# Praktikum 2: JSON Encode & Decode MySQL to JSON – JSON to PHP Array/Object

# A. JSON Encode & Decode

### PHP json\_encode() Function

The json\_encode() digunakan untuk menyandikan nilai ke format JSON.

```
Contoh json Object:
<?php
$age = array("Peter"=>35, "Ben"=>37, "Joe"=>43);
echo json_encode($age);
?>

Output:
{"Peter":35,"Ben":37,"Joe":43}

Contoh json Array:
<?php
$cars = array("Volvo", "BMW", "Toyota");
echo json_encode($cars);
?>
```

## PHP json\_decode() Function

The json\_decode() digunakan untuk mendekode atau mengubah objek JSON menjadi objek PHP.

#### Contoh json Object:

["Volvo","BMW","Toyota"]

Output:

```
<?php
$jsonobj = '{"Peter":35,"Ben":37,"Joe":43}';
$obj = json_decode($jsonobj);

// mengakses nilai object
echo $obj->Peter;
echo $obj->Ben;
echo $obj->Joe;
?>
```

# Output: 353743

#### Contoh json Array:

```
<?php
$jsonobj = '{"Peter":35,"Ben":37,"Joe":43}';

$arr = json_decode($jsonobj, true);

// mengakses nilai array
echo $arr["Peter"];
echo $arr["Ben"];
echo $arr["Joe"];
?>

Output:
```

#### <u>Latihan (2.A.1):</u>

353743

- 1. Buat sebuah variabel array, lalu encode ke format JSON.
- 2. Buat sebuah variabel yang berisi json, lalu decode variabel tersebut ke dalam bentuk PHP Object dan PHP Array, kemudian akses nilai pada variabel hasil decode tersebut masingmasing.

# B. MySQL to JSON – JSON to PHP Array/Object

#### <u>Database: json</u> <u>Struktur tabel "wisata"</u>

lama	Jenis 🕢	Panjang/Nilai 🕢
id_wisata	INT	▼ 2
kota	VARCHAR	▼ 10
landmark	VARCHAR	▼ 100
tarif	VARCHAR	▼ 10

id\_wisata = primary\_key

#### isi tabel:

KOTA	LANDMARK	<b>TARIF</b>
SEMARANG	LAWANG SEWU	20000
YOGYAKARTA	PRAMBANAN	35000
MAGELANG	BOROBUDUR	45000
SURAKARTA	PGS	<b>GRATIS</b>

Skrip dibawah ini berfungsi untuk mengambil data dari MySQL tabel lalu di encode ke format JSON.

#### Skrip getWisata.php;

```
<?pnp
$connect = mysqli_connect("localhost", "root", "json");
$sql = "SELECT * FROM wisata";
$result = mysqli_query($connect, $sql);
$json_array = array();
while($row = mysqli_fetch_assoc($result))
{
    $json_array[] = $row;
}
echo json_encode($json_array);
?>
```

#### Output:

```
[{"id_wisata":"1","kota":"SEMARANG","landmark":"LAWANG SEWU","tarif":"20000"}, {"id_wisata":"2","kota":"YOGYAKARTA","landmark":"PRAMBANAN","tarif":"35000"}, {"id_wisata":"3","kota":"MAGELANG","landmark":"BOROBUDUR","tarif":"45000"}, {"id_wisata":"4","kota":"SURAKARTA","landmark":"PGS","tarif":"GRATIS"}]
```

Skrip dibawah ini berfungsi untuk mengambil data JSON lalu di decode ke format PHP Object/Array menggunakan fungsi curl.

```
Skrip tampilWisata.php:
<?php
function curl($url){
  $ch = curl_init();
  curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_URL, $url);
  curl_setopt($ch, CURLOPT_RETURNTRANSFER, 1);
  $output = curl_exec($ch);
  curl_close($ch);
  return $output;
}
// alamat localhost untuk file getWisata.php, ambil hasil export JSON
$send = curl("http://localhost/json/getWisata.php");
// mengubah JSON menjadi array
$data = ison decode($send, TRUE);
foreach($data as $row){
 echo $row["id_wisata"]."<br/>";
 echo $row["kota"]."<br/>";
echo $row["landmark"]."<br/>";
 echo $row["tarif"]."<br/><hr/>";
?>
Output:
  1
 SEMARANG
 LAWANG SEWU
 20000
 YOGYAKARTA
 PRAMBANAN
 35000
 3
 MAGELANG
```

BOROBUDUR

SURAKARTA

45000

PGS GRATIS

## <u> Latihan (2.A.2):</u>

Hasil decode data JSON diatas tampilkan ke dalam bentuk HTML Tabel seperti berikut:

КОТА	LANDMARK	TARIF
SEMARANG	LAWANG SEWU	20000
YOGYAKARTA	PRAMBANAN	35000
MAGELANG	BOROBUDUR	45000
SURAKARTA	PGS	GRATIS