# **ChannelFinder – Enhanced Directory Service API Description**

prepared by: Ralph Lange for ChannelFinder V1.0 (16 Nov 10)

## **Directory Data Structure**

The directory contains directory entries.

Each directory entry consists of a *channel name*, an arbitrary set of *properties* (name-value pairs), and an arbitrary set of *tags* (names).

Each of these elements has an *owner* group, which can be set by the user that created the element.

All names and values are strings.

Tags and property names are case insensitive when used in pattern matching, the capitalization used when adding a tag or property for the first time is enforced in all later operations. Channel names are always case sensitive. Owner (group) names are always case insensitive, they are forced to lower case in all write operations.

# **Service Type**

The ChannelFinder service is implemented as a REST style web service, which – in this context – means:

- The URL specifies the data element that the operation works upon.
- The HTTP method specifies the type of operation.
  - GET: retrieve or query, does not modify data
  - PUT: create or update, replacing the addressed element
  - POST: create or update subordinates of the addressed element
  - DELETE: delete the addressed element
  - All operations are idempotent, i.e. when repeatedly applying the identical operation, only the first execution will change the database.
- The payload (HTTP body) always contains a representation of data.
- See <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Representational">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Representational</a> State Transfer for a detailed discussion.

Directory data can be uploaded and retrieved in XML or JSON notation, the client specifies the type using standard HTTP headers ("Content-Type", "Accepts").

# **Ownership Restrictions**

All channels, properties, and tags have an owner. The owner is intended to be the name of a group, the service can find out membership through LDAP. Users can only set the ownership of entries to a group they belong to. (Unless they have Admin role.)

This allows to bind each property or tags to a certain user group, making sure only users of that group can change property values, the ownership of existing properties and tags, or delete properties and tags.

## Authorization, Authentication, and Encryption

No authentication or encryption is required to query the service.

All methods that are modifying the directory require authentication and proper authorization to succeed. To avoid compromising authentication data, encrypted transport is required for these operations. Standard framework-supplied web server techniques are used.

For each authenticated user an additional directory request is made (implemented through LDAP) to query the user's group memberships.

The service's web descriptor defines four roles that are used in authorization, listed here ordered by decreasing rights. Each level includes all prior levels.

- Administrator: Overrides all ownership restrictions.
- ChannelMod: Needed for all operations that create, modify, or delete channels.
- PropertyMod: Needed for all operations that create, modify, or delete properties, or to modify property values.
- TagMod: Needed for all operations that create, modify, or delete tags.

## **XML Representation**

Table 1 and Table 2 show the XML and JSON representations of directory entries, i.e. the payload format of the web service transactions.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?>
<channels>
  <channel name="SR:C01-MG:G02A&lt;QDP:H2&qt;Fld:SP" owner="irmis">
    cproperties>
      cproperty name="domain" value="storage ring" owner="irmis"/>
      cproperty name="cell" value="01" owner="irmis"/>
      cproperty name="element" value="quadrupole" owner="irmis"/>
      cproperty name="unit" value="field" owner="irmis"/>
      cproperty name="type" value="setpoint" owner="irmis"/>
    </properties>
    <tags>
      <tag name="Joes-Quaps" owner="operator"/>
      <tag name="archived" owner="irmis"/>
    </tags>
  </channel>
  <channel name="SR:C01-MG:G02A&lt;QDP:H2&qt;Fld:RB" owner="irmis">
  </channel>
</channels>
```

*Table 1: XML Representation of Directory Data (Channels)* 

Table 2: JSON Representation of Directory Data (Channels)

Payload data for properties and tags is the same as when part of a channel. Property and tag payloads may embed a <channels> list. This allows the operation that creates a tag to also attach the tag to a set of channels, and the operation that creates a property to set the property on the embedded list of channels. In the latter case the property's by-instance values are taken from the matching property> item inside the property's channel list.

## **Web Service URLs and Operations**

All shown URLs are relative to the service's base URL, which is configured in the application server.

## **Bulk Channel Operations**

## **List Channels / Query by Pattern**

```
.../channels?prop1=patt1&prop2=patt2&~tag=patt3&~name=patt4...
```

Method: GET Returns: List of Channels Required Role: None

Return the list of channels which match all given expressions, i.e. the expressions are combined in a logical AND.

There are three types of expressions:

- 1. Value wildcards: <name>=<pattern>
  True if a channel has a property with the given *name*, and its value matches the given *pattern*.
  Multiple expressions for the same property name are combined in a logical OR.
- 2. Tag name wildcards: ~tag=<pattern>
  True if a channel has a tag or property whose name matches the given *pattern*.
- 3. Channel name wildcards: ~name=<pattern>
  True if a channel name matches the given *pattern*.

Special keywords, e.g. "~tag" and "~name" for tag and channel name matches, have to start with the tilde character, else they are treated as property names in a value wildcard expression.

The patterns may contain file glob wildcard characters, i.e. "?" for a single character and "\*" for any

number of characters.

If called without URL parameters, the operation lists all channels in the directory.

#### Examples:

```
.../channels?domain=storage+ring&element=*+corrector&type=readback
```

Returns a list of all readback channels for storage ring correctors.

```
.../channels?cell=14&type=setpoint&~tag=archived
```

Returns a list of all archived setpoint channels in cell 14.

```
.../channels?~name=SR:C01-MG:G02A%3CQDP:H2%3EFld:*
```

Returns a list of all channels whose names start with "SR:C01-MG:G02A<QDP:H2>Fld:". Note that a number of special characters need to be escaped in URL expressions – in most cases the browser or API library will do the escaping.

## **Add Multiple Channels**

```
.../channels
```

Method: POST Payload: List of Channels Required Role: ChannelMod

Add the channels in the payload to the directory. Existing channels are replaced by the payload data. For all channels that are to be replaced or added, the authenticated user is required to be a member of their owner group. (Administrator role overrides this restriction.)

## Single Channel Operations

#### **Retrieve a Channel**

```
.../channels/<name>
```

Method: GET Returns: Single Channel Required Role: None

Return the full listing of a single channel with the given *name*.

## **Create/Update a Channel**

```
.../channels/<name>
```

Method: PUT Payload: Single Channel Required Role: ChannelMod

Create or completely replace the existing channel *name* with the payload data. If the channel exists, the authenticated user is required to be a member of its owner group. (Administrator role overrides this restriction.)

## Add/Update Properties and Tags of a Channel

.../channels/<name>

Method: POST Payload: Single Channel Required Role: ChannelMod

Add or update properties and tags of the existing channel *name* with the payload data. If the payload channel's name or owner are different from the current values, the database name/owner are changed.

The authenticated user must be a member of the group that owns the channel. If the operation changes the ownership, the user must belong to both the old and the new group. (Administrator role overrides these restrictions.)

#### **Delete a Channel**

.../channels/<name>

Method: DELETE Required Role: ChannelMod

Delete the existing channel *name* and all its properties and tags.

The authenticated user must be a member of the group that owns the channel to be deleted. (Administrator role overrides this restriction.)

## **Bulk Property Operations**

### **List Properties**

.../properties

Method: GET Returns: List of Properties Required Role: None

Return the list of all properties in the directory.

## **Add Multiple Properties**

.../properties

Method: POST Payload: List of Properties Required Role: PropertyMod

Add the properties in the payload to the directory. If a payload property contains an embedded <channels> list, the property is added to all channels in that list. In this case, the value for each property instance is taken from the property definition inside the channel in the embedded channel list. Existing property values are replaced by the payload data.

For all properties that are to be replaced or added, the authenticated user is required to be a member of their owner group. (Administrator role overrides this restriction.)

## Single Property Operations

## **Retrieve a Property**

.../properties/<name>

Method: GET Returns: Single Property Required Role: None

Return the property with the given *name*, listing all channels with that property in an embedded <channels> structure.

### **Create/Update a Property**

.../properties/<name>

Method: PUT Payload: Single Property Required Role: PropertyMod

Create or completely replace the existing property *name* with the payload data. If the payload contains an embedded <channels> list, the property is added to all channels in that list. In this case, the value for each property instance is taken from the property definition inside the channel in the embedded channel list. The property is set exclusively on all channels in the payload data, removing it from all channels that are not included in the payload.

The authenticated user must belong to the group that owns the property. (Administrator role overrides this restriction.)

## **Add Property to Multiple Channels**

.../properties/<name>

Method: POST Payload: Single Property Required Role: PropertyMod

Add property with the given *name* to all channels in the payload data. If the payload contains an embedded <channels > list, the property is added to all channels in that list. In this case, the value for each property instance is taken from the property definition inside the channel in the embedded channel list. If the payload property name or owner are different from the current values, the database name/owner are changed.

The authenticated user must belong to the group that owns the property. If the operation changes the ownership, the user must belong to both the old and the new group. (Administrator role overrides these restrictions.)

## **Remove Property**

.../properties/<name>

Method: DELETE Required Role: PropertyMod

Remove property with the given *name* from all channels.

The authenticated user must belong to the group that owns the property. (Administrator role overrides this restriction.)

## Single Property-On-Channel Operations

# **Add Property to Single Channel**

.../properties/<property\_name>/<channel\_name>

Method: PUT Payload: Single Property Required Role: PropertyMod

Add property with the given *property\_name* to the channel with the given *channel\_name*.

The authenticated user must belong to the group that owns the property. (Administrator role overrides this restriction.)

## **Remove Property from Single Channel**

.../properties/<property name>/<channel name>

Method: DELETE Required Role: PropertyMod

Remove property with the given *property\_name* from the channel with the given *channel\_name*.

The authenticated user must belong to the group that owns the property to be removed. (Administrator role overrides this restriction.)

## **Bulk Tag Operations**

### **List Tags**

.../tags

Method: GET Returns: List of Tags Required Role: None

Return the list of all tags in the directory.

## **Add Multiple Tags**

.../tags

Method: POST Payload: List of Tags Required Role: TagMod

Add the tags in the payload to the directory. If a payload tag contains an embedded <channels> list, the tag is added to all channels in that list. Existing tags are replaced by the payload data.

For all tags that are to be replaced or added, the authenticated user is required to be a member of their owner group. (Administrator role overrides this restriction.)

## Single Tag Operations

## Retrieve a Tag

.../tags/<name>

Method: GET Returns: Single Tag Required Role: None

Return the tag with the given *name*, listing all tagged channels in an embedded <channels> structure.

## Create/Update a Tag

.../tags/<name>

Method: PUT Payload: Single Tag Required Role: TagMod

Create or completely replace the existing tag *name* with the payload data. If the payload contains an embedded <channels> list, the tag is added to all channels in that list. The tag is set exclusively on all channels in the payload data, removing it from all channels that are not included in the payload.

The authenticated user must belong to the group that owns the tag. (Administrator role overrides this restriction.)

### **Add Tag to Multiple Channels**

.../tags/<name>

Method: POST Payload: Single Tag Required Role: TagMod

Add tag with the given *name* to all channels in the payload data. If the payload contains an embedded <channels> list, the tag is added to all channels in that list. If the payload tag name or owner are different from the current values, the database name/owner are changed.

The authenticated user must belong to the group that owns the tag. If the operation changes the ownership, the user must belong to both the old and the new group. (Administrator role overrides these restrictions.)

### **Remove Tag**

.../tags/<name>

Method: DELETE Required Role: TagMod

Remove tag with the given *name* from all channels.

The authenticated user must belong to the group that owns the tag. (Administrator role overrides this restriction.)

## Single Tag-On-Channel Operations

## **Add Tag to Single Channel**

.../tags/<tag\_name>/<channel\_name>

Method: PUT Payload: Single Tag Required Role: TagMod

Add tag with the given tag name to the channel with the given channel name.

The authenticated user must belong to the group that owns the tag. (Administrator role overrides this restriction.)

## **Remove Tag from Single Channel**

.../tags/<tag\_name>/<channel\_name>

Method: DELETE Required Role: TagMod

Remove tag with the given tag name from the channel with the given channel name.

The authenticated user must belong to the group that owns the tag to be removed. (Administrator role overrides this restriction.)

## **Overview of Operations**

Table 3 shows a tabular overview of the ChannelFinder operations.

/channels	els		/properties	rties		/tags		
GET	query	query channels	GET	list	list all properties	GET	list	list all tags
POST	add	add many channels	POST	add	add many properties	POST	add	add many tags
/channels/ <chan></chan>	els/ <ch< td=""><td>an&gt;</td><td>/properties/<prop></prop></td><td>rties/&lt;</td><td>(prop&gt;</td><td>/tags/<tag></tag></td><td><tag></tag></td><td></td></ch<>	an>	/properties/ <prop></prop>	rties/<	(prop>	/tags/ <tag></tag>	<tag></tag>	
GET	read	read one channel	GET	read	read one property	GET	read	read one tag
PUT	create	create/replace one channel	PUT	create	create/replace one property	PUT	create	create/replace one tag
POST	update	update one channel, POST set name/owner	POST	update	update one property, set name/owner	POST	update	<i>update</i> update one tag, set name/owner
DELETE	remove	remove a channel	DELETE	remove	remove remove a property from all channels	DELETE	remove	remove remove a tag from all channels
			/prope	rties/<	/properties/ <prop>/<chan></chan></prop>	/tags/ <tag>/<chan></chan></tag>	<tag>/</tag>	<chan></chan>
			PUT	add	add a property to one channel	PUT	add	add a tag to one channel
			DELETE	remove	remove a property from one channel	DELETE	remove	remove remove a tag from one channel
requires Cl	ıannelMoa	requires ChannelMod role (except GET)	requires Pr	opertyMo	requires PropertyMod role (except GET)	requires '	lagMod r	requires TagMod role (except GET)