

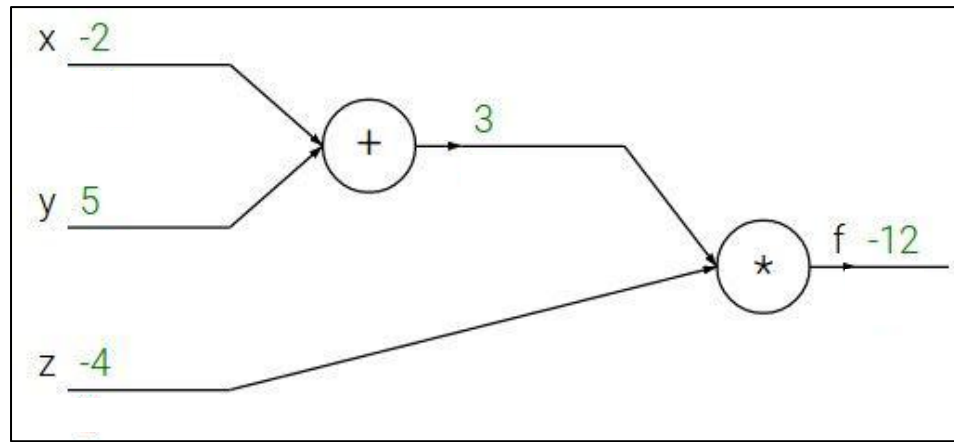
# Backpropagation Examples

Original Slide Credits: Andrej Karpathy

Modified by Amit Roy-Chowdhury

$$f(x, y, z) = (x + y)z$$

e.g.  $x = -2, y = 5, z = -4$



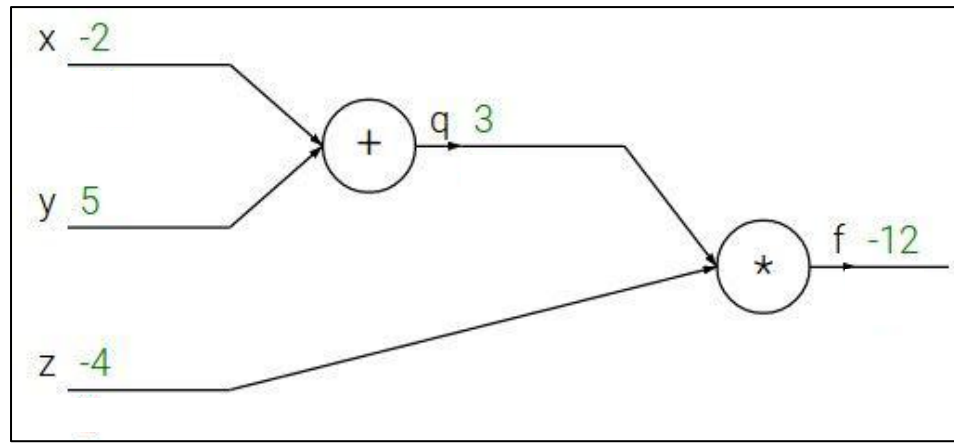
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Want:  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z}$



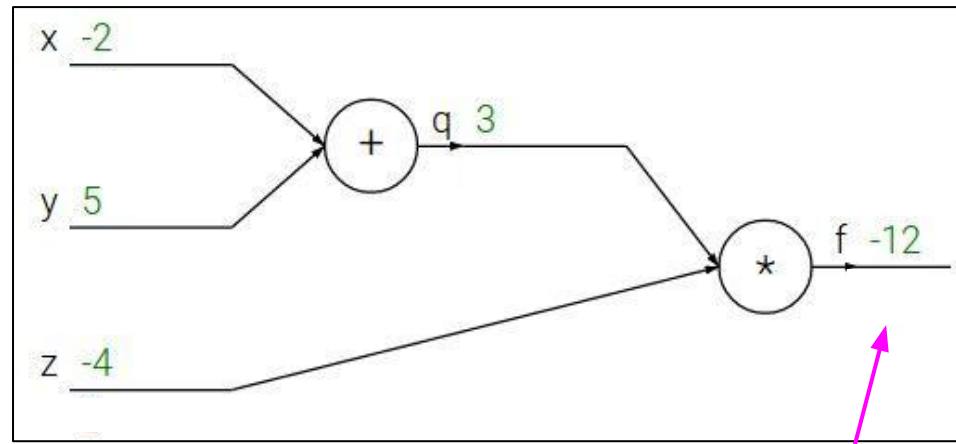
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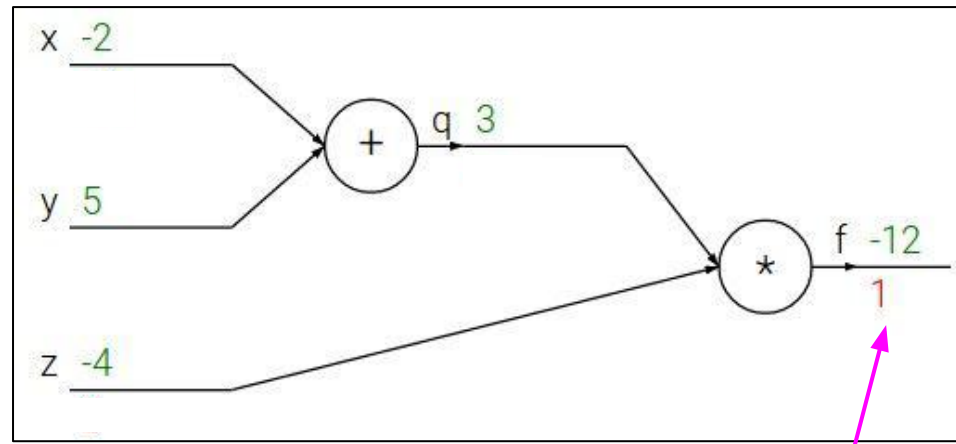
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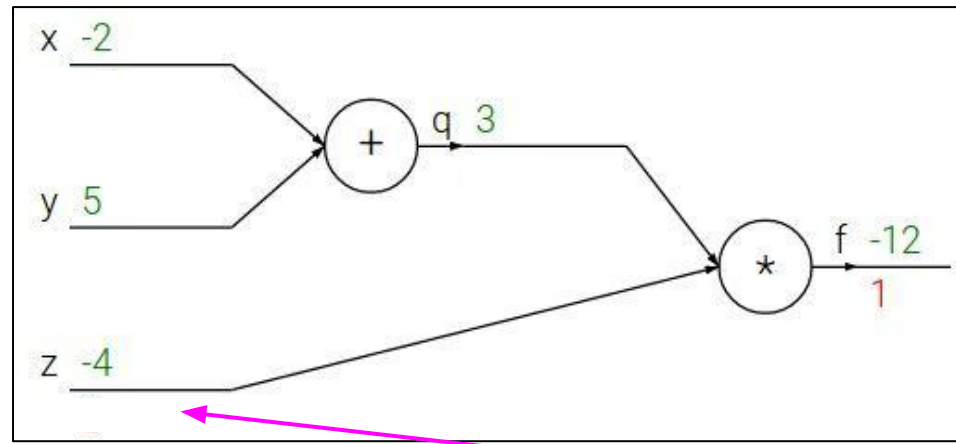
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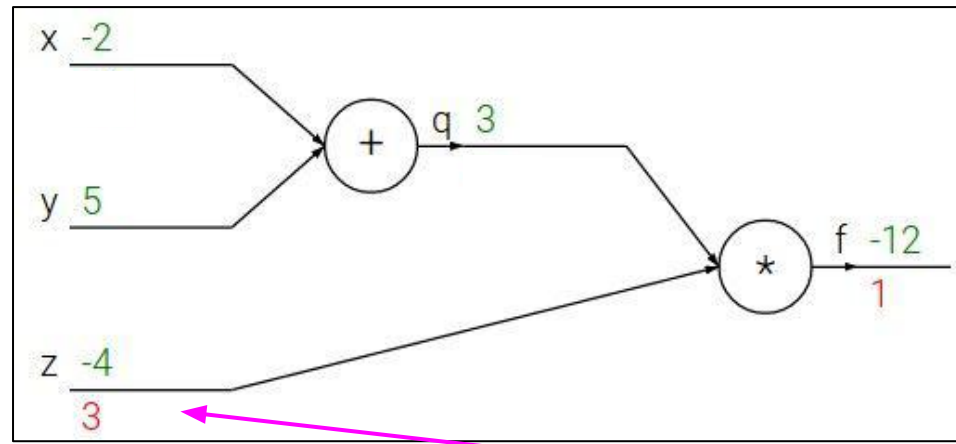
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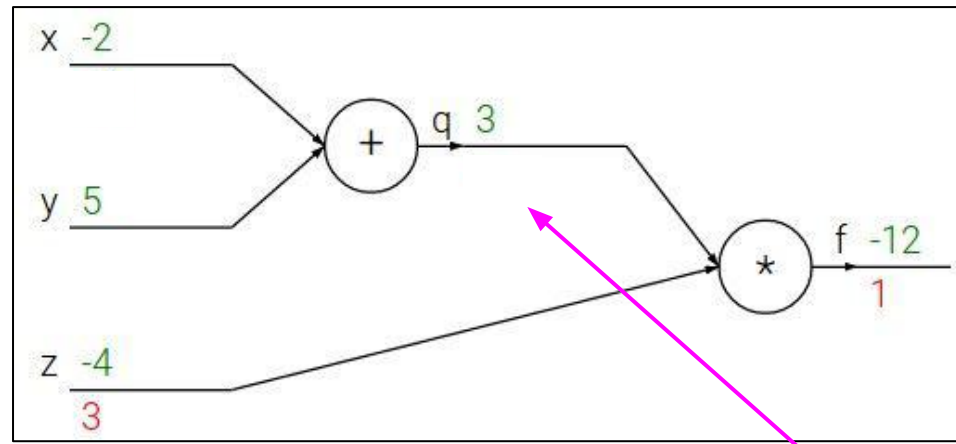
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$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial q}$$



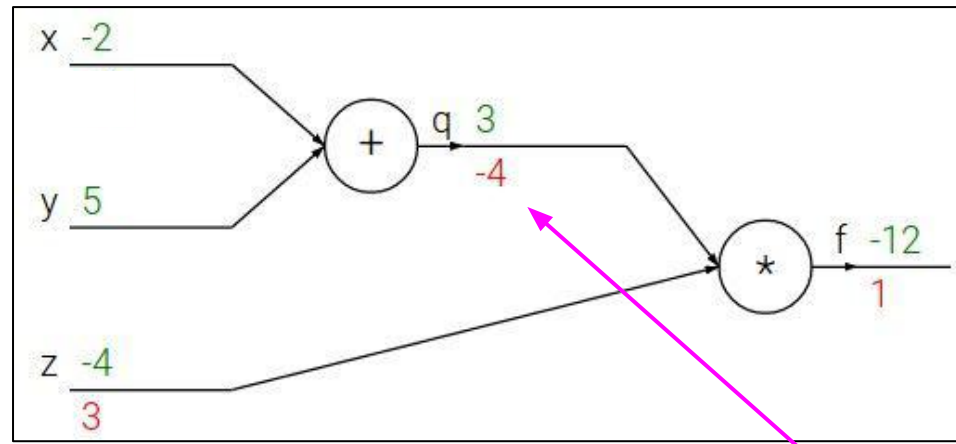
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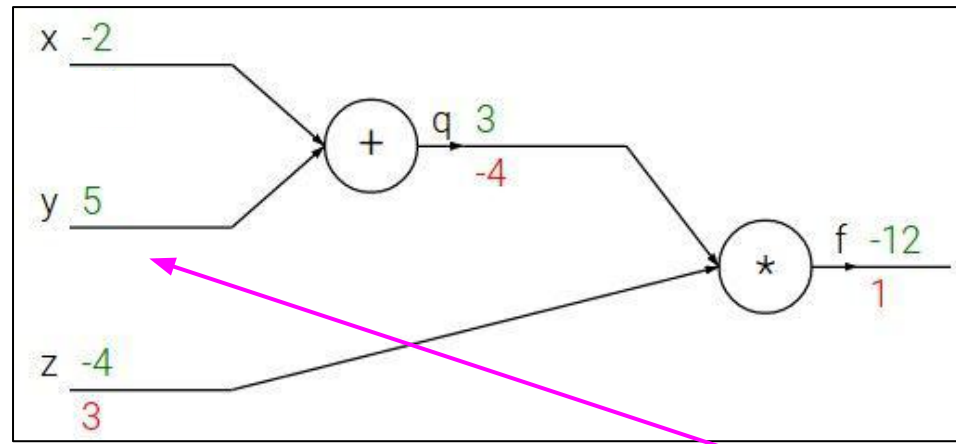
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$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$$

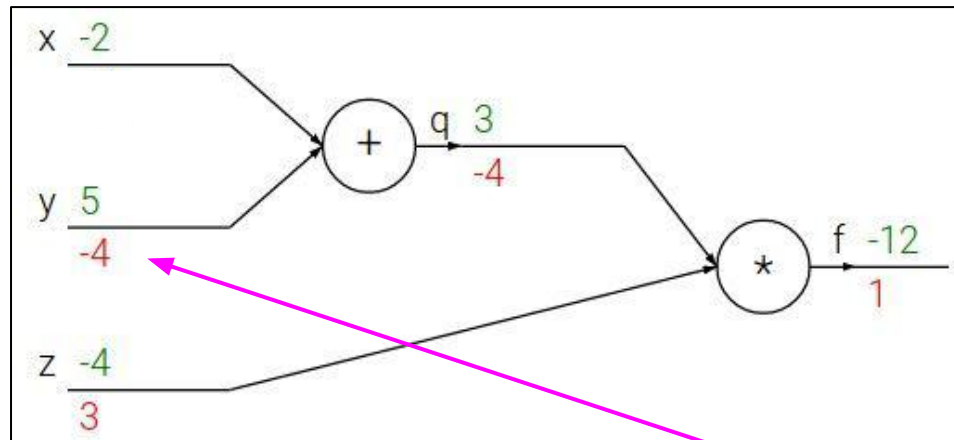
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$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$$

Chain rule:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial q} \frac{\partial q}{\partial y}$$

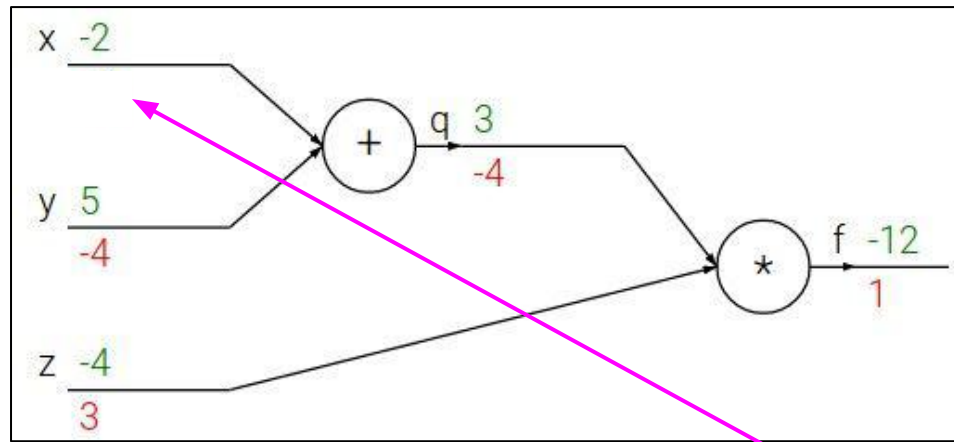
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$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$$

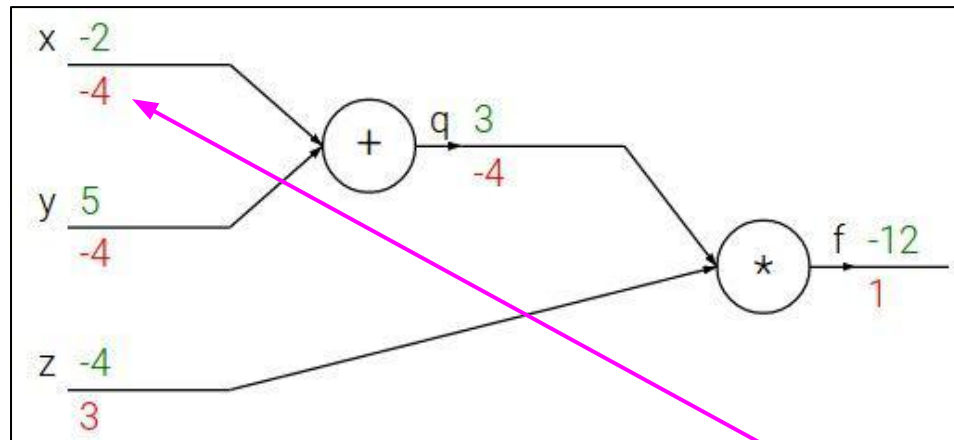
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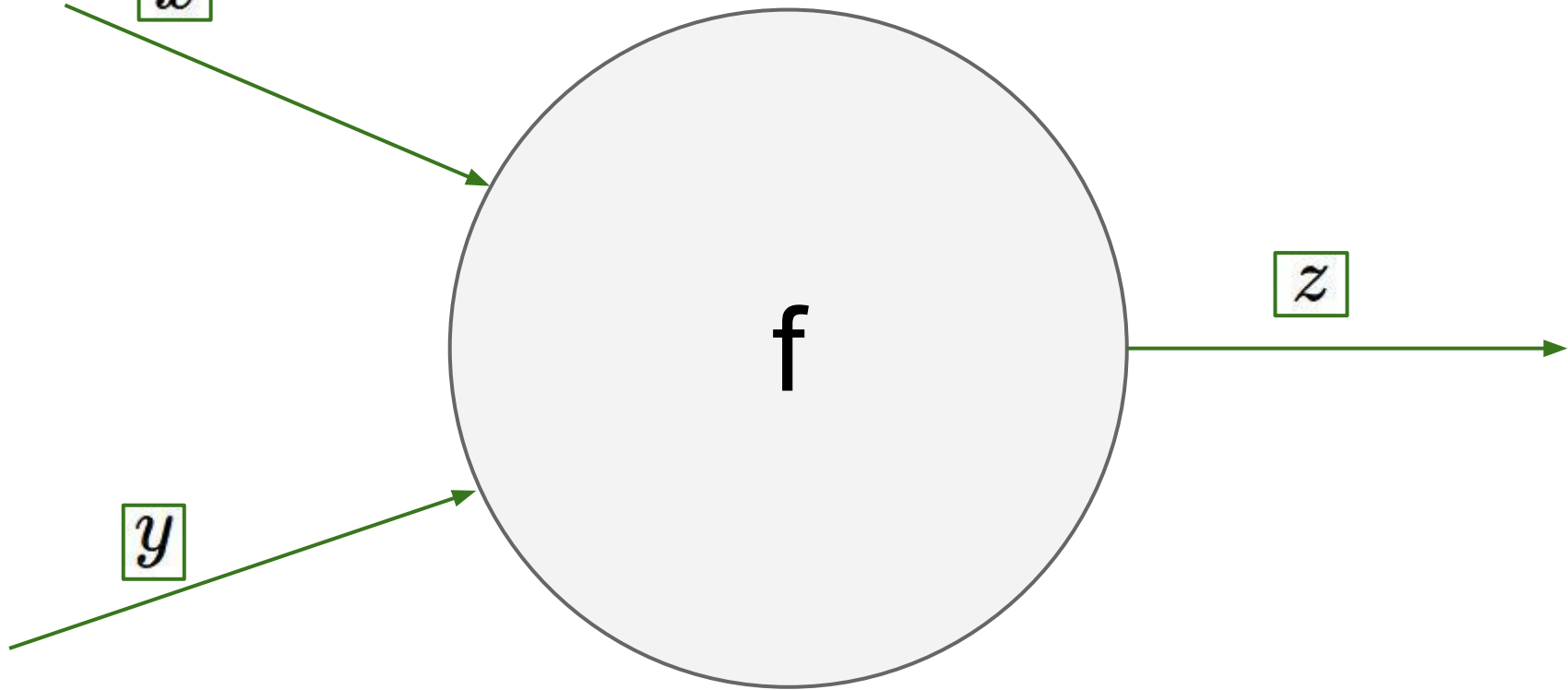
activations

$x$

$f$

$y$

$z$



activations

$x$

“local gradient”

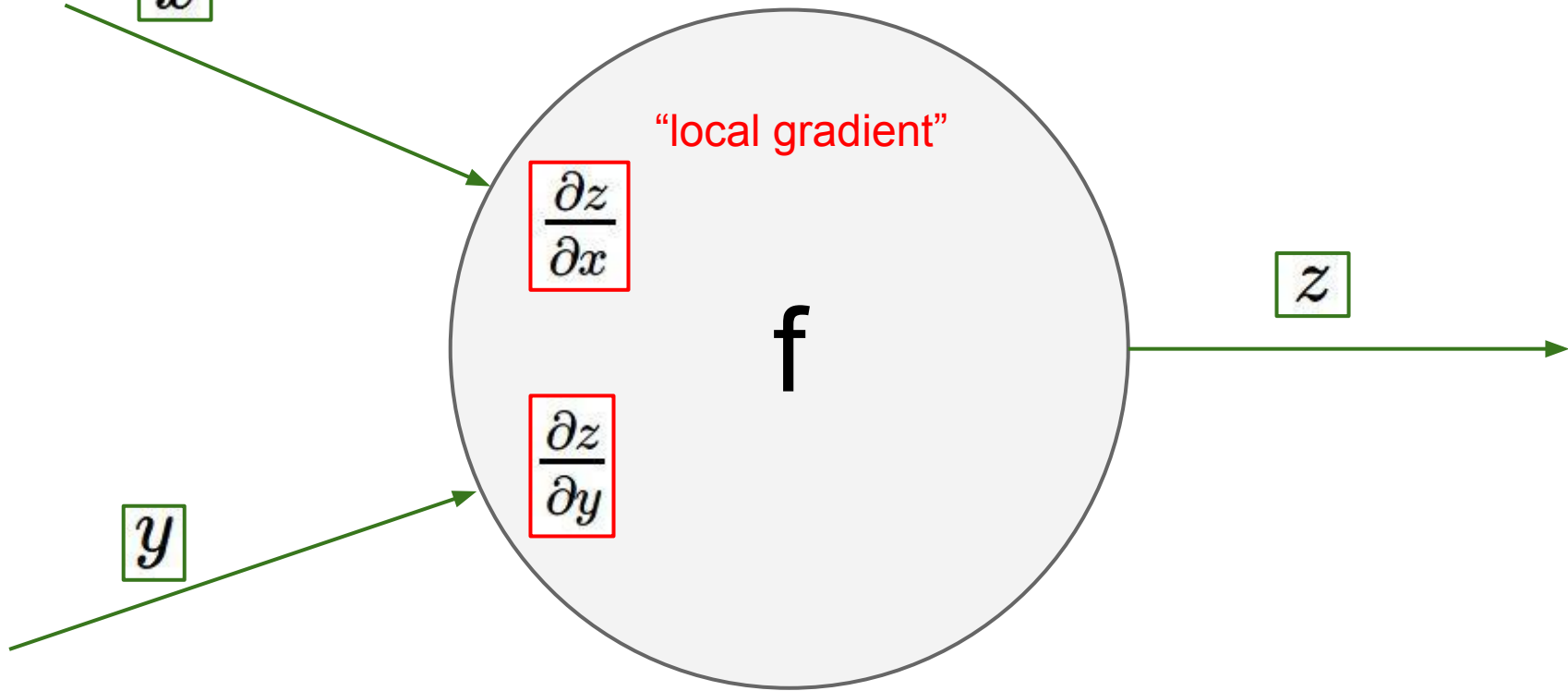
$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$$

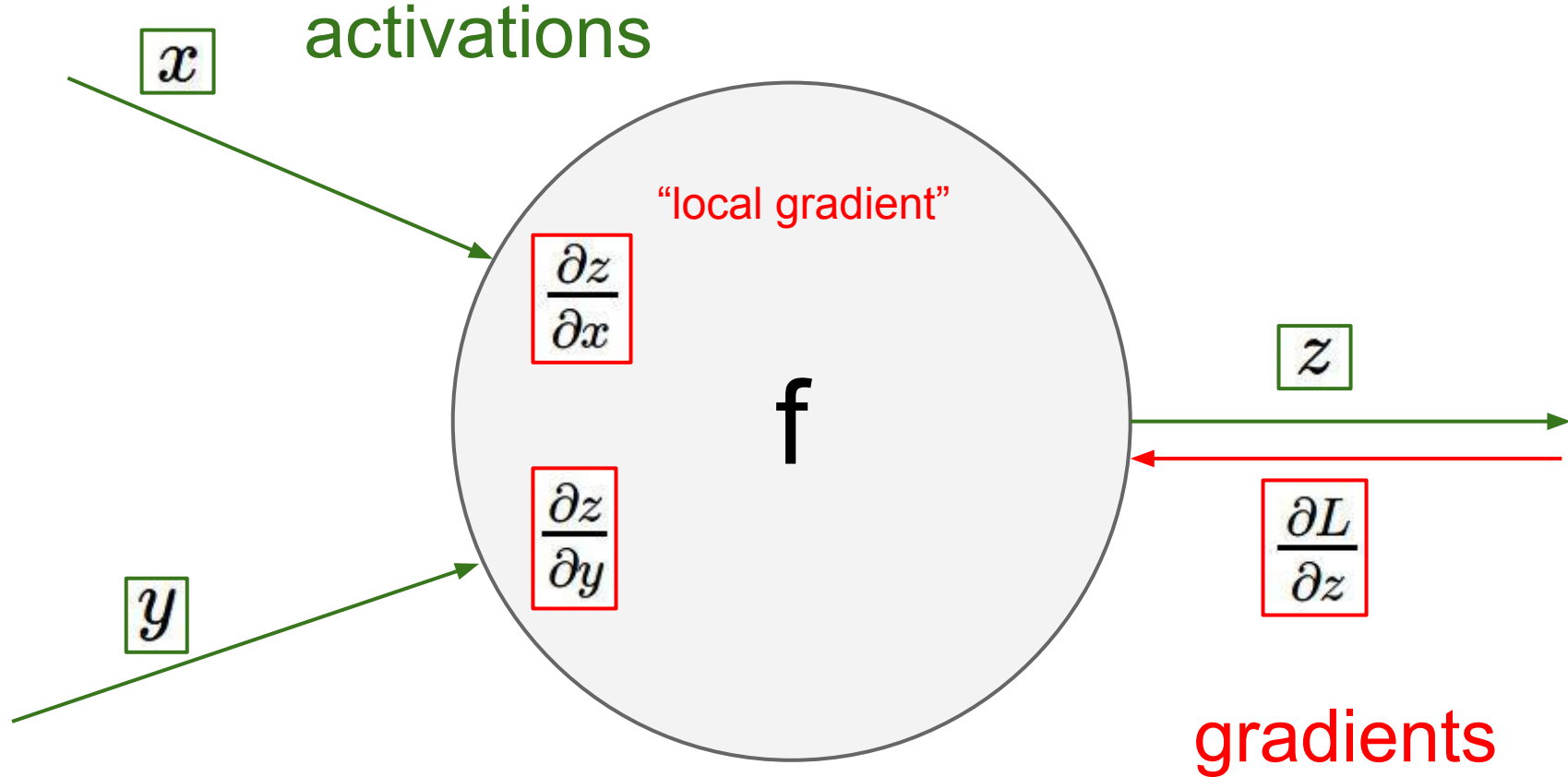
$f$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$$

$y$

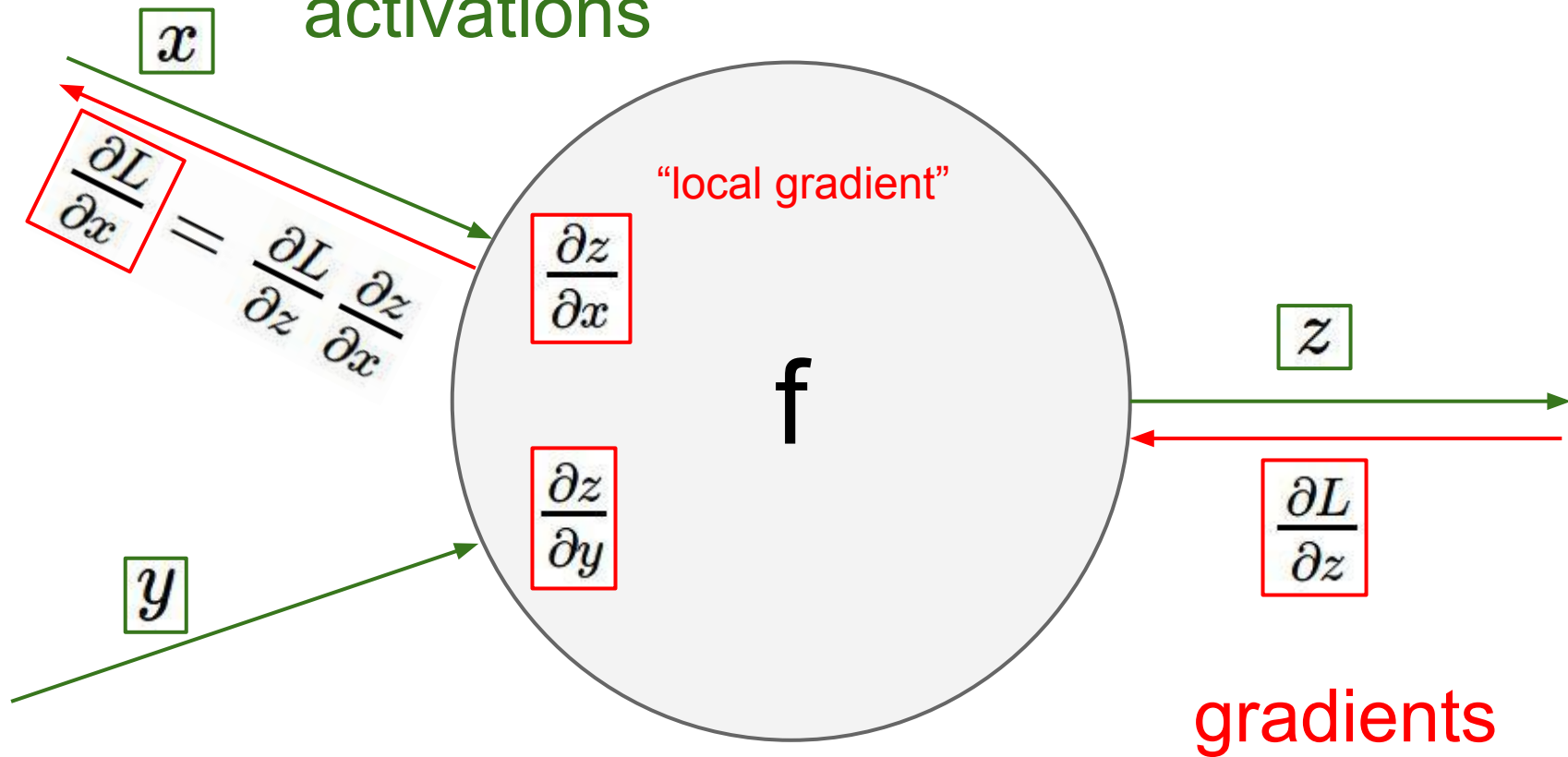
$z$



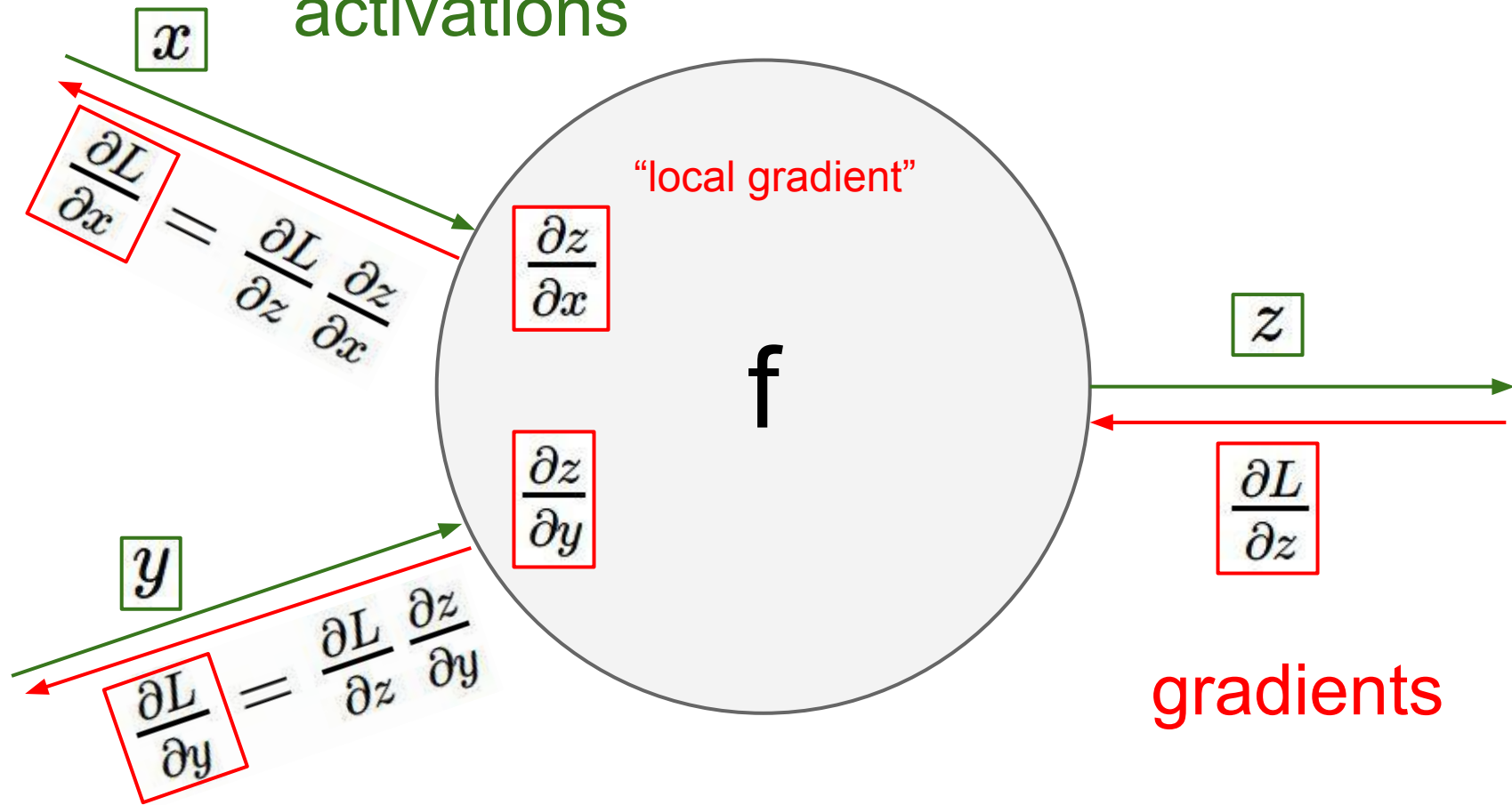




activations



activations



activations

$x$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x}$$

$$= \frac{\partial L}{\partial z} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$$

"local gradient"

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$$

$f$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$$

$y$

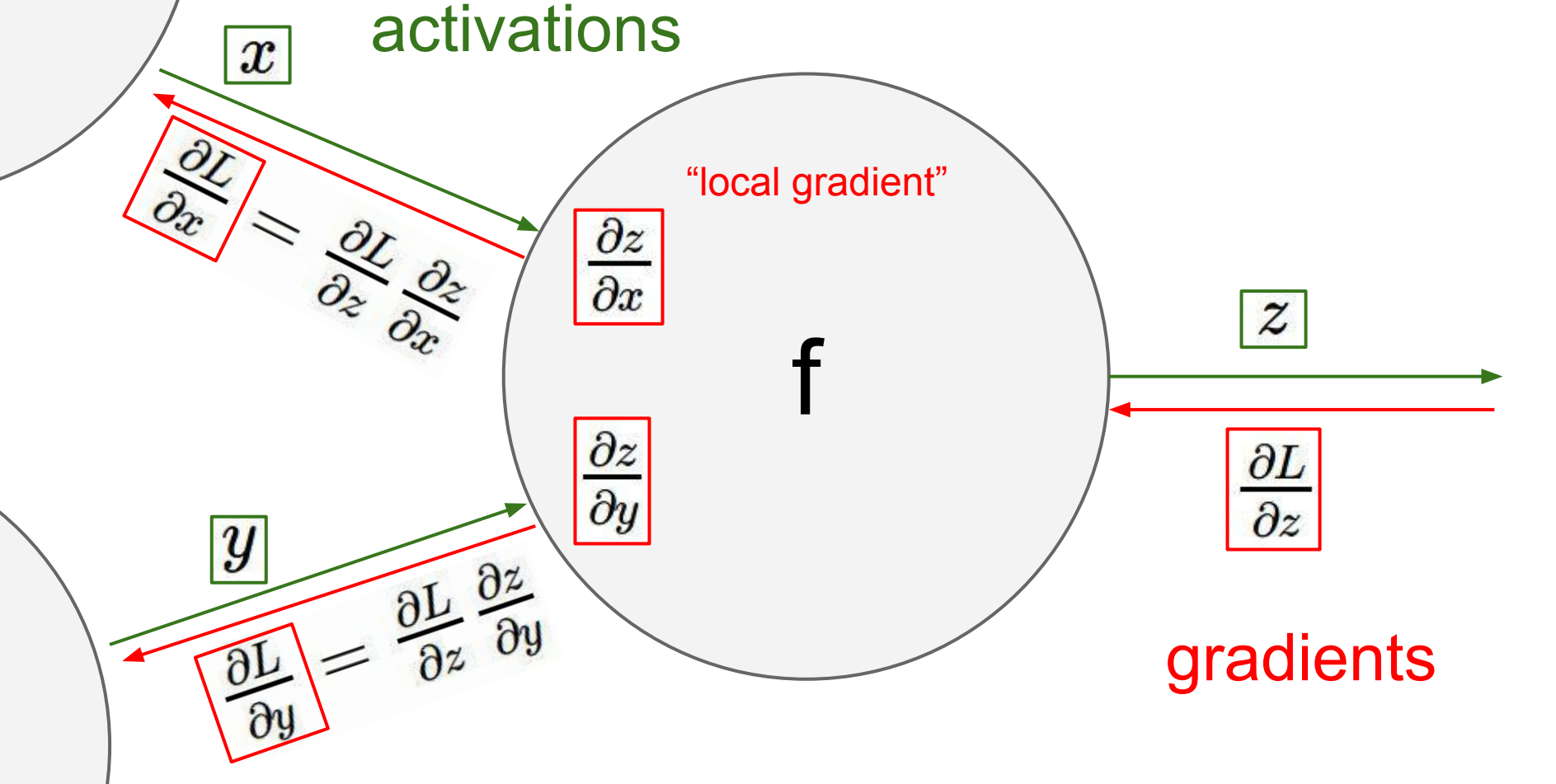
$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial y}$$

$$= \frac{\partial L}{\partial z} \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$$

$z$

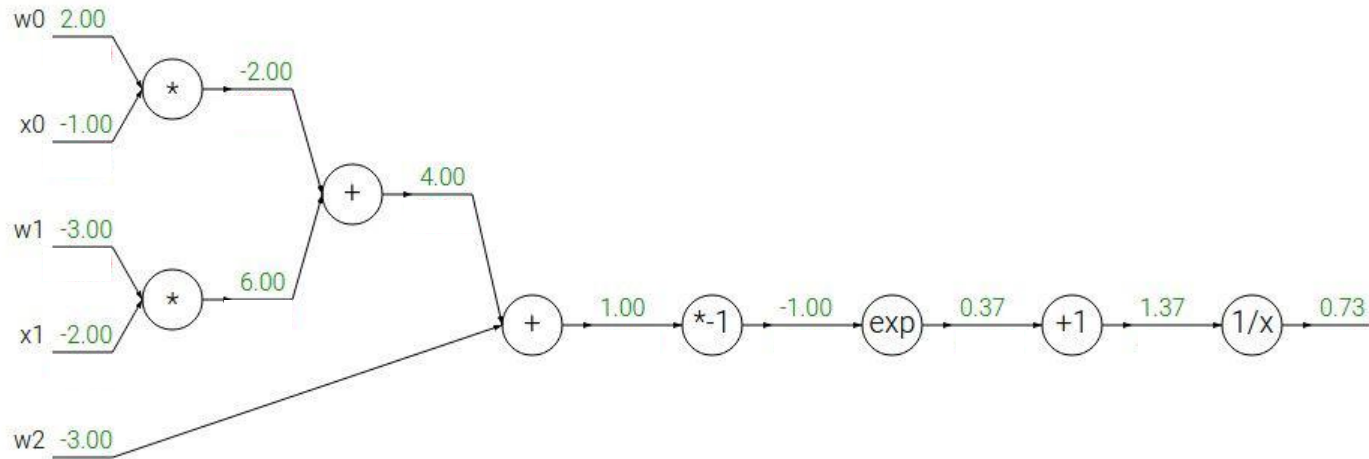
$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial z}$$

gradients



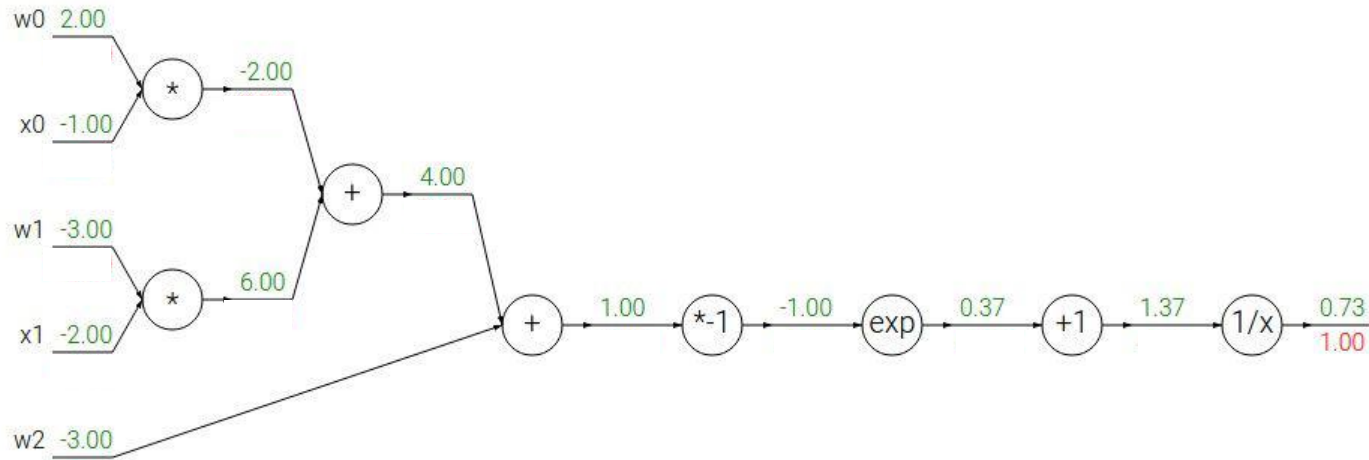
Another example:

$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2)}}$$



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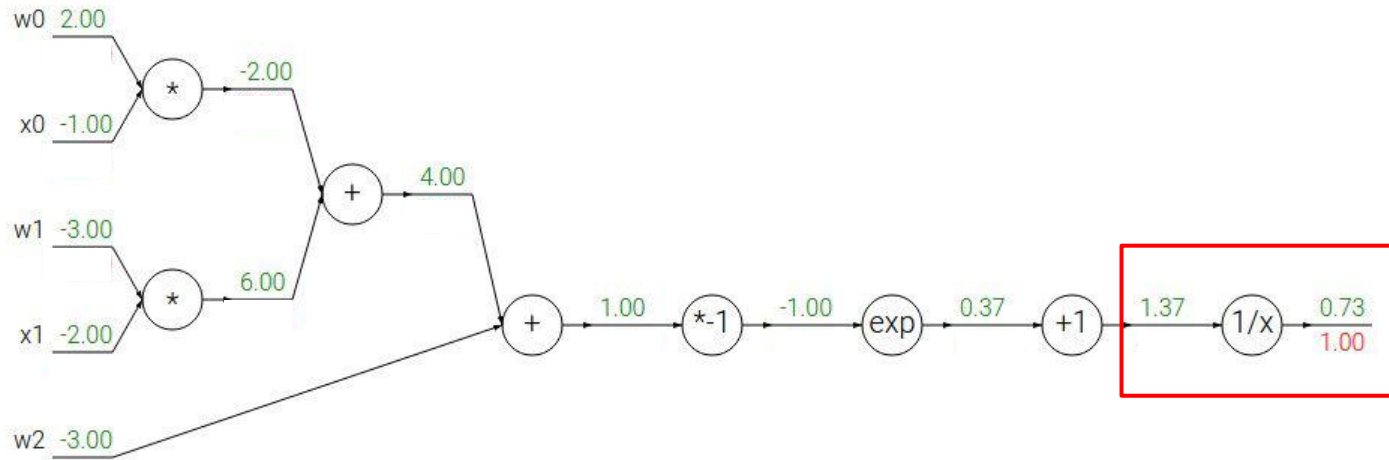
$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0 x_0 + w_1 x_1 + w_2)}}$$



$f(x) = e^x$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = e^x$		$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = -1/x^2$
$f_a(x) = ax$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = a$		$f_c(x) = c + x$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = 1$

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→

$$\frac{df}{dx} = e^x$$

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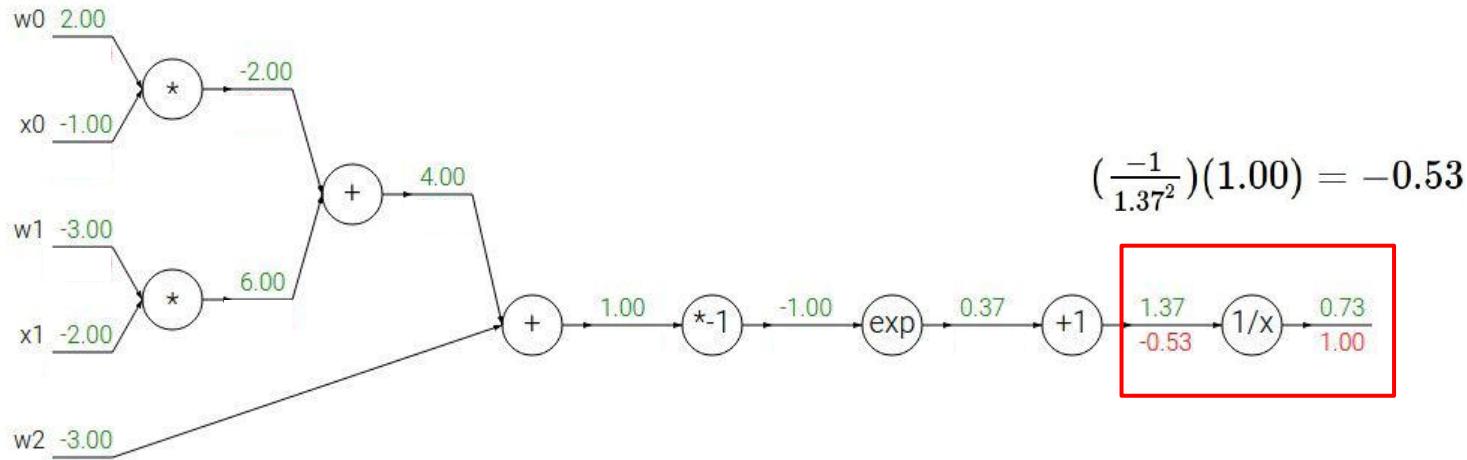
$$f_c(x) = c + x$$

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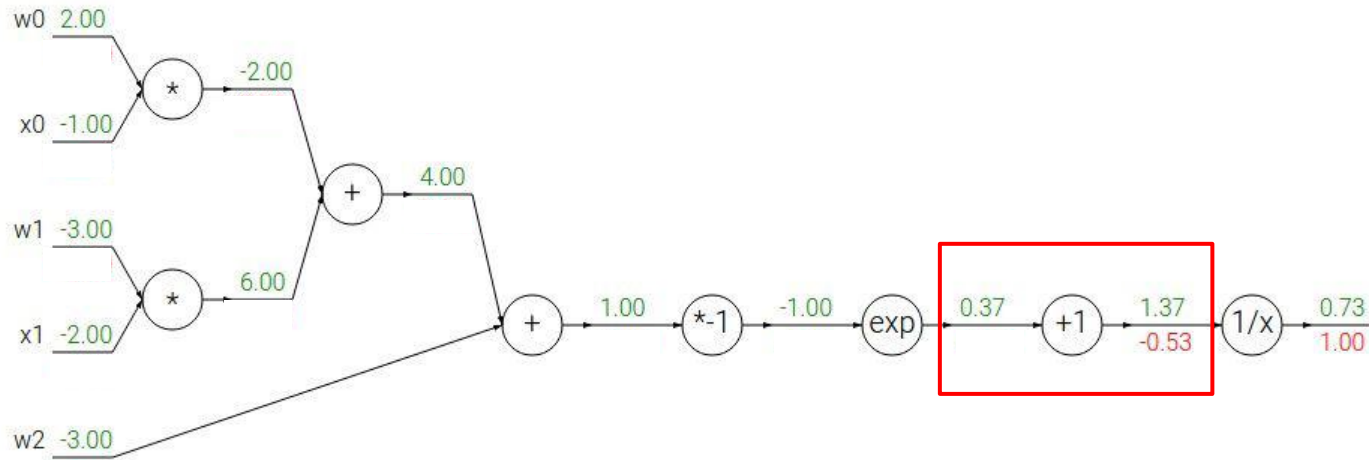
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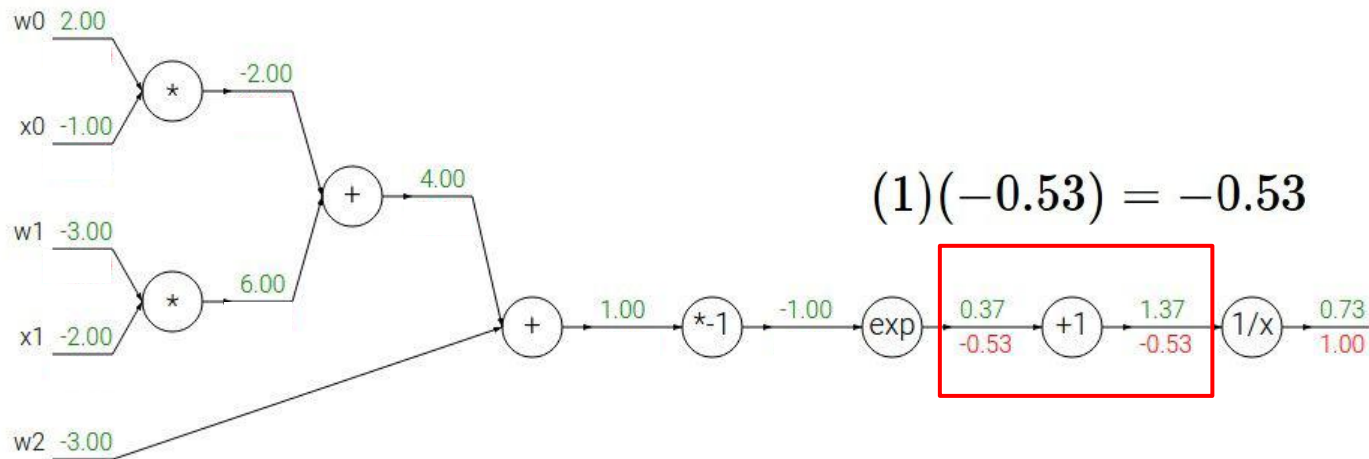


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$f_a(x) = ax$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = a$		<div style="border: 1px solid red; padding: 5px;"><math>f_c(x) = c + x</math></div>	$\rightarrow$	<div style="border: 1px solid red; padding: 5px;"><math>\frac{df}{dx} = 1</math></div>



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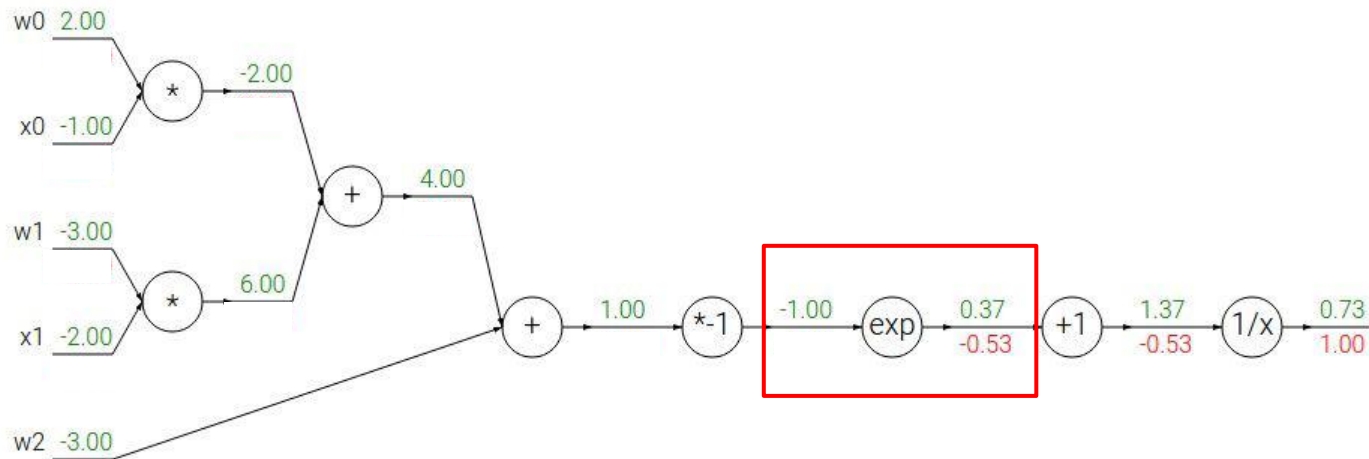


$$(1)(-0.53) = -0.53$$

$f(x) = e^x$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = e^x$		$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$	$\rightarrow$	$\frac{df}{dx} = -1/x^2$
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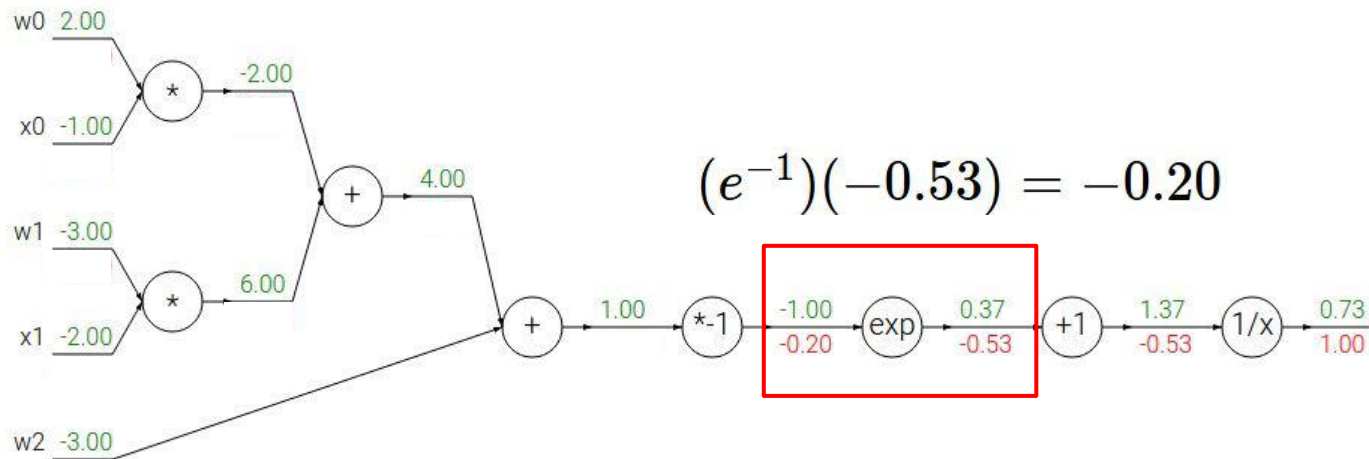
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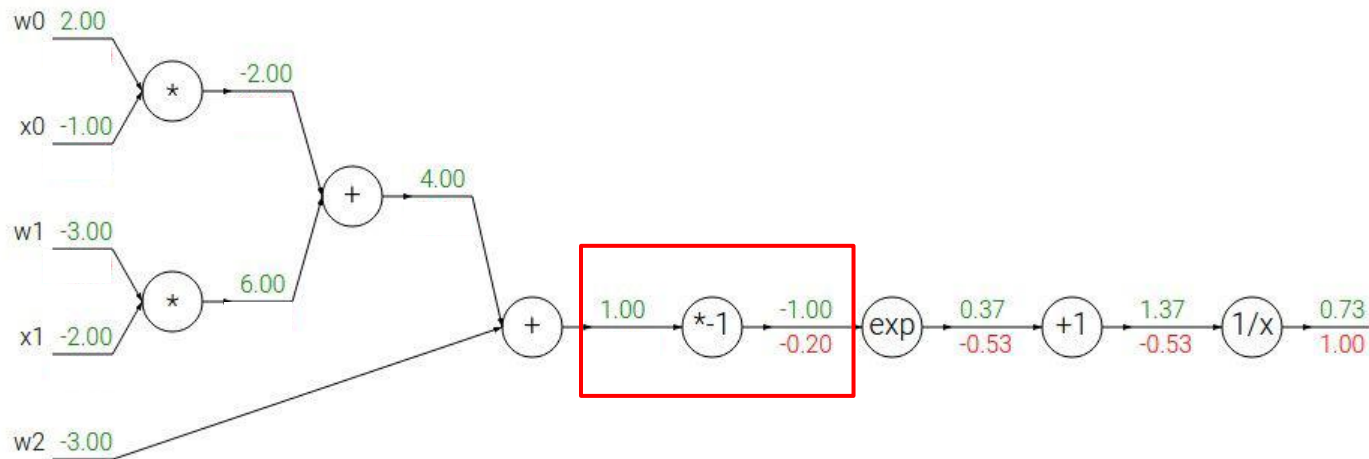
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$\rightarrow$

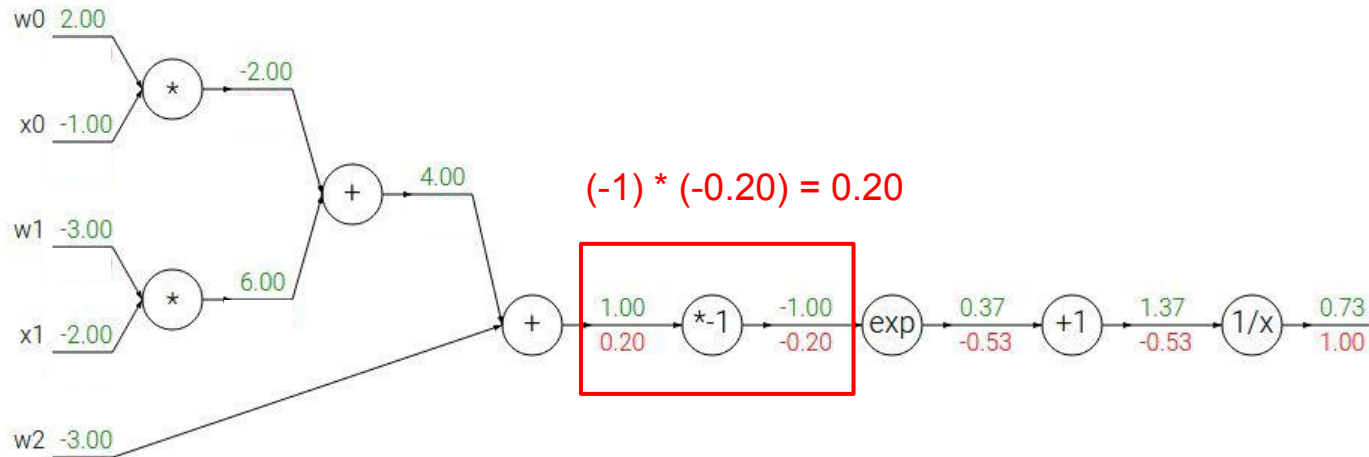
$$\frac{df}{dx} = -1/x^2$$

$\rightarrow$

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$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0 x_0 + w_1 x_1 + w_2)}}$$



$$f(x) = e^x \rightarrow \frac{df}{dx} = e^x$$

$$f_a(x) = ax \rightarrow \frac{df}{dx} = a$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

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→

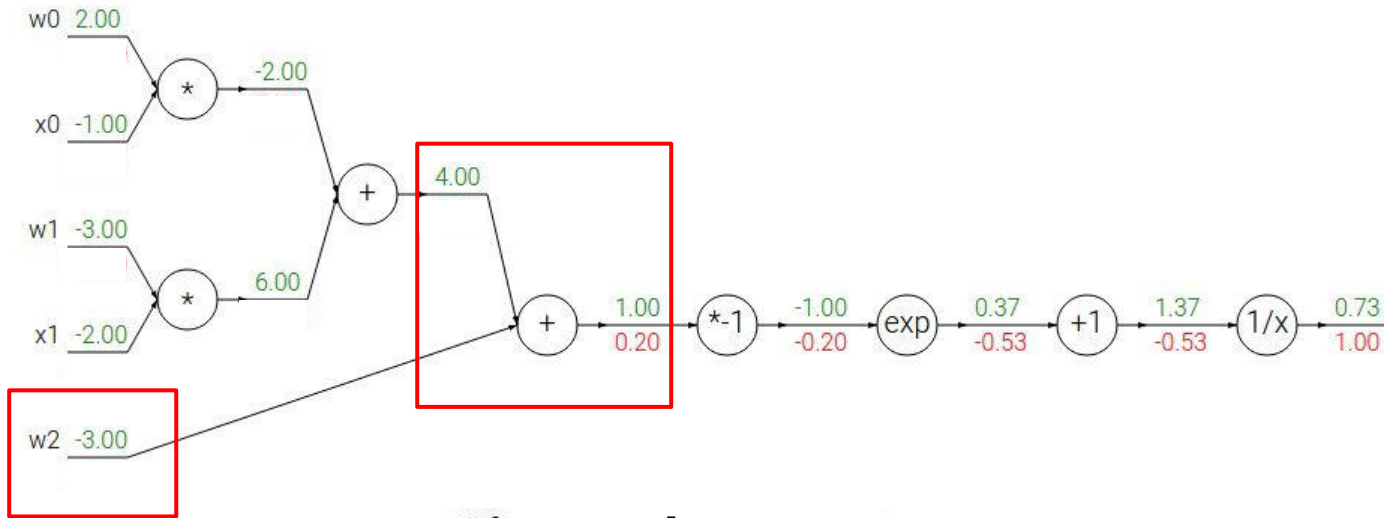
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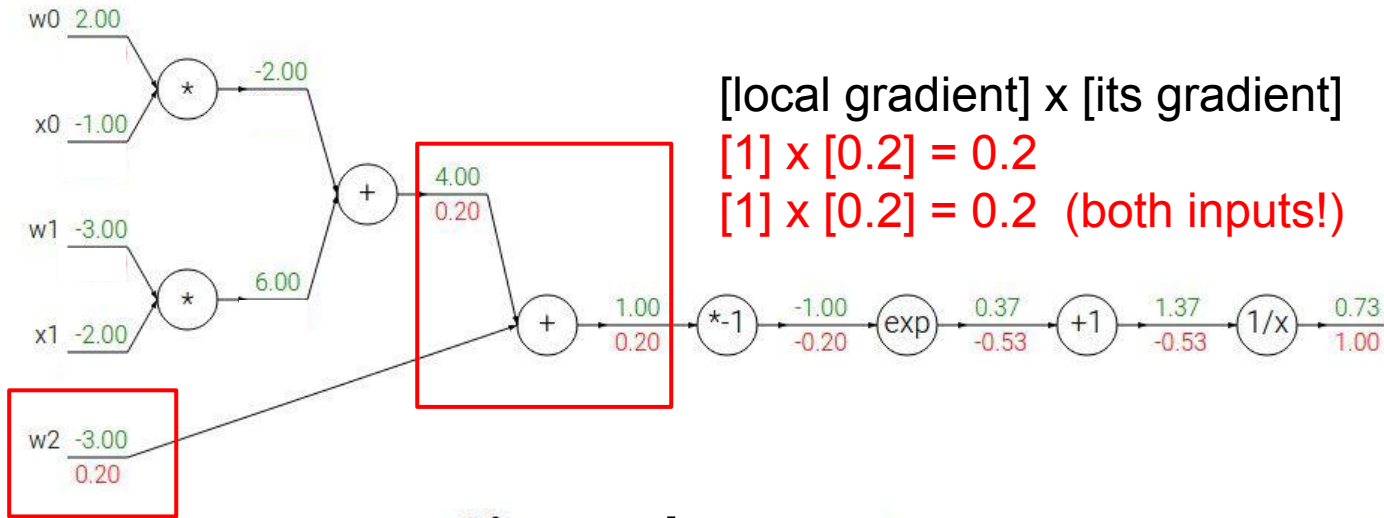
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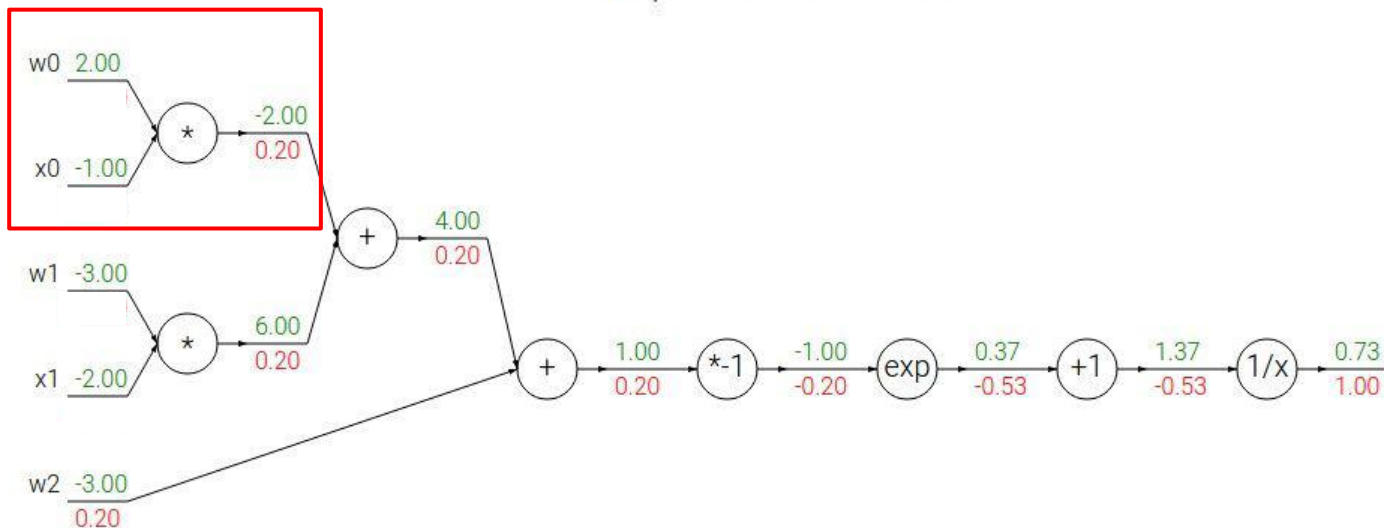
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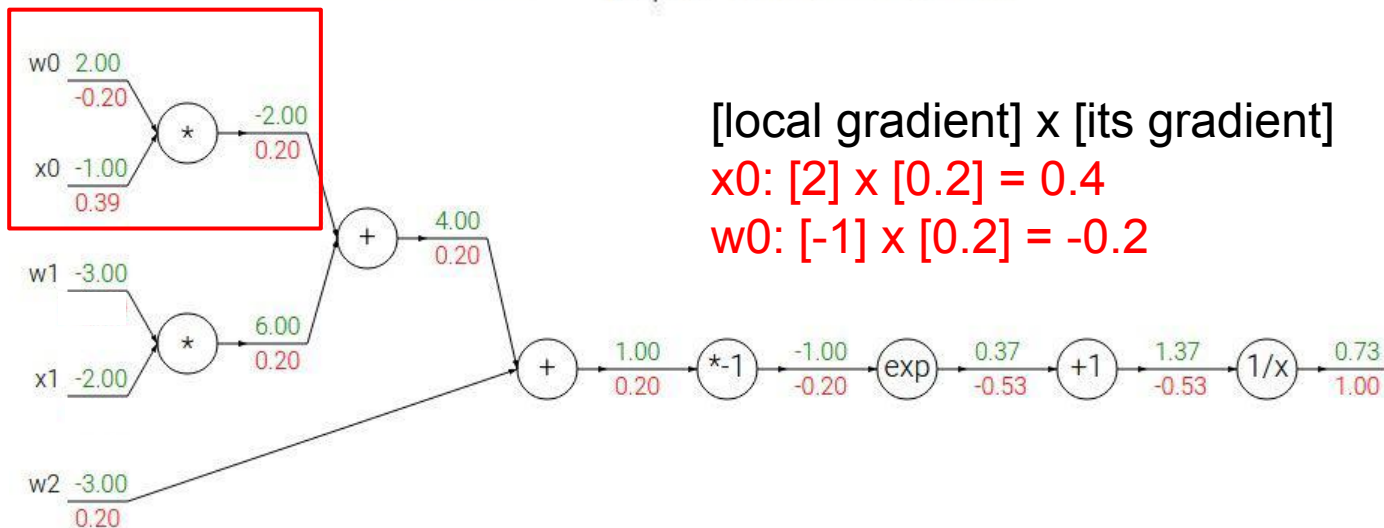


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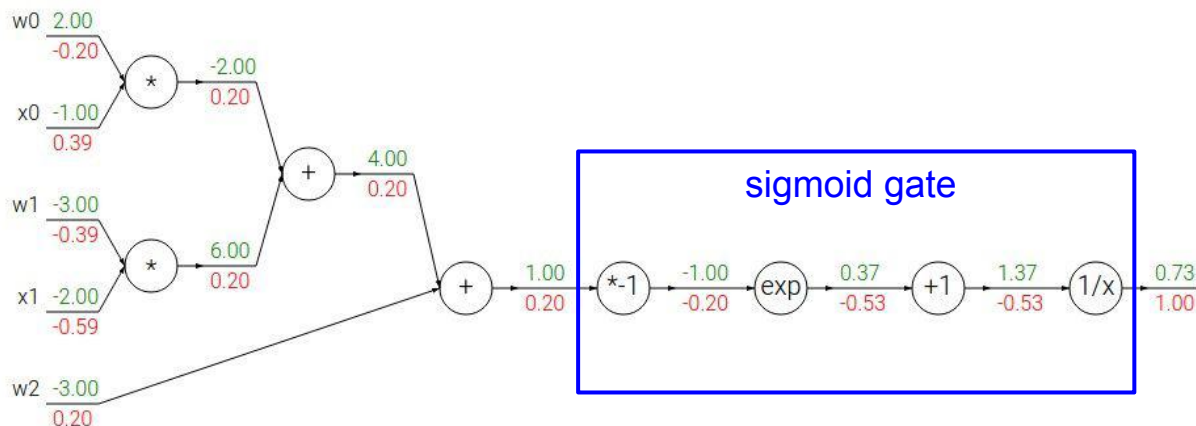
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$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0 x_0 + w_1 x_1 + w_2)}}$$

$$\sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$$

sigmoid function

$$\frac{d\sigma(x)}{dx} = \frac{e^{-x}}{(1 + e^{-x})^2} = \left( \frac{1 + e^{-x} - 1}{1 + e^{-x}} \right) \left( \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}} \right) = (1 - \sigma(x)) \sigma(x)$$



$$f(w, x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w_0 x_0 + w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2)}}$$

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