## **Tutorial 5 Memo**

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```
rm(list=ls())
# Install required packages if needed
library(AER)
library(e1071)
# 1. Load and preview the dataset
data("Affairs")
head(Affairs)
      affairs gender age yearsmarried children religiousness education
##
occupation
## 4
            0
                male 37
                                10.00
                                                            3
                                                                     18
                                            no
7
## 5
            0 female
                     27
                                 4.00
                                            no
                                                                     14
6
## 11
            0 female 32
                                15.00
                                                                     12
                                           yes
1
## 16
            0
                male 57
                                                            5
                                                                     18
                                15.00
                                           yes
6
## 23
            0
                male 22
                                 0.75
                                                            2
                                                                     17
                                            no
6
## 29
            0 female 32
                                 1.50
                                            no
                                                            2
                                                                     17
5
##
      rating
## 4
           4
## 5
           4
## 11
           4
           5
## 16
## 23
           3
           5
## 29
# 2. Create binary response variable
Affairs$had affair <- as.factor(ifelse(Affairs$affairs > 0, 1, 0))
data = Affairs[,-1]
str(data)
## 'data.frame':
                    601 obs. of 9 variables:
## $ gender
                   : Factor w/ 2 levels "female", "male": 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 2
. . .
                   : num 37 27 32 57 22 32 22 57 32 22 ...
## $ age
## $ yearsmarried : num 10 4 15 15 0.75 1.5 0.75 15 15 1.5 ...
## $ children
                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "no", "yes": 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 ...
## $ religiousness: int 3 4 1 5 2 2 2 2 4 4 ...
## $ education : num 18 14 12 18 17 17 12 14 16 14 ...
```

```
## $ occupation : int 7 6 1 6 6 5 1 4 1 4 ...
## $ rating : int 4 4 4 5 3 5 3 4 2 5 ...
## $ had_affair : Factor w/ 2 levels "0","1": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
# 3. Manual train-test split (70/30)
set.seed(100)
n <- nrow(data)</pre>
train index <- sample(1:n, size = 0.7 * n)</pre>
train_data <- data[train_index, ]</pre>
test_data <- data[-train_index, ]</pre>
# 4. Train SVM model with linear kernel
svm_model <- svm(had_affair ~ .,</pre>
                  data = train_data, kernel = "linear", scale = TRUE,
probability = TRUE)
# 5. Predict on test data
pred_test <- predict(svm_model, newdata = test_data)</pre>
# 6. Calculate training error
training_error <- mean(pred_test != test_data$had_affair)</pre>
print(training_error)
## [1] 0.2099448
```

**Conclusion**: The model has approximately 21% error rate on prediction with unseen data indicating a moderately good model.