

Lab1: generating random graphs

ADT for graphs .h

```
typedef struct {int v; int w;} Edge;  
Edge EDGE(int, int);
```

```
typedef struct node *link;  
struct node {int v; link next;};  
link NEW(int v, link next);
```

```
/* Adjacency list representation of a graph */  
typedef struct {int V; int E; link *adj;} *Graph;
```

```
Graph GRAPHinit(int);  
void GRAPHinsertE(Graph, Edge);  
void GRAPHshow(Graph);  
void GRAPHplot(Graph, char *);  
int randV(Graph);  
Graph GRAPHrandE(int, int);  
Graph GRAPHrandp(int, int);
```

ADT for graphs .c

```
Edge EDGE(int v, int w) {
    Edge *eptr = (Edge *) malloc(sizeof(Edge)) ;
```

```
    eptr -> v = v;
    eptr -> w = w;
    return *eptr;
}
```

```
link NEW(int v, link next) {
    link x = (link) malloc(sizeof(*x));
```

```
    x -> v = v;
    x -> next = next;
    return x;
}
```

```
Graph GRAPHinit(int V) {
    int v;
    GraphG = (Graph) malloc(sizeof *G);
```

```
    G -> V = V;
    G -> E = 0;
    G -> adj = (link *) malloc(V * sizeof(link));
    for (v = 0; v < V; v++)
        G -> adj[v] = NULL;
    return G;
}
```

```
void GRAPHinsertE(Graph G, Edge e) {
    int v = e.v;
    int w = e.w;
```

```
    G -> adj[v] = NEW(w, G -> adj[v]);
    G -> adj[w] = NEW(v, G -> adj[w]);
    G -> E++;
}
```

GRAPHrandp

```
Graph GRAPHrandp(int V, int E) {
    int i, j;
    double p = 2.0 * E / (V * (V - 1));
    Graph G = GRAPHinit(V);
```

```
    randini();
    for (i = 0; i < V; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < i; j++)
            if (randlcg(1) < p)
                GRAPHinsertE(G, EDGE(i, j));
    return G;
}
```

Output - I

```
void GRAPHshow(Graph G) {
    int v;
    linkt ;

    printf("%d vertices, %d edges\n", G -> V, G -> E);
    for (v = 0; v < G -> V; v++) {
        printf("%2d:", v);
        for (t = G -> adj[v]; t != NULL; t = t -> next)
            printf(" %2d", t -> v);
        printf("\n");
    }
}
```

Output - II

```
void GRAPHplot(Graph G, char *filename) {
    FILE* ofp;
    int v;
    link t;

    ofp = fopen(filename, "w");
    fprintf(ofp, "%s", "size 12 12\n");
    randini();
    for (v = 0; v < G -> V; v++) {
        fprintf(ofp, "%s%6.1f%6.1f\n", "amove ", rand_unif(2,13), rand_unif(3,13));
        fprintf(ofp, "%s\n", "circle 0.12 fill black");
        fprintf(ofp, "%s%d\n", "save v", v);
    }
    for (v = 0; v < G -> V; v++)
        for (t = G -> adj[v]; t != NULL; t = t -> next)
            fprintf(ofp, "%s%d%s%d%s\n", "join v", v, ".cc - v", t -> v, ".cc");
    fclose(ofp);
}
```

GLE file

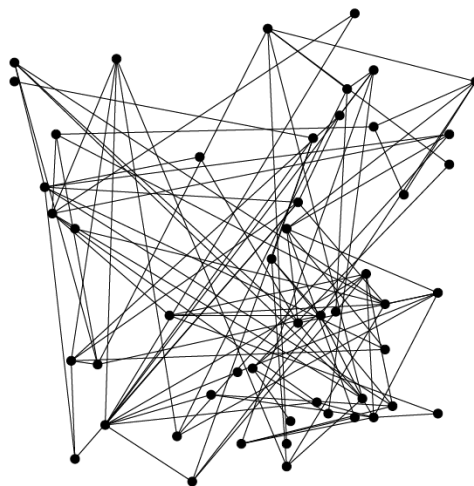
GLE file

```
size 12 12  
amove 7.7 7.1  
circle 0.12 fill black  
save v0  
amove 5.7 2.7  
circle 0.12 fill black  
save v1
```

•
•
•

```
join v0.cc - v49.cc  
join v0.cc - v46.cc  
join v0.cc - v24.cc  
join v0.cc - v21.cc  
join v0.cc - v17.cc
```

Graph drawing



More information

- “Algorithms in C: Part 5 Graph Algorithms,”
Robert Sedgewick, 2002
- <http://glx.sourceforge.net/> (GLE)