method

hierarchical clustering method

hc_k hierachical number of clusters

hc_h hierarchical tree cutoff

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

set_seed set seed

seed_number number for seed

Details

Wrapper for the different clustering methods.

Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

See Also

 $\label{lem:cluster_doLouvainCluster_multinet} do Louvain Cluster_community, do Louvain Cluster_multinet, do Louvain Cluster, do Random Walk Cluster, do SNN Cluster, do Kmeans, do H clust Cluster, do Louvain Cluster, do Louva$

Examples

clusterCells(gobject)

clusterSpatialCorGenes

```
{\tt clusterSpatialCorGenes}
```

clusterSpatialCorGenes

Description

Cluster based on spatially correlated genes

Usage

```
clusterSpatialCorGenes(
  spatCorObject,
  name = "spat_clus",
  hclust_method = "ward.D",
  k = 10,
  return_obj = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
spatCorObject spatial correlation object

name name for spatial clustering results

hclust_method method for hierarchical clustering

k number of clusters to extract
```

return_obj return spatial correlation object (spatCorObject)

Value

spatCorObject or cluster results

Examples

```
clusterSpatialCorGenes(gobject)
```

combCCcom combCCcom

Description

Combine spatial and expression based cell-cell communication data.tables

Usage

```
combCCcom(
   spatialCC,
   exprCC,
   min_lig_nr = 3,
   min_rec_nr = 3,
   min_padj_value = 1,
   min_log2fc = 0,
   min_av_diff = 0,
   detailed = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

```
spatialCC spatial cell-cell communication scores

exprCC expression cell-cell communication scores

min_lig_nr minimum number of ligand cells

min_rec_nr minimum number of receptor cells

min_padj_value minimum adjusted p-value

min_log2fc minimum log2 fold-change

min_av_diff minimum average expression difference

detailed detailed option used with spatCellCellCom (default = FALSE)
```

Value

combined data.table with spatial and expression communication data

Examples

```
combCCcom(gobject)
```

```
combineCellProximityGenes
```

combine Cell Proximity Genes

Description

Combine CPG scores in a pairwise manner.

```
combineCellProximityGenes(
  cpgObject,
  selected_ints = NULL,
  selected_genes = NULL,
  specific_genes_1 = NULL,
  specific_genes_2 = NULL,
  min_cells = 5,
  min_int_cells = 3,
```

combineCPG 47

```
min_fdr = 0.05,
min_spat_diff = 0,
min_log2_fc = 0.5,
do_parallel = TRUE,
cores = NA,
verbose = T
)
```

Arguments

```
cell proximity gene score object
cpgObject
selected_ints
                 subset of selected cell-cell interactions (optional)
selected_genes subset of selected genes (optional)
specific_genes_1
                  specific geneset combo (need to position match specific_genes_2)
specific_genes_2
                  specific geneset combo (need to position match specific_genes_1)
min_cells
                  minimum number of target cell type
min_int_cells
                 minimum number of interacting cell type
                  minimum adjusted p-value
min_fdr
                  minimum absolute spatial expression difference
min_spat_diff
min_log2_fc
                  minimum absolute log2 fold-change
                  run calculations in parallel with mclapply
do_parallel
                  number of cores to use if do_parallel = TRUE
cores
verbose
                  verbose
```

Value

cpgObject that contains the filtered differential gene scores

Examples

```
combineCellProximityGenes(gobject)
```

combineCPG	combineCPG
COMPTHECLA	Comomeci

Description

Combine CPG scores in a pairwise manner.

48 combineCPG

Usage

```
combineCPG(
  cpgObject,
  selected_ints = NULL,
  selected_genes = NULL,
  specific_genes_1 = NULL,
  specific_genes_2 = NULL,
  min_cells = 5,
  min_int_cells = 3,
  min_fdr = 0.05,
  min_spat_diff = 0,
  min_log2_fc = 0.5,
  do_parallel = TRUE,
  cores = NA,
  verbose = T
)
```

Arguments

```
cpgObject
                  cell proximity gene score object
                  subset of selected cell-cell interactions (optional)
selected_ints
selected_genes subset of selected genes (optional)
specific_genes_1
                  specific geneset combo (need to position match specific_genes_2)
specific_genes_2
                  specific geneset combo (need to position match specific_genes_1)
min_cells
                  minimum number of target cell type
min_int_cells
                  minimum number of interacting cell type
min_fdr
                  minimum adjusted p-value
                  minimum absolute spatial expression difference
min_spat_diff
                  minimum absolute log2 fold-change
min_log2_fc
                  run calculations in parallel with mclapply
do_parallel
                  number of cores to use if do_parallel = TRUE
cores
verbose
                  verbose
```

Value

cpgObject that contains the filtered differential gene scores

Examples

```
combineCPG(gobject)
```

combineMetadata 49

combineMetadata combineMetadata

Description

This function combines the cell metadata with spatial locations and enrichment results from createSpatialEnrich

Usage

```
combineMetadata(gobject, spat_enr_names = NULL)
```

Arguments

```
gobject Giotto object
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
```

Value

Extended cell metadata in data.table format.

Examples

```
combineMetadata(gobject)
```

```
convertEnsemblToGeneSymbol
```

convertEnsemblToGeneSymbol

Description

This function convert ensembl gene IDs from a matrix to official gene symbols

Usage

```
convertEnsemblToGeneSymbol(matrix, species = c("mouse", "human"))
```

Arguments

```
matrix an expression matrix with ensembl gene IDs as rownames species species to use for gene symbol conversion
```

Details

This function requires that the biomaRt library is installed

Value

expression matrix with gene symbols as rownames

50 createCrossSection

createCrossSection

createCrossSection

Description

Create a virtual 2D cross section.

Usage

```
createCrossSection(
  gobject.
 name = "cross_section",
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  thickness_unit = c("cell", "natural"),
  slice_thickness = 2,
  cell_distance_estimate_method = "mean",
  extend_ratio = 0.2,
 method = c("equation", "3 points", "point and norm vector",
    "point and two plane vectors"),
  equation = NULL,
  point1 = NULL,
  point2 = NULL,
  point3 = NULL,
 normVector = NULL,
 planeVector1 = NULL,
 planeVector2 = NULL,
 mesh\_grid\_n = 20,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object name name of cress section object. (default = cross_section) spatial_network_name name of spatial network object. (default = Delaunay_network) thickness_unit unit of the virtual section thickness. If "cell", average size of the observed cells is used as length unit. If "natural", the unit of cell location coordinates is used.(default = cell)slice_thickness thickness of slice. default = 2 ${\tt cell_distance_estimate_method}$ method to estimate average distance between neighboring cells. (default = mean) deciding the span of the cross section meshgrid, as a ratio of extension compared extend_ratio to the borders of the vitural tissue section. (default = 0.2) method method to define the cross section plane. If equation, the plane is defined by a four element numerical vector (equation) in the form of c(A,B,C,D), corresponding to a plane with equation Ax+By+Cz=D. If 3 points, the plane is define

by the coordinates of 3 points, as given by point1, point2, and point3. If point

createGiottoImage 51

	and norm vector, the plane is defined by the coordinates of one point (point1) in the plane and the coordinates of one norm vector (normVector) to the plane. If point and two plane vector, the plane is defined by the coordinates of one point (point1) in the plane and the coordinates of two vectors (planeVector1, planeVector2) in the plane. (default = equation)
equation	equation required by method "equation".equations needs to be a numerical vector of length 4, in the form of $c(A,B,C,D)$, which defines plane $Ax+By+Cz=D$.
point1	coordinates of the first point required by method "3 points", "point and norm vector", and "point and two plane vectors".
point2	coordinates of the second point required by method "3 points"
point3	coordinates of the third point required by method "3 points"
normVector	coordinates of the norm vector required by method "point and norm vector"
planeVector1	coordinates of the first plane vector required by method "point and two plane vectors"
planeVector2	coordinates of the second plane vector required by method "point and two plane vectors"
mesh_grid_n	numer of meshgrid lines to generate along both directions for the cross section plane.
return_gobject	boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

Details

Creates a virtual 2D cross section object for a given spatial network object. The users need to provide the definition of the cross section plane (see method).

Value

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

createGiottoImage

Description

Creates a giotto image that can be added to a Giotto object and/or used to add an image to the spatial plotting functions

```
createGiottoImage(
  gobject = NULL,
  spatial_locs = NULL,
  mg_object,
  name = "image",
  xmax_adj = 0,
  xmin_adj = 0,
  ymax_adj = 0,
  ymin_adj = 0
)
```

52 createGiottoInstructions

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
spatial_locs
                  spatial locations (alternative if giobject = NULL)
                  magick image object
mg_object
name
                  name for the image
                  adjustment of the maximum x-value to align the image
xmax_adj
xmin_adj
                  adjustment of the minimum x-value to align the image
                  adjustment of the maximum y-value to align the image
ymax_adj
                  adjustment of the minimum y-value to align the image
ymin_adj
```

Value

a giotto image object

Examples

```
createGiottoImage(mg_object)
```

createGiottoInstructions

createGiottoInstructions

Description

Function to set global instructions for giotto functions

Usage

```
createGiottoInstructions(
  python_path = NULL,
  show_plot = NULL,
  return_plot = NULL,
  save_plot = NULL,
  save_dir = NULL,
  plot_format = NULL,
  dpi = NULL,
  units = NULL,
  height = NULL,
  width = NULL
```

```
python_path path to python binary to use
show_plot print plot to console, default = TRUE
return_plot return plot as object, default = TRUE
save_plot automatically save plot, dafault = FALSE
save_dir path to directory where to save plots
```

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```
plot_format format of plots (defaults to png)
dpi resolution for raster images
units units of format (defaults to in)
height height of plots
width width of plots
```

Value

named vector with giotto instructions

See Also

More online information can be found here $https://rubd.github.io/Giotto_site/articles/instructions_and_plotting.html$

Examples

```
createGiottoInstructions()
```

Description

Function to create a giotto object

```
createGiottoObject(
  raw_exprs,
  spatial_locs = NULL,
  norm_expr = NULL,
  norm_scaled_expr = NULL,
  custom_expr = NULL,
  cell_metadata = NULL,
  gene_metadata = NULL,
  spatial_network = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = NULL,
  spatial_grid = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = NULL,
  spatial_enrichment = NULL,
  spatial_enrichment_name = NULL,
  dimension_reduction = NULL,
  nn_network = NULL,
  images = NULL,
  offset_file = NULL,
  instructions = NULL,
  cores = NA
)
```

54 createGiottoObject

Arguments

raw_exprs matrix with raw expression counts [required]

spatial_locs data.table or data.frame with coordinates for cell centroids

norm_expr normalized expression values

norm_scaled_expr

scaled expression values

custom_expr custom expression values cell_metadata cell annotation metadata gene_metadata gene annotation metadata

spatial_network

list of spatial network(s)

spatial_network_name

list of spatial network name(s)

spatial_grid list of spatial grid(s)

spatial_grid_name

list of spatial grid name(s)

spatial_enrichment

list of spatial enrichment score(s) for each spatial region

spatial_enrichment_name

list of spatial enrichment name(s)

dimension_reduction

list of dimension reduction(s)

nn_network list of nearest neighbor network(s)

images list of images

offset_file file used to stitch fields together (optional)

 $instructions \hspace{0.5cm} list \ of \ instructions \ or \ output \ result \ from \ {\tt createGiottoInstructions}$

cores how many cores or threads to use to read data if paths are provided

Details

[**Requirements**] To create a giotto object you need to provide at least a matrix with genes as row names and cells as column names. This matrix can be provided as a base matrix, sparse Matrix, data.frame, data.table or as a path to any of those. To include spatial information about cells (or regions) you need to provide a matrix, data.table or data.frame (or path to them) with coordinates for all spatial dimensions. This can be 2D (x and y) or 3D (x, y, x). The row order for the cell coordinates should be the same as the column order for the provided expression data.

[Instructions] Additionally an instruction file, generated manually or with createGiottoInstructions can be provided to instructions, if not a default instruction file will be created for the Giotto object.

[Multiple fields] In case a dataset consists of multiple fields, like seqFISH+ for example, an offset file can be provided to stitch the different fields together. stitchFieldCoordinates can be used to generate such an offset file.

[**Processed data**] Processed count data, such as normalized data, can be provided using one of the different expression slots (norm_expr, norm_scaled_expr, custom_expr).

[Metadata] Cell and gene metadata can be provided using the cell and gene metadata slots. This data can also be added afterwards using the addGeneMetadata or addCellMetadata functions.

[Other information] Additional information can be provided through the appropriate slots:

- · spatial networks
- · spatial girds
- spatial enrichments
- · dimensions reductions
- nearest neighbours networks
- · images

Value

giotto object

Examples

```
createGiottoObject(raw_exprs, spatial_locs)
```

createGiottoVisiumObject

createGiottoVisiumObject

Description

creates Giotto object directly from a 10X visium folder

Usage

```
createGiottoVisiumObject(
  visium_dir = NULL,
  expr_data = c("raw", "filter"),
  gene_column_index = 1,
  png_name = NULL,
  xmax_adj = 0,
  xmin_adj = 0,
  ymax_adj = 0,
  ymin_adj = 0,
  instructions = NULL,
  cores = NA
)
```

```
visium_dir
                  path to the 10X visium directory [required]
expr_data
                  raw or filtered data (see details)
gene_column_index
                  which column index to select (see details)
                  select name of png to use (see details)
png_name
                  adjustment of the maximum x-value to align the image
xmax_adj
                  adjustment of the minimum x-value to align the image
xmin_adj
                  adjustment of the maximum y-value to align the image
ymax_adj
                  adjustment of the minimum y-value to align the image
ymin_adj
instructions
                  list of instructions or output result from createGiottoInstructions
                  how many cores or threads to use to read data if paths are provided
cores
```

56 createHeatmap_DT

Details

expr_data: raw will take expression data from raw_feature_bc_matrix and filter from filtered_feature_bc_matrix

- gene_column_index: which gene identifiers (names) to use if there are multiple columns (e.g. ensemble and gene symbol)
- png_name: by default the first png will be selected, provide the png name to override this (e.g. myimage.png)

Value

giotto object

Examples

```
createGiottoVisiumObject(visium_dir)
```

createHeatmap_DT

 $createHeatmap_DT$

Description

creates order for clusters

Usage

```
createHeatmap_DT(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  cluster_order = c("size", "correlation", "custom"),
  cluster_custom_order = NULL,
  cluster_cor_method = "pearson",
  cluster_hclust_method = "ward.D",
  gene_order = c("correlation", "custom"),
  gene_custom_order = NULL,
  gene_cor_method = "pearson",
  gene_hclust_method = "complete"
)
```

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use
genes genes to use
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
cluster_order method to determine cluster order
cluster_custom_order
custom order for clusters
```

createMetagenes 57

Details

Creates input data.tables for plotHeatmap function.

Value

list

Examples

```
createHeatmap_DT(gobject)
```

createMetagenes

createMetagenes

Description

This function creates an average metagene for gene clusters.

Usage

```
createMetagenes(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  gene_clusters,
  name = "metagene",
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

```
gobject Giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use
gene_clusters numerical vector with genes as names
name name of the metagene results
return_gobject return giotto object
```

58 createNearestNetwork

Details

```
An example for the 'gene_clusters' could be like this: cluster_vector = c(1, 1, 2, 2); names(cluster_vector) = c('geneA', 'geneB', 'geneC', 'geneD')
```

Value

giotto object

Examples

```
createMetagenes(gobject)
```

createNearestNetwork createNearestNetwork

Description

create a nearest neighbour (NN) network

Usage

```
createNearestNetwork(
  gobject,
  type = c("sNN", "kNN"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = "pca",
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  name = "sNN.pca",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  k = 30,
  minimum_shared = 5,
  top_shared = 3,
  verbose = T,
  ...
)
```

createNearestNetwork 59

name arbitrary name for NN network

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

k number of k neighbors to use minimum_shared minimum shared neighbors

top_shared keep at ...
verbose be verbose

... additional parameters for kNN and sNN functions from dbscan

Details

This function creates a k-nearest neighbour (kNN) or shared nearest neighbour (sNN) network based on the provided dimension reduction space. To run it directly on the gene expression matrix set $dim_reduction_to_use = NULL$.

See also kNN and sNN for more information about how the networks are created.

Output for kNN:

• from: cell_ID for source cell

• to: cell_ID for target cell

• distance: distance between cells

• weight: weight = 1/(1 + distance)

Output for sNN:

• from: cell_ID for source cell

• to: cell_ID for target cell

• distance: distance between cells

• weight: 1/(1 + distance)

• shared: number of shared neighbours

• rank: ranking of pairwise cell neighbours

For sNN networks two additional parameters can be set:

- minimum_shared: minimum number of shared neighbours needed
- top_shared: keep this number of the top shared neighbours, irrespective of minimum_shared setting

Value

giotto object with updated NN network

Examples

createNearestNetwork(gobject)

```
create {\it Spatial Default Grid} \\ {\it create Spatial Default Grid}
```

Description

Create a spatial grid using the default method

Usage

```
createSpatialDefaultGrid(
  gobject,
  sdimx_stepsize = NULL,
  sdimy_stepsize = NULL,
  sdimz_stepsize = NULL,
  minimum_padding = 1,
  name = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object

sdimx_stepsize stepsize along the x-axis

sdimy_stepsize stepsize along the y-axis

sdimz_stepsize stepsize along the z-axis

minimum_padding

minimum padding on the edges

name name for spatial grid (default = 'spatial_grid')

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
```

Details

Creates a spatial grid with defined x, y (and z) dimensions. The dimension units are based on the provided spatial location units.

Value

giotto object with updated spatial grid slot

```
createSpatialDelaunayNetwork
```

createSpatialDelaunayNetwork

Description

Create a spatial Delaunay network based on cell centroid physical distances.

Usage

```
createSpatialDelaunayNetwork(
  gobject,
  method = c("deldir", "delaunayn_geometry", "RTriangle"),
  dimensions = "all",
  name = "Delaunay_network",
  maximum_distance = "auto",
  minimum_k = 0,
  options = "Pp",
  Y = TRUE,
  j = TRUE,
  S = 0,
  verbose = T,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

method package to use to create a Delaunay network

dimensions which spatial dimensions to use. Use "sdimx" (spatial dimension x), "sdimy",

"sdimz" respectively to refer to X (or the 1st), Y (or the 2nd) and Z(or the 3rd)

dimension, see details. (default = all)

name for spatial network (default = 'delaunay_network')

maximum_distance

distance cuttof for Delaunay neighbors to consider. If "auto", "upper wisker" value of the distance vector between neighbors is used; see the boxplotgraphics

documentation for more details.(default = "auto")

minimum_k minimum number of neighbours if maximum_distance != NULL

options (geometry) String containing extra control options for the underlying Qhull

command; see the Qhull documentation (../doc/qhull/html/qdelaun.html) for the

available options. (default = 'Pp', do not report precision problems)

Y (RTriangle) If TRUE prohibits the insertion of Steiner points on the mesh bound-

ary.

j (RTriangle) If TRUE jettisons vertices that are not part of the final triangulation

from the output.

S (RTriangle) Specifies the maximum number of added Steiner points.

verbose verbose

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

. . . Other additional parameters

62 createSpatialEnrich

Details

Creates a spatial Delaunay network as explained in delaunayn (default), deldir, or triangulate.

Value

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

Examples

```
createSpatialDelaunayNetwork(gobject)
```

createSpatialEnrich

create Spatial Enrich

Description

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using an enrichment test.

Usage

```
createSpatialEnrich(...)
```

Arguments

... Arguments passed on to runSpatialEnrich

gobject Giotto object
enrich_method method for gene signature enrichment calculation
sign_matrix Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process
expression_values expression values to use
reverse_log_scale reverse expression values from log scale
logbase log base to use if reverse_log_scale = TRUE
p_value calculate p-value (default = FALSE)
n_times (page/rank) number of permutation iterations to calculate p-value

top_percentage (hyper) percentage of cells that will be considered to have gene expression with matrix binarization

output_enrichment how to return enrichment output name to give to spatial enrichment results, default = PAGE return_gobject return giotto object

See Also

runSpatialEnrich

createSpatialGrid 63

 $create Spatial Grid \\ create Spatial Grid$

Description

Create a spatial grid using the default method

Usage

```
createSpatialGrid(
  gobject,
  name = NULL,
  method = c("default"),
  sdimx_stepsize = NULL,
  sdimy_stepsize = NULL,
  sdimz_stepsize = NULL,
  minimum_padding = 1,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object

name name for spatial grid

method method to create a spatial grid

sdimx_stepsize stepsize along the x-axis

sdimy_stepsize stepsize along the y-axis

sdimz_stepsize stepsize along the z-axis

minimum_padding

minimum padding on the edges

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
```

Details

Creates a spatial grid with defined x, y (and z) dimensions. The dimension units are based on the provided spatial location units.

• default method: createSpatialDefaultGrid

Value

giotto object with updated spatial grid slot

```
createSpatialKNNnetwork
```

create Spatial KNN network

Description

Create a spatial knn network.

Usage

```
createSpatialKNNnetwork(
  gobject,
  method = "dbscan",
  dimensions = "all",
  name = "knn_network",
  k = 4,
  maximum_distance = NULL,
  minimum_k = 0,
  verbose = F,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

method method to create kNN network

dimensions which spatial dimensions to use (default = all)

maximum_distance

distance cuttof for nearest neighbors to consider for kNN network

minimum_k minimum nearest neighbours if maximum_distance != NULL

verbose verbose

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
... additional arguments to the selected method function

Value

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

dimensions: default = 'all' which takes all possible dimensions. Alternatively you can provide a character vector that specififies the spatial dimensions to use, e.g. c("sdimx', "sdimy") or a numerical vector, e.g. 2:3

maximum_distance: to create a network based on maximum distance only, you also need to set k to a very high value, e.g. k = 100

Examples

```
createSpatialKNNnetwork(gobject)
```

createSpatialNetwork 65

```
create Spatial Network \\ create Spatial Network
```

Description

Create a spatial network based on cell centroid physical distances.

Usage

```
createSpatialNetwork(
  gobject,
  name = NULL,
  dimensions = "all",
  method = c("Delaunay", "kNN"),
delaunay_method = c("deldir", "delaunayn_geometry", "RTriangle"),
maximum_distance_delaunay = "auto",
  options = "Pp",
  Y = TRUE,
  j = TRUE,
  S = 0,
  minimum_k = 0,
  knn_method = "dbscan",
  k = 4,
  maximum_distance_knn = NULL,
  verbose = F,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
)
```

gobject	giotto object	
name	<pre>name for spatial network (default = 'spatial_network')</pre>	
dimensions	which spatial dimensions to use (default = all)	
method	which method to use to create a spatial network. (default = Delaunay)	
delaunay_method		
	Delaunay method to use	
maximum_distance_delaunay		
	distance cuttof for nearest neighbors to consider for Delaunay network	
options	(geometry) String containing extra control options for the underlying Qhull command; see the Qhull documentation (/doc/qhull/html/qdelaun.html) for the available options. (default = 'Pp', do not report precision problems)	
Υ	(RTriangle) If TRUE prohibits the insertion of Steiner points on the mesh boundary.	
j	(RTriangle) If TRUE jettisons vertices that are not part of the final triangulation from the output.	
S	(RTriangle) Specifies the maximum number of added Steiner points.	
minimum_k	minimum nearest neigbhours if maximum_distance != NULL	

```
knn_method method to create kNN network
k number of nearest neighbors based on physical distance
maximum_distance_knn
distance cuttof for nearest neighbors to consider for kNN network
verbose
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
... Additional parameters for the selected function
```

Details

Creates a spatial network connecting single-cells based on their physical distance to each other. For Delaunay method, neighbors will be decided by delaunay triangulation and a maximum distance criteria. For kNN method, number of neighbors can be determined by k, or maximum distance from each cell with or without setting a minimum k for each cell.

dimensions: default = 'all' which takes all possible dimensions. Alternatively you can provide a character vector that specififies the spatial dimensions to use, e.g. c("sdimx', "sdimy") or a numerical vector, e.g. 2:3

Value

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

Examples

```
createSpatialNetwork(gobject)
```

Description

calculates average gene detection for a cell metadata factor (e.g. cluster)

Usage

```
create_average_detection_DT(
  gobject,
  meta_data_name,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  detection_threshold = 0
)
```

create_average_DT 67

Value

data.table with average gene epression values for each factor

Description

calculates average gene expression for a cell metadata factor (e.g. cluster)

Usage

```
create_average_DT(
  gobject,
  meta_data_name,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom")
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object

meta_data_name name of metadata column to use
expression_values

which expression values to use
```

Value

data.table with average gene epression values for each factor

Description

creates randomized cell ids within a selection of cell types

```
create_cell_type_random_cell_IDs(
  gobject,
  cluster_column = "cell_types",
  needed_cell_types
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object to use

cluster_column cluster column with cell type information

needed_cell_types

vector of cell type names for which a random id will be found
```

Details

Details will follow.

Value

list of randomly sampled cell ids with same cell type composition

Examples

```
create_cell_type_random_cell_IDs(gobject)
```

Description

create a crossSection object

```
create_crossSection_object(
  name = NULL,
  method = NULL,
  thickness_unit = NULL,
  slice_thickness = NULL,
  cell_distance_estimate_method = NULL,
  extend_ratio = NULL,
  plane_equation = NULL,
  mesh_grid_n = NULL,
  mesh_obj = NULL,
  cell_subset = NULL,
  cell_subset_spatial_locations = NULL,
  cell_subset_projection_locations = NULL,
  cell_subset_projection_PCA = NULL,
  cell_subset_projection_coords = NULL)
)
```

create_screeplot 69

Arguments

name of cress section object. (default = cross_sectino)

method method to define the cross section plane.

thickness_unit unit of the virtual section thickness. If "cell", average size of the observed

cells is used as length unit. If "natural", the unit of cell location coordinates

is used.(default = cell)

slice_thickness

thickness of slice

cell_distance_estimate_method

method to estimate average distance between neighboring cells. (default = mean)

extend_ratio deciding the span of the cross section meshgrid, as a ratio of extension compared

to the borders of the vitural tissue section. (default = 0.2)

plane_equation a numerical vector of length 4, in the form of c(A,B,C,D), which defines plane

Ax+By+Cz=D.

mesh_grid_n numer of meshgrid lines to generate along both directions for the cross section

olane.

mesh_obj object that stores the cross section meshgrid information.

cell_subset cells selected by the cross section

cell_subset_spatial_locations

locations of cells selected by the cross section

cell_subset_projection_locations

3D projection coordinates of selected cells onto the cross section plane

cell_subset_projection_PCA

pca of projection coordinates

cell_subset_projection_coords

2D PCA coordinates of selected cells in the cross section plane

Description

create screeplot with ggplot

Usage

```
create_screeplot(pca_obj, ncp = 20, ylim = c(0, 20))
```

Arguments

pca_obj pca dimension reduction object

ncp number of principal components to calculate

ylim y-axis limits on scree plot

Value

ggplot

70 crossSectionGenePlot

```
{\tt crossSectionGenePlot} \quad {\it crossSectionGenePlot}
```

Description

Visualize cells and gene expression in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
crossSectionGenePlot(
  gobject = NULL,
  crossSection_obj = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  default_save_name = "crossSectionGenePlot",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object

crossSection_obj

crossSection object

name name of virtual cross section to use

spatial_network_name

name of spatial network to use

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

parameters for spatGenePlot2D
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
spatGenePlot3D and spatGenePlot2D
```

crossSectionGenePlot3D 71

```
crossSectionGenePlot3D
```

crossSectionGenePlot3D

Description

Visualize cells and gene expression in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
crossSectionGenePlot3D(
  gobject,
  crossSection_obj = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  other_cell_color = alpha("lightgrey", 0),
  default_save_name = "crossSectionGenePlot3D",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
{\tt crossSectionGenePlot3D(gobject)}
```

72 crossSectionPlot

 ${\tt crossSectionPlot}$

crossSectionPlot

Description

Visualize cells in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
crossSectionPlot(
  gobject,
  crossSection_obj = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  default_save_name = "crossSectionPlot",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

crossSectionPlot

crossSectionPlot3D 73

crossSectionPlot3D

Description

Visualize cells in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
crossSectionPlot3D(
  gobject,
  crossSection_obj = NULL,
  name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = alpha("lightgrey", 0),
  default_save_name = "crossSection3D",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
crossSectionPlot3D(gobject)
```

detectSpatialCorGenes detectSpatialCorGenes

Description

Detect genes that are spatially correlated

Usage

```
detectSpatialCorGenes(
  gobject,
  method = c("grid", "network"),
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  subset_genes = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  network_smoothing = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  min_cells_per_grid = 4,
  cor_method = c("pearson", "kendall", "spearman")
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
method
                  method to use for spatial averaging
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
subset_genes
                  subset of genes to use
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use
network_smoothing
                  smoothing factor beteen 0 and 1 (default: automatic)
spatial_grid_name
                  name of spatial grid to use
min_cells_per_grid
                  minimum number of cells to consider a grid
cor_method
                  correlation method
```

Details

For method = network, it expects a fully connected spatial network. You can make sure to create a fully connected network by setting $minimal_k > 0$ in the createSpatialNetwork function.

- 1. grid-averaging: average gene expression values within a predefined spatial grid
- 2. network-averaging: smoothens the gene expression matrix by averaging the expression within one cell by using the neighbours within the predefined spatial network. b is a smoothening factor that defaults to 1 1/k, where k is the median number of k-neighbors in the selected spatial network. Setting b = 0 means no smoothing and b = 1 means no contribution from its own expression.

The spatCorObject can be further explored with showSpatialCorGenes()

detectSpatialPatterns 75

Value

```
returns a spatial correlation object: "spatCorObject"
```

See Also

```
showSpatialCorGenes
```

Examples

```
detectSpatialCorGenes(gobject)
```

```
detectSpatialPatterns detectSpatialPatterns
```

Description

Identify spatial patterns through PCA on average expression in a spatial grid.

Usage

```
detectSpatialPatterns(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  min_cells_per_grid = 4,
  scale_unit = F,
  ncp = 100,
  show_plot = T,
  PC_zscore = 1.5
)
```

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
spatial_grid_name
                  name of spatial grid to use (default = 'spatial_grid')
min_cells_per_grid
                  minimum number of cells in a grid to be considered
                  scale features
scale_unit
                  number of principal components to calculate
ncp
show_plot
                  show plots
PC_zscore
                  minimum z-score of variance explained by a PC
```

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Details

Steps to identify spatial patterns:

- 1. average gene expression for cells within a grid, see createSpatialGrid
- 2. perform PCA on the average grid expression profiles
- 3. convert variance of principlal components (PCs) to z-scores and select PCs based on a z-score threshold

Value

```
spatial pattern object 'spatPatObj'
```

Examples

```
detectSpatialPatterns(gobject)
```

dimCellPlot

dimCellPlot

Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

Usage

```
dimCellPlot(gobject, ...)
```

```
gobject
                 giotto object
                 Arguments passed on to dimCellPlot2D
                 dim_reduction_to_use dimension reduction to use
                 dim_reduction_name dimension reduction name
                 dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                 dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                 spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                 cell_annotation_values numeric cell annotation columns
                 show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                 nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors for cell annotation values
                 cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
                 gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
                 gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
                 select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                 select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                 show_other_cells display not selected cells
```

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```
other_cell_color color of not selected cells
other_point_size size of not selected cells
show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size size of center points
center_point_border_col border color of center points
center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points
label_size size of labels
label_fontface font of labels
edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of dim. reduction points
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
    in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters. For 3D plots see dimCellPlot2D

Value

ggplot

See Also

Other dimension reduction cell annotation visualizations: dimCellPlot2D()

Examples

```
dimCellPlot(gobject)
```

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dimCellPlot2D

dimCellPlot2D

Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

Usage

```
dimCellPlot2D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2\_to\_use = 2,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  cell_annotation_values = NULL,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  point_size = 1,
  point_alpha = 1,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  legend_symbol_size = 1,
  background_color = "white",
  axis_text = 8,
  axis_title = 8,
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
```

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```
cow_align = "h",
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "dimCellPlot2D"
    )
Arguments
    gobject
                     giotto object
    dim_reduction_to_use
                     dimension reduction to use
    dim_reduction_name
                     dimension reduction name
                     dimension to use on x-axis
    dim1_to_use
                     dimension to use on y-axis
    dim2_to_use
    spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
    cell_annotation_values
                     numeric cell annotation columns
    show_NN_network
                     show underlying NN network
    nn_network_to_use
                     type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
    network_name
                     name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
    cell_color_code
                     named vector with colors for cell annotation values
    cell_color_gradient
                     vector with 3 colors for numeric data
    gradient_midpoint
                     midpoint for color gradient
    gradient_limits
                     vector with lower and upper limits
    select_cell_groups
                     select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
    select_cells
                     select subset of cells based on cell IDs
    show_other_cells
                     display not selected cells
    other_cell_color
                     color of not selected cells
    other_point_size
                     size of not selected cells
    show_cluster_center
                     plot center of selected clusters
    show_center_label
                     plot label of selected clusters
    center_point_size
                     size of center points
```

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```
center_point_border_col
                  border color of center points
center_point_border_stroke
                  border stroke size of center points
                  size of labels
label_size
label_fontface font of labels
edge_alpha
                  column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape
                  point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size
                  size of point (cell)
point_alpha
                  transparancy of dim. reduction points
point_border_col
                  color of border around points
point_border_stroke
                  stroke size of border around points
show_legend
                  show legend
legend_text
                  size of legend text
legend_symbol_size
                  size of legend symbols
background_color
                  color of plot background
axis_text
                  size of axis text
axis_title
                  size of axis title
cow_n_col
                  cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h
                  cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w
                  cowplot param: relative width
cow_align
                  cowplot param: how to align
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters. For 3D plots see dimPlot3D

Value

ggplot

See Also

Other dimension reduction cell annotation visualizations: dimCellPlot()

Examples

```
dimCellPlot2D(gobject)
```

dimGenePlot 81

dimGenePlot

dimGenePlot

Description

Visualize gene expression according to dimension reduction coordinates

Usage

```
dimGenePlot(...)
```

Arguments

Arguments passed on to dimGenePlot2D gobject giotto object expression_values gene expression values to use genes genes to show dim_reduction_to_use dimension reduction to use dim_reduction_name dimension reduction name dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis show_NN_network show underlying NN network nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE network_color color of NN network edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges scale_alpha_with_expression scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border) point_size size of point (cell) point_alpha transparancy of points cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits point_border_col color of border around points point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points show_legend show legend legend_text size of legend text background_color color of plot background axis_text size of axis text axis_title size of axis title cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width cow_align cowplot param: how to align

show_plot show plots

return_plot return ggplot object

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```
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
dimGenePlot3D
```

Other dimension reduction gene expression visualizations: dimGenePlot2D(), dimGenePlot3D()

Examples

```
dimGenePlot(gobject)
```

dimGenePlot2D

dimGenePlot2D

Description

Visualize gene expression according to dimension reduction coordinates

Usage

```
dimGenePlot2D(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2\_to\_use = 2,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  network_color = "lightgray",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  point_size = 1,
  point_alpha = 1,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
```

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```
point_border_col = "black",
      point_border_stroke = 0.1,
      show_legend = T,
      legend_text = 8,
      background_color = "white",
      axis_text = 8,
      axis_title = 8,
      cow_n_col = 2,
      cow_rel_h = 1,
      cow_rel_w = 1,
      cow_align = "h",
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "dimGenePlot2D"
Arguments
   gobject
                     giotto object
    expression_values
                     gene expression values to use
    genes
                     genes to show
    dim_reduction_to_use
                     dimension reduction to use
   dim_reduction_name
                     dimension reduction name
    dim1_to_use
                     dimension to use on x-axis
    dim2_to_use
                     dimension to use on y-axis
    show_NN_network
                     show underlying NN network
   nn_network_to_use
                     type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
   network_name
                     name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
    network_color
                     color of NN network
    edge_alpha
                     column to use for alpha of the edges
    scale_alpha_with_expression
                     scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
                     point with border or not (border or no_border)
   point_shape
   point_size
                     size of point (cell)
   point_alpha
                     transparancy of points
    cell_color_gradient
                     vector with 3 colors for numeric data
    gradient_midpoint
                     midpoint for color gradient
    gradient_limits
                     vector with lower and upper limits
```

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```
point_border_col
                  color of border around points
point_border_stroke
                  stroke size of border around points
show_legend
                  show legend
legend_text
                  size of legend text
background_color
                  color of plot background
                  size of axis text
axis_text
                  size of axis title
axis_title
cow_n_col
                  cowplot param: how many columns
                  cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_h
cow_rel_w
                  cowplot param: relative width
                  cowplot param: how to align
cow_align
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
dimGenePlot3D
```

Other dimension reduction gene expression visualizations: dimGenePlot3D(), dimGenePlot()

Examples

```
dimGenePlot2D(gobject)
```

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dimGenePlot3D

dimGenePlot3D

Description

Visualize cells and gene expression according to dimension reduction coordinates

Usage

```
dimGenePlot3D(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2\_to\_use = 2,
  dim3\_to\_use = 3,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  network_color = "lightgray",
  cluster_column = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 1,
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  point_size = 2,
  genes_high_color = NULL,
  genes_mid_color = "white",
  genes_low_color = "blue",
  show_legend = T,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "dimGenePlot3D"
)
```

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
gene expression values to use
genes genes to show
dim_reduction_to_use
dim_neduction_name
dimension reduction name
```

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```
dim1_to_use
                  dimension to use on x-axis
dim2_to_use
                  dimension to use on y-axis
                  dimension to use on z-axis
dim3_to_use
show_NN_network
                  show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use
                  type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                  name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
network_name
                  color of NN network
network_color
cluster_column cluster column to select groups
select_cell_groups
                  select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells
                  select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells
                  display not selected cells
other_cell_color
                  color of not selected cells
other_point_size
                  size of not selected cells
edge_alpha
                  column to use for alpha of the edges
point_size
                  size of point (cell)
genes_high_color
                  color for high expression levels
genes_mid_color
                  color for medium expression levels
genes_low_color
                  color for low expression levels
show_legend
                  show legend
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

Other dimension reduction gene expression visualizations: dimGenePlot2D(), dimGenePlot()

Examples

```
dimGenePlot3D(gobject)
```

dimPlot 87

dimPlot dimPlot

Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

Usage

```
dimPlot(...)
```

Arguments

Arguments passed on to dimPlot2D . . . gobject giotto object group_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column group_by_subset subset the group_by factor column dim_reduction_to_use dimension reduction to use dim_reduction_name dimension reduction name dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include show_NN_network show underlying NN network nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) network_name name of NN network to use, if show NN network = TRUE cell_color color for cells (see details) color_as_factor convert color column to factor cell_color_code named vector with colors cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell color parameter select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs show_other_cells display not selected cells other_cell_color color of not selected cells other_point_size size of not selected cells show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters show_center_label plot label of selected clusters center_point_size size of center points center_point_border_col border color of center points center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points label_size size of labels label_fontface font of labels

edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges

point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border)

```
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of point
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
title title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
    in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters, see dimPlot2D. For 3D plots see dimPlot3D

Value

ggplot

See Also

Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()

Examples

dimPlot(gobject)

dimPlot2D

dimPlot2D

Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

Usage

```
dimPlot2D(
  gobject,
  group_by = NULL,
  group_by_subset = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2\_to\_use = 2,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  cell_color = NULL,
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  point_size = 1,
  point_alpha = 1,
  point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  title = NULL,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  legend_symbol_size = 1,
  background_color = "white",
  axis_text = 8,
  axis_title = 8,
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
```

```
default_save_name = "dimPlot2D"
)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object create multiple plots based on cell annotation column group_by group_by_subset subset the group_by factor column dim_reduction_to_use dimension reduction to use dim_reduction_name dimension reduction name dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis dimension to use on y-axis dim2_to_use spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include show_NN_network show underlying NN network nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE network_name cell_color color for cells (see details) color_as_factor convert color column to factor cell_color_code named vector with colors cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs show_other_cells display not selected cells other_cell_color color of not selected cells other_point_size size of not selected cells show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters show_center_label plot label of selected clusters center_point_size size of center points

```
center_point_border_col
                  border color of center points
center_point_border_stroke
                  border stroke size of center points
                  size of labels
label_size
label_fontface font of labels
edge_alpha
                  column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape
                  point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size
                  size of point (cell)
point_alpha
                  transparancy of point
point_border_col
                  color of border around points
point_border_stroke
                  stroke size of border around points
title
                  title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
                  show legend
show_legend
legend_text
                  size of legend text
legend_symbol_size
                  size of legend symbols
background_color
                  color of plot background
axis_text
                  size of axis text
                  size of axis title
axis_title
cow_n_col
                  cowplot param: how many columns
                  cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_h
                  cowplot param: relative width
cow_rel_w
cow_align
                  cowplot param: how to align
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters. For 3D plots see dimPlot3D

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

Examples

```
dimPlot2D(gobject)
```

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dimPlot3D

dimPlot3D

Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

Usage

```
dimPlot3D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2\_to\_use = 2,
  dim3_to_use = 3,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 2,
  show_NN_network = F,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  color_as_factor = T,
  cell_color = NULL,
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  label_size = 4,
  edge_alpha = NULL,
  point_size = 3,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "dim3D"
)
```

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```
dim3_to_use
                  dimension to use on z-axis
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
select_cell_groups
                  select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells
                  select subset of cells based on cell IDs
show_other_cells
                  display not selected cells
other_cell_color
                  color of not selected cells
other_point_size
                  size of not selected cells
show_NN_network
                  show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use
                  type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                  name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
network_name
color_as_factor
                  convert color column to factor
                  color for cells (see details)
cell_color
cell_color_code
                  named vector with colors
show_cluster_center
                  plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label
                  plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size
                  size of center points
label_size
                  size of labels
edge_alpha
                  column to use for alpha of the edges
point_size
                  size of point (cell)
show_plot
                  show plot
                  return ggplot object
return_plot
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

plotly

See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

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Examples

```
dimPlot3D(gobject)
```

doHclust

doHclust

Description

cluster cells using hierarchical clustering algorithm

Usage

```
doHclust(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = c("cells", "pca", "umap", "tsne"),
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
  distance_method = c("pearson", "spearman", "original", "euclidean", "maximum",
  "manhattan", "canberra", "binary", "minkowski"),
agglomeration_method = c("ward.D2", "ward.D", "single", "complete", "average",
    "mcquitty", "median", "centroid"),
  k = 10,
  h = NULL,
  name = "hclust",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = T,
  seed_number = 1234
)
```

```
gobject
                 giotto object
expression_values
                 expression values to use
genes_to_use
                 subset of genes to use
dim_reduction_to_use
                 dimension reduction to use
dim_reduction_name
                 dimensions reduction name
dimensions_to_use
                 dimensions to use
distance_method
                 distance method
agglomeration_method
                 agglomeration method for hclust
k
                 number of final clusters
```

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```
h cut hierarchical tree at height = h
name name for hierarchical clustering
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
set_seed set seed
seed_number number for seed
```

Details

Description on how to use Kmeans clustering method.

Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

See Also

hclust

Examples

```
doHclust(gobject)
```

doHMRF

doHMRF

Description

Run HMRF

Usage

```
doHMRF(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  spatial_genes = NULL,
  spatial_dimensions = c("sdimx", "sdimy", "sdimz"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = NULL,
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
  name = "test",
  k = 10,
  betas = c(0, 2, 50),
  tolerance = 1e-10,
  zscore = c("none", "rowcol", "colrow"),
  numinit = 100,
  python_path = NULL,
  output_folder = NULL,
  overwrite_output = TRUE
)
```

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Arguments

gobject giotto object

expression_values

expression values to use

spatial_network_name

name of spatial network to use for HMRF

spatial_genes spatial genes to use for HMRF

spatial_dimensions

select spatial dimensions to use, default is all possible dimensions

dim_reduction_to_use

use another dimension reduction set as input

dim_reduction_name

name of dimension reduction set to use

dimensions_to_use

number of dimensions to use as input

name of HMRF run

k number of HMRF domains

betas betas to test for

tolerance tolerance

zscore zscore

numinit number of initializations

python_path python path to use

output_folder output folder to save results

overwrite_output

overwrite output folder

Details

Description of HMRF parameters ...

Value

Creates a directory with results that can be viewed with viewHMRFresults

Examples

doHMRF(gobject)

doKmeans 97

doKmeans doKmeans

Description

cluster cells using kmeans algorithm

Usage

```
doKmeans(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  dim_reduction_to_use = c("cells", "pca", "umap", "tsne"),
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
  distance_method = c("original", "pearson", "spearman", "euclidean", "maximum",
    "manhattan", "canberra", "binary", "minkowski"),
  centers = 10,
  iter_max = 100,
  nstart = 1000,
  algorithm = "Hartigan-Wong",
  name = "kmeans",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = T,
  seed_number = 1234
)
```

```
gobject
                 giotto object
expression_values
                 expression values to use
                 subset of genes to use
genes_to_use
dim_reduction_to_use
                 dimension reduction to use
dim_reduction_name
                 dimensions reduction name
dimensions_to_use
                 dimensions to use
distance_method
                 distance method
                 number of final clusters
centers
                 kmeans maximum iterations
iter_max
nstart
                 kmeans nstart
                 kmeans algorithm
algorithm
name
                 name for kmeans clustering
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
set_seed
                 set seed
seed_number
                 number for seed
```

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Details

Description on how to use Kmeans clustering method.

Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

See Also

kmeans

Examples

```
doKmeans(gobject)
```

doLeidenCluster

doLeidenCluster

Description

cluster cells using a NN-network and the Leiden community detection algorithm

Usage

```
doLeidenCluster(
  gobject,
  name = "leiden_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  python_path = NULL,
  resolution = 1,
  weight_col = "weight",
  partition_type = c("RBConfigurationVertexPartition", "ModularityVertexPartition"),
  init_membership = NULL,
  n_iterations = 1000,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = T,
  seed_number = 1234
)
```

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partition_type The type of partition to use for optimisation.

init_membership

initial membership of cells for the partition

n_iterations number of interations to run the Leiden algorithm. If the number of iterations

is negative, the Leiden algorithm is run until an iteration in which there was no

improvement.

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

set_seed set seed

seed_number number for seed

Details

This function is a wrapper for the Leiden algorithm implemented in python, which can detect communities in graphs of millions of nodes (cells), as long as they can fit in memory. See the https://github.com/vtraag/leidenalgleidenalg github page or the https://leidenalg.readthedocs.io/en/stable/index.htmlreadthedocs page for more information.

Partition types available and information:

- RBConfigurationVertexPartition: Implements Reichardt and Bornholdt's Potts model with a configuration null model. This quality function is well-defined only for positive edge weights. This quality function uses a linear resolution parameter.
- Modularity Vertex Partition: Implements modularity. This quality function is well-defined only for positive edge weights. It does *not* use the resolution parameter

Set $weight_col = NULL$ to give equal weight (=1) to each edge.

Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

Examples

```
doLeidenCluster(gobject)
```

doLeidenSubCluster

doLeidenSubCluster

Description

Further subcluster cells using a NN-network and the Leiden algorithm

Usage

```
doLeidenSubCluster(
  gobject,
  name = "sub_pleiden_clus",
  cluster_column = NULL,
  selected_clusters = NULL,
  hvg_param = list(reverse_log_scale = T, difference_in_cov = 1, expression_values =
    "normalized"),
```

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```
hvg_min_perc_cells = 5,
hvg_mean_expr_det = 1,
use_all_genes_as_hvg = FALSE,
min_nr_of_hvg = 5,
pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),
nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),
k_neighbors = 10,
resolution = 0.5,
n_iterations = 500,
python_path = NULL,
nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
network_name = "sNN.pca",
return_gobject = TRUE,
verbose = T
)
```

Arguments

```
giotto object
gobject
                  name for new clustering result
name
cluster_column cluster column to subcluster
selected_clusters
                  only do subclustering on these clusters
hvg_param
                  parameters for calculateHVG
hvg_min_perc_cells
                  threshold for detection in min percentage of cells
hvg_mean_expr_det
                  threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection
use_all_genes_as_hvg
                  forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA
                  minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA
min_nr_of_hvg
                  parameters for runPCA
pca_param
                  parameters for parameters for createNearestNetwork
nn_param
k_neighbors
                  number of k for createNearestNetwork
resolution
                  resolution of Leiden clustering
n_iterations
                  number of interations to run the Leiden algorithm.
python_path
                  specify specific path to python if required
nn_network_to_use
                  type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                  name of NN network to use
network_name
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
verbose
                  verbose
```

Details

This function performs subclustering using the Leiden algorithm on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

• 1. subset Giotto object

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- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do Leiden clustering

Value

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata

See Also

doLeidenCluster

Examples

```
doLeidenSubCluster(gobject)
```

doLouvainCluster

doLouvainCluster

Description

cluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain algorithm.

Usage

```
doLouvainCluster(
  gobject,
  version = c("community", "multinet"),
  name = "louvain_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  python_path = NULL,
  resolution = 1,
  weight_col = NULL,
  gamma = 1,
  omega = 1,
  louv_random = F,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = F,
  seed_number = 1234,
)
```

```
gobject giotto object

version implemented version of Louvain clustering to use

name name for cluster

nn_network_to_use

type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
```

network_name name of NN network to use

python_path [community] specify specific path to python if required

resolution [community] resolution weight_col weight column name

gamma [multinet] Resolution parameter for modularity in the generalized louvain method.

omega [multinet] Inter-layer weight parameter in the generalized louvain method

louv_random [community] Will randomize the node evaluation order and the community eval-

uation order to get different partitions at each call

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

set_seed set seed

seed_number number for seed
... additional parameters

Details

Louvain clustering using the community or multinet implementation of the louvain clustering algorithm.

Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

See Also

doLouvainCluster_community and doLouvainCluster_multinet

Examples

```
doLouvainCluster(gobject)
```

```
\label{lower} do Louvain {\it Cluster\_community} \\ do Louvain {\it Cluster\_community}
```

Description

cluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain algorithm from the community module in Python

Usage

```
doLouvainCluster_community(
  gobject,
  name = "louvain_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  python_path = NULL,
  resolution = 1,
  weight_col = NULL,
  louv_random = F,
```

```
return_gobject = TRUE,
set_seed = F,
seed_number = 1234
)
```

Arguments

giotto object gobject name for cluster name nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) name of NN network to use network_name specify specific path to python if required python_path resolution resolution weight_col weight column to use for edges Will randomize the node evaluation order and the community evaluation order louv_random to get different partitions at each call

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

set_seed set seed

seed_number number for seed

Details

This function is a wrapper for the Louvain algorithm implemented in Python, which can detect communities in graphs of nodes (cells). See the https://python-louvain.readthedocs.io/en/latest/index.htmlreadthedocs page for more information.

Set *weight_col* = *NULL* to give equal weight (=1) to each edge.

Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

Examples

```
doLouvainCluster_community(gobject)
```

```
\label{lower} do Louvain Cluster\_multinet \\ do Louvain Cluster\_multinet
```

Description

cluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain algorithm from the multinet package in R.

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Usage

```
doLouvainCluster_multinet(
  gobject,
  name = "louvain_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  gamma = 1,
  omega = 1,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = F,
  seed_number = 1234
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object
name name for cluster
```

nn_network_to_use

type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)

network_name name of NN network to use

gamma Resolution parameter for modularity in the generalized louvain method.

omega Inter-layer weight parameter in the generalized louvain method.

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

set_seed set seed

seed_number number for seed

Details

See glouvain_ml from the multinet package in R for more information.

Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

Examples

```
doLouvainCluster_multinet(gobject)
```

 ${\tt doLouvainSubCluster} \qquad {\tt doLouvainSubCluster}$

Description

subcluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain algorithm

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Usage

```
doLouvainSubCluster(
  gobject,
  name = "sub_louvain_clus",
  version = c("community", "multinet"),
  cluster_column = NULL,
  selected_clusters = NULL,
 hvg_param = list(reverse_log_scale = T, difference_in_cov = 1, expression_values =
    "normalized"),
  hvg_min_perc_cells = 5,
  hvg_mean_expr_det = 1,
  use_all_genes_as_hvg = FALSE,
  min_nr_of_hvg = 5,
  pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),
  nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),
  k_neighbors = 10,
  resolution = 0.5,
  gamma = 1,
  omega = 1,
  python_path = NULL,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  verbose = T
)
```

```
gobject
                  giotto object
name
                  name for new clustering result
version
                  version of Louvain algorithm to use
cluster_column cluster column to subcluster
selected_clusters
                  only do subclustering on these clusters
                  parameters for calculateHVG
hvg_param
hvg_min_perc_cells
                  threshold for detection in min percentage of cells
hvg_mean_expr_det
                  threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection
use_all_genes_as_hvg
                  forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA
                  minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA
min_nr_of_hvg
                  parameters for runPCA
pca_param
                  parameters for parameters for createNearestNetwork
nn_param
k_neighbors
                  number of k for createNearestNetwork
resolution
                  resolution for community algorithm
gamma
                  gamma
omega
                  omega
```

Details

This function performs subclustering using the Louvain algorithm on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

- 1. subset Giotto object
- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do Louvain clustering

Value

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata

See Also

```
doLouvainCluster_multinet and doLouvainCluster_community
```

Examples

```
doLouvainSubCluster(gobject)
```

```
\label{lower} do Louvain SubCluster\_community \\ do Louvain SubCluster\_community
```

Description

subcluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain community detection algorithm

Usage

```
doLouvainSubCluster_community(
   gobject,
   name = "sub_louvain_comm_clus",
   cluster_column = NULL,
   selected_clusters = NULL,
   hvg_param = list(reverse_log_scale = T, difference_in_cov = 1, expression_values =
        "normalized"),
   hvg_min_perc_cells = 5,
   hvg_mean_expr_det = 1,
   use_all_genes_as_hvg = FALSE,
```

```
min_nr_of_hvg = 5,
  pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),
  nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),
  k_neighbors = 10,
  resolution = 0.5,
  python_path = NULL,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  verbose = T
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
name
                  name for new clustering result
cluster_column cluster column to subcluster
selected_clusters
                  only do subclustering on these clusters
                  parameters for calculateHVG
hvg_param
hvg_min_perc_cells
                  threshold for detection in min percentage of cells
hvg_mean_expr_det
                  threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection
use_all_genes_as_hvg
                  forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA
min_nr_of_hvg
                 minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA
                  parameters for runPCA
pca_param
nn_param
                  parameters for parameters for createNearestNetwork
k_neighbors
                  number of k for createNearestNetwork
resolution
                  resolution
                  specify specific path to python if required
python_path
nn_network_to_use
                  type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name
                  name of NN network to use
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
verbose
                  verbose
```

Details

This function performs subclustering using the Louvain community algorithm on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

- 1. subset Giotto object
- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do Louvain community clustering

Value

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata

See Also

```
doLouvainCluster_community
```

Examples

```
doLouvainSubCluster_community(gobject)
```

```
\\ do Louvain Sub Cluster\_multinet
```

doLouvainSubCluster_multinet

Description

subcluster cells using a NN-network and the Louvain multinet detection algorithm

Usage

```
doLouvainSubCluster_multinet(
  gobject,
  name = "sub_louvain_mult_clus",
  cluster_column = NULL,
  selected_clusters = NULL,
 hvg_param = list(reverse_log_scale = T, difference_in_cov = 1, expression_values =
    "normalized"),
  hvg_min_perc_cells = 5,
  hvg_mean_expr_det = 1,
  use_all_genes_as_hvg = FALSE,
  min_nr_of_hvg = 5,
  pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),
  nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),
  k_neighbors = 10,
  gamma = 1,
  omega = 1,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  verbose = T
)
```

```
gobject giotto object

name name for new clustering result

cluster_column cluster column to subcluster

selected_clusters

only do subclustering on these clusters
```

hvg_param parameters for calculateHVG

hvg_min_perc_cells

threshold for detection in min percentage of cells

hvg_mean_expr_det

threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection

use_all_genes_as_hvg

forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA

min_nr_of_hvg minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA

pca_param parameters for runPCA

nn_param parameters for parameters for createNearestNetwork

k_neighbors number of k for createNearestNetwork

gamma gamma
omega omega
nn_network_to_use

type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

verbose verbose

Details

This function performs subclustering using the Louvain multinet algorithm on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

- 1. subset Giotto object
- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do Louvain multinet clustering

Value

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata

See Also

doLouvainCluster_multinet

Examples

doLouvainSubCluster_multinet(gobject)

110 doRandomWalkCluster

doRandomWalkCluster

doRandomWalkCluster

Description

Cluster cells using a random walk approach.

Usage

```
doRandomWalkCluster(
  gobject,
  name = "random_walk_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  walk_steps = 4,
  walk_clusters = 10,
  walk_weights = NA,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = F,
  seed_number = 1234
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                 giotto object
                 name for cluster
name
nn_network_to_use
                 type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 name of NN network to use
network_name
                 number of walking steps
walk_steps
walk_clusters
                 number of final clusters
walk_weights
                 cluster column defining the walk weights
return_gobject | boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
set_seed
                 set seed
seed_number
                 number for seed
```

Details

See cluster_walktrap function from the igraph package in R for more information.

Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

```
doRandomWalkCluster(gobject)
```

doSNNCluster 111

doSNNCluster doSNNCluster

Description

Cluster cells using a SNN cluster approach.

Usage

```
doSNNCluster(
  gobject,
  name = "sNN_clus",
  nn_network_to_use = "kNN",
  network_name = "kNN.pca",
  k = 20,
  eps = 4,
  minPts = 16,
  borderPoints = TRUE,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  set_seed = F,
  seed_number = 1234
)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object
name name for cluster
nn_network_to_use

type of NN network to use (only works on kNN)

 $network_name \qquad name \ of \ kNN \ network \ to \ use$

k Neighborhood size for nearest neighbor sparsification to create the shared NN

graph.

eps Two objects are only reachable from each other if they share at least eps nearest

neighbors.

minPts minimum number of points that share at least eps nearest neighbors for a point

to be considered a core points.

borderPoints should borderPoints be assigned to clusters like in DBSCAN?

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

set_seed set seed

seed_number number for seed

Details

See sNNclust from dbscan package

Value

giotto object with new clusters appended to cell metadata

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Examples

```
doSNNCluster(gobject)
```

 $\verb"estimateImageBg"$

estimateImageBg

Description

helps to estimate which color is the background color of your plot

Usage

```
estimateImageBg(mg_object, top_color_range = 1:50)
```

Arguments

```
mg_object magick image or Giotto image object top_color_range top possible background colors to return
```

Value

vector of pixel color frequencies and an associated barplot

Examples

```
estimateImageBg(mg_object)
```

exportGiottoViewer

exportGiottoViewer

Description

compute highly variable genes

```
exportGiottoViewer(
  gobject,
  output_directory = NULL,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  factor_annotations = NULL,
  numeric_annotations = NULL,
  dim_reductions,
  dim_reduction_names,
  expression_values = c("scaled", "normalized", "custom"),
  dim_red_rounding = NULL,
  dim_red_rescale = c(-20, 20),
  expression_rounding = 2,
  overwrite_dir = T,
  verbose = T
```

exprCellCellcom 113

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
output_directory
                  directory where to save the files
spat_enr_names spatial enrichment results to include for annotations
factor_annotations
                  giotto cell annotations to view as factor
numeric_annotations
                  giotto cell annotations to view as numeric
dim_reductions high level dimension reductions to view
dim_reduction_names
                  specific dimension reduction names
expression_values
                  expression values to use in Viewer
dim_red_rounding
                  numerical indicating how to round the coordinates
dim_red_rescale
                  numericals to rescale the coordinates
expression_rounding
                  numerical indicating how to round the expression data
                  overwrite files in the directory if it already existed
overwrite_dir
verbose
                  be verbose
```

Details

Giotto Viewer expects the results from Giotto Analyzer in a specific format, which is provided by this function. To include enrichment results from createSpatialEnrich include the provided spatial enrichment name (default PAGE or rank) and add the gene signature names (.e.g cell types) to the numeric annotations parameter.

Value

writes the necessary output to use in Giotto Viewer

Examples

exportGiottoViewer(gobject)

exprCellCellcom exprCellCellcom

Description

Cell-Cell communication scores based on expression only

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Usage

Arguments

gobject giotto object to use cluster_column cluster column with cell type information random_iter number of iterations gene_set_1 first specific gene set from gene pairs gene_set_2 second specific gene set from gene pairs log2FC_addendum addendum to add when calculating log2FC provide more detailed information (random variance and z-score) detailed which method to adjust p-values adjust_method adjust_target adjust multiple hypotheses at the cell or gene level verbose verbose

Details

Statistical framework to identify if pairs of genes (such as ligand-receptor combinations) are expressed at higher levels than expected based on a reshuffled null distribution of gene expression values, without considering the spatial position of cells. More details will follow soon.

Value

Cell-Cell communication scores for gene pairs based on expression only

```
exprCellCellcom(gobject)
```

fDataDT

fDataDT

fDataDT

Description

show gene metadata

Usage

```
fDataDT(gobject)
```

Arguments

gobject

giotto object

Value

data.table with gene metadata

Examples

```
pDataDT(gobject)
```

filterCellProximityGenes

filter Cell Proximity Genes

Description

Filter cell proximity gene scores.

```
filterCellProximityGenes(
  cpgObject,
  min_cells = 4,
  min_cells_expr = 1,
  min_int_cells = 4,
  min_int_cells_expr = 1,
  min_fdr = 0.1,
  min_spat_diff = 0.2,
  min_log2_fc = 0.2,
  min_zscore = 2,
  zscores_column = c("cell_type", "genes"),
  direction = c("both", "up", "down")
)
```

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Arguments

```
cpgObject
                 cell proximity gene score object
min_cells
                 minimum number of source cell type
min_cells_expr minimum expression level for source cell type
min_int_cells
                 minimum number of interacting neighbor cell type
min_int_cells_expr
                 minimum expression level for interacting neighbor cell type
min_fdr
                 minimum adjusted p-value
min_spat_diff
                 minimum absolute spatial expression difference
                 minimum log2 fold-change
min_log2_fc
min_zscore
                 minimum z-score change
zscores_column calculate z-scores over cell types or genes
                 differential expression directions to keep
direction
```

Value

cpgObject that contains the filtered differential gene scores

Examples

```
filterCellProximityGenes(gobject)
```

filterCombinations filterCombinations

Description

Shows how many genes and cells are lost with combinations of thresholds.

```
filterCombinations(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  expression_thresholds = c(1, 2),
  gene_det_in_min_cells = c(5, 50),
  min_det_genes_per_cell = c(200, 400),
  scale_x_axis = "identity",
  x_axis_offset = 0,
  scale_y_axis = "identity",
  y_axis_offset = 0,
  show_plot = TRUE,
  return_plot = FALSE,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "filterCombinations")
```

filterCPG 117

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
{\tt expression\_thresholds}
                  all thresholds to consider a gene expressed
gene_det_in_min_cells
                  minimum number of cells that should express a gene to consider that gene fur-
                  ther
min_det_genes_per_cell
                  minimum number of expressed genes per cell to consider that cell further
scale_x_axis
                  ggplot transformation for x-axis (e.g. log2)
x_axis_offset
                  x-axis offset to be used together with the scaling transformation
scale_y_axis
                  ggplot transformation for y-axis (e.g. log2)
y_axis_offset
                  y-axis offset to be used together with the scaling transformation
show_plot
                  show plot
                  return only ggplot object
return_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
```

Details

Creates a scatterplot that visualizes the number of genes and cells that are lost with a specific combination of a gene and cell threshold given an arbitrary cutoff to call a gene expressed. This function can be used to make an informed decision at the filtering step with filterGiotto.

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Value

list of data.table and ggplot object

Examples

filterCombinations(gobject)

filterCPG filterCPG

Description

Filter cell proximity gene scores.

118 filterDistributions

Usage

```
filterCPG(
  cpgObject,
  min_cells = 4,
  min_cells_expr = 1,
  min_int_cells = 4,
  min_int_cells_expr = 1,
  min_fdr = 0.1,
  min_spat_diff = 0.2,
  min_log2_fc = 0.2,
  min_zscore = 2,
  zscores_column = c("cell_type", "genes"),
  direction = c("both", "up", "down")
)
```

Arguments

```
cell proximity gene score object
cpgObject
                 minimum number of source cell type
min_cells
min_cells_expr minimum expression level for source cell type
min_int_cells
                 minimum number of interacting neighbor cell type
min_int_cells_expr
                 minimum expression level for interacting neighbor cell type
min_fdr
                 minimum adjusted p-value
                 minimum absolute spatial expression difference
min_spat_diff
                 minimum log2 fold-change
min_log2_fc
min_zscore
                 minimum z-score change
zscores_column calculate z-scores over cell types or genes
direction
                 differential expression directions to keep
```

Value

cpgObject that contains the filtered differential gene scores

Examples

```
filterCPG(gobject)
```

 ${\it filter Distributions} \qquad {\it filter Distributions}$

Description

show gene or cell distribution after filtering on expression threshold

filterDistributions 119

Usage

```
filterDistributions(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  expression_threshold = 1,
  detection = c("genes", "cells"),
  plot_type = c("histogram", "violin"),
  nr_bins = 30,
  fill_color = "lightblue",
  scale_axis = "identity",
  axis_offset = 0,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "filterDistributions"
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
expression_threshold
                  threshold to consider a gene expressed
detection
                  consider genes or cells
plot_type
                  type of plot
nr_bins
                  number of bins for histogram plot
fill_color
                  fill color for plots
scale_axis
                  ggplot transformation for axis (e.g. log2)
axis_offset
                  offset to be used together with the scaling transformation
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Value

ggplot object

```
filterDistributions(gobject)
```

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filterGiotto

filterGiotto

Description

filter Giotto object based on expression threshold

Usage

```
filterGiotto(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  expression_threshold = 1,
  gene_det_in_min_cells = 100,
  min_det_genes_per_cell = 100,
  verbose = F
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object

expression_values

expression values to use

expression_threshold

threshold to consider a gene expressed

gene_det_in_min_cells

minimum # of cells that need to express a gene

min_det_genes_per_cell

minimum # of genes that need to be detected in a cell

verbose

verbose
```

Details

The function filterCombinations can be used to explore the effect of different parameter values.

Value

giotto object

```
filterGiotto(gobject)
```

```
findCellProximityGenes
```

findCellProximityGenes

Description

Identifies genes that are differentially expressed due to proximity to other cell types.

Usage

```
findCellProximityGenes(
 gobject,
 expression_values = "normalized",
  selected_genes = NULL,
 cluster_column,
 spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 minimum_unique_cells = 1,
 minimum_unique_int_cells = 1,
 diff_test = c("permutation", "limma", "t.test", "wilcox"),
 mean_method = c("arithmic", "geometric"),
 offset = 0.1,
 adjust_method = c("bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY", "fdr",
    "none"),
 nr_permutations = 1000,
 exclude_selected_cells_from_test = T,
 do_parallel = TRUE,
  cores = NA
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
selected_genes subset of selected genes (optional)
cluster_column name of column to use for cell types
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use
minimum_unique_cells
                  minimum number of target cells required
minimum_unique_int_cells
                  minimum number of interacting cells required
diff_test
                  which differential expression test
mean_method
                  method to use to calculate the mean
                  offset value to use when calculating log2 ratio
offset
                  which method to adjust p-values
adjust_method
nr_permutations
                  number of permutations if diff_test = permutation
```

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```
exclude_selected_cells_from_test
exclude interacting cells other cells
```

do_parallel run calculations in parallel with mclapply

cores number of cores to use if do_parallel = TRUE

Details

Function to calculate if genes are differentially expressed in cell types when they interact (approximated by physical proximity) with other cell types. The results data.table in the cpgObject contains - at least - the following columns:

- genes: All or selected list of tested genes
- sel: average gene expression in the interacting cells from the target cell type
- other: average gene expression in the NOT-interacting cells from the target cell type
- log2fc: log2 fold-change between sel and other
- · diff: spatial expression difference between sel and other
- p.value: associated p-value
- p.adj: adjusted p-value
- cell_type: target cell type
- int_cell_type: interacting cell type
- nr_select: number of cells for selected target cell type
- int_nr_select: number of cells for interacting cell type
- nr_other: number of other cells of selected target cell type
- int_nr_other: number of other cells for interacting cell type
- unif_int: cell-cell interaction

Value

cpgObject that contains the differential gene scores

Examples

findCellProximityGenes(gobject)

findCPG

findCPG

Description

Identifies genes that are differentially expressed due to proximity to other cell types.

findCPG 123

Usage

```
findCPG(
  gobject,
  expression_values = "normalized",
  selected_genes = NULL,
  cluster_column,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 minimum_unique_cells = 1,
 minimum_unique_int_cells = 1,
 diff_test = c("permutation", "limma", "t.test", "wilcox"),
 mean_method = c("arithmic", "geometric"),
 offset = 0.1,
 adjust_method = c("bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY", "fdr",
    "none"),
 nr_permutations = 100,
 exclude_selected_cells_from_test = T,
 do_parallel = TRUE,
  cores = NA
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
selected_genes subset of selected genes (optional)
cluster_column name of column to use for cell types
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use
minimum_unique_cells
                  minimum number of target cells required
minimum_unique_int_cells
                  minimum number of interacting cells required
diff\_test
                  which differential expression test
mean_method
                  method to use to calculate the mean
offset
                  offset value to use when calculating log2 ratio
adjust_method
                  which method to adjust p-values
nr_permutations
                  number of permutations if diff_test = permutation
exclude_selected_cells_from_test
                  exclude interacting cells other cells
                  run calculations in parallel with mclapply
do_parallel
                  number of cores to use if do_parallel = TRUE
cores
```

Details

Function to calculate if genes are differentially expressed in cell types when they interact (approximated by physical proximity) with other cell types. The results data.table in the cpgObject contains - at least - the following columns:

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- genes: All or selected list of tested genes
- sel: average gene expression in the interacting cells from the target cell type
- other: average gene expression in the NOT-interacting cells from the target cell type
- log2fc: log2 fold-change between sel and other
- diff: spatial expression difference between sel and other
- p.value: associated p-value
- p.adj: adjusted p-value
- cell_type: target cell type
- int_cell_type: interacting cell type
- nr_select: number of cells for selected target cell type
- int_nr_select: number of cells for interacting cell type
- nr_other: number of other cells of selected target cell type
- int_nr_other: number of other cells for interacting cell type
- unif_int: cell-cell interaction

Value

cpgObject that contains the differential gene scores

Examples

```
findCPG(gobject)
```

findGiniMarkers

findGiniMarkers

Description

Identify marker genes for selected clusters based on gini detection and expression scores.

```
findGiniMarkers(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  group_1 = NULL,
  group_2 = NULL,
  min_expr_gini_score = 0.2,
  min_det_gini_score = 0.2,
  detection_threshold = 0,
  rank_score = 1,
  min_genes = 5
)
```

findGiniMarkers 125

Arguments

```
giotto object
gobject
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
cluster_column clusters to use
subset_clusters
                  selection of clusters to compare
                  group 1 cluster IDs from cluster_column for pairwise comparison
group_1
                  group 2 cluster IDs from cluster_column for pairwise comparison
group_2
min_expr_gini_score
                  filter on minimum gini coefficient for expression
min_det_gini_score
                  filter on minimum gini coefficient for detection
detection_threshold
                  detection threshold for gene expression
                  rank scores for both detection and expression to include
rank_score
                  minimum number of top genes to return
min_genes
```

Details

Detection of marker genes using the <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gini_coefficientginic

- 1. calculate average expression per cluster
- 2. calculate detection fraction per cluster
- 3. calculate gini-coefficient for av. expression values over all clusters
- 4. calculate gini-coefficient for detection fractions over all clusters
- 5. convert gini-scores to rank scores
- 6. for each gene create combined score = detection rank x expression rank x expr gini-coefficient x detection gini-coefficient
- 7. for each gene sort on expression and detection rank and combined score

As a results "top gini" genes are genes that are very selectivily expressed in a specific cluster, however not always expressed in all cells of that cluster. In other words highly specific, but not necessarily sensitive at the single-cell level.

To perform differential expression between cluster groups you need to specificy cluster IDs to the parameters *group_1* and *group_2*.

Value

data.table with marker genes

Examples

findGiniMarkers(gobject)

```
\label{limited} find \textit{GiniMarkers\_one\_vs\_all} \\ \textit{find GiniMarkers\_one\_vs\_all}
```

Description

Identify marker genes for all clusters in a one vs all manner based on gini detection and expression scores.

Usage

```
findGiniMarkers_one_vs_all(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  min_expr_gini_score = 0.5,
  min_det_gini_score = 0.5,
  detection_threshold = 0,
  rank_score = 1,
  min_genes = 4,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
giotto object
gobject
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
cluster_column clusters to use
subset_clusters
                  selection of clusters to compare
min_expr_gini_score
                  filter on minimum gini coefficient on expression
min_det_gini_score
                  filter on minimum gini coefficient on detection
detection_threshold
                  detection threshold for gene expression
rank_score
                  rank scores for both detection and expression to include
                  minimum number of top genes to return
min_genes
verbose
                  be verbose
```

Value

data.table with marker genes

See Also

findGiniMarkers

findMarkers 127

Examples

```
findGiniMarkers_one_vs_all(gobject)
```

findMarkers

findMarkers

Description

Identify marker genes for selected clusters.

Usage

```
findMarkers(
 gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
 cluster_column = NULL,
 method = c("scran", "gini", "mast"),
 subset_clusters = NULL,
 group_1 = NULL,
 group_2 = NULL,
 min_expr_gini_score = 0.5,
 min_det_gini_score = 0.5,
 detection_threshold = 0,
 rank_score = 1,
 min\_genes = 4,
 group_1_name = NULL,
 group_2_name = NULL,
 adjust_columns = NULL,
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
cluster_column clusters to use
method
                  method to use to detect differentially expressed genes
subset_clusters
                  selection of clusters to compare
group_1
                  group 1 cluster IDs from cluster_column for pairwise comparison
                  group 2 cluster IDs from cluster_column for pairwise comparison
group_2
min_expr_gini_score
                  gini: filter on minimum gini coefficient for expression
min\_det\_gini\_score
                  gini: filter minimum gini coefficient for detection
detection\_threshold
                  gini: detection threshold for gene expression
```

```
rank_score gini: rank scores to include
min_genes minimum number of top genes to return (for gini)
group_1_name mast: custom name for group_1 clusters
group_2_name mast: custom name for group_2 clusters
adjust_columns mast: column in pDataDT to adjust for (e.g. detection rate)
... additional parameters for the findMarkers function in scran or zlm function in MAST
```

Details

Wrapper for all individual functions to detect marker genes for clusters.

Value

data.table with marker genes

See Also

findScranMarkers, findGiniMarkers and findMastMarkers

Examples

```
findMarkers(gobject)
```

Description

Identify marker genes for all clusters in a one vs all manner.

```
findMarkers_one_vs_all(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  method = c("scran", "gini", "mast"),
  pval = 0.01,
  logFC = 0.5,
  min_genes = 10,
  min_expr_gini_score = 0.5,
  min_det_gini_score = 0.5,
  detection_threshold = 0,
  rank_score = 1,
  adjust_columns = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE,
)
```

findMarkers_one_vs_all 129

Arguments

gobject giotto object

expression_values

gene expression values to use

cluster_column clusters to use

subset_clusters

selection of clusters to compare

method method to use to detect differentially expressed genes

pval scran & mast: filter on minimal p-value

logFC scan & mast: filter on logFC

min_genes minimum genes to keep per cluster, overrides pval and logFC

min_expr_gini_score

gini: filter on minimum gini coefficient for expression

min_det_gini_score

gini: filter minimum gini coefficient for detection

detection_threshold

gini: detection threshold for gene expression

rank_score gini: rank scores to include

adjust_columns mast: column in pDataDT to adjust for (e.g. detection rate)

verbose be verbose

... additional parameters for the findMarkers function in scran or zlm function in

MAST

Details

Wrapper for all one vs all functions to detect marker genes for clusters.

Value

data.table with marker genes

See Also

findScranMarkers_one_vs_all, findGiniMarkers_one_vs_all and findMastMarkers_one_vs_all

```
{\tt findMarkers\_one\_vs\_all(gobject)}
```

130 findMastMarkers

findMastMarkers

findMastMarkers

Description

Identify marker genes for selected clusters based on the MAST package.

Usage

```
findMastMarkers(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  group_1 = NULL,
  group_1_name = NULL,
  group_2 = NULL,
  group_2_name = NULL,
  adjust_columns = NULL,
  verbose = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
cluster_column clusters to use
                  group 1 cluster IDs from cluster_column for pairwise comparison
group_1
                  custom name for group_1 clusters
group_1_name
group_2
                  group 2 cluster IDs from cluster_column for pairwise comparison
                  custom name for group_2 clusters
group_2_name
adjust_columns column in pDataDT to adjust for (e.g. detection rate)
verbose
                  be verbose
                  additional parameters for the zlm function in MAST
. . .
```

Details

This is a minimal convenience wrapper around the zlm from the MAST package to detect differentially expressed genes.

Value

data.table with marker genes

```
findMastMarkers(gobject)
```

```
find {\it MastMarkers\_one\_vs\_all} \\ find {\it MastMarkers\_one\_vs\_all}
```

Description

Identify marker genes for all clusters in a one vs all manner based on the MAST package.

Usage

```
findMastMarkers_one_vs_all(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  adjust_columns = NULL,
  pval = 0.001,
  logFC = 1,
  min_genes = 10,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
cluster_column clusters to use
subset_clusters
                  selection of clusters to compare
adjust_columns column in pDataDT to adjust for (e.g. detection rate)
                  filter on minimal p-value
pval
logFC
                  filter on logFC
min_genes
                  minimum genes to keep per cluster, overrides pval and logFC
                  be verbose
verbose
                  additional parameters for the zlm function in MAST
```

Value

data.table with marker genes

See Also

findMastMarkers

```
findMastMarkers_one_vs_all(gobject)
```

132 findScranMarkers

```
findNetworkNeighbors findNetworkNeighbors
```

Description

Find the spatial neighbors for a selected group of cells within the selected spatial network.

Usage

```
findNetworkNeighbors(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name,
  source_cell_ids = NULL,
  name = "nb_cells"
)
```

Arguments

Value

data.table

Examples

findNetworkNeighbors(gobject)

findScranMarkers

findScranMarkers

Description

Identify marker genes for all or selected clusters based on scran's implementation of findMarkers.

```
findScranMarkers(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  group_1 = NULL,
  group_2 = NULL,
  verbose = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

Details

This is a minimal convenience wrapper around the findMarkers function from the scran package.

To perform differential expression between cluster groups you need to specificy cluster IDs to the parameters *group_1* and *group_2*.

Value

data.table with marker genes

Examples

```
findScranMarkers(gobject)
```

Description

Identify marker genes for all clusters in a one vs all manner based on scran's implementation of findMarkers.

```
findScranMarkers_one_vs_all(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  subset_clusters = NULL,
  pval = 0.01,
  logFC = 0.5,
  min_genes = 10,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

134 get10Xmatrix

Arguments

gobject giotto object

expression_values

gene expression values to use

cluster_column clusters to use

subset_clusters

subset of clusters to use

pval filter on minimal p-value

logFC filter on logFC

min_genes minimum genes to keep per cluster, overrides pval and logFC

verbose be verbose

... additional parameters for the findMarkers function in scran

Value

data.table with marker genes

See Also

findScranMarkers

Examples

findScranMarkers_one_vs_all(gobject)

get10Xmatrix

get10Xmatrix

Description

This function creates an expression matrix from a 10X structured folder

Usage

```
get10Xmatrix(path_to_data, gene_column_index = 1)
```

Arguments

```
\label{eq:path_to_data} \begin{array}{ll} \text{path to the } 10X \text{ folder} \\ \text{gene\_column\_index} \end{array}
```

which column from the features or genes .tsv file to use for row ids

Details

A typical 10X folder is named raw_feature_bc_matrix or raw_feature_bc_matrix and tt has 3 files:

- barcodes.tsv(.gz)
- features.tsv(.gz) or genes.tsv(.gz)
- matrix.mtx(.gz)

By default the first column of the features or genes .tsv file will be used, however if multiple annotations are provided (e.g. ensembl gene ids and gene symbols) the user can select another column.

getClusterSimilarity 135

Value

sparse expression matrix from 10X

```
getClusterSimilarity
getClusterSimilarity
```

Description

Creates data.table with pairwise correlation scores between each cluster.

Usage

```
getClusterSimilarity(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman")
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
cor correlation score to calculate distance
```

Details

Creates data.table with pairwise correlation scores between each cluster and the group size (# of cells) for each cluster. This information can be used together with mergeClusters to combine very similar or small clusters into bigger clusters.

Value

data.table

```
getClusterSimilarity(gobject)
```

136 getDendrogramSplits

```
getDendrogramSplits getDendrogramSplits
```

Description

Split dendrogram at each node and keep the leave (label) information..

Usage

```
getDendrogramSplits(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman"),
  distance = "ward.D",
  h = NULL,
  h_color = "red",
  show_dend = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
                  correlation score to calculate distance
cor
                  distance method to use for hierarchical clustering
distance
h
                  height of horizontal lines to plot
h_color
                  color of horizontal lines
show_dend
                  show dendrogram
verbose
                  be verbose
```

Details

Creates a data.table with three columns and each row represents a node in the dendrogram. For each node the height of the node is given together with the two subdendrograms. This information can be used to determine in a hierarchical manner differentially expressed marker genes at each node.

Value

data.table object

```
getDendrogramSplits(gobject)
```

getDistinctColors 137

getDistinctColors

getDistinctColors

Description

Returns a number of distint colors based on the RGB scale

Usage

```
getDistinctColors(n)
```

Arguments

n

number of colors wanted

Value

number of distinct colors

getGiottoImage

getGiottoImage

Description

```
get get a giotto image from a giotto object
```

Usage

```
getGiottoImage(gobject, image_name)
```

Arguments

gobject

giotto object

 ${\tt image_name}$

name of giotto image showGiottoImageNames

Value

a giotto image

```
getGiottoImage(gobject)
```

138 giotto-class

getSpatialDataset
getSpatialDataset

Description

This package will automatically download the spatial locations and expression matrix for the chosen dataset. These files are already in the right format to create a Giotto object.

Usage

```
getSpatialDataset(
  dataset = c("ST_OB_1", "ST_OB_2", "codex_spleen", "cycif_PDAC", "starmap_3D_cortex",
        "osmfish_SS_cortex", "merfish_preoptic", "seqfish_SS_cortex", "seqfish_OB"),
        directory = getwd()
)
```

Arguments

dataset dataset to download directory directory to save the data to

giotto-class

S4 giotto Class

Description

Framework of giotto object to store and work with spatial expression data

Slots

```
raw_exprs raw expression counts

norm_expr normalized expression counts

norm_scaled_expr normalized and scaled expression counts

custom_expr custom normalized counts

spatial_locs spatial location coordinates for cells

cell_metadata metadata for cells

gene_metadata metadata for genes

cell_ID unique cell IDs

gene_ID unique gene IDs

spatial_network spatial network in data.table/data.frame format

spatial_grid spatial grid in data.table/data.frame format

spatial_enrichment slot to save spatial enrichment-like results

dimension_reduction slot to save dimension reduction coordinates

nn_network nearest neighbor network in igraph format

images slot to store giotto images
```

heatmSpatialCorGenes 139

```
parameters slot to save parameters that have been used instructions slot for global function instructions offset_file offset file used to stitch together image fields OS_platform Operating System to run Giotto analysis on
```

 ${\tt heatmSpatialCorGenes} \quad \textit{heatmSpatialCorGenes}$

Description

Create heatmap of spatially correlated genes

Usage

```
heatmSpatialCorGenes(
  gobject,
  spatCorObject,
  use_clus_name = NULL,
  show_cluster_annot = TRUE,
  show_row_dend = T,
  show_column_dend = F,
  show_row_names = F,
  show_column_names = F,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "heatmSpatialCorGenes",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

```
giotto object
gobject
spatCorObject
                 spatial correlation object
                 name of clusters to visualize (from clusterSpatialCorGenes())
use_clus_name
show_cluster_annot
                 show cluster annotation on top of heatmap
                 show row dendrogram
show_row_dend
show_column_dend
                 show column dendrogram
show_row_names show row names
show_column_names
                 show column names
show_plot
                 show plot
return_plot
                 return ggplot object
save_plot
                 directly save the plot [boolean]
```

```
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

additional parameters to the Heatmap function from ComplexHeatmap
```

Value

Heatmap generated by ComplexHeatmap

Examples

heatmSpatialCorGenes(gobject)

hyperGeometricEnrich hyperGeometricEnrich

Description

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using a hypergeometric test.

Usage

```
hyperGeometricEnrich(...)
```

Arguments

Arguments passed on to runHyperGeometricEnrich
gobject Giotto object
sign_matrix Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process
expression_values expression values to use
reverse_log_scale reverse expression values from log scale
logbase log base to use if reverse_log_scale = TRUE
top_percentage percentage of cells that will be considered to have gene expression with matrix binarization
output_enrichment how to return enrichment output
p_value calculate p-values (boolean, default = FALSE)
name to give to spatial enrichment results, default = rank
return_gobject return giotto object

See Also

runHyperGeometricEnrich

```
insertCrossSectionGenePlot3D
```

insertCrossSectionGenePlot3D

Description

Visualize cells and gene expression in a virtual cross section according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
insertCrossSectionGenePlot3D(
 gobject,
 crossSection_obj = NULL,
 name = NULL,
 spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 mesh_grid_color = "#1f77b4",
 mesh_grid_width = 3,
 mesh_grid_style = "dot",
 sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  show_other_cells = F,
 axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
 default_save_name = "spatGenePlot3D_with_cross_section",
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
crossSection_obj
                  cross section object as alternative input. default = NULL.
                  name of virtual cross section to use
name
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use
mesh_grid_color
                  color for the meshgrid lines
mesh_grid_width
                  width for the meshgrid lines
mesh_grid_style
                  style for the meshgrid lines
                  x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimx
sdimy
                  y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
sdimz
                  z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
```

```
show_other_cells
                  display not selected cells
axis_scale
                  axis_scale
custom_ratio
                  custom_ratio
show_plot
                  show plots
                  return ggplot object
return_plot
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
                  parameters for spatGenePlot3D
. . .
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

Examples

insertCrossSectionGenePlot3D(gobject)

```
insert {\tt CrossSectionSpatPlot3D} \\ insert {\tt CrossSectionSpatPlot3D}
```

Description

Visualize the meshgrid lines of cross section together with cells

```
insertCrossSectionSpatPlot3D(
 gobject,
 crossSection_obj = NULL,
 name = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 mesh_grid_color = "#1f77b4",
 mesh_grid_width = 3,
 mesh_grid_style = "dot",
 sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
 sdimz = "sdimz",
 show_other_cells = F,
 axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
 custom_ratio = NULL,
 default_save_name = "spat3D_with_cross_section",
)
```

jackstrawPlot 143

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
crossSection_obj
                  cross section object as alternative input. default = NULL.
                  name of virtual cross section to use
name
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use
mesh_grid_color
                  color for the meshgrid lines
mesh_grid_width
                  width for the meshgrid lines
mesh_grid_style
                  style for the meshgrid lines
sdimx
                  x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimy
                  y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
                  z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
sdimz
show_other_cells
                  display not selected cells
axis_scale
                  axis_scale
custom_ratio
                  custom_ratio
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
                  parameters for spatPlot3D
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

Examples

 $insert {\tt CrossSectionSpatPlot3D(gobject)}$

jackstrawPlot jackstrawPlot

Description

identify significant prinicipal components (PCs)

144 jackstrawPlot

Usage

```
jackstrawPlot(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  center = FALSE,
  scale_unit = FALSE,
  ncp = 20,
  ylim = c(0, 1),
  iter = 10,
  threshold = 0.01,
  verbose = T,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "jackstrawPlot"
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
                  cells or genes
reduction
                  subset of genes to use for PCA
genes_to_use
                  center data before PCA
center
scale_unit
                  scale features before PCA
ncp
                  number of principal components to calculate
                  y-axis limits on jackstraw plot
ylim
                  number of interations for jackstraw
iter
                  p-value threshold to call a PC significant
threshold
verbose
                  show progress of jackstraw method
                  show plot
show_plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
save_param
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function()
default_save_name
```

Details

The Jackstraw method uses the permutationPA function. By systematically permuting genes it identifies robust, and thus significant, PCs.

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

loadHMRF

Value

ggplot object for jackstraw method

Examples

```
jackstrawPlot(gobject)
```

loadHMRF

loadHMRF

Description

load previous HMRF

Usage

```
loadHMRF(
  name_used = "test",
  output_folder_used,
  k_used = 10,
  betas_used,
  python_path_used
)
```

Arguments

```
name_used name of HMRF that was run
output_folder_used
output folder that was used

k_used number of HMRF domains that was tested
betas_used betas that were tested
python_path_used
python path that was used
```

Details

Description of HMRF parameters ...

Value

reloads a previous ran HMRF from doHRMF

Examples

```
loadHMRF(gobject)
```

146 makeSignMatrixRank

makeSignMatrixPAGE makeSignMatrixPAGE

Description

Function to convert a list of signature genes (e.g. for cell types or processes) into a binary matrix format that can be used with the PAGE enrichment option. Each cell type or process should have a vector of cell-type or process specific genes. These vectors need to be combined into a list (sign_list). The names of the cell types or processes that are provided in the list need to be given (sign_names).

Usage

```
makeSignMatrixPAGE(sign_names, sign_list)
```

Arguments

sign_names vector with names for each provided gene signature

sign_list list of genes (signature)

Value

matrix

See Also

PAGEEnrich

Examples

makeSignMatrixPAGE()

 $make Sign Matrix Rank \qquad make Sign Matrix Rank$

Description

Function to convert a single-cell count matrix and a corresponding single-cell cluster vector into a rank matrix that can be used with the Rank enrichment option.

Usage

```
makeSignMatrixRank(sc_matrix, sc_cluster_ids, gobject = NULL)
```

Arguments

sc_matrix matrix of single-cell RNAseq expression data

sc_cluster_ids vector of cluster ids

gobject if giotto object is given then only genes present in both datasets will be consid-

ered

mergeClusters 147

Value

matrix

See Also

rankEnrich

Examples

makeSignMatrixRank()

mergeClusters

mergeClusters

Description

Merge selected clusters based on pairwise correlation scores and size of cluster.

Usage

```
mergeClusters(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman"),
  new_cluster_name = "merged_cluster",
  min_cor_score = 0.8,
  max_group_size = 20,
  force_min_group_size = 10,
  max_sim_clusters = 10,
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
                  correlation score to calculate distance
{\tt new\_cluster\_name}
                  new name for merged clusters
min_cor_score min correlation score to merge pairwise clusters
max_group_size max cluster size that can be merged
force_min_group_size
                  size of clusters that will be merged with their most similar neighbor(s)
max_sim_clusters
                  maximum number of clusters to potentially merge to reach force_min_group_size
return_gobject return giotto object
verbose
                  be verbose
```

148 mini_giotto_3D

Details

Merge selected clusters based on pairwise correlation scores and size of cluster. To avoid large clusters to merge the max_group_size can be lowered. Small clusters can be forcibly merged with their most similar pairwise cluster by adjusting the force_min_group_size parameter. Clusters smaller than this value will be merged independent on the provided min_cor_score value. The force_min_group_size might not always be reached if clusters have already been merged before A giotto object is returned by default, if FALSE then the merging vector will be returned.

Value

Giotto object

Examples

```
mergeClusters(gobject)
```

mini_giotto_3D

mini Giotto object for spatial single-cell 3D data

Description

Mini Giotto object created from the STARmap data.

Usage

```
data(mini_giotto_3D)
```

Format

An object of class "giotto"; see createGiottoObject.

References

```
Wang et al. (2018) Science (PubMed)
```

Examples

```
data(mini_giotto_3D)
spatPlot3D(mini_giotto_3D, cell_color = 'cell_types', point_size = 5)
```

mini_giotto_single_cell

```
mini_giotto_single_cell
```

mini Giotto object for spatial single-cell resolution data

Description

Mini Giotto object created from the seqFISH+ data.

Usage

```
data(mini_giotto_single_cell)
```

Format

An object of class "giotto"; see createGiottoObject.

References

```
Eng et al. (2019) Nature (PubMed)
```

Examples

```
data(mini_giotto_single_cell)
spatPlot2D(mini_giotto_single_cell,cell_color = 'cell_types', point_size = 5)
```

normalizeGiotto

normalizeGiotto

Description

fast normalize and/or scale expresion values of Giotto object

```
normalizeGiotto(
  gobject,
  norm_methods = c("standard", "osmFISH"),
  library_size_norm = TRUE,
  scalefactor = 6000,
  log_norm = TRUE,
  log_offset = 1,
  logbase = 2,
  scale_genes = T,
  scale_cells = T,
  scale_order = c("first_genes", "first_cells"),
  verbose = F
```

150 normalizeGiotto

Arguments

gobject giotto object

norm_methods normalization method to use

library_size_norm

normalize cells by library size

scalefactor scale factor to use after library size normalization

log_norm transform values to log-scale

log_offset offset value to add to expression matrix, default = 1
logbase log base to use to log normalize expression values

scale_genesz-score genes over all cellsscale_cellsz-score cells over all genesscale_orderorder to scale genes and cells

verbose be verbose

Details

Currently there are two 'methods' to normalize your raw counts data.

A. The standard method follows the standard protocol which can be adjusted using the provided parameters and follows the following order:

- 1. Data normalization for total library size and scaling by a custom scale-factor.
- 2. Log transformation of data.
- 3. Z-scoring of data by genes and/or cells.
- B. The normalization method as provided by the osmFISH paper is also implemented:
 - 1. First normalize genes, for each gene divide the counts by the total gene count and multiply by the total number of genes.
 - 2. Next normalize cells, for each cell divide the normalized gene counts by the total counts per cell and multiply by the total number of cells.

This data will be saved in the Giotto slot for custom expression.

Value

giotto object

Examples

normalizeGiotto(gobject)

PAGEEnrich 151

PAGEEnrich

runPAGEEnrich

Description

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using PAGE.

Usage

```
PAGEEnrich(...)
```

Arguments

... Arguments passed on to runPAGEEnrich

gobject Giotto object

sign_matrix Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process

expression_values expression values to use

reverse_log_scale reverse expression values from log scale

logbase log base to use if reverse_log_scale = TRUE output_enrichment how to return enrichment output p_value calculate p-values (boolean, default = FALSE) n_times number of permutations to calculate for p_value name to give to spatial enrichment results, default = PAGE

return_gobject return giotto object

See Also

runPAGEEnrich

pDataDT

pDataDT

Description

show cell metadata

Usage

pDataDT(gobject)

Arguments

gobject

giotto object

Value

data.table with cell metadata

Examples

pDataDT(gobject)

152 plotCCcomDotplot

plotCCcomDotplot plotCCcomDotplot

Description

Plots dotplot for ligand-receptor communication scores in cell-cell interactions

Usage

```
plotCCcomDotplot(
  gobject,
  comScores,
  selected_LR = NULL,
  selected_cell_LR = NULL,
  show_LR_names = TRUE,
  show_cell_LR_names = TRUE,
  cluster_on = c("PI", "LR_expr", "log2fc"),
  cor_method = c("pearson", "kendall", "spearman"),
 aggl_method = c("ward.D", "ward.D2", "single", "complete", "average", "mcquitty",
    "median", "centroid"),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCCcomDotplot"
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
comScores
                  communinication\ scores\ from\ expr\cell\cellcom\ or\ spat\cell\cellcom
selected_LR
                  selected ligand-receptor combinations
selected_cell_LR
                  selected cell-cell combinations for ligand-receptor combinations
                  show ligand-receptor names
show_LR_names
show_cell_LR_names
                  show cell-cell names
                  values to use for clustering of cell-cell and ligand-receptor pairs
cluster_on
cor_method
                  correlation method used for clustering
aggl_method
                  agglomeration method used by hclust
show_plot
                  show plots
                  return plotting object
return_plot
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name
```

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

plotCCcomHeatmap 153

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
plotCCcomDotplot(CPGscores)
```

plotCCcomHeatmap

plotCCcomHeatmap

Description

Plots heatmap for ligand-receptor communication scores in cell-cell interactions

Usage

```
plotCCcomHeatmap(
  gobject,
  comScores,
  selected_LR = NULL,
  selected_cell_LR = NULL,
  show_LR_names = TRUE,
  show_cell_LR_names = TRUE,
  show = c("PI", "LR_expr", "log2fc"),
  cor_method = c("pearson", "kendall", "spearman"),
 aggl_method = c("ward.D", "ward.D2", "single", "complete", "average", "mcquitty",
    "median", "centroid"),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCCcomHeatmap"
)
```

```
gobject
                 giotto object
comScores
                 communinication scores from exprCellCellcom or spatCellCellcom
selected_LR
                 selected ligand-receptor combinations
selected_cell_LR
                 selected cell-cell combinations for ligand-receptor combinations
                 show ligand-receptor names
show_LR_names
show_cell_LR_names
                 show cell-cell names
show
                 values to show on heatmap
cor_method
                 correlation method used for clustering
                 agglomeration method used by hclust
aggl_method
show_plot
                 show plots
```

```
return_plot return plotting object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
plotCCcomHeatmap(CPGscores)
```

```
plotCellProximityGenes
```

plotCellProximityGenes

Description

Create visualization for cell proximity gene scores

```
plotCellProximityGenes(
  gobject,
  cpgObject,
  method = c("volcano", "cell_barplot", "cell-cell", "cell_sankey", "heatmap",
    "dotplot"),
  min_cells = 4,
  min_cells_expr = 1,
  min_int_cells = 4,
  min_int_cells_expr = 1,
  min_fdr = 0.1,
  min_spat_diff = 0.2,
  min_log2_fc = 0.2,
  min_zscore = 2,
  zscores_column = c("cell_type", "genes"),
  direction = c("both", "up", "down"),
  cell_color_code = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCellProximityGenes"
```

plotCombineCCcom 155

Arguments

gobject giotto object

cpgObject cell proximity gene score object

method plotting method to use

min_cells minimum number of source cell type

min_cells_expr minimum expression level for source cell type

min_int_cells minimum number of interacting neighbor cell type

min_int_cells_expr

minimum expression level for interacting neighbor cell type

min_fdr minimum adjusted p-value

min_spat_diff minimum absolute spatial expression difference

min_log2_fc minimum log2 fold-change min_zscore minimum z-score change

zscores_column calculate z-scores over cell types or genes direction differential expression directions to keep

cell_color_code

vector of colors with cell types as names

show_plot show plots

return_plot return plotting object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Value

plot

Examples

plotCellProximityGenes(CPGscores)

plotCombineCCcom

Description

Create visualization for combined (pairwise) cell proximity gene scores

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Usage

```
plotCombineCCcom(
  gobject,
  combCCcom,
  selected_LR = NULL,
  selected_cell_LR = NULL,
  detail_plot = T,
  simple_plot = F,
  simple_plot_facet = c("interaction", "genes"),
  facet_scales = "fixed",
  facet_ncol = length(selected_LR),
  facet_nrow = length(selected_cell_LR),
  colors = c("#9932CC", "#FF8C00"),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCombineCCcom"
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
combCCcom
                  combined communcation scores, output from combCCcom()
                  selected ligand-receptor pair
selected_LR
selected_cell_LR
                  selected cell-cell interaction pair for ligand-receptor pair
                  show detailed info in both interacting cell types
detail_plot
                  show a simplified plot
simple_plot
simple_plot_facet
                  facet on interactions or genes with simple plot
facet_scales
                  ggplot facet scales paramter
facet_ncol
                  ggplot facet ncol parameter
facet_nrow
                  ggplot facet nrow parameter
colors
                  vector with two colors to use
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return plotting object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name
```

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
plotCombineCCcom(CPGscores)
```

```
plot {\tt Combine Cell Cell Communication} \\ plot {\tt Combine Cell Cell Communication} \\
```

Description

Create visualization for combined (pairwise) cell proximity gene scores

Usage

```
plotCombineCellCellCommunication(
  gobject,
  combCCcom,
  selected_LR = NULL,
  selected_cell_LR = NULL,
  detail_plot = T,
  simple_plot = F,
  simple_plot_facet = c("interaction", "genes"),
  facet_scales = "fixed",
  facet_ncol = length(selected_LR),
  facet_nrow = length(selected_cell_LR),
  colors = c("#9932CC", "#FF8C00"),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCombineCellCellCommunication"
)
```

```
gobject
                  giotto object
combCCcom
                  combined communcation scores, output from combCCcom()
selected_LR
                  selected ligand-receptor pair
selected_cell_LR
                  selected cell-cell interaction pair for ligand-receptor pair
detail_plot
                  show detailed info in both interacting cell types
simple_plot
                  show a simplified plot
simple_plot_facet
                  facet on interactions or genes with simple plot
                  ggplot facet scales paramter
facet_scales
                  ggplot facet ncol parameter
facet_ncol
                  ggplot facet nrow parameter
facet_nrow
colors
                  vector with two colors to use
                  show plots
show_plot
                  return plotting object
return_plot
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
```

```
save_param list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
plotCombineCellCellCommunication(CPGscores)
```

```
plot {\tt Combine Cell Proximity Genes} \\ plot {\tt Combine Cell Proximity Genes}
```

Description

Create visualization for combined (pairwise) cell proximity gene scores

Usage

```
plotCombineCellProximityGenes(
  gobject,
  combCpgObject,
  selected_interactions = NULL,
  selected_gene_to_gene = NULL,
  detail_plot = T,
  simple_plot = F,
  simple_plot_facet = c("interaction", "genes"),
  facet_scales = "fixed",
  facet_ncol = length(selected_gene_to_gene),
  facet_nrow = length(selected_interactions),
  colors = c("#9932CC", "#FF8C00"),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCombineCPG"
)
```

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```
simple_plot
                  show a simplified plot
simple_plot_facet
                  facet on interactions or genes with simple plot
facet_scales
                  ggplot facet scales paramter
                  ggplot facet ncol parameter
facet_ncol
facet_nrow
                  ggplot facet nrow parameter
colors
                  vector with two colors to use
                  show plots
show_plot
                  return plotting object
return_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Value

ggplot

Examples

plotCombineCellProximityGenes(CPGscores)

plotCombineCPG plotCombineCPG

Description

Create visualization for combined (pairwise) cell proximity gene scores

```
plotCombineCPG(
  gobject,
  combCpgObject,
  selected_interactions = NULL,
  selected_gene_to_gene = NULL,
  detail_plot = T,
  simple_plot = F,
  simple_plot_facet = c("interaction", "genes"),
  facet_scales = "fixed",
  facet_ncol = length(selected_gene_to_gene),
  facet_nrow = length(selected_interactions),
  colors = c("#9932CC", "#FF8C00"),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotCombineCPG"
)
```

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Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
combCpgObject
                  CPGscores, output from combineCellProximityGenes()
selected_interactions
                  interactions to show
selected_gene_to_gene
                  pairwise gene combinations to show
                  show detailed info in both interacting cell types
detail_plot
simple_plot
                  show a simplified plot
simple_plot_facet
                  facet on interactions or genes with simple plot
facet_scales
                  ggplot facet scales paramter
facet_ncol
                  ggplot facet ncol parameter
facet_nrow
                  ggplot facet nrow parameter
colors
                  vector with two colors to use
show_plot
                  show plots
                  return plotting object
return_plot
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Value

ggplot

Examples

plotCombineCPG(CPGscores)

plotCPG plotCPG

Description

Create visualization for cell proximity gene scores

```
plotCPG(
  gobject,
  cpgObject,
  method = c("volcano", "cell_barplot", "cell-cell", "cell_sankey", "heatmap",
      "dotplot"),
  min_cells = 5,
  min_cells_expr = 1,
  min_int_cells = 3,
```

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```
min_int_cells_expr = 1,
min_fdr = 0.05,
min_spat_diff = 0.2,
min_log2_fc = 0.2,
min_zscore = 2,
zscores_column = c("cell_type", "genes"),
direction = c("both", "up", "down"),
cell_color_code = NULL,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "plotCPG"
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
cpgObject
                  cell proximity gene score object
method
                  plotting method to use
min_cells
                  minimum number of source cell type
min_cells_expr minimum expression level for source cell type
                  minimum number of interacting neighbor cell type
min_int_cells
min_int_cells_expr
                  minimum expression level for interacting neighbor cell type
min_fdr
                  minimum adjusted p-value
                  minimum absolute spatial expression difference
min_spat_diff
                  minimum log2 fold-change
min_log2_fc
min_zscore
                  minimum z-score change
zscores_column calculate z-scores over cell types or genes
direction
                  differential expression directions to keep
cell_color_code
                  vector of colors with cell types as names
                  show plots
show_plot
                  return plotting object
return_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Value

plot

Examples

```
plotCPG(CPGscores)
```

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plotGiottoImage

plotGiottoImage

Description

```
get plot a giotto image from a giotto object
```

Usage

```
plotGiottoImage(gobject, image_name)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

image_name name of giotto image showGiottoImageNames

Value

plot

Examples

```
plotGiottoImage(gobject)
```

plotHeatmap

plotHeatmap

Description

Creates heatmap for genes and clusters.

```
plotHeatmap(
 gobject,
 expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
 genes,
 cluster_column = NULL,
 cluster_order = c("size", "correlation", "custom"),
 cluster_custom_order = NULL,
 cluster_color_code = NULL,
 cluster_cor_method = "pearson",
 cluster_hclust_method = "ward.D",
 gene_order = c("correlation", "custom"),
 gene_custom_order = NULL,
 gene_cor_method = "pearson",
 gene_hclust_method = "complete",
 show_values = c("rescaled", "z-scaled", "original"),
 size_vertical_lines = 1.1,
 gradient_colors = c("blue", "yellow", "red"),
```

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```
gene_label_selection = NULL,
      axis_text_y_size = NULL,
      legend_nrows = 1,
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "plotHeatmap"
Arguments
    gobject
                     giotto object
    expression_values
                     expression values to use
    genes
                     genes to use
    cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
    cluster_order
                     method to determine cluster order
    cluster_custom_order
                     custom order for clusters
    cluster_color_code
                     color code for clusters
    cluster_cor_method
                     method for cluster correlation
    cluster_hclust_method
                     method for hierarchical clustering of clusters
                     method to determine gene order
    gene_order
    gene_custom_order
                     custom order for genes
    gene_cor_method
                     method for gene correlation
    gene_hclust_method
                     method for hierarchical clustering of genes
                     which values to show on heatmap
    show_values
    size_vertical_lines
                     sizes for vertical lines
    gradient_colors
                     colors for heatmap gradient
    gene_label_selection
                     subset of genes to show on y-axis
    axis_text_y_size
                     size for y-axis text
    legend_nrows
                     number of rows for the cluster legend
    show_plot
                     show plot
    return_plot
                     return ggplot object
    save_plot
                     directly save the plot [boolean]
                     list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
    save_param
    default_save_name
```

default save name

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Details

If you want to display many genes there are 2 ways to proceed:

- 1. set axis_text_y_size to a really small value and show all genes
- 2. provide a subset of genes to display to gene_label_selection

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
## Not run:
plotHeatmap(gobject)
## End(Not run)
```

plotICG

plotICG

Description

Create barplot to visualize interaction changed genes

Usage

```
plotICG(
   gobject,
   cpgObject,
   source_type,
   source_markers,
   ICG_genes,
   cell_color_code = NULL,
   show_plot = NA,
   return_plot = NA,
   save_plot = NA,
   save_param = list(),
   default_save_name = "plotICG"
)
```

Value

plot

Examples

```
plotICG(CPGscores)
```

```
\verb|plotInteractionChangedGenes||
```

plotInteractionChangedGenes

Description

Create barplot to visualize interaction changed genes

Usage

```
plotInteractionChangedGenes(
   gobject,
   cpgObject,
   source_type,
   source_markers,
   ICG_genes,
   cell_color_code = NULL,
   show_plot = NA,
   return_plot = NA,
   save_plot = NA,
   save_param = list(),
   default_save_name = "plotInteractionChangedGenes")
```

Value

plot

Examples

plotInteractionChangedGenes(CPGscores)

Description

Creates heatmap for numeric cell metadata within aggregated clusters.

```
plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap(
  gobject,
  metadata_cols = NULL,
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  value_cols = NULL,
  first_meta_col = NULL,
  second_meta_col = NULL,
  show_values = c("zscores", "original", "zscores_rescaled"),
  custom_cluster_order = NULL,
  clus_cor_method = "pearson",
  clus_cluster_method = "complete",
  custom_values_order = NULL,
  values_cor_method = "pearson",
  values_cluster_method = "complete",
  midpoint = 0,
  x_{text_size} = 8,
  x_{text_angle} = 45,
  y_text_size = 8,
  strip_text_size = 8,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap"
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object annotation columns found in pDataDT(gobject) metadata_cols spat_enr_names spatial enrichment results to include value_cols value columns to use first_meta_col if more than 1 metadata column, select the x-axis factor second_meta_col if more than 1 metadata column, select the facetting factor which values to show on heatmap show_values custom_cluster_order custom cluster order (default = NULL) clus_cor_method correlation method for clusters clus_cluster_method hierarchical cluster method for the clusters custom_values_order custom values order (default = NULL) values_cor_method correlation method for values values_cluster_method hierarchical cluster method for the values midpoint midpoint of show_values size of x-axis text x_text_size x_text_angle angle of x-axis text y_text_size size of y-axis text strip_text_size size of strip text show plot show_plot return ggplot object return_plot directly save the plot [boolean] save_plot list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters save_param default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Details

Creates heatmap for the average values of selected value columns in the different annotation groups.

Value

ggplot or data.table

See Also

plotMetaDataHeatmap for gene expression instead of numeric cell annotation data.

Examples

plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap(gobject)

```
plotMetaDataHeatmap
```

Description

Creates heatmap for genes within aggregated clusters.

Usage

```
plotMetaDataHeatmap(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  metadata_cols = NULL,
  selected_genes = NULL,
  first_meta_col = NULL,
  second_meta_col = NULL,
  show_values = c("zscores", "original", "zscores_rescaled"),
  custom_cluster_order = NULL,
  clus_cor_method = "pearson",
  clus_cluster_method = "complete",
  custom_gene_order = NULL,
  gene_cor_method = "pearson",
  gene_cluster_method = "complete",
  gradient_color = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = 0,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  x_{text_size} = 10,
  x_{text_angle} = 45,
  y_{text_size} = 10,
  strip_text_size = 8,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotMetaDataHeatmap"
```

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```
clus_cor_method
                  correlation method for clusters
clus_cluster_method
                  hierarchical cluster method for the clusters
custom_gene_order
                  custom gene order (default = NULL)
gene_cor_method
                  correlation method for genes
gene_cluster_method
                  hierarchical cluster method for the genes
gradient_color vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint
                  midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits
                  vector with lower and upper limits
x_text_size
                  size of x-axis text
x_text_angle
                  angle of x-axis text
y_text_size
                  size of y-axis text
strip_text_size
                  size of strip text
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name
```

Details

Creates heatmap for the average expression of selected genes in the different annotation/cluster groups. Calculation of cluster or gene order is done on the provided expression values, but visualization is by default on the z-scores. Other options are the original values or z-scores rescaled per gene (-1 to 1).

Value

ggplot or data.table

See Also

plotMetaDataCellsHeatmap for numeric cell annotation instead of gene expression.

Examples

plotMetaDataHeatmap(gobject)

170 plotPCA

plotPCA

Description

Short wrapper for PCA visualization

plotPCA

Usage

```
plotPCA(gobject, dim_reduction_name = "pca", default_save_name = "PCA", ...)
```

```
gobject
                 giotto object
dim_reduction_name
                 name of PCA
default_save_name
                 default save name of PCA plot
                 Arguments passed on to dimPlot2D
. . .
                 group_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
                 group_by_subset subset the group_by factor column
                 dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                 dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                 spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                 show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                 nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                 cell_color color for cells (see details)
                 color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors
                 cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
                 gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
                 gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
                 select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                 select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                  show_other_cells display not selected cells
                 other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                 other_point_size size of not selected cells
                 show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                 show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                 center_point_size size of center points
                 center_point_border_col border color of center points
                 center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points
                 label_size size of labels
                 label_fontface font of labels
```

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```
edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of point
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
title title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

Details

Description of parameters, see dimPlot2D. For 3D plots see plotPCA_3D

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

Examples

plotPCA(gobject)

plotPCA_2D

plotPCA_2D

Description

Short wrapper for PCA visualization

plotPCA_2D

```
plotPCA_2D(
      gobject,
      dim_reduction_name = "pca",
      default_save_name = "PCA_2D",
    )
Arguments
    gobject
                     giotto object
    dim_reduction_name
                     name of PCA
    default_save_name
                     default save name of PCA plot
                      Arguments passed on to dimPlot2D
    . . .
                     group_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
                     group_by_subset subset the group_by factor column
                     dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                     dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                     spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                      show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                     nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                     network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                     cell_color color for cells (see details)
                     color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                     cell_color_code named vector with colors
                     cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
                     gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
                     gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
                      select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                          eter
                     select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                     show_other_cells display not selected cells
                     other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                     other_point_size size of not selected cells
                     show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                     show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                     center_point_size size of center points
                     center_point_border_col border color of center points
                     center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points
                     label_size size of labels
                     label_fontface font of labels
                     edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
                     point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border)
                     point_size size of point (cell)
                     point_alpha transparancy of point
```

plotPCA_3D 173

```
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
title title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

Details

Description of parameters, see dimPlot2D. For 3D plots see plotPCA_3D

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

Examples

```
plotPCA_2D(gobject)
```

plotPCA_3D

plotPCA_3D

Description

Visualize cells according to 3D PCA dimension reduction

```
plotPCA_3D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_name = "pca",
  default_save_name = "PCA_3D",
   ...
)
```

plotPCA_3D

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
dim_reduction_name
                  name of PCA
default_save_name
                  default save name of PCA plot
                  Arguments passed on to dimPlot3D
. . .
                  dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                  dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                  dim3_to_use dimension to use on z-axis
                  spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                  show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                  nn\_network\_to\_use \ type \ of \ NN \ network \ to \ use \ (kNN \ vs \ sNN)
                  network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                  cell_color color for cells (see details)
                  color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                  cell_color_code named vector with colors
                  select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                  select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                  show_other_cells display not selected cells
                  other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                  other_point_size size of not selected cells
                  show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                  show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                  center_point_size size of center points
                  label_size size of labels
                  edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
                  point_size size of point (cell)
                  show_plot show plot
                  return_plot return ggplot object
                  save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
                  save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

plotly

See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

Examples

```
plotPCA_3D(gobject)
```

plotRankSpatvsExpr 175

plotRankSpatvsExpr plotRankSpatvsExpr

Description

Plots dotplot to compare ligand-receptor rankings from spatial and expression information

Usage

```
plotRankSpatvsExpr(
  gobject,
  combCC,
  expr_rnk_column = "LR_expr_rnk",
  spat_rnk_column = "LR_spat_rnk",
  midpoint = 10,
  size\_range = c(0.01, 1.5),
  xlims = NULL,
  ylims = NULL,
  selected_ranks = c(1, 10, 20),
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotRankSpatvsExpr"
)
```

```
giotto object
gobject
combCC
                  combined communinication scores from combCCcom
expr_rnk_column
                  column with expression rank information to use
spat_rnk_column
                  column with spatial rank information to use
midpoint
                  midpoint of colors
                  size ranges of dotplot
size_range
xlims
                  x-limits, numerical vector of 2
ylims
                  y-limits, numerical vector of 2
selected_ranks numerical vector, will be used to print out the percentage of top spatial ranks are
                  recovered
show_plot
                  show plots
                  return plotting object
return_plot
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

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Value

ggplot

Examples

```
plotRankSpatvsExpr(CPGscores)
```

plotRecovery

plotRecovery

Description

Plots recovery plot to compare ligand-receptor rankings from spatial and expression information

Usage

```
plotRecovery(
   gobject,
   combCC,
   expr_rnk_column = "exprPI_rnk",
   spat_rnk_column = "spatPI_rnk",
   ground_truth = c("spatial", "expression"),
   show_plot = NA,
   return_plot = NA,
   save_plot = NA,
   save_param = list(),
   default_save_name = "plotRecovery"
)
```

Arguments

```
giotto object
gobject
                  combined communinication scores from combCCcom
combCC
expr_rnk_column
                  column with expression rank information to use
spat_rnk_column
                  column with spatial rank information to use
ground_truth
                  what to consider as ground truth (default: spatial)
                  show plots
show_plot
return_plot
                  return plotting object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Value

ggplot

plotRecovery_sub 177

Examples

```
plotRecovery(CPGscores)
```

```
plotRecovery_sub
```

plotRecovery_sub

Description

Plots recovery plot to compare ligand-receptor rankings from spatial and expression information

Usage

```
plotRecovery_sub(combCC, first_col = "LR_expr_rnk", second_col = "LR_spat_rnk")
```

Arguments

combCC combined communinication scores from combCCcom

first_col first column to use second_col second column to use

Examples

```
plotRecovery_sub(CPGscores)
```

```
plotStatDelaunayNetwork
```

plot Stat Delaunay Network

Description

Plots network statistics for a Delaunay network..

```
plotStatDelaunayNetwork(
  gobject,
  method = c("deldir", "delaunayn_geometry", "RTriangle"),
  dimensions = "all",
  maximum_distance = "auto",
  minimum_k = 0,
  options = "Pp",
  Y = TRUE,
  j = TRUE,
  S = 0,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "plotStatDelaunayNetwork",
)
```

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Arguments

gobject giotto object

method package to use to create a Delaunay network

dimensions which spatial dimensions to use (maximum 2 dimensions)

maximum_distance

distance cuttof for Delaunay neighbors to consider

minimum_k minimum neighbours if maximum_distance != NULL

options (geometry) String containing extra control options for the underlying Qhull

command; see the Qhull documentation (../doc/qhull/html/qdelaun.html) for the

available options. (default = 'Pp', do not report precision problems)

Y (RTriangle) If TRUE prohibits the insertion of Steiner points on the mesh bound-

ary.

j (RTriangle) If TRUE jettisons vertices that are not part of the final triangulation

from the output.

S (RTriangle) Specifies the maximum number of added Steiner points.

show_plot show plots

return_plot return ggplot object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

 ${\tt default_save_name}$

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

... Other parameters

Value

giotto object with updated spatial network slot

Examples

 $\verb|plotStatDelaunayNetwork(gobject)|$

plotTSNE plotTSNE

Description

Short wrapper for tSNE visualization

```
plotTSNE(gobject, dim_reduction_name = "tsne", default_save_name = "tSNE", ...)
```

plotTSNE 179

```
gobject
                 giotto object
dim_reduction_name
                 name of TSNE
default_save_name
                 default save name of TSNE plot
                  Arguments passed on to dimPlot2D
. . .
                  group_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
                 group_by_subset subset the group_by factor column
                 dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                 dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                  spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                  show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                 nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                 cell_color color for cells (see details)
                 color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors
                 cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
                 gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
                 gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
                 select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                  select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                 show_other_cells display not selected cells
                 other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                  other_point_size size of not selected cells
                  show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                 show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                  center_point_size size of center points
                  center_point_border_col border color of center points
                  center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points
                 label_size size of labels
                 label_fontface font of labels
                  edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
                 point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border)
                 point_size size of point (cell)
                 point_alpha transparancy of point
                 point_border_col color of border around points
                 point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
                 title title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
                  show_legend show legend
                 legend_text size of legend text
                 legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
                 background_color color of plot background
```

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```
axis_text size of axis text

axis_title size of axis title

cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns

cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height

cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width

cow_align cowplot param: how to align

show_plot show plot

return_plot return ggplot object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

Details

Description of parameters, see dimPlot2D. For 3D plots see plotTSNE_3D

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

Examples

```
plotTSNE(gobject)
```

plotTSNE_2D

plotTSNE_2D

Description

Short wrapper for tSNE visualization

```
plotTSNE_2D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_name = "tsne",
  default_save_name = "tSNE_2D",
   ...
)
```

plotTSNE_2D 181

Arguments

gobject giotto object dim_reduction_name name of TSNE default_save_name default save name of TSNE plot Arguments passed on to dimPlot2D . . . group_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column group_by_subset subset the group_by factor column dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include show_NN_network show underlying NN network nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE cell_color color for cells (see details) color_as_factor convert color column to factor cell_color_code named vector with colors cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color paramselect_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs show_other_cells display not selected cells other_cell_color color of not selected cells other_point_size size of not selected cells show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters show_center_label plot label of selected clusters center_point_size size of center points center_point_border_col border color of center points center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points label_size size of labels label_fontface font of labels edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border) point_size size of point (cell) point_alpha transparancy of point point_border_col color of border around points point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points title title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter show_legend show legend legend_text size of legend text legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols background_color color of plot background

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```
axis_text size of axis text

axis_title size of axis title

cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns

cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height

cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width

cow_align cowplot param: how to align

show_plot show plot

return_plot return ggplot object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

Details

Description of parameters, see dimPlot2D. For 3D plots see plotTSNE_3D

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

Examples

```
plotTSNE_2D(gobject)
```

```
plotTSNE_3D
```

plotTSNE_3D

Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

```
plotTSNE_3D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_name = "tsne",
  default_save_name = "TSNE_3D",
   ...
)
```

plotTSNE_3D 183

Arguments

```
gobject
                 giotto object
dim_reduction_name
                 name of TSNE
default_save_name
                 default save name of TSNE plot
                 Arguments passed on to dimPlot3D
                 dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                 dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                 dim3_to_use dimension to use on z-axis
                 spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                 show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                 nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                 cell_color color for cells (see details)
                 color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors
                  select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                 select cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                 show_other_cells display not selected cells
                 other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                 other_point_size size of not selected cells
                 show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                 show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                 center_point_size size of center points
                 label_size size of labels
                 edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
                 point_size size of point (cell)
                 show_plot show plot
                 return_plot return ggplot object
                 save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
                  save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

plotly

See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

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Examples

```
plotTSNE_3D(gobject)
```

plotUMAP

plotUMAP

Description

Short wrapper for UMAP visualization

Usage

```
plotUMAP(gobject, dim_reduction_name = "umap", default_save_name = "UMAP", ...)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                 giotto object
dim_reduction_name
                 name of UMAP
default_save_name
                 default save name of UMAP plot
                 Arguments passed on to dimPlot2D
. . .
                 group_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
                 group_by_subset subset the group_by factor column
                 dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                 dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                 spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                 show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                 nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                 cell_color color for cells (see details)
                 color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors
                 cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
                 gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
                 gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
                 select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                      eter
                 select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                 show_other_cells display not selected cells
                 other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                 other_point_size size of not selected cells
                 show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                 show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                 center_point_size size of center points
```

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```
center_point_border_col border color of center points
center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points
label_size size of labels
label_fontface font of labels
edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of point
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
title title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

Details

Description of parameters, see dimPlot2D. For 3D plots see plotUMAP_3D

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP_3D()
```

Examples

```
plotUMAP(gobject)
```

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plotUMAP_2D

plotUMAP_2D

Description

Short wrapper for UMAP visualization

Usage

```
plotUMAP_2D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_name = "umap";
  default_save_name = "UMAP_2D",
)
```

Arguments

```
giotto object
gobject
dim_reduction_name
                 name of UMAP
default_save_name
                 default save name of UMAP plot
                 Arguments passed on to dimPlot2D
                 group_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
                 group_by_subset subset the group_by factor column
                 dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                 dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                 spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                 show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                 nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                 cell_color color for cells (see details)
                 color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors
                 cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
                 gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
                 gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
                  select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                      eter
                 select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                 show_other_cells display not selected cells
                 other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                 other_point_size size of not selected cells
                 show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                 show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                 center_point_size size of center points
```

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```
center_point_border_col border color of center points
center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points
label_size size of labels
label_fontface font of labels
edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border)
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of point
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
title title for plot, defaults to cell_color parameter
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

Details

Description of parameters, see dimPlot2D. For 3D plots see plotUMAP_3D

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_3D(), plotUMAP()
```

Examples

```
plotUMAP_2D(gobject)
```

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plotUMAP_3D

plotUMAP_3D

Description

Visualize cells according to dimension reduction coordinates

Usage

```
plotUMAP_3D(
  gobject,
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  default_save_name = "UMAP_3D",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

```
giotto object
gobject
dim_reduction_name
                 name of UMAP
default_save_name
                 default save name of UMAP plot
                 Arguments passed on to dimPlot3D
                 dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
                 dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
                 dim3_to_use dimension to use on z-axis
                 spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                 show_NN_network show underlying NN network
                 nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                 network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
                 cell_color color for cells (see details)
                 color_as_factor convert color column to factor
                 cell_color_code named vector with colors
                 select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
                 select cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                 show_other_cells display not selected cells
                 other_cell_color color of not selected cells
                 other_point_size size of not selected cells
                 show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
                 show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
                 center_point_size size of center points
                 label_size size of labels
                 edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
                 point_size size of point (cell)
                 show_plot show plot
```

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```
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

plotly

See Also

```
Other reduced dimension visualizations: dimPlot2D(), dimPlot3D(), dimPlot(), plotPCA_2D(), plotPCA_3D(), plotPCA(), plotTSNE_2D(), plotTSNE_3D(), plotTSNE(), plotUMAP_2D(), plotUMAP()
```

Examples

```
plotUMAP_3D(gobject)
```

print.giotto

Prints giotto object.

Description

Prints giotto object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'giotto'
print(object, nr_genes = 5, nr_cells = 5)
```

Arguments

object giotto object

nr_genes number of genes (rows) to print
nr_cells number of cells (columns) to print

rankEnrich

rankEnrich

Description

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using a rank based approach.

Usage

```
rankEnrich(...)
```

Arguments

... Arguments passed on to runRankEnrich

gobject Giotto object

sign_matrix Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process

expression_values expression values to use

reverse_log_scale reverse expression values from log scale

logbase log base to use if reverse_log_scale = TRUE

output_enrichment how to return enrichment output

p_value calculate p-values (boolean, default = FALSE)
n_times number of permutations to calculate for p_value

name to give to spatial enrichment results, default = rank

return_gobject return giotto object

See Also

runRankEnrich

 ${\tt rankSpatialCorGroups} \quad \textit{rankSpatialCorGroups}$

Description

Rank spatial correlated clusters according to correlation structure

```
rankSpatialCorGroups(
  gobject,
  spatCorObject,
  use_clus_name = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = FALSE,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "rankSpatialCorGroups"
)
```

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Arguments

gobject giotto object

spatCorObject spatial correlation object

use_clus_name name of clusters to visualize (from clusterSpatialCorGenes())

show_plot show plot

return_plot return ggplot object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Value

data.table with positive (within group) and negative (outside group) scores

Examples

rankSpatialCorGroups(gobject)

readExprMatrix readExprMatrix

Description

Function to read an expression matrix into a sparse matrix.

Usage

```
readExprMatrix(path, cores = NA, transpose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

path path to the expression matrix cores number of cores to use transpose matrix

Details

The expression matrix needs to have both unique column names and row names

Value

sparse matrix

Examples

readExprMatrix()

192 removeCellAnnotation

```
{\tt readGiottoInstructions}
```

readGiottoInstrunctions

Description

Retrieves the instruction associated with the provided parameter

Usage

```
readGiottoInstructions(giotto_instructions, param = NULL)
```

Arguments

```
giotto_instructions
```

giotto object or result from createGiottoInstructions()

param parameter to retrieve

Value

specific parameter

Examples

readGiottoInstrunctions()

removeCellAnnotation removeCellAnnotation

Description

removes cell annotation of giotto object

Usage

```
removeCellAnnotation(gobject, columns = NULL, return_gobject = TRUE)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

columns names of columns to remove

 $\verb|return_gobject|| boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)$

Details

if return_gobject = FALSE, it will return the cell metadata

Value

giotto object

removeGeneAnnotation 193

Examples

```
removeCellAnnotation(gobject)
```

removeGeneAnnotation removeGeneAnnotation

Description

removes gene annotation of giotto object

Usage

```
removeGeneAnnotation(gobject, columns = NULL, return_gobject = TRUE)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

columns names of columns to remove

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

Details

if return_gobject = FALSE, it will return the gene metadata

Value

giotto object

Examples

removeGeneAnnotation(gobject)

```
replaceGiottoInstructions
```

replace Giot to Instructions

Description

Function to replace all instructions from giotto object

Usage

```
replaceGiottoInstructions(gobject, instructions = NULL)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

instructions new instructions (e.g. result from createGiottoInstructions)

194 runDWLSDeconv

Value

giotto object with replaces instructions

Examples

```
replaceGiottoInstructions()
```

runDWLSDeconv

runDWLSDeconv

Description

Function to perform DWLS deconvolution based on single cell expression data

Usage

```
runDWLSDeconv(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized"),
  logbase = 2,
  cluster_column = "leiden_clus",
  sign_matrix,
  n_cell = 50,
  cutoff = 2,
  name = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
logbase
                  base used for log normalization
cluster_column name of cluster column
                  sig matrix for deconvolution
sign_matrix
                  number of cells per spot
n_cell
cutoff
                  cut off (default = 2)
                  name to give to spatial deconvolution results, default = DWLS
name
return_gobject return giotto object
```

Value

giotto object or deconvolution results

```
runHyperGeometricEnrich
```

runHyperGeometricEnrich

Description

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using a hypergeometric test

Usage

```
runHyperGeometricEnrich(
  gobject,
  sign_matrix,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reverse_log_scale = TRUE,
  logbase = 2,
  top_percentage = 5,
  output_enrichment = c("original", "zscore"),
  p_value = FALSE,
  name = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  Giotto object
                  Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process
sign_matrix
expression_values
                  expression values to use
reverse_log_scale
                  reverse expression values from log scale
logbase
                  log base to use if reverse_log_scale = TRUE
top_percentage percentage of cells that will be considered to have gene expression with matrix
                  binarization
output_enrichment
                  how to return enrichment output
                  calculate p-values (boolean, default = FALSE)
p_value
                  to give to spatial enrichment results, default = rank
return_gobject return giotto object
```

Details

The enrichment score is calculated based on the p-value from the hypergeometric test, $-\log 10$ (p-value).

Value

data.table with enrichment results

196 runPAGEEnrich

runPAGEEnrich

runPAGEEnrich

Description

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using PAGE.

Usage

```
runPAGEEnrich(
  gobject,
  sign_matrix,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reverse_log_scale = TRUE,
  logbase = 2,
  output_enrichment = c("original", "zscore"),
  p_value = FALSE,
  n_times = 1000,
  name = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
Giotto object
gobject
sign_matrix
                  Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process
expression_values
                  expression values to use
reverse_log_scale
                  reverse expression values from log scale
logbase
                  log base to use if reverse_log_scale = TRUE
output_enrichment
                  how to return enrichment output
                  calculate p-values (boolean, default = FALSE)
p_value
                  number of permutations to calculate for p_value
n_times
                  to give to spatial enrichment results, default = PAGE
name
return_gobject return giotto object
```

Details

sign_matrix: a binary matrix with genes as row names and cell-types as column names. Alternatively a list of signature genes can be provided to makeSignMatrixPAGE, which will create the matrix for you.

The enrichment Z score is calculated by using method (PAGE) from Kim SY et al., BMC bioinformatics, 2005 as $Z=((Sm^{\smallsmile}mu)*m^(1/2))/delta$. For each gene in each spot, mu is the fold change values versus the mean expression and delta is the standard deviation. Sm is the mean fold change value of a specific marker gene set and m is the size of a given marker gene set.

runPatternSimulation 197

Value

data.table with enrichment results

See Also

```
makeSignMatrixPAGE
```

runPatternSimulation runPatternSimulation

Description

Creates a known spatial pattern for selected genes one-by-one and runs the different spatial gene detection tests

Usage

```
runPatternSimulation(
  gobject,
  pattern_name = "pattern",
  pattern_cell_ids = NULL,
  gene_names = NULL,
  spatial_probs = c(0.5, 1),
  reps = 2,
  save_plot = T,
  save_dir = "~",
  max_col = 4,
  height = 7,
  width = 7,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

```
giotto object
gobject
                  name of spatial pattern
pattern_name
pattern_cell_ids
                  cell ids that make up the spatial pattern
                  selected genes
gene_names
                  probabilities to test for a high expressing gene value to be part of the spatial
spatial_probs
                  pattern
                  number of random simulation repititions
reps
save_plot
                  save intermediate random simulation plots or not
save_dir
                  directory to save results to
max_col
                  maximum number of columns for final plots
                  height of final plots
height
width
                  width of final plots
                  additional parameters for spatial gene detection tests
. . .
```

198 runPCA

Value

data.table with results

Examples

runPatternSimulation(gobject)

runPCA

runPCA

Description

runs a Principal Component Analysis

Usage

```
runPCA(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
  name = "pca",
  genes_to_use = "hvg",
  return_gobject = TRUE,
  center = F,
  scale_unit = F,
  ncp = 100,
  method = c("irlba", "factominer"),
  rev = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
reduction
                  cells or genes
                  arbitrary name for PCA run
name
                  subset of genes to use for PCA
genes_to_use
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
                  center data first (default = FALSE)
center
scale_unit
                  scale features before PCA (default = FALSE)
                  number of principal components to calculate
ncp
method
                  which implementation to use
                  do a reverse PCA
rev
                  verbosity of the function
verbose
                  additional parameters for PCA (see details)
. . .
```

runRankEnrich 199

Details

See prcomp_irlba and PCA for more information about other parameters.

- genes_to_use = NULL: will use all genes from the selected matrix
- genes_to_use = <hvg name>: can be used to select a column name of highly variable genes, created by (see calculateHVG)
- genes_to_use = c('geneA', 'geneB', ...): will use all manually provided genes

Value

giotto object with updated PCA dimension recuction

Examples

```
# 1. create giotto object
expr_path = system.file("extdata", "seqfish_field_expr.txt", package = 'Giotto')
loc_path = system.file("extdata", "seqfish_field_locs.txt", package = 'Giotto')
VC_small <- createGiottoObject(raw_exprs = expr_path, spatial_locs = loc_path)
# 2. normalize giotto
VC_small <- normalizeGiotto(gobject = VC_small, scalefactor = 6000)
VC_small <- addStatistics(gobject = VC_small)
# 3. dimension reduction
VC_small <- calculateHVG(gobject = VC_small)
VC_small <- runPCA(gobject = VC_small)
plotPCA(VC_small)</pre>
```

 ${\tt runRankEnrich}$

runRankEnrich

Description

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using a rank based approach.

```
runRankEnrich(
  gobject,
  sign_matrix,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reverse_log_scale = TRUE,
  logbase = 2,
  output_enrichment = c("original", "zscore"),
  p_value = FALSE,
  n_times = 1000,
  name = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

200 runSpatialDeconv

Arguments

gobject Giotto object

sign_matrix Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process

expression_values

expression values to use

reverse_log_scale

reverse expression values from log scale

logbase log base to use if reverse_log_scale = TRUE

output_enrichment

how to return enrichment output

p_value calculate p-values (boolean, default = FALSE)

n_times number of permutations to calculate for p_value

name to give to spatial enrichment results, default = rank

return_gobject return giotto object

Details

sign_matrix: a rank-fold matrix with genes as row names and cell-types as column names. Alternatively a scRNA-seq matrix and vector with clusters can be provided to makeSignMatrixRank, which will create the matrix for you.

First a new rank is calculated as $R = (R1*R2)^{(1/2)}$, where R1 is the rank of fold-change for each gene in each spot and R2 is the rank of each marker in each cell type. The Rank-Biased Precision is then calculated as: $RBP = (1 - 0.99) * (0.99)^{(R - 1)}$ and the final enrichment score is then calculated as the sum of top 100 RBPs.

Value

data.table with enrichment results

See Also

 ${\it make Sign Matrix Rank}$

runSpatialDeconv

runSpatialDeconv

Description

Function to perform deconvolution based on single cell expression data

runSpatialEnrich 201

Usage

```
runSpatialDeconv(
  gobject,
  deconv_method = c("DWLS"),
  expression_values = c("normalized"),
  logbase = 2,
  cluster_column = "leiden_clus",
  sign_matrix,
  n_cell = 50,
  cutoff = 2,
  name = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
giotto object
gobject
                  method to use for deconvolution
deconv_method
expression_values
                  expression values to use
logbase
                  base used for log normalization
cluster_column name of cluster column
                  signature matrix for deconvolution
sign_matrix
n_cell
                  number of cells per spot
cutoff
                  cut off (default = 2)
                  name to give to spatial deconvolution results
name
return_gobject return giotto object
```

Value

giotto object or deconvolution results

 $run Spatial Enrich \\ run Spatial Enrich$

Description

Function to calculate gene signature enrichment scores per spatial position using an enrichment test.

```
runSpatialEnrich(
  gobject,
  enrich_method = c("PAGE", "rank", "hypergeometric"),
  sign_matrix,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reverse_log_scale = TRUE,
  logbase = 2,
```

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```
p_value = FALSE,
n_times = 1000,
top_percentage = 5,
output_enrichment = c("original", "zscore"),
name = NULL,
return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gobject Giotto object method for gene signature enrichment calculation enrich_method Matrix of signature genes for each cell type / process sign_matrix expression_values expression values to use reverse_log_scale reverse expression values from log scale logbase log base to use if reverse_log_scale = TRUE calculate p-value (default = FALSE) p_value (page/rank) number of permutation iterations to calculate p-value n_times (hyper) percentage of cells that will be considered to have gene expression with top_percentage matrix binarization output_enrichment how to return enrichment output

to give to spatial enrichment results, default = PAGE

Details

For details see the individual functions:

return_gobject return giotto object

PAGE: runPAGEEnrichRank: runRankEnrich

• Hypergeometric: runHyperGeometricEnrich

Value

Giotto object or enrichment results if return_gobject = FALSE

runtSNE	runtSNE

Description

run tSNE

runtSNE 203

Usage

```
runtSNE(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
 dim_reduction_to_use = "pca",
 dim_reduction_name = "pca",
 dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
 name = "tsne",
 genes_to_use = NULL,
 return_gobject = TRUE,
 dims = 2,
 perplexity = 30,
  theta = 0.5,
 do_PCA_first = F,
  set\_seed = T,
  seed_number = 1234,
 verbose = TRUE,
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                 giotto object
expression_values
                 expression values to use
reduction
                 cells or genes
dim_reduction_to_use
                 use another dimension reduction set as input
dim_reduction_name
                 name of dimension reduction set to use
dimensions_to_use
                 number of dimensions to use as input
                 arbitrary name for tSNE run
name
                 if dim_reduction_to_use = NULL, which genes to use
genes_to_use
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
dims
                 tSNE param: number of dimensions to return
                 tSNE param: perplexity
perplexity
                 tSNE param: theta
theta
                 tSNE param: do PCA before tSNE (default = FALSE)
do_PCA_first
set_seed
                 use of seed
seed_number
                 seed number to use
                 verbosity of the function
verbose
                 additional tSNE parameters
. . .
```

204 runUMAP

Details

See Rtsne for more information about these and other parameters.

- Input for tSNE dimension reduction can be another dimension reduction (default = 'pca')
- To use gene expression as input set dim_reduction_to_use = NULL
- If dim_reduction_to_use = NULL, genes_to_use can be used to select a column name of highly variable genes (see calculateHVG) or simply provide a vector of genes
- multiple tSNE results can be stored by changing the *name* of the analysis

Value

giotto object with updated tSNE dimension recuction

Examples

```
# 1. create giotto object
expr_path = system.file("extdata", "seqfish_field_expr.txt", package = 'Giotto')
loc_path = system.file("extdata", "seqfish_field_locs.txt", package = 'Giotto')
VC_small <- createGiottoObject(raw_exprs = expr_path, spatial_locs = loc_path)
# 2. normalize giotto
VC_small <- normalizeGiotto(gobject = VC_small, scalefactor = 6000)
VC_small <- addStatistics(gobject = VC_small)
# 3. dimension reduction
VC_small <- calculateHVG(gobject = VC_small)
VC_small <- runPCA(gobject = VC_small)
VC_small <- runTSNE(VC_small, dimensions_to_use = 1:5, n_threads = 2)
plotTSNE(gobject = VC_small)</pre>
```

runUMAP

runUMAP

Description

run UMAP

```
runUMAP(
   gobject,
   expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
   reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
   dim_reduction_to_use = "pca",
   dim_reduction_name = "pca",
   dimensions_to_use = 1:10,
   name = "umap",
   genes_to_use = NULL,
   return_gobject = TRUE,
   n_neighbors = 40,
```

runUMAP 205

```
n_components = 2,
n_epochs = 400,
min_dist = 0.01,
n_threads = 1,
spread = 5,
set_seed = T,
seed_number = 1234,
verbose = T,
...
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                 giotto object
expression_values
                 expression values to use
reduction
                 cells or genes
dim_reduction_to_use
                 use another dimension reduction set as input
dim_reduction_name
                 name of dimension reduction set to use
dimensions_to_use
                 number of dimensions to use as input
                 arbitrary name for UMAP run
name
                 if dim_reduction_to_use = NULL, which genes to use
genes_to_use
return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)
n_neighbors
                 UMAP param: number of neighbors
n_components
                 UMAP param: number of components
                 UMAP param: number of epochs
n_epochs
min_dist
                 UMAP param: minimum distance
                 UMAP param: threads to use
n_threads
spread
                 UMAP param: spread
set_seed
                 use of seed
seed_number
                 seed number to use
verbose
                 verbosity of function
                 additional UMAP parameters
```

Details

See umap for more information about these and other parameters.

- Input for UMAP dimension reduction can be another dimension reduction (default = 'pca')
- To use gene expression as input set dim_reduction_to_use = NULL
- If dim_reduction_to_use = NULL, genes_to_use can be used to select a column name of highly variable genes (see calculateHVG) or simply provide a vector of genes
- multiple UMAP results can be stored by changing the *name* of the analysis

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Value

giotto object with updated UMAP dimension recuction

Examples

```
# 1. create giotto object
expr_path = system.file("extdata", "seqfish_field_expr.txt", package = 'Giotto')
loc_path = system.file("extdata", "seqfish_field_locs.txt", package = 'Giotto')
VC_small <- createGiottoObject(raw_exprs = expr_path, spatial_locs = loc_path)
# 2. normalize giotto
VC_small <- normalizeGiotto(gobject = VC_small, scalefactor = 6000)
VC_small <- addStatistics(gobject = VC_small)
# 3. dimension reduction
VC_small <- calculateHVG(gobject = VC_small)
VC_small <- runPCA(gobject = VC_small)
VC_small <- runUMAP(VC_small, dimensions_to_use = 1:5, n_threads = 2)
plotUMAP(gobject = VC_small)</pre>
```

screePlot

screePlot

Description

identify significant prinicipal components (PCs) using an screeplot (a.k.a. elbowplot)

```
screePlot(
  gobject,
  name = "pca",
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
  method = c("irlba", "factominer"),
  rev = FALSE,
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  center = F,
  scale_unit = F,
  ncp = 100,
  ylim = c(0, 20),
  verbose = T,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "screePlot",
)
```

screePlot 207

Arguments

gobject giotto object

name of PCA object if available

expression_values

expression values to use

reduction cells or genes

method which implementation to use

rev do a reverse PCA

genes_to_use subset of genes to use for PCA

center center data before PCA
scale_unit scale features before PCA

ncp number of principal components to calculate

ylim y-axis limits on scree plot

verbose verobsity show_plot show plot

return_plot return ggplot object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function()

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

... additional arguments to pca function, see runPCA

Details

Screeplot works by plotting the explained variance of each individual PC in a barplot allowing you to identify which PC provides a significant contribution (a.k.a 'elbow method').

Screeplot will use an available pca object, based on the parameter 'name', or it will create it if it's not available (see runPCA)

Value

ggplot object for scree method

Examples

screePlot(gobject)

208 selectPatternGenes

selectPatternGenes

selectPatternGenes

Description

Select genes correlated with spatial patterns

Usage

```
selectPatternGenes(
   spatPatObj,
   dimensions = 1:5,
   top_pos_genes = 10,
   top_neg_genes = 10,
   min_pos_cor = 0.5,
   min_neg_cor = -0.5,
   return_top_selection = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

```
spatPatObj Output from detectSpatialPatterns
dimensions dimensions to identify correlated genes for.
top_pos_genes Top positively correlated genes.
top_neg_genes Top negatively correlated genes.
min_pos_cor Minimum positive correlation score to include a gene.
min_neg_cor Minimum negative correlation score to include a gene.
return_top_selection
only return selection based on correlation criteria (boolean)
```

Details

Description.

Value

Data.table with genes associated with selected dimension (PC).

Examples

```
selectPatternGenes(gobject)
```

show,giotto-method 209

show, giotto-method

show method for giotto class

Description

show method for giotto class

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'giotto'
show(object)
```

Arguments

object

giotto object

showClusterDendrogram showClusterDendrogram

Description

Creates dendrogram for selected clusters.

Usage

```
showClusterDendrogram(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman"),
  distance = "ward.D",
  h = NULL,
  h_color = "red",
  rotate = FALSE,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "showClusterDendrogram",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
cor correlation score to calculate distance
```

210 showClusterHeatmap

```
distance method to use for hierarchical clustering
distance
h
                  height of horizontal lines to plot
h_color
                  color of horizontal lines
                  rotate dendrogram 90 degrees
rotate
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
                  additional parameters for ggdendrogram()
```

Details

Expression correlation dendrogram for selected clusters.

Value

ggplot

Examples

showClusterDendrogram(gobject)

 $show {\it Cluster Heatmap} \qquad show {\it Cluster Heatmap}$

Description

Creates heatmap based on identified clusters

```
showClusterHeatmap(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes = "all",
  cluster_column,
  cor = c("pearson", "spearman"),
  distance = "ward.D",
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "showClusterHeatmap",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

expression_values

expression values to use

genes vector of genes to use, default to 'all' cluster_column name of column to use for clusters cor correlation score to calculate distance

distance distance method to use for hierarchical clustering

show_plot show plot

return_plot return ggplot object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

... additional parameters for the Heatmap function from ComplexHeatmap

Details

Correlation heatmap of selected clusters.

Value

ggplot

Examples

showClusterHeatmap(gobject)

 $show {\tt GiottoImageNames} \quad show {\tt GiottoImageNames}$

Description

Prints the available giotto images that are attached to the Giotto object

Usage

```
showGiottoImageNames(gobject, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

gobject a giotto object verbose verbosity of function

Value

a vector of giotto image names attached to the giotto object

Examples

showGiottoImageNames(gobject)

showGrids

```
showGiottoInstructions
```

showGiottoInstructions

Description

Function to display all instructions from giotto object

Usage

```
showGiottoInstructions(gobject)
```

Arguments

gobject

giotto object

Value

named vector with giotto instructions

Examples

showGiottoInstructions()

 ${\sf showGrids}$

showGrids

Description

Prints the available spatial grids that are attached to the Giotto object

Usage

```
showGrids(gobject, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

gobject

a giotto object

verbose

verbosity of function#'

Value

vector

Examples

showGrids()

showNetworks 213

showNetworks

showNetworks

Description

Prints the available spatial networks that are attached to the Giotto object

Usage

```
showNetworks(gobject, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

gobject a giotto object

verbose verbosity of function#'

Value

vector

Examples

showNetworks()

showPattern

showPattern

Description

show patterns for 2D spatial data

Usage

```
showPattern(gobject, spatPatObj, ...)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

spatPatObj Output from detectSpatialPatterns

... Arguments passed on to showPattern2D

dimension dimension to plot trim Trim ends of the PC values.

background_color background color for plot

grid_border_color color for grid
show_legend show legend of ggplot

point_size size of points
show_plot show plot

return_plot return ggplot object

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```
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
in save_param
```

Value

ggplot

See Also

showPattern2D

Examples

showPattern(gobject)

 ${\it showPattern2D}$

showPattern2D

Description

show patterns for 2D spatial data

Usage

```
showPattern2D(
  gobject,
  spatPatObj,
  dimension = 1,
  trim = c(0.02, 0.98),
  background_color = "white",
  grid_border_color = "grey",
  show_legend = T,
  point_size = 1,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "showPattern2D")
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

 ${\tt spatPatObj} \qquad {\tt Output} \ from \ detectSpatial Patterns$

dimension dimension to plot

trim Trim ends of the PC values.

background_color

background color for plot

showPattern3D 215

```
grid_border_color
                  color for grid
show_legend
                  show legend of ggplot
point_size
                  size of points
show_plot
                  show plot
                  return ggplot object
return_plot
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Value

ggplot

Examples

showPattern2D(gobject)

showPattern3D

showPattern3D

Description

show patterns for 3D spatial data

```
showPattern3D(
 gobject,
 spatPatObj,
 dimension = 1,
  trim = c(0.02, 0.98),
 background_color = "white",
 grid_border_color = "grey",
 show_legend = T,
 point_size = 1,
 axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
 custom_ratio = NULL,
 x_ticks = NULL,
 y_ticks = NULL,
 z_ticks = NULL,
 show_plot = NA,
 return_plot = NA,
 save_plot = NA,
 save_param = list(),
 default_save_name = "showPattern3D"
)
```

216 showPatternGenes

Arguments

gobject giotto object

spatPatObj Output from detectSpatialPatterns

dimension dimension to plot

trim Trim ends of the PC values.

background_color

background color for plot

grid_border_color

color for grid

show_legend show legend of plot point_size adjust the point size

axis_scale scale the axis

custom_ratio cutomize the scale of the axis

x_ticks the tick number of x_axis
y_ticks the tick number of y_axis
z_ticks the tick number of z_axis

show_plot show plot

return_plot return plot object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Value

plotly

Examples

showPattern3D(gobject)

showPatternGenes

showPatternGenes

Description

show genes correlated with spatial patterns

showPatternGenes 217

Usage

```
showPatternGenes(
  gobject,
  spatPatObj,
  dimension = 1,
  top_pos_genes = 5,
  top_neg_genes = 5,
  point_size = 1,
  return_DT = FALSE,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "showPatternGenes"
)
```

Arguments

gobject	giotto object
spatPatObj	Output from detectSpatialPatterns
dimension	dimension to plot genes for.
top_pos_genes	Top positively correlated genes.
top_neg_genes	Top negatively correlated genes.
point_size	size of points
return_DT	if TRUE, it will return the data.table used to generate the plots
show_plot	show plot
return_plot	return ggplot object
save_plot	directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param	list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name	
	default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
showPatternGenes(gobject)
```

218 showSaveParameters

 $show Processing Steps \qquad \textit{show Processing Steps}$

Description

shows the sequential processing steps that were performed in a summarized format

Usage

```
showProcessingSteps(gobject)
```

Arguments

gobject

giotto object

Value

list of processing steps and names

Examples

showProcessingSteps(gobject)

showSaveParameters

showSaveParameters

Description

Description of Giotto saving options, links to all_plots_save_function

Usage

```
showSaveParameters()
```

Value

Instruction on how to use the automatic plot saving options within Giotto

Examples

showSaveParameters()

showSpatialCorGenes 219

showSpatialCorGenes showSpatialCorGenes

Description

Shows and filters spatially correlated genes

Usage

```
showSpatialCorGenes(
  spatCorObject,
  use_clus_name = NULL,
  selected_clusters = NULL,
  genes = NULL,
  min_spat_cor = 0.5,
  min_expr_cor = NULL,
  min_cor_diff = NULL,
  min_rank_diff = NULL,
  show_top_genes = NULL
)
```

Arguments

```
spatCorObject
                  spatial correlation object
use_clus_name
                  cluster information to show
selected_clusters
                  subset of clusters to show
                  subset of genes to show
genes
                  filter on minimum spatial correlation
min_spat_cor
                  filter on minimum single-cell expression correlation
min_expr_cor
                  filter on minimum correlation difference (spatial vs expression)
min_cor_diff
                  filter on minimum correlation rank difference (spatial vs expression)
min_rank_diff
show_top_genes show top genes per gene
```

Value

data.table with filtered information

Examples

```
\verb|showSpatialCorGenes(gobject)|
```

220 signPCA

signPCA signPCA

Description

identify significant prinicipal components (PCs)

Usage

```
signPCA(
 gobject,
 name = "pca",
 method = c("screeplot", "jackstraw"),
 expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
 reduction = c("cells", "genes"),
 pca_method = c("irlba", "factominer"),
  rev = FALSE,
  genes_to_use = NULL,
  center = T,
  scale_unit = T,
 ncp = 50,
  scree_ylim = c(0, 10),
  jack_iter = 10,
  jack_threshold = 0.01,
  jack_ylim = c(0, 1),
  verbose = TRUE,
  show_plot = NA,
 return_plot = NA,
 save_plot = NA,
 save_param = list(),
 default_save_name = "signPCA"
)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object name of PCA object if available name method to use to identify significant PCs method expression_values expression values to use reduction cells or genes pca_method which implementation to use do a reverse PCA rev subset of genes to use for PCA genes_to_use center center data before PCA scale features before PCA scale_unit number of principal components to calculate ncp y-axis limits on scree plot scree_ylim

silhouetteRank 221

```
jack_iter
                  number of interations for jackstraw
jack_threshold p-value threshold to call a PC significant
jack_ylim
                  y-axis limits on jackstraw plot
verbose
                  verbosity
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function()
save_param
default_save_name
```

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Details

Two different methods can be used to assess the number of relevant or significant prinicipal components (PC's).

- 1. Screeplot works by plotting the explained variance of each individual PC in a barplot allowing you to identify which PC provides a significant contribution (a.k.a. 'elbow method').
- 2. The Jackstraw method uses the permutationPA function. By systematically permuting genes it identifies robust, and thus significant, PCs.

Value

ggplot object for scree method and maxtrix of p-values for jackstraw

Examples

```
signPCA(gobject)
```

silhouetteRank silhouetteRank

Description

Previously: calculate_spatial_genes_python. This method computes a silhouette score per gene based on the spatial distribution of two partitions of cells (expressed L1, and non-expressed L0). Here, rather than L2 Euclidean norm, it uses a rank-transformed, exponentially weighted function to represent the local physical distance between two cells.

Usage

```
silhouetteRank(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  metric = "euclidean",
  subset_genes = NULL,
  rbp_p = 0.95,
  examine_top = 0.3,
  python_path = NULL
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object
expression_values
expression values to use

metric distance metric to use

subset_genes only run on this subset of genes
rbp_p fractional binarization threshold
examine_top top fraction to evaluate with silhouette
python_path specify specific path to python if required
```

Value

data.table with spatial scores

Examples

```
silhouetteRank(gobject)
```

```
simulate One Gene Pattern Giotto Object \\ simulate One Gene Pattern Giotto Object
```

Description

Create a simulated spatial pattern for one selected gnee

Usage

```
simulateOneGenePatternGiottoObject(
  gobject,
  pattern_name = "pattern",
  pattern_cell_ids = NULL,
  gene_name = NULL,
  spatial_prob = 0.95,
  gradient_direction = NULL,
  show_pattern = TRUE,
  pattern_colors = c(`in` = "green", out = "red"),
  ...
)
```

Arguments

spark 223

```
gradient_direction
direction of gradient

show_pattern show the discrete spatial pattern

pattern_colors 2 color vector for the spatial pattern

... additional parameters for (re-)normalizing
```

Value

Reprocessed Giotto object for which one gene has a forced spatial pattern

Examples

```
simulateOneGenePatternGiottoObject(gobject)
```

spark spark

Description

Compute spatially expressed genes with SPARK method

Usage

```
spark(
  gobject,
  percentage = 0.1,
  min_count = 10,
  expression_values = "raw",
  num_core = 5,
  covariates = NULL,
  return_object = "data.table",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object percentage The percentage of cells that are expressed for analysis minimum number of counts for a gene to be included min_count expression_values type of values to use (raw by default) number of cores to use num_core The covariates in experiments, i.e. confounding factors/batch effect. Column covariates name of giotto cell metadata. return_object type of result to return (data.table or spark object) Additional parameters to the spark.vc function

224 spatCellCellcom

Details

This function is a wrapper for the method implemented in the SPARK package:

- 1. CreateSPARKObject create a SPARK object from a Giotto object
- 2. spark.vc Fits the count-based spatial model to estimate the parameters, see spark.vc for additional parameters
- 3. spark.test Testing multiple kernel matrices

Value

data.table with SPARK spatial genes results or the SPARK object

spatCellCellcom

spatCellCellcom

Description

Spatial Cell-Cell communication scores based on spatial expression of interacting cells

Usage

```
spatCellCellcom(
 gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  cluster_column = "cell_types",
 random_iter = 1000,
 gene_set_1,
  gene_set_2,
  log2FC_addendum = 0.1,
 min_observations = 2,
 detailed = FALSE,
 adjust_method = c("fdr", "bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY",
    "none"),
  adjust_target = c("genes", "cells"),
 do_parallel = TRUE,
 cores = NA,
  verbose = c("a little", "a lot", "none")
)
```

Arguments

spatCellCellcom 225

log2FC_addendum

addendum to add when calculating log2FC

min_observations

minimum number of interactions needed to be considered

detailed provide more detailed information (random variance and z-score)

adjust_method which method to adjust p-values

adjust_target adjust multiple hypotheses at the cell or gene level

do_parallel run calculations in parallel with mclapply
cores number of cores to use if do_parallel = TRUE

verbose verbose

Details

Statistical framework to identify if pairs of genes (such as ligand-receptor combinations) are expressed at higher levels than expected based on a reshuffled null distribution of gene expression values in cells that are spatially in proximity to eachother..

- LR_comb:Pair of ligand and receptor
- lig_cell_type: cell type to assess expression level of ligand
- lig_expr: average expression of ligand in lig_cell_type
- · ligand: ligand name
- rec_cell_type: cell type to assess expression level of receptor
- rec_expr: average expression of receptor in rec_cell_type
- receptor: receptor name
- LR_expr: combined average ligand and receptor expression
- lig_nr: total number of cells from lig_cell_type that spatially interact with cells from rec_cell_type
- rec_nr: total number of cells from rec_cell_type that spatially interact with cells from lig_cell_type
- rand_expr: average combined ligand and receptor expression from random spatial permuta-
- av_diff: average difference between LR_expr and rand_expr over all random spatial permutations
- sd_diff: (optional) standard deviation of the difference between LR_expr and rand_expr over all random spatial permutations
- z_score: (optinal) z-score
- log2fc: log2 fold-change (LR_expr/rand_expr)
- · pvalue: p-value
- LR_cell_comb: cell type pair combination
- p.adj: adjusted p-value
- PI: significanc score: log2fc * -log10(p.adj)

Value

Cell-Cell communication scores for gene pairs based on spatial interaction

Examples

spatCellCellcom(gobject)

226 spatCellPlot

spatCellPlot

spatCellPlot

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
spatCellPlot(...)
```

Arguments

```
Arguments passed on to spatCellPlot2D
gobject giotto object
show_image show a tissue background image
gimage a giotto image
image_name name of a giotto image
sdimx x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimy y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
cell_annotation_values numeric cell annotation columns
cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
point_shape shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of spatial points
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters
show_center_label plot label of selected clusters
center_point_size size of center points
center_point_border_col border color of center points
center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points
label_size size of labels
label_fontface font of labels
show_network show underlying spatial network
spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use
network_color color of spatial network
network_alpha alpha of spatial network
show_grid show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name name of spatial grid to use
```

spatCellPlot 227

```
grid_color color of spatial grid
show_other_cells display not selected cells
other_cell_color color of not selected cells
other_point_size point size of not selected cells
other_cells_alpha alpha of not selected cells
coord_fix_ratio fix ratio between x and y-axis
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
vor_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
    in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

Other spatial cell annotation visualizations: spatCellPlot2D()

Examples

```
spatCellPlot(gobject)
```

spatCellPlot2D

spatCellPlot2D

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
spatCellPlot2D(
 gobject,
  show_image = F,
  gimage = NULL,
  image_name = "image",
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy"
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  cell_annotation_values = NULL,
 cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
 gradient_midpoint = NULL,
 gradient_limits = NULL,
 select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
 point_size = 3,
 point_alpha = 1,
 point_border_col = "black",
 point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show\_center\_label = F,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
  label_fontface = "bold",
  show_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 network_color = NULL,
 network_alpha = 1,
  show_grid = F,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
 grid_color = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
 other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
 other_point_size = 1,
 other_cells_alpha = 0.1,
  coord_fix_ratio = NULL,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  legend_symbol_size = 1,
 background_color = "white",
```

```
vor_border_color = "white",
      vor_max_radius = 200,
      vor_alpha = 1,
      axis_text = 8,
      axis_title = 8,
      cow_n_col = 2,
      cow_rel_h = 1,
      cow_rel_w = 1,
      cow_align = "h",
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "spatCellPlot2D"
    )
Arguments
   gobject
                     giotto object
    show_image
                     show a tissue background image
    gimage
                     a giotto image
    image_name
                     name of a giotto image
    sdimx
                     x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
                     y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
    sdimy
    spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
    cell_annotation_values
                     numeric cell annotation columns
    cell_color_gradient
                     vector with 3 colors for numeric data
    gradient_midpoint
                     midpoint for color gradient
    gradient_limits
                     vector with lower and upper limits
    select_cell_groups
                     select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
                     select subset of cells based on cell IDs
    select_cells
                     shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
    point_shape
   point_size
                     size of point (cell)
    point_alpha
                     transparancy of spatial points
   point_border_col
                     color of border around points
   point_border_stroke
                     stroke size of border around points
    show_cluster_center
                     plot center of selected clusters
```

plot label of selected clusters

show_center_label

center_point_size

size of center points

center_point_border_col

border color of center points

center_point_border_stroke

border stroke size of center points

label_size size of labels
label_fontface font of labels

show_network show underlying spatial network

spatial_network_name

name of spatial network to use

network_color color of spatial network network_alpha alpha of spatial network show_grid show spatial grid

spatial_grid_name

name of spatial grid to use

grid_color color of spatial grid

show_other_cells

display not selected cells

other_cell_color

color of not selected cells

other_point_size

point size of not selected cells

other_cells_alpha

alpha of not selected cells

coord_fix_ratio

fix ratio between x and y-axis

show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text

legend_symbol_size

size of legend symbols

background_color

color of plot background

vor_border_color

border colorr for voronoi plot

vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells' vor_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells'

axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title

cow_n_colcowplot param: how many columnscow_rel_hcowplot param: relative heightcow_rel_wcowplot param: relative widthcow_aligncowplot param: how to align

show_plot show plot

return_plot return ggplot object

```
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
```

save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

Other spatial cell annotation visualizations: spatCellPlot()

Examples

```
spatCellPlot2D(gobject)
```

spatDimCellPlot

spatDimCellPlot

Description

Visualize numerical features of cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in 2D

Usage

```
spatDimCellPlot(...)
```

Arguments

annotation_values numeric cell annotation columns dim_reduction_name dimension reduction name dim1_to_use dimension to use on y-axis sdimy = spatial dimension to use on y-axis sdimy = spatial dimension to use on y-axis sdimy = spatial dimension to use on y-axis

```
cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
dim_point_shape dim reduction points with border or not (border or no_border)
dim_point_size size of points in dim. reduction space
dim_point_alpha transparancy of dim. reduction points
dim_point_border_col border color of points in dim. reduction space
dim_point_border_stroke border stroke of points in dim. reduction space
spat_point_shape shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
spat_point_size size of spatial points
spat_point_alpha transparancy of spatial points
spat_point_border_col border color of spatial points
spat_point_border_stroke border stroke of spatial points
dim_show_cluster_center show the center of each cluster
dim_show_center_label provide a label for each cluster
dim_center_point_size size of the center point
dim_center_point_border_col border color of center point
dim_center_point_border_stroke stroke size of center point
dim_label_size size of the center label
dim_label_fontface font of the center label
spat_show_cluster_center show the center of each cluster
spat_show_center_label provide a label for each cluster
spat_center_point_size size of the spatial center points
spat_center_point_border_col border color of the spatial center points
spat_center_point_border_stroke stroke size of the spatial center points
spat_label_size size of the center label
spat_label_fontface font of the center label
show_NN_network show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
nn_network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
dim_edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
spat_show_network show spatial network
spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use
spat_network_color color of spatial network
spat_network_alpha alpha of spatial network
spat_show_grid show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name name of spatial grid to use
spat_grid_color color of spatial grid
show_other_cells display not selected cells
other_cell_color color of not selected cells
dim_other_point_size size of not selected dim cells
spat_other_point_size size of not selected spat cells
spat_other_cells_alpha alpha of not selected spat cells
```

```
coord_fix_ratio ratio for coordinates
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
dim_background_color background color of points in dim. reduction space
spat_background_color background color of spatial points
vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
vor_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
    in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

Other spatial and dimension reduction cell annotation visualizations: spatDimCellPlot2D()

Examples

spatDimCellPlot(gobject)

spatDimCellPlot2D

spatDimCellPlot2D

Description

Visualize numerical features of cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in 2D

Usage

```
spatDimCellPlot2D(
  gobject,
  show_image = F,
 gimage = NULL,
  image_name = "image",
 plot_alignment = c("vertical", "horizontal"),
 spat_enr_names = NULL,
 cell_annotation_values = NULL,
 dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
 dim_reduction_name = "umap",
 dim1_to_use = 1,
 dim2\_to\_use = 2,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  dim_point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
  dim_point_size = 1,
 dim_point_alpha = 1,
 dim_point_border_col = "black",
 dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  spat_point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
  spat_point_size = 1,
  spat_point_alpha = 1,
  spat_point_border_col = "black",
  spat_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
 dim_show_cluster_center = F,
  dim_show_center_label = T,
  dim_center_point_size = 4,
  dim_center_point_border_col = "black",
 dim_center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  dim_label_size = 4,
  dim_label_fontface = "bold",
  spat_show_cluster_center = F,
  spat_show_center_label = F,
  spat_center_point_size = 4,
  spat_center_point_border_col = "black",
  spat_center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  spat_label_size = 4,
  spat_label_fontface = "bold",
  show_NN_network = F,
 nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
 nn_network_name = "sNN.pca",
  dim_edge_alpha = 0.5,
  spat_show_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  spat_network_color = "red",
  spat_network_alpha = 0.5,
```

```
spat_show_grid = F,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  spat_grid_color = "green",
  show_other_cells = TRUE,
  other_cell_color = "grey",
  dim_other_point_size = 0.5,
  spat_other_point_size = 0.5,
  spat_other_cells_alpha = 0.5,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  legend_symbol_size = 1,
  dim_background_color = "white",
  spat_background_color = "white",
  vor_border_color = "white",
  vor_max_radius = 200,
  vor_alpha = 1,
  axis_text = 8,
  axis_title = 8,
  coord_fix_ratio = NULL,
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spatDimCellPlot2D"
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
                  show a tissue background image
show_image
gimage
                  a giotto image
                  name of a giotto image
image_name
plot_alignment direction to align plot
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
cell_annotation_values
                  numeric cell annotation columns
dim_reduction_to_use
                  dimension reduction to use
dim_reduction_name
                  dimension reduction name
                  dimension to use on x-axis
dim1_to_use
dim2_to_use
                  dimension to use on y-axis
                  = spatial dimension to use on x-axis
sdimx
sdimy
                  = spatial dimension to use on y-axis
cell_color_gradient
                  vector with 3 colors for numeric data
```

gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter select subset of cells based on cell IDs select_cells dim_point_shape dim reduction points with border or not (border or no_border) dim_point_size size of points in dim. reduction space dim_point_alpha transparancy of dim. reduction points dim_point_border_col border color of points in dim. reduction space dim_point_border_stroke border stroke of points in dim. reduction space spat_point_shape shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi) spat_point_size size of spatial points spat_point_alpha transparancy of spatial points spat_point_border_col border color of spatial points spat_point_border_stroke border stroke of spatial points dim_show_cluster_center show the center of each cluster dim_show_center_label provide a label for each cluster dim_center_point_size size of the center point dim_center_point_border_col border color of center point dim_center_point_border_stroke stroke size of center point dim_label_size size of the center label dim_label_fontface font of the center label spat_show_cluster_center show the center of each cluster spat_show_center_label provide a label for each cluster spat_center_point_size size of the spatial center points ${\tt spat_center_point_border_col}$ border color of the spatial center points

spat_center_point_border_stroke stroke size of the spatial center points spat_label_size size of the center label spat_label_fontface font of the center label show_NN_network show underlying NN network nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) nn_network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE dim_edge_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges spat_show_network show spatial network spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use spat_network_color color of spatial network spat_network_alpha alpha of spatial network spat_show_grid show spatial grid spatial_grid_name name of spatial grid to use spat_grid_color color of spatial grid show_other_cells display not selected cells other_cell_color color of not selected cells ${\tt dim_other_point_size}$ size of not selected dim cells spat_other_point_size size of not selected spat cells spat_other_cells_alpha alpha of not selected spat cells show legend show_legend size of legend text legend_text legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols dim_background_color background color of points in dim. reduction space spat_background_color background color of spatial points vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot

vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'

```
vor_alpha
                  transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text
                  size of axis text
axis_title
                  size of axis title
coord_fix_ratio
                  ratio for coordinates
                  cowplot param: how many columns
cow_n_col
cow_rel_h
                  cowplot param: relative height
                  cowplot param: relative width
cow_rel_w
                  cowplot param: how to align
cow_align
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

Other spatial and dimension reduction cell annotation visualizations: spatDimCellPlot()

Examples

```
{\tt spatDimCellPlot2D(gobject)}
```

```
spatDimGenePlot
     spatDimGenePlot
```

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in ggplot mode

Usage

```
spatDimGenePlot(...)
```

Arguments

Arguments passed on to spatDimGenePlot2D gobject giotto object show_image show a tissue background image gimage a giotto image image_name name of a giotto image expression_values gene expression values to use plot_alignment direction to align plot genes genes to show dim_reduction_to_use dimension reduction to use dim_reduction_name dimension reduction name dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis dim_point_shape dim reduction points with border or not (border or no_border) dim_point_size dim reduction plot: point size dim_point_alpha transparancy of dim. reduction points dim_point_border_col color of border around points dim_point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points show_NN_network show underlying NN network show_spatial_network show underlying spatial netwok nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE dim_network_color color of NN network dim_edge_alpha dim reduction plot: column to use for alpha of the edges scale_alpha_with_expression scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter sdimx spatial x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx') sdimy spatial y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy') spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use spatial_network_color color of spatial network show_spatial_grid show spatial grid grid_color color of spatial grid spatial_grid_name name of spatial grid to use spat_point_shape spatial points with border or not (border or no_border) spat_point_size spatial plot: point size spat_point_alpha transparancy of spatial points spat_point_border_col color of border around points spat_point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points spat_edge_alpha edge alpha cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits show_legend show legend legend_text_size of legend text dim_background_color color of plot background for dimension plot spat_background_color color of plot background for spatial plot

```
vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
vor_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plots
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
spatDimGenePlot3D
```

Other spatial and dimension reduction gene expression visualizations: spatDimGenePlot2D(), spatDimGenePlot3D()

Examples

```
spatDimGenePlot(gobject)
```

spatDimGenePlot2D

spatDimGenePlot2D

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in ggplot mode

Usage

```
spatDimGenePlot2D(
  gobject,
  show_image = F,
  gimage = NULL,
  image_name = "image",
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  plot_alignment = c("vertical", "horizontal"),
```

genes,

```
dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
dim_reduction_name = "umap",
dim1_to_use = 1,
dim2_to_use = 2,
dim_point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
dim_point_size = 1,
dim_point_alpha = 1,
dim_point_border_col = "black",
dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
show_NN_network = F,
show_spatial_network = F,
dim_network_color = "gray",
nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
network_name = "sNN.pca",
dim_edge_alpha = NULL,
scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
sdimx = "sdimx",
sdimy = "sdimy",
spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
spatial_network_color = NULL,
show_spatial_grid = F,
grid_color = NULL,
spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
spat_point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
spat_point_size = 1,
spat_point_alpha = 1,
spat_point_border_col = "black",
spat_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
spat_edge_alpha = NULL,
cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
gradient_midpoint = NULL,
gradient_limits = NULL,
cow_n_col = 2,
cow_rel_h = 1,
cow_rel_w = 1,
cow_align = "h",
show_legend = T,
legend_text = 8,
dim_background_color = "white",
spat_background_color = "white",
vor_border_color = "white",
vor_max_radius = 200,
vor_alpha = 1,
axis_text = 8,
axis_title = 8,
show_plot = NA,
return_plot = NA,
save_plot = NA,
save_param = list(),
default_save_name = "spatDimGenePlot2D"
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object show a tissue background image show_image gimage a giotto image name of a giotto image image_name expression_values gene expression values to use plot_alignment direction to align plot genes genes to show ${\tt dim_reduction_to_use}$ dimension reduction to use dim_reduction_name dimension reduction name dimension to use on x-axis dim1_to_use dimension to use on y-axis dim2_to_use dim_point_shape dim reduction points with border or not (border or no_border) dim_point_size dim reduction plot: point size dim_point_alpha transparancy of dim. reduction points dim_point_border_col color of border around points dim_point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points show_NN_network show underlying NN network show_spatial_network show underlying spatial netwok dim_network_color color of NN network nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN) name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE network_name dim_edge_alpha dim reduction plot: column to use for alpha of the edges scale_alpha_with_expression scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter sdimx spatial x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx') spatial y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy') sdimy spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use spatial_network_color color of spatial network show_spatial_grid show spatial grid color of spatial grid grid_color

```
spatial_grid_name
                  name of spatial grid to use
spat_point_shape
                  spatial points with border or not (border or no_border)
spat_point_size
                  spatial plot: point size
spat_point_alpha
                  transparancy of spatial points
spat_point_border_col
                  color of border around points
spat_point_border_stroke
                  stroke size of border around points
spat_edge_alpha
                  edge alpha
cell_color_gradient
                  vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint
                  midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits
                  vector with lower and upper limits
cow_n_col
                  cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h
                  cowplot param: relative height
                  cowplot param: relative width
cow_rel_w
cow_align
                  cowplot param: how to align
show_legend
                  show legend
legend_text
                  size of legend text
dim_background_color
                  color of plot background for dimension plot
spat_background_color
                  color of plot background for spatial plot
vor_border_color
                  border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
vor_alpha
                  transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text
                  size of axis text
                  size of axis title
axis_title
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
spatDimGenePlot3D
Other spatial and dimension reduction gene expression visualizations: spatDimGenePlot3D(),
spatDimGenePlot()
```

Examples

```
spatDimGenePlot2D(gobject)
```

spatDimGenePlot3D

spatDimGenePlot3D

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in ggplot mode

Usage

```
spatDimGenePlot3D(
 gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
 plot_alignment = c("horizontal", "vertical"),
 dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
 dim_reduction_name = "umap",
 dim1_to_use = 1,
 dim2\_to\_use = 2,
 dim3_to_use = NULL,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  genes,
  cluster_column = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
 other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
 other_point_size = 1.5,
 show_NN_network = FALSE,
 nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
 nn_network_color = "lightgrey",
 nn_network_alpha = 0.5,
 network_name = "sNN.pca",
 label_size = 16,
  genes_low_color = "blue",
 genes_mid_color = "white",
 genes_high_color = "red",
  dim_point_size = 3,
```

```
show_spatial_network = FALSE,
      spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
      spatial_network_color = "lightgray",
      spatial_network_alpha = 0.5,
      show_spatial_grid = FALSE,
      spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
      spatial_grid_color = NULL,
      spatial_grid_alpha = 0.5,
      spatial_point_size = 3,
      legend_text_size = 12,
      axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
      custom_ratio = NULL,
      x_ticks = NULL,
      y_ticks = NULL,
      z_ticks = NULL,
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "spatDimGenePlot3D"
    )
Arguments
                     giotto object
    gobject
    expression_values
                     gene expression values to use
    plot_alignment direction to align plot
    dim_reduction_to_use
                     dimension reduction to use
    dim_reduction_name
                     dimension reduction name
                     dimension to use on x-axis
    dim1_to_use
    dim2_to_use
                     dimension to use on y-axis
    dim3_to_use
                     dimension to use on z-axis
    sdimx
                     spatial dimension to use on x-axis
    sdimy
                     spatial dimension to use on y-axis
    sdimz
                     spatial dimension to use on z-axis
    genes
                     genes to show
    cluster_column cluster column to select groups
    select_cell_groups
                     select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
                     select subset of cells based on cell IDs
    select_cells
    show_other_cells
                     display not selected cells
    other_cell_color
                     color of not selected cells
    other_point_size
                     size of not selected cells
```

show_NN_network nn_network_to_use

show underlying NN network

type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)

nn_network_color

color of NN network

nn_network_alpha

alpha of NN network

name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE network_name

label_size size of labels

genes_low_color

color for low expression levels

genes_mid_color

color for medium expression levels

genes_high_color

color for high expression levels

dim_point_size dim reduction plot: point size

show_spatial_network

show spatial network (boolean)

spatial_network_name

name of spatial network to use

spatial_network_color

color of spatial network

spatial_network_alpha

alpha of spatial network

show_spatial_grid

show spatial grid (boolean)

spatial_grid_name

name of spatial grid to use

spatial_grid_color

color of spatial grid

spatial_grid_alpha

alpha of spatial grid

spatial_point_size

spatial plot: point size

legend_text_size

size of legend

the way to scale the axis axis_scale custom_ratio customize the scale of the plot x_ticks set the number of ticks on the x-axis y_ticks set the number of ticks on the y-axis z_ticks set the number of ticks on the z-axis

show_plot show plots

return_plot return plotly object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

plotly

See Also

Other spatial and dimension reduction gene expression visualizations: spatDimGenePlot2D(), spatDimGenePlot()

spatDimPlot

spatDimPlot

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates 2D

Usage

```
spatDimPlot(...)
```

Arguments

```
Arguments passed on to spatDimPlot2D
gobject giotto object
show_image show a tissue background image
gimage a giotto image
image_name name of a giotto image
plot_alignment direction to align plot
dim_reduction_to_use dimension reduction to use
dim_reduction_name dimension reduction name
dim1_to_use dimension to use on x-axis
dim2_to_use dimension to use on y-axis
sdimx = spatial dimension to use on x-axis
sdimy = spatial dimension to use on y-axis
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
cell_color color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor convert color column to factor
cell_color_code named vector with colors
cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color param-
    eter
select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs
dim_point_shape point with border or not (border or no_border)
```

```
dim_point_size size of points in dim. reduction space
dim_point_alpha transparancy of point in dim. reduction space
dim_point_border_col border color of points in dim. reduction space
dim_point_border_stroke border stroke of points in dim. reduction space
spat_point_shape shape of points (border, no border or voronoi)
spat_point_size size of spatial points
spat_point_alpha transparancy of spatial points
spat_point_border_col border color of spatial points
spat_point_border_stroke border stroke of spatial points
dim_show_cluster_center show the center of each cluster
dim_show_center_label provide a label for each cluster
dim_center_point_size size of the center point
dim_center_point_border_col border color of center point
dim_center_point_border_stroke stroke size of center point
dim label size size of the center label
dim_label_fontface font of the center label
spat_show_cluster_center show the center of each cluster
spat_show_center_label provide a label for each cluster
spat_center_point_size size of the center point
spat_center_point_border_col border color of spatial center points
spat_center_point_border_stroke border strike size of spatial center points
spat_label_size size of the center label
spat_label_fontface font of the center label
show_NN_network show underlying NN network
nn_network_to_use type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
network_name name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
nn_network_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges
show_spatial_network show spatial network
spat_network_name name of spatial network to use
spat_network_color color of spatial network
spat_network_alpha alpha of spatial network
show_spatial_grid show spatial grid
spat_grid_name name of spatial grid to use
spat_grid_color color of spatial grid
show_other_cells display not selected cells
other_cell_color color of not selected cells
dim_other_point_size size of not selected dim cells
spat_other_point_size size of not selected spat cells
spat_other_cells_alpha alpha of not selected spat cells
dim_show_legend show legend of dimension reduction plot
spat_show_legend show legend of spatial plot
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
dim_background_color background color of points in dim. reduction space
spat_background_color background color of spatial points
```

```
vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
vor_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
spatDimPlot2D and spatDimPlot3D for 3D visualization.

Other spatial and dimension reduction visualizations: spatDimPlot2D(), spatDimPlot3D()
```

Examples

```
spatDimPlot(gobject)
```

spatDimPlot2D

spatDimPlot2D

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates 2D

Usage

```
spatDimPlot2D(
  gobject,
  show_image = F,
  gimage = NULL,
  image_name = "image",
  plot_alignment = c("vertical", "horizontal"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
```

```
spat_enr_names = NULL,
cell_color = NULL,
color_as_factor = T,
cell_color_code = NULL,
cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
gradient_midpoint = NULL,
gradient_limits = NULL,
select_cell_groups = NULL,
select_cells = NULL,
dim_point_shape = c("border", "no_border"),
dim_point_size = 1,
dim_point_alpha = 1,
dim_point_border_col = "black",
dim_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
spat_point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
spat_point_size = 1,
spat_point_alpha = 1,
spat_point_border_col = "black",
spat_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
dim_show_cluster_center = F,
dim_show_center_label = T,
dim_center_point_size = 4,
dim_center_point_border_col = "black",
dim_center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
dim_label_size = 4,
dim_label_fontface = "bold",
spat_show_cluster_center = F,
spat_show_center_label = F,
spat_center_point_size = 4,
spat_center_point_border_col = "blue",
spat_center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
spat_label_size = 4,
spat_label_fontface = "bold",
show_NN_network = F,
nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
network_name = "sNN.pca",
nn_network_alpha = 0.05,
show_spatial_network = F,
spat_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
spat_network_color = "blue",
spat_network_alpha = 0.5,
show_spatial_grid = F,
spat_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
spat_grid_color = "blue",
show_other_cells = T,
other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
dim_other_point_size = 1,
spat_other_point_size = 1,
spat_other_cells_alpha = 0.5,
dim_show_legend = F,
spat_show_legend = F,
legend_text = 8,
```

```
legend_symbol_size = 1,
      dim_background_color = "white",
      spat_background_color = "white",
      vor_border_color = "white",
      vor_max_radius = 200,
      vor_alpha = 1,
      axis_text = 8,
      axis_title = 8,
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "spatDimPlot2D"
   )
Arguments
   gobject
                     giotto object
    show_image
                     show a tissue background image
                     a giotto image
    gimage
                     name of a giotto image
    image\_name
    plot_alignment direction to align plot
    dim_reduction_to_use
                     dimension reduction to use
    dim_reduction_name
                     dimension reduction name
   dim1_to_use
                     dimension to use on x-axis
   dim2_to_use
                     dimension to use on y-axis
    sdimx
                     = spatial dimension to use on x-axis
    sdimy
                     = spatial dimension to use on y-axis
    spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                     color for cells (see details)
    cell_color
    color_as_factor
                     convert color column to factor
    cell_color_code
                     named vector with colors
    cell_color_gradient
                     vector with 3 colors for numeric data
    gradient_midpoint
                     midpoint for color gradient
    gradient_limits
                     vector with lower and upper limits
    select_cell_groups
                     select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
                     select subset of cells based on cell IDs
    select cells
    dim_point_shape
                     point with border or not (border or no_border)
```

dim_point_size size of points in dim. reduction space

dim_point_alpha

transparancy of point in dim. reduction space

dim_point_border_col

border color of points in dim. reduction space

dim_point_border_stroke

border stroke of points in dim. reduction space

spat_point_shape

shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)

spat_point_size

size of spatial points

spat_point_alpha

transparancy of spatial points

spat_point_border_col

border color of spatial points

spat_point_border_stroke

border stroke of spatial points

dim_show_cluster_center

show the center of each cluster

dim_show_center_label

provide a label for each cluster

dim_center_point_size

size of the center point

dim_center_point_border_col

border color of center point

dim_center_point_border_stroke

stroke size of center point

dim_label_size size of the center label

dim_label_fontface

font of the center label

spat_show_cluster_center

show the center of each cluster

spat_show_center_label

provide a label for each cluster

spat_center_point_size

size of the center point

spat_center_point_border_col

border color of spatial center points

spat_center_point_border_stroke

border strike size of spatial center points

spat_label_size

size of the center label

spat_label_fontface

font of the center label

show_NN_network

show underlying NN network

nn_network_to_use

type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)

nn_network_alpha column to use for alpha of the edges show_spatial_network show spatial network spat_network_name name of spatial network to use spat_network_color color of spatial network spat_network_alpha alpha of spatial network show_spatial_grid show spatial grid spat_grid_name name of spatial grid to use spat_grid_color color of spatial grid show_other_cells display not selected cells other_cell_color color of not selected cells dim_other_point_size size of not selected dim cells spat_other_point_size size of not selected spat cells spat_other_cells_alpha alpha of not selected spat cells dim_show_legend show legend of dimension reduction plot spat_show_legend show legend of spatial plot size of legend text legend_text legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols dim_background_color background color of points in dim. reduction space spat_background_color background color of spatial points vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells' vor_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells' size of axis text axis_text axis_title size of axis title show plot show_plot return_plot return ggplot object save_plot directly save the plot [boolean] save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param 254 spatDimPlot3D

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
spatDimPlot3D
```

Other spatial and dimension reduction visualizations: spatDimPlot3D(), spatDimPlot()

Examples

```
spatDimPlot2D(gobject)
```

spatDimPlot3D

spatDimPlot3D

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial AND dimension reduction coordinates in plotly mode

Usage

```
spatDimPlot3D(
  gobject,
  plot_alignment = c("horizontal", "vertical"),
  dim_reduction_to_use = "umap",
  dim_reduction_name = "umap",
  dim1_to_use = 1,
  dim2_to_use = 2,
  dim3_to_use = 3,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  show_NN_network = FALSE,
  nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
  network_name = "sNN.pca",
  nn_network_color = "lightgray",
  nn_network_alpha = 0.5,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = T,
  center_point_size = 4,
  label_size = 16,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 1.5,
```

spatDimPlot3D 255

```
cell_color = NULL,
      color_as_factor = T,
      cell_color_code = NULL,
      dim_point_size = 3,
      show_spatial_network = F,
      spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
      spatial_network_color = "lightgray",
      spatial_network_alpha = 0.5,
      show_spatial_grid = F,
      spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
      spatial_grid_color = NULL,
      spatial_grid_alpha = 0.5,
      spatial_point_size = 3,
      axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
      custom_ratio = NULL,
      x_ticks = NULL,
      y_ticks = NULL,
      z_ticks = NULL,
      legend_text_size = 12,
      show_plot = NA,
      return_plot = NA,
      save_plot = NA,
      save_param = list(),
      default_save_name = "spatDimPlot3D"
    )
Arguments
                    giotto object
   gobject
   plot_alignment direction to align plot
    dim_reduction_to_use
                    dimension reduction to use
   dim_reduction_name
                    dimension reduction name
   dim1_to_use
                    dimension to use on x-axis
                    dimension to use on y-axis
   dim2_to_use
   dim3_to_use
                    dimension to use on z-axis
    sdimx
                    = spatial dimension to use on x-axis
    sdimy
                    = spatial dimension to use on y-axis
    sdimz
                    = spatial dimension to use on z-axis
    spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
    show_NN_network
                    show underlying NN network
    nn_network_to_use
                    type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)
                    name of NN network to use, if show_NN_network = TRUE
   network_name
    nn_network_color
                    color of nn network
   nn_network_alpha
```

column to use for alpha of the edges

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show_cluster_center show the center of each cluster show_center_label provide a label for each cluster center_point_size size of the center point label size size of the center label select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter select subset of cells based on cell IDs select_cells show_other_cells display not selected cells other_cell_color color of not selected cells other_point_size size of not selected cells cell_color color for cells (see details) color_as_factor convert color column to factor cell_color_code named vector with colors dim_point_size size of points in dim. reduction space show_spatial_network show spatial network spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use spatial_network_color color of spatial network spatial_network_alpha alpha of spatial network show_spatial_grid show spatial grid spatial_grid_name name of spatial grid to use spatial_grid_color color of spatial grid $spatial_grid_alpha$ alpha of spatial grid spatial_point_size size of spatial points the way to scale the axis axis_scale customize the scale of the plot custom_ratio set the number of ticks on the x-axis x_ticks y_ticks set the number of ticks on the y-axis set the number of ticks on the z-axis z_ticks legend_text_size

size of legend

spatGenePlot 257

```
show_plot show plot
```

return_plot return ggplot object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

default_save_name

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

plotly

See Also

Other spatial and dimension reduction visualizations: spatDimPlot2D(), spatDimPlot()

Examples

```
spatDimPlot3D(gobject)
```

spatGenePlot

spatGenePlot

Description

Visualize cells and gene expression according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
spatGenePlot(...)
```

Arguments

... Arguments passed on to spatGenePlot2D

gobject giotto object

show_image show a tissue background image

gimage a giotto image

image_name name of a giotto image

sdimx x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimy y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')

expression_values gene expression values to use

genes genes to show

cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data

gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits

show_network show underlying spatial network

258 spatGenePlot

```
network_color color of spatial network
spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use
edge_alpha alpha of edge
show_grid show spatial grid
grid_color color of spatial grid
spatial_grid_name name of spatial grid to use
midpoint expression midpoint
scale_alpha_with_expression scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter
point_shape shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
point_size size of point (cell)
point_alpha transparancy of points
point_border_col color of border around points
point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
background_color color of plot background
vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
vor_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
show_plot show plots
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
    in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
{\tt spatGenePlot3D} \; and \; {\tt spatGenePlot2D}
```

Other spatial gene expression visualizations: spatGenePlot2D(), spatGenePlot3D()

Examples

```
spatGenePlot(gobject)
```

spatGenePlot2D 259

spatGenePlot2D

spatGenePlot2D

Description

Visualize cells and gene expression according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
spatGenePlot2D(
 gobject,
  show_image = F,
 gimage = NULL,
  image_name = "image",
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
 genes,
 cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
 gradient_midpoint = NULL,
 gradient_limits = NULL,
 show_network = F,
 network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  edge_alpha = NULL,
 show\_grid = F,
 grid_color = NULL,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
 midpoint = 0,
  scale_alpha_with_expression = FALSE,
 point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
 point_size = 1,
 point_alpha = 1,
 point_border_col = "black",
 point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_legend = T,
 legend_text = 8,
 background_color = "white",
 vor_border_color = "white",
  vor_alpha = 1,
  vor_max_radius = 200,
 axis_text = 8,
 axis_title = 8,
 cow_n_col = 2,
 cow_rel_h = 1,
 cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  show_plot = NA,
 return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
```

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```
default_save_name = "spatGenePlot2D"
)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

show_image show a tissue background image

gimage a giotto image

image_name name of a giotto image

sdimx x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimy y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')

expression_values

gene expression values to use

genes genes to show

cell_color_gradient

vector with 3 colors for numeric data

gradient_midpoint

midpoint for color gradient

gradient_limits

vector with lower and upper limits

show_network show underlying spatial network

network_color color of spatial network

spatial_network_name

name of spatial network to use

edge_alpha alpha of edge show_grid show spatial grid grid_color color of spatial grid

spatial_grid_name

name of spatial grid to use

midpoint expression midpoint
scale_alpha_with_expression

scale expression with ggplot alpha parameter

point_shape shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)

point_size size of point (cell)

point_alpha transparancy of points

point_border_col

color of border around points

point_border_stroke

stroke size of border around points

show_legend show legend

legend_text size of legend text

background_color

color of plot background

vor_border_color

border colorr for voronoi plot

spatGenePlot3D 261

```
vor_alpha
                  transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
axis_text
                  size of axis text
axis_title
                  size of axis title
                  cowplot param: how many columns
cow_n_col
cow_rel_h
                  cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w
                  cowplot param: relative width
                  cowplot param: how to align
cow_align
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
spatGenePlot3D
```

Other spatial gene expression visualizations: spatGenePlot3D(), spatGenePlot()

Examples

```
spatGenePlot2D(gobject)
```

spatGenePlot3D	spatGenePlot3D
----------------	----------------

Description

Visualize cells and gene expression according to spatial coordinates

262 spatGenePlot3D

Usage

```
spatGenePlot3D(
 gobject,
 expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  show_network = FALSE,
 network_color = NULL,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 edge_alpha = NULL,
 cluster_column = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
 select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
 other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
 other_point_size = 1,
 genes_high_color = NULL,
 genes_mid_color = "white",
 genes_low_color = "blue",
  show_grid = FALSE,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  point_size = 2,
  show_legend = TRUE,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
 custom_ratio = NULL,
 x_ticks = NULL,
 y_ticks = NULL,
 z_ticks = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
 return_plot = NA,
 save_plot = NA,
 save_param = list(),
 default_save_name = "spatGenePlot3D"
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
genes
                  genes to show
                  show underlying spatial network
show_network
network_color
                  color of spatial network
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network to use
edge_alpha
                  alpha of edges
cluster_column cluster column to select groups
select_cell_groups
                  select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
                  select subset of cells based on cell IDs
select_cells
```

spatGenePlot3D 263

```
show_other_cells
                  display not selected cells
other_cell_color
                  color of not selected cells
other_point_size
                  size of not selected cells
genes_high_color
                  color represents high gene expression
genes_mid_color
                  color represents middle gene expression
genes_low_color
                  color represents low gene expression
show_grid
                  show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name
                  name of spatial grid to use
point_size
                  size of point (cell)
show_legend
                  show legend
axis_scale
                  the way to scale the axis
custom_ratio
                  customize the scale of the plot
x_ticks
                  set the number of ticks on the x-axis
y_ticks
                  set the number of ticks on the y-axis
z_ticks
                  set the number of ticks on the z-axis
show_plot
                  show plots
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

Other spatial gene expression visualizations: spatGenePlot2D(), spatGenePlot()

Examples

```
spatGenePlot3D(gobject)
```

264 spatialAEH

spatialAEH

spatialAEH

Description

Compute spatial variable genes with spatialDE method

Usage

```
spatialAEH(
  gobject = NULL,
  SpatialDE_results = NULL,
  name_pattern = "AEH_patterns",
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  pattern_num = 6,
  l = 1.05,
  python_path = NULL,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

Details

This function is a wrapper for the SpatialAEH method implemented in the ...

Value

An updated giotto object

spatialDE 265

spatialDE	spatialDE
Spatiaide	spana.

Description

Compute spatial variable genes with spatialDE method

Usage

```
spatialDE(
  gobject = NULL,
  expression_values = c("raw", "normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  size = c(4, 2, 1),
  color = c("blue", "green", "red"),
  sig_alpha = 0.5,
  unsig_alpha = 0.5,
  python_path = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "SpatialDE"
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  Giotto object
expression_values
                  gene expression values to use
size
                  size of plot
color
                  low/medium/high color scheme for plot
sig_alpha
                  alpha value for significance
unsig_alpha
                  alpha value for unsignificance
                  specify specific path to python if required
python_path
show_plot
                  show plot
                  return ggplot object
return_plot
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Details

This function is a wrapper for the SpatialDE method implemented in the ...

Value

a list of data.frames with results and plot (optional)

266 spatNetwDistributions

```
{\tt spatNetwDistributions} \ \textit{spatNetwDistributionsDistance}
```

Description

This function return histograms displaying the distance distribution for each spatial k-neighbor

Usage

```
spatNetwDistributions(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  distribution = c("distance", "k_neighbors"),
  hist_bins = 30,
  test_distance_limit = NULL,
  ncol = 1,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spatNetwDistributions"
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  Giotto object
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network
distribution
                  show the distribution of cell-to-cell distance or number of k neighbors
hist_bins
                  number of binds to use for the histogram
test_distance_limit
                  effect of different distance threshold on k-neighbors
                  number of columns to visualize the histograms in
ncol
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, alternatively change save_name in save_param
```

Details

The **distance** option shows the spatial distance distribution for each nearest neighbor rank (1st, 2nd, 3th, ... neigbor). With this option the user can also test the effect of a distance limit on the spatial network. This distance limit can be used to remove neigbor cells that are considered to far away. The **k_neighbors** option shows the number of k neighbors distribution over all cells.

Value

```
ggplot plot
```

Examples

```
spatNetwDistributionsDistance(gobject)
```

```
spat {\tt NetwDistributionsDistance} \\ spat {\tt NetwDistributionsDistance}
```

Description

This function return histograms displaying the distance distribution for each spatial k-neighbor

Usage

```
spatNetwDistributionsDistance(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  hist_bins = 30,
  test_distance_limit = NULL,
  ncol = 1,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spatNetwDistributionsDistance")
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  Giotto object
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network
                  number of binds to use for the histogram
hist_bins
test_distance_limit
                  effect of different distance threshold on k-neighbors
ncol
                  number of columns to visualize the histograms in
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, alternatively change save_name in save_param
```

Value

```
ggplot plot
```

Examples

```
spatNetwDistributionsDistance(gobject)
```

```
spat Netw Distributions Kneighbors \\ spat Netw Distributions Kneighbors
```

Description

This function returns a histogram displaying the number of k-neighbors distribution for each cell

Usage

```
spatNetwDistributionsKneighbors(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "spatial_network",
  hist_bins = 30,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spatNetwDistributionsKneighbors")
```

Arguments

```
Giotto object
gobject
spatial_network_name
                  name of spatial network
hist_bins
                  number of binds to use for the histogram
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
save_plot
                  list of saving parameters from all_plots_save_function
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, alternatively change save_name in save_param
```

Value

ggplot plot

Examples

```
spatNetwDistributionsKneighbors(gobject)
```

spatPlot 269

spatPlot spatPlot

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
spatPlot(...)
```

Arguments

Arguments passed on to spatPlot2D gobject giotto object show_image show a tissue background image gimage a giotto image image_name name of a giotto image group_by create multiple plots based on cell annotation column group_by_subset subset the group_by factor column sdimx x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx') sdimy y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy') spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include cell_color color for cells (see details) color_as_factor convert color column to factor cell_color_code named vector with colors cell_color_gradient vector with 3 colors for numeric data gradient_midpoint midpoint for color gradient gradient_limits vector with lower and upper limits select_cell_groups select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter select_cells select subset of cells based on cell IDs point_shape shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi) point_size size of point (cell) point_alpha transparancy of point point_border_col color of border around points point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters show_center_label plot label of selected clusters center_point_size size of center points center_point_border_col border color of center points center_point_border_stroke border stroke size of center points label_size size of labels label_fontface font of labels show_network show underlying spatial network

spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use

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```
network_color color of spatial network
network_alpha alpha of spatial network
show_grid show spatial grid
spatial_grid_name name of spatial grid to use
grid_color color of spatial grid
show_other_cells display not selected cells
other_cell_color color of not selected cells
other_point_size point size of not selected cells
other_cells_alpha alpha of not selected cells
coord_fix_ratio fix ratio between x and y-axis
title title of plot
show_legend show legend
legend_text size of legend text
legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols
background_color color of plot background
vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot
vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells'
vor_alpha transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
axis_text size of axis text
axis_title size of axis title
cow_n_col cowplot param: how many columns
cow_rel_h cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_w cowplot param: relative width
cow_align cowplot param: how to align
show_plot show plot
return_plot return ggplot object
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name
    in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
spatPlot3D
```

Other spatial visualizations: spatPlot2D(), spatPlot3D()

Examples

```
spatPlot(gobject)
```

spatPlot2D 271

spatPlot2D

spatPlot2D

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
spatPlot2D(
 gobject,
  show_image = F,
  gimage = NULL,
  image_name = "image",
 group_by = NULL,
 group_by_subset = NULL,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
 cell_color = NULL,
 color_as_factor = T,
 cell_color_code = NULL,
 cell_color_gradient = c("blue", "white", "red"),
  gradient_midpoint = NULL,
  gradient_limits = NULL,
 select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
 point_shape = c("border", "no_border", "voronoi"),
 point_size = 3,
 point_alpha = 1,
 point_border_col = "black",
  point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  show_cluster_center = F,
  show_center_label = F,
  center_point_size = 4,
  center_point_border_col = "black",
  center_point_border_stroke = 0.1,
  label_size = 4,
 label_fontface = "bold",
  show_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
 network_color = NULL,
 network_alpha = 1,
  show_grid = F,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
 grid_color = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
 other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
 other_point_size = 1,
 other_cells_alpha = 0.1,
  coord_fix_ratio = NULL,
```

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```
title = NULL,
  show_legend = T,
  legend_text = 8,
  legend_symbol_size = 1,
  background_color = "white",
  vor_border_color = "white",
  vor_max_radius = 200,
  vor_alpha = 1,
  axis_text = 8,
  axis_title = 8,
  cow_n_col = 2,
  cow_rel_h = 1,
  cow_rel_w = 1,
  cow_align = "h",
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
 save_param = list(),
 default_save_name = "spatPlot2D"
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
                  show a tissue background image
show_image
                  a giotto image
gimage
                  name of a giotto image
image_name
                  create multiple plots based on cell annotation column
group_by
group_by_subset
                  subset the group_by factor column
                  x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimx
                  y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
sdimy
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
cell_color
                  color for cells (see details)
color_as_factor
                  convert color column to factor
cell_color_code
                  named vector with colors
cell_color_gradient
                  vector with 3 colors for numeric data
gradient_midpoint
                  midpoint for color gradient
gradient_limits
                  vector with lower and upper limits
select_cell_groups
                  select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
select_cells
                  select subset of cells based on cell IDs
                  shape of points (border, no_border or voronoi)
point_shape
point_size
                  size of point (cell)
```

spatPlot2D 273

point_alpha transparancy of point point_border_col color of border around points point_border_stroke stroke size of border around points show_cluster_center plot center of selected clusters show_center_label plot label of selected clusters center_point_size size of center points center_point_border_col border color of center points ${\tt center_point_border_stroke}$ border stroke size of center points label_size size of labels label_fontface font of labels show_network show underlying spatial network spatial_network_name name of spatial network to use color of spatial network network_color alpha of spatial network network_alpha show_grid show spatial grid spatial_grid_name name of spatial grid to use grid_color color of spatial grid show_other_cells display not selected cells other_cell_color color of not selected cells other_point_size point size of not selected cells other_cells_alpha alpha of not selected cells coord_fix_ratio fix ratio between x and y-axis title title of plot show_legend show legend legend_text size of legend text legend_symbol_size size of legend symbols background_color color of plot background vor_border_color border colorr for voronoi plot vor_max_radius maximum radius for voronoi 'cells' 274 spatPlot3D

```
vor_alpha
                  transparancy of voronoi 'cells'
                  size of axis text
axis_text
                  size of axis title
axis_title
cow_n_col
                  cowplot param: how many columns
                  cowplot param: relative height
cow_rel_h
                  cowplot param: relative width
cow_rel_w
                  cowplot param: how to align
cow_align
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
save_plot
                  directly save the plot [boolean]
                  list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
save_param
default_save_name
                  default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Details

Description of parameters.

Value

ggplot

See Also

```
spatPlot3D
```

Other spatial visualizations: spatPlot3D(), spatPlot()

Examples

```
spatPlot2D(gobject)
```

spatPlot3D spatPlot3D

Description

Visualize cells according to spatial coordinates

Usage

```
spatPlot3D(
  gobject,
  sdimx = "sdimx",
  sdimy = "sdimy",
  sdimz = "sdimz",
  spat_enr_names = NULL,
  point_size = 3,
  cell_color = NULL,
```

spatPlot3D 275

```
cell_color_code = NULL,
  select_cell_groups = NULL,
  select_cells = NULL,
  show_other_cells = T,
  other_cell_color = "lightgrey",
  other_point_size = 0.5,
  other_cell_alpha = 0.5,
  show_network = F,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  network_color = NULL,
  network_alpha = 1,
  show\_grid = F,
  spatial_grid_name = "spatial_grid",
  grid_color = NULL,
  grid_alpha = 1,
  title = "",
  show_legend = T,
  axis_scale = c("cube", "real", "custom"),
  custom_ratio = NULL,
  x_ticks = NULL,
  y_ticks = NULL,
  z_ticks = NULL,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "spat3D"
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
sdimx
                  x-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimx')
sdimy
                  y-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
sdimz
                  z-axis dimension name (default = 'sdimy')
spat_enr_names names of spatial enrichment results to include
                  size of point (cell)
point_size
cell_color
                  color for cells (see details)
cell_color_code
                  named vector with colors
select_cell_groups
                  select subset of cells/clusters based on cell_color parameter
                  select subset of cells based on cell IDs
select_cells
show_other_cells
                  display not selected cells
other_cell_color
                  color of not selected cells
other_point_size
                  size of not selected cells
```

276 spatPlot3D

other_cell_alpha

alpha of not selected cells

show_network show underlying spatial network

spatial_network_name

name of spatial network to use

network_color color of spatial network

network_alpha opacity of spatial network

show_grid show spatial grid

spatial_grid_name

name of spatial grid to use

grid_color color of spatial grid grid_alpha opacity of spatial grid

title title of plot show_legend show legend

axis_scale the way to scale the axis

custom_ratio customize the scale of the plot

x_ticks set the number of ticks on the x-axis
y_ticks set the number of ticks on the y-axis
z_ticks set the number of ticks on the z-axis

show_plot show plot

return_plot return ggplot object

save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]

save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters

 ${\tt default_save_name}$

default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param

Value

ggplot

See Also

Other spatial visualizations: spatPlot2D(), spatPlot()

Examples

spatPlot3D(gobject)

```
specific Cell Cell communication Scores\\ specific Cell Cell communication Scores
```

Description

Specific Cell-Cell communication scores based on spatial expression of interacting cells

Usage

```
specificCellCellcommunicationScores(
  gobject,
  spatial_network_name = "Delaunay_network",
  cluster_column = "cell_types",
  random_iter = 100,
  cell_type_1 = "astrocyte",
  cell_type_2 = "endothelial",
  gene_set_1,
  gene_set_2,
  log2FC_addendum = 0.1,
 min_observations = 2,
 detailed = FALSE,
 adjust_method = c("fdr", "bonferroni", "BH", "holm", "hochberg", "hommel", "BY",
    "none"),
  adjust_target = c("genes", "cells"),
  verbose = T
)
```

Arguments

```
giotto object to use
gobject
spatial_network_name
                  spatial network to use for identifying interacting cells
cluster_column cluster column with cell type information
random_iter
                  number of iterations
cell_type_1
                  first cell type
cell_type_2
                  second cell type
                  first specific gene set from gene pairs
gene_set_1
gene_set_2
                  second specific gene set from gene pairs
log2FC_addendum
                  addendum to add when calculating log2FC
min_observations
                  minimum number of interactions needed to be considered
detailed
                  provide more detailed information (random variance and z-score)
                  which method to adjust p-values
adjust_method
                  adjust multiple hypotheses at the cell or gene level
adjust_target
verbose
                  verbose
```

Details

Statistical framework to identify if pairs of genes (such as ligand-receptor combinations) are expressed at higher levels than expected based on a reshuffled null distribution of gene expression values in cells that are spatially in proximity to eachother.

- LR_comb:Pair of ligand and receptor
- lig_cell_type: cell type to assess expression level of ligand
- lig_expr: average expression of ligand in lig_cell_type
- · ligand: ligand name
- rec_cell_type: cell type to assess expression level of receptor
- rec_expr: average expression of receptor in rec_cell_type
- · receptor: receptor name
- LR_expr: combined average ligand and receptor expression
- lig_nr: total number of cells from lig_cell_type that spatially interact with cells from rec_cell_type
- rec_nr: total number of cells from rec_cell_type that spatially interact with cells from lig_cell_type
- rand_expr: average combined ligand and receptor expression from random spatial permutations
- av_diff: average difference between LR_expr and rand_expr over all random spatial permutations
- sd_diff: (optional) standard deviation of the difference between LR_expr and rand_expr over all random spatial permutations
- z_score: (optinal) z-score
- log2fc: log2 fold-change (LR_expr/rand_expr)
- pvalue: p-value
- LR_cell_comb: cell type pair combination
- p.adj: adjusted p-value
- PI: significanc score: log2fc * -log10(p.adj)

Value

Cell-Cell communication scores for gene pairs based on spatial interaction

Examples

 ${\tt specific Cell Cell communication Scores (gobject)}$

stitchFieldCoordinates 279

```
stitchFieldCoordinates
```

stitchFieldCoordinates

Description

Helper function to stitch field coordinates together to form one complete picture

Usage

```
stitchFieldCoordinates(
  location_file,
  offset_file,
  cumulate_offset_x = F,
  cumulate_offset_y = F,
  field_col = "Field of View",
  X_coord_col = "X",
  Y_coord_col = "Y",
  reverse_final_x = F,
  reverse_final_y = T
)
```

Arguments

```
location dataframe with X and Y coordinates
location_file
offset_file
                  dataframe that describes the offset for each field (see details)
cumulate_offset_x
                  (boolean) Do the x-axis offset values need to be cumulated?
cumulate_offset_y
                  (boolean) Do the y-axis offset values need to be cumulated?
                  column that indicates the field within the location_file
field_col
                  column that indicates the x coordinates
X_coord_col
                  column that indicates the x coordinates
Y_coord_col
reverse_final_x
                  (boolean) Do the final x coordinates need to be reversed?
reverse_final_y
                  (boolean) Do the final y coordinates need to be reversed?
```

Details

Stitching of fields:

- 1. have cell locations: at least 3 columns: field, X, Y
- 2. create offset file: offset file has 3 columns: field, x_offset, y_offset
- 3. create new cell location file by stitching original cell locations with stitchFieldCoordinates
- 4. provide new cell location file to createGiottoObject

Value

Updated location dataframe with new X ['X_final'] and Y ['Y_final'] coordinates

280 subClusterCells

```
stitchTileCoordinates stitchTileCoordinates
```

Description

Helper function to stitch tile coordinates together to form one complete picture

Usage

```
stitchTileCoordinates(location_file, Xtilespan, Ytilespan)
```

Arguments

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{location_file} & \mbox{location dataframe with } X \mbox{ and } Y \mbox{ coordinates} \\ \mbox{Xtilespan} & \mbox{numerical value specifying the width of each tile} \\ \mbox{Ytilespan} & \mbox{numerical value specifying the height of each tile} \\ \end{array}$

subClusterCells

subClusterCells

Description

subcluster cells

Usage

```
subClusterCells(
 gobject,
 name = "sub_clus",
 cluster_method = c("leiden", "louvain_community", "louvain_multinet"),
 cluster_column = NULL,
  selected_clusters = NULL,
 hvg_param = list(reverse_log_scale = T, difference_in_cov = 1, expression_values =
    "normalized"),
 hvg_min_perc_cells = 5,
 hvg_mean_expr_det = 1,
 use_all_genes_as_hvg = FALSE,
 min_nr_of_hvg = 5,
 pca_param = list(expression_values = "normalized", scale_unit = T),
 nn_param = list(dimensions_to_use = 1:20),
 k_neighbors = 10,
 resolution = 1,
 n_{iterations} = 1000,
 gamma = 1,
 omega = 1,
 python_path = NULL,
 nn_network_to_use = "sNN",
 network_name = "sNN.pca",
 return_gobject = TRUE,
  verbose = T
)
```

subClusterCells 281

Arguments

gobject giotto object

name name for new clustering result

cluster_method clustering method to use

cluster_column cluster column to subcluster

selected_clusters

only do subclustering on these clusters

hvg_param parameters for calculateHVG

hvg_min_perc_cells

threshold for detection in min percentage of cells

hvg_mean_expr_det

threshold for mean expression level in cells with detection

use_all_genes_as_hvg

forces all genes to be HVG and to be used as input for PCA

min_nr_of_hvg minimum number of HVG, or all genes will be used as input for PCA

pca_param parameters for runPCA

nn_param parameters for parameters for createNearestNetwork

k_neighbors number of k for createNearestNetwork

resolution resolution

n_iterations number of interations to run the Leiden algorithm.

gamma gamma omega omega

python_path specify specific path to python if required

nn_network_to_use

type of NN network to use (kNN vs sNN)

 $network_name$ name of NN network to use

return_gobject boolean: return giotto object (default = TRUE)

verbose verbose

Details

This function performs subclustering on selected clusters. The systematic steps are:

- 1. subset Giotto object
- 2. identify highly variable genes
- 3. run PCA
- 4. create nearest neighbouring network
- 5. do clustering

Value

giotto object with new subclusters appended to cell metadata

See Also

doLouvainCluster_multinet, doLouvainCluster_community and @seealso doLeidenCluster

282 subsetGiottoLocs

Examples

```
subClusterCells(gobject)
```

subsetGiotto

subsetGiotto

Description

subsets Giotto object including previous analyses.

Usage

```
subsetGiotto(gobject, cell_ids = NULL, gene_ids = NULL, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object
cell_ids cell IDs to keep
gene_ids gene IDs to keep
verbose be verbose
```

Value

giotto object

Examples

```
subsetGiotto(gobject)
```

 ${\tt subsetGiottoLocs}$

subsetGiottoLocs

Description

subsets Giotto object based on spatial locations

Usage

```
subsetGiottoLocs(
  gobject,
  x_max = NULL,
  x_min = NULL,
  y_max = NULL,
  y_min = NULL,
  z_max = NULL,
  z_min = NULL,
  return_gobject = T,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

trendSceek 283

Arguments

gobject	giotto object
x_max	maximum x-coordinate
x_min	minimum x-coordinate
y_max	maximum y-coordinate
y_min	minimum y-coordinate
z_max	maximum z-coordinate
z_min	minimum z-coordinate
return_gobject	return Giotto object
verbose	be verbose

Details

if return_gobject = FALSE, then a filtered combined metadata data.table will be returned

Value

giotto object

Examples

```
subsetGiottoLocs(gobject)
```

trendSceek trendSceek

Description

Compute spatial variable genes with trendsceek method

Usage

```
trendSceek(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "raw"),
  subset_genes = NULL,
  nrand = 100,
  ncores = 8,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject Giotto object
expression_values
gene expression values to use
subset_genes subset of genes to run trendsceek on
nrand An integer specifying the number of random resamplings of the mark distribution as to create the null-distribution.
ncores An integer specifying the number of cores to be used by BiocParallel
... Additional parameters to the trendsceek_test function
```

284 updateGiottoImage

Details

This function is a wrapper for the trendsceek_test method implemented in the trendsceek package

Value

data.frame with trendsceek spatial genes results

updateGiottoImage

updateGiottoImage

Description

Updates the boundaries of a giotto image attached to a giotto object

Usage

```
updateGiottoImage(
  gobject,
  image_name,
  xmax_adj = 0,
  xmin_adj = 0,
  ymax_adj = 0,
  ymin_adj = 0,
  return_gobject = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject giotto object
image_name spatial locations

xmax_adj adjustment of the maximum x-value to align the image

xmin_adj adjustment of the minimum x-value to align the image

ymax_adj adjustment of the maximum y-value to align the image

ymin_adj adjustment of the minimum y-value to align the image

return_gobject return a giotto object
```

Value

```
a giotto object or an updated giotto image if return_gobject = F
```

Examples

```
updateGiottoImage(gobject)
```

viewHMRFresults 285

viewHMRFresults

viewHMRFresults

Description

View results from doHMRF.

Usage

```
viewHMRFresults(
  gobject,
  HMRFoutput,
  k = NULL,
  betas_to_view = NULL,
  third_dim = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{HMRF output from doHMRF} \\ \mbox{k} & \mbox{number of HMRF domains} \end{array}$

betas_to_view results from different betas that you want to view

third_dim 3D data (boolean)

... additional paramters (see details)

Value

spatial plots with HMRF domains

See Also

```
spatPlot2D and spatPlot3D
```

viewHMRFresults2D

viewHMRFresults2D

Description

View results from doHMRF.

Usage

```
viewHMRFresults2D(gobject, HMRFoutput, k = NULL, betas_to_view = NULL, ...)
```

286 viewHMRFresults3D

Arguments

gobject giotto object

HMRF output from doHMRF k number of HMRF domains

betas_to_view results from different betas that you want to view

... additional parameters to spatPlot2D()

Value

spatial plots with HMRF domains

See Also

spatPlot2D

viewHMRFresults3D viewHMRFresults3D

Description

View results from doHMRF.

Usage

```
viewHMRFresults3D(gobject, HMRFoutput, k = NULL, betas_to_view = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{HMRF output from doHMRF} \\ \mbox{k} & \mbox{number of HMRF domains} \end{array}$

betas_to_view results from different betas that you want to view

... additional parameters to spatPlot3D()

Value

spatial plots with HMRF domains

See Also

spatPlot3D

violinPlot 287

violinPlot

violinPlot

Description

Creates violinplot for selected clusters

Usage

```
violinPlot(
  gobject,
  expression_values = c("normalized", "scaled", "custom"),
  genes,
  cluster_column,
  cluster_custom_order = NULL,
  color_violin = c("genes", "cluster"),
  cluster_color_code = NULL,
  strip_position = c("top", "right", "left", "bottom"),
  strip\_text = 7,
  axis_text_x_size = 10,
  axis_text_y_size = 6,
  show_plot = NA,
  return_plot = NA,
  save_plot = NA,
  save_param = list(),
  default_save_name = "violinPlot"
)
```

Arguments

```
gobject
                  giotto object
expression_values
                  expression values to use
                  genes to plot
genes
cluster_column name of column to use for clusters
cluster_custom_order
                  custom order of clusters
color_violin
                  color violin according to genes or clusters
cluster_color_code
                  color code for clusters
strip_position position of gene labels
strip_text
                  size of strip text
\verb"axis_text_x_size"
                  size of x-axis text
axis_text_y_size
                  size of y-axis text
show_plot
                  show plot
return_plot
                  return ggplot object
```

288 writeHMRFresults

```
save_plot directly save the plot [boolean]
save_param list of saving parameters, see showSaveParameters
default_save_name
default save name for saving, don't change, change save_name in save_param
```

Value

ggplot

Examples

```
violinPlot(gobject)
```

writeHMRFresults

writeHMRFresults

Description

write results from doHMRF to a data.table.

Usage

```
writeHMRFresults(
  gobject,
  HMRFoutput,
  k = NULL,
  betas_to_view = NULL,
  print_command = F
)
```

Arguments

gobject giotto object

HMRF output from doHMRF

k k to write results for

betas_to_view results from different betas that you want to view

print_command see the python command

Value

data.table with HMRF results for each b and the selected k

Examples

```
{\tt writeHMRFresults(gobject)}
```

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