

Deep Neuronal Filter

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Chapter 1

Deep Neuronal Filter (DNF)

A noise reduction filter using deep networks in autoencoder configuration.

Chapter 2

Hierarchical Index

2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

DelayLine	9
DNF	9
torch::nn::Module	
DNF::Net	12

Chapter 3

Class Index

3.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

DelayLine	9
DNF		
Main Deep Neuronal Network main class	9
DNF::Net	12

Chapter 4

File Index

4.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

dnf.h	15
---------------------------------	----

Chapter 5

Class Documentation

5.1 DelayLine Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- void **init** (size_t delaySamples)
- float **process** (float input)
- float **get** (int i) const
- float **getNewest** () const

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- dnf.h

5.2 DNF Class Reference

Main Deep Neuronal Network main class.

```
#include <dnf.h>
```

Classes

- struct [Net](#)

Public Types

- enum [ActMethod](#) { **Act_Sigmoid** = 1 , **Act_Tanh** = 2 , **Act_ReLU** = 3 , **Act_NONE** = 0 }
- Options for activation functions of all neurons in the network.*

Public Member Functions

- **DNF** (const int nLayers, const int nTaps, const float samplingrate, const [ActMethod](#) am=Act_Tanh, const bool tryGPU=false)
Constructor which sets up the delay lines, network layers and also calculates the number of neurons per layer so that the final layer always just has one neuron.
- void **setLearningRate** (float mu)
- float **filter** (const float signal, const float noise)
Realtime sample by sample filtering operation.
- int **getSignalDelaySteps** () const
Returns the length of the delay line which delays the signal polluted with noise.
- float **getDelayedSignal** () const
Returns the delayed with noise polluted signal by the delay indicated by [getSignalDelaySteps\(\)](#).
- float **getRemover** () const
Returns the remover signal.
- float **getOutput** () const
Returns the output of the [DNF](#): the the noise free signal.
- **~DNF** ()
Frees the memory used by the [DNF](#).
- std::vector< float > **getLayerWeightDistances** () const
Gets the weight distances per layer.
- float **getWeightDistance** () const
Gets the overall weight distance.

5.2.1 Detailed Description

Main Deep Neuronal Network main class.

It's designed to be as simple as possible with only a few parameters as possible.

5.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.2.2.1 DNF()

```
DNF::DNF (
    const int nLayers,
    const int nTaps,
    const float samplingrate,
    const ActMethod am = Act_Tanh,
    const bool tryGPU = false ) [inline]
```

Constructor which sets up the delay lines, network layers and also calculates the number of neurons per layer so that the final layer always just has one neuron.

Parameters

<i>nLayers</i>	Number of layers
<i>nTaps</i>	Number of taps for the delay line feeding into the 1st layer
<i>samplingrate</i>	Sampling rate of the signals used in Hz.
<i>am</i>	The activation function for the neurons. Default is tanh.
<i>tryGPU</i>	Tries to do the learning on the GPU.

5.2.3 Member Function Documentation

5.2.3.1 filter()

```
float DNF::filter (
    const float signal,
    const float noise )
```

Realtime sample by sample filtering operation.

Parameters

<i>signal</i>	The signal contaminated with noise. Should be less than one.
<i>noise</i>	The reference noise. Should be less than one.

Returns

The filtered signal where the noise has been removed by the [DNF](#).

5.2.3.2 getDelayedSignal()

```
float DNF::getDelayedSignal ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the delayed with noise polluted signal by the delay indicated by [getSignalDelaySteps\(\)](#).

Returns

The delayed noise polluted signal sample.

5.2.3.3 getOutput()

```
float DNF::getOutput ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the output of the [DNF](#): the the noise free signal.

Returns

The current output of the [DNF](#) which is identical to [filter\(\)](#).

5.2.3.4 getRemover()

```
float DNF::getRemover ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the remover signal.

Returns

The current remover signal sample.

5.2.3.5 getSignalDelaySteps()

```
int DNF::getSignalDelaySteps ( ) const [inline]
```

Returns the length of the delay line which delays the signal polluted with noise.

Returns

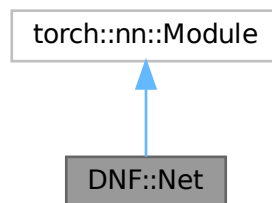
Number of delay steps in samples.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

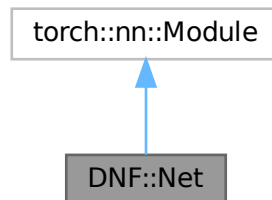
- dnf.h

5.3 DNF::Net Struct Reference

Inheritance diagram for DNF::Net:



Collaboration diagram for DNF::Net:



Public Member Functions

- **Net** (int nLayers, int nInput, bool withBias=false)
- torch::Tensor **forward** (torch::Tensor x, [ActMethod](#) am)

Public Attributes

- `std::vector< torch::nn::Linear > fc`

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- `dnf.h`

Chapter 6

File Documentation

6.1 dnf.h

```
00001
00007 #ifndef _DNF_H
00008 #define _DNF_H
00009
00010 #include <stdio.h>
00011 #include <stdlib.h>
00012 #include <math.h>
00013 #include <assert.h>
00014 #include <torch/torch.h>
00015 #include <thread>
00016 #include <iostream>
00017 #include <deque>
00018
00019 #ifdef NDEBUG
00020 const bool debugOutput = false;
00021 #else
00022 const bool debugOutput = true;
00023 #endif
00024
00025 class DelayLine {
00026 public:
00027     void init(size_t delaySamples)
00028     {
00029         delaySamples_ = delaySamples;
00030         buffer_ = std::deque<float>(delaySamples_, 0.0f);
00031     }
00032
00033     float process(float input) {
00034         // Output is the oldest value (front of deque)
00035         float output = buffer_.front();
00036         buffer_.pop_front();
00037
00038         // Push new input to the back
00039         buffer_.push_back(input);
00040
00041         return output;
00042     }
00043
00044     float get(int i) const {
00045         return buffer_[i];
00046     }
00047
00048     float getNewest() const {
00049         return buffer_.back();
00050     }
00051
00052 private:
00053     size_t delaySamples_ = 0;
00054     std::deque<float> buffer_;
00055 };
00056
00057
00063 class DNF {
00064 public:
00065
00069     enum ActMethod {Act_Sigmoid = 1, Act_Tanh = 2, Act_ReLU = 3, Act_NONE = 0};
00070
00071     struct Net : public torch::nn::Module {
```

```

00072     std::vector<torch::nn::Linear> fc;
00073
00074     Net(int nLayers, int nInput, bool withBias = false) {
00075         // calc an exp reduction of the numbers always reaching 1
00076         const float b = (float)exp(log(nInput)/(nLayers-1));
00077         int inputNeurons = nInput;
00078         for(int i=1;i<nLayers;i++) {
00079             int outputNeurons = (int)ceil(nInput / pow(b,i));
00080             if (i == (nLayers-1)) outputNeurons = 1;
00081             char tmp[256];
00082             sprintf(tmp, "fc%d_%d_%d", i, inputNeurons, outputNeurons);
00083             if (debugOutput)
00084                 fprintf(stderr, "Creating FC layer: %s\n", tmp);
00085             torch::nn::Linear ll = register_module(
00086                 tmp,
00087                 torch::nn::Linear(torch::nn::LinearOptions(inputNeurons, outputNeurons).bias(withBias))
00088             );
00089             torch::nn::init::xavier_uniform_(ll->weight, xavierGain);
00090             if (withBias) torch::nn::init::constant_(ll->bias, 0.0);
00091             fc.push_back(ll);
00092             if (1 == outputNeurons) break;
00093             inputNeurons = outputNeurons;
00094         }
00095     }
00096
00097     torch::Tensor forward(torch::Tensor x, ActMethod am) {
00098         for(auto& f:fc) {
00099             switch (am) {
00100             default:
00101                 case Act_Tanh:
00102                     x = torch::atan(f->forward(x));
00103                     break;
00104                 case Act_Sigmoid:
00105                     x = torch::sigmoid(f->forward(x));
00106                     break;
00107                 case Act_ReLU:
00108                     x = torch::relu(f->forward(x));
00109                     break;
00110                 case Act_NONE:
00111                     x = f->forward(x);
00112                     break;
00113             }
00114         }
00115         return x;
00116     }
00117
00118 };
00119
00130     DNF(const int nLayers,
00131         const int nTaps,
00132         const float samplingrate,
00133         const ActMethod am = Act_Tanh,
00134         const bool tryGPU = false
00135     ) : noiseDelayLineLength(nTaps),
00136         signalDelayLineLength(noiseDelayLineLength / 2),
00137         fs(samplingrate),
00138         actMethod(am)
00139     {
00140
00141         signal_delayLine.init(signalDelayLineLength);
00142         noise_delayLine.init(noiseDelayLineLength);
00143
00144         torch::manual_seed(42);
00145
00146         torch::DeviceType device_type;
00147         if (tryGPU && torch::cuda::is_available()) {
00148             std::cout << "CUDA available. Training on GPU." << std::endl;
00149             device_type = torch::kCUDA;
00150             device = torch::Device(device_type);
00151         }
00152
00153         model = new Net(nLayers, nTaps);
00154         model->to(device);
00155         model->train();
00156
00157         optimizer = new torch::optim::SGD(model->parameters(), 0);
00158         saveInitialParameters();
00159     }
00160
00161     void setLearningRate(float mu) {
00162         for (auto& group : optimizer->param_groups()) {
00163             static_cast<torch::optim::SGDOptions&>(group.options()).lr(mu);
00164         }
00165     }
00166
00173     float filter(const float signal, const float noise);
00174

```

```

00180     inline int getSignalDelaySteps() const {
00181         return signalDelayLineLength;
00182     }
00183
00184     inline float getDelayedSignal() const {
00185         return signal_delayLine.get(0);
00186     }
00187
00188     inline float getRemover() const {
00189         return remover;
00190     }
00191
00192     inline float getOutput() const {
00193         return f_nn;
00194     }
00195
00196     ~DNF() {
00197         delete optimizer;
00198         delete model;
00199     }
00200
00201     std::vector<float> getLayerWeightDistances() const {
00202         return computeLayerDistances();
00203     }
00204
00205     float getWeightDistance() const {
00206         auto dists = computeLayerDistances();
00207         float dsum = 0;
00208         for(const auto& dlayer : dists) {
00209             dsum = dsum + dlayer;
00210         }
00211         return dsum;
00212     }
00213
00214 private:
00215     void saveInitialParameters() {
00216         for (const auto& p : model->parameters()) {
00217             initialParameters.push_back(p.detach().clone());
00218         }
00219     }
00220
00221     std::vector<float> computeLayerDistances() const {
00222         std::vector<float> distances;
00223         int i = 0;
00224         for (const auto& p : model->parameters()) {
00225             torch::Tensor diff = (p - initialParameters[i]).view(-1);
00226             torch::Tensor dist = torch::norm(diff, 2);
00227             distances.push_back(dist.item<float>());
00228             i++;
00229         }
00230         return distances;
00231     }
00232
00233     Net* model = nullptr;
00234     torch::optim::SGD* optimizer = nullptr;
00235     std::vector<torch::Tensor> initialParameters;
00236     const int noiseDelayLineLength;
00237     const int signalDelayLineLength;
00238     const float fs;
00239     const ActMethod actMethod;
00240     DelayLine signal_delayLine;
00241     DelayLine noise_delayLine;
00242     float remover = 0;
00243     float f_nn = 0;
00244     static constexpr double xavierGain = 0.01;
00245     torch::Device device = torch::kCPU;
00246 };
00247
00248 #endif

```


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