

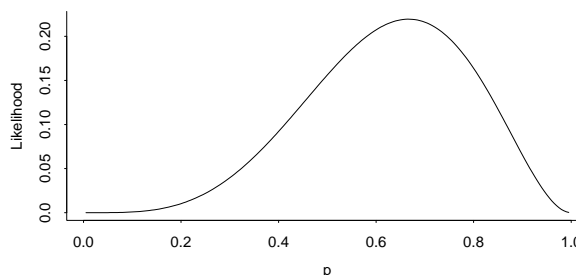
1. Venus is playing tennis. Every time she serves, the serve is successful with probability 0.64. With probability 0.36, the serve is deemed a Fault. Assume all serves are independent of each other.



- (a) Let Y be the number of Faults that Venus makes before she makes a successful serve. State the distribution of Y , with parameters. (2)
- (b) Find $\mathbb{P}(Y = 0)$, $\mathbb{P}(Y = 1)$, and $\mathbb{P}(Y = 2)$. (3)
- (c) If Venus makes two Faults in a row before a successful serve, she loses a point. The probability that Venus does *not* lose a point can be written $\mathbb{P}(Y \text{ ? } 2)$, where the '?' should be replaced by one of the symbols $<$, $>$, $=$, \leq , or \geq . State which symbol should be used instead of the '?'. (2)
- (d) Find the probability that Venus does not lose a point. You should use the answers to both (b) and (c). (2)

2. In tennis, players aim to win 4 points before they lose 3 points, otherwise they reach Deuce and it becomes harder to win the game. Suppose that Venus has probability p of winning each point, and each point is independent of all other points. Let X be the number of points that Venus *loses* before she wins 4 points.

- (a) State the distribution of X , with parameters. (3)
- (b) For a single game, we make the observation that Venus loses 2 points before she wins 4 points. State the observed value of X . (1)
- (c) We wish to estimate the value of p . Write down the likelihood function for this problem, $L(p; x)$, substituting the correct value of x from part (b). Remember to state the range of values of p for which the likelihood is defined. (2)
- (d) By differentiating $L(p; x)$, find the maximum likelihood estimate of p . You should make reference to the graph of the likelihood function, shown below. (4)



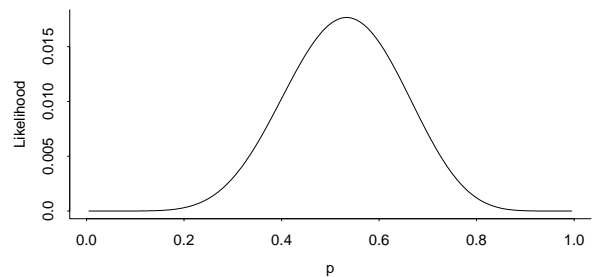
3. Suppose that we make two observations of Venus's X instead of one. For the first observation, Venus loses 2 points before she wins 4 points. For the second observation, Venus loses 5 points before she wins 4 points. Assume that the two observations are independent.

- (a) Think of p as being unknown again. In terms of the unknown value of p , write down an expression for $\mathbb{P}(X_1 = 2, X_2 = 5)$ when X_1 and X_2 are independent and each have the distribution given in part 2(a).

[Hint: remember that $\mathbb{P}(X_1 = x_1, X_2 = x_2) = \mathbb{P}(X_1 = x_1)\mathbb{P}(X_2 = x_2)$ when X_1 and X_2 are independent.] (3)

- (b) We wish to estimate p given these *two* observations. Write down the likelihood function, $L(p; 2, 5)$. Remember to state the range of values of p for which the likelihood is defined. (2)

- (c) By differentiating $L(p; x)$, show that the maximum likelihood estimate of p is now $\hat{p} = \frac{8}{15}$. You should make reference to the graph of the likelihood function, shown below. (4)



- (d) Explain in one sentence why you would expect $\hat{p} = \frac{8}{15}$ to be the correct answer. [Hint: how many points did Venus win in total? How many did she lose in total?] (2)

Total: 30