



Cloud Economics Journey

Introductory Guide

This infographic is designed to help new customers realise the full potential of AWS Cloud, by showing you ways to maximise business value throughout your cloud journey.

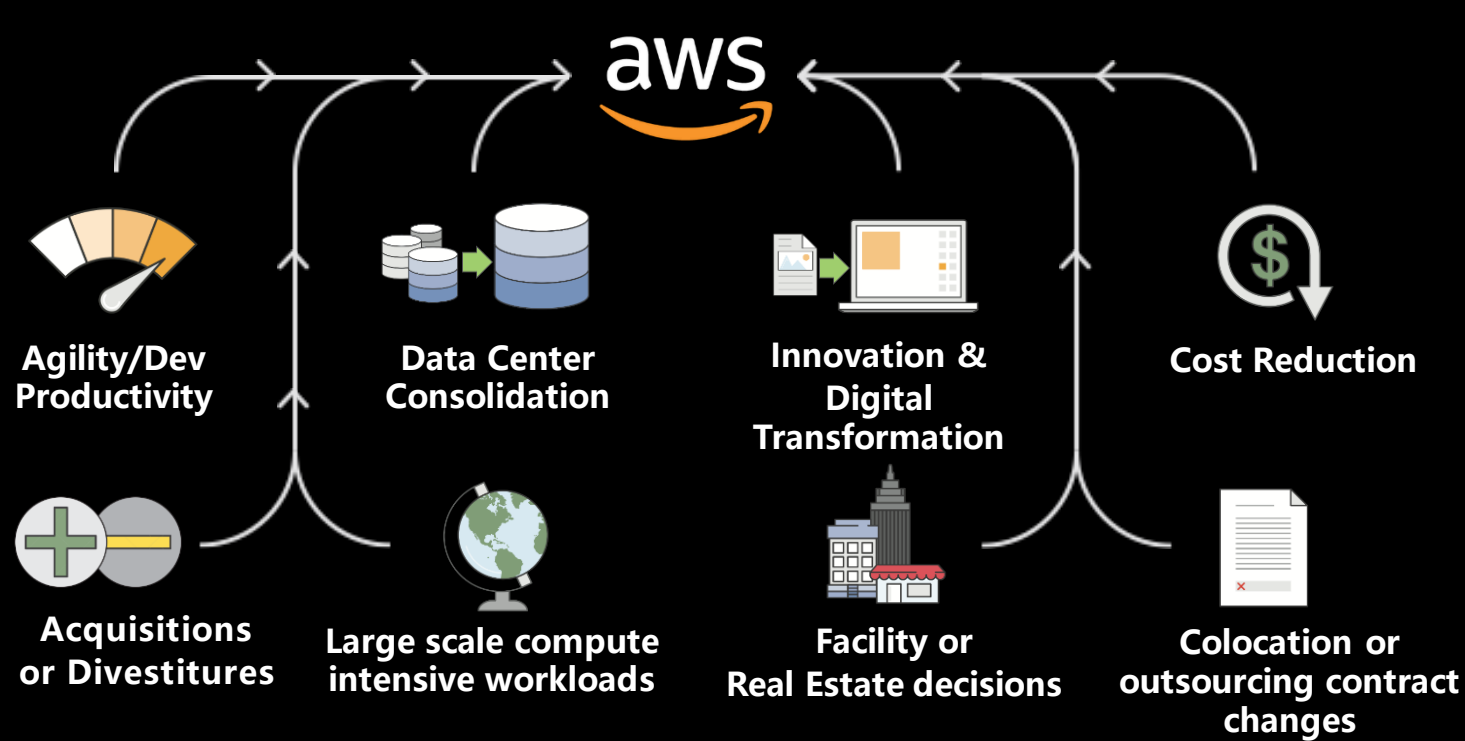
What if you could:



1

Common reasons for using AWS





Millions of customers are using AWS at scale for reasons such as:



2

The AWS Cloud Value Framework

Customers have realised business value beyond just cost savings

 Cost savings (TCO)	 Staff productivity	 Operational resilience	 Business agility
What is it? Infrastructure cost savings/avoidance from moving to the cloud	What is it? Efficiency improvement by function on a task-by-task basis	What is it? Benefit of improving SLAs and reducing unplanned outage	What is it? Deploying new features/applications faster and reducing errors
Example 30% reduction in TCO (Globe)	Example Over 500 hours per year of server configuration time saved (Sage)	Example Critical workloads run in multiple AZs and Regions for robust DR (Expedia)	Example Migrated 30 applications in 50 days (National Australia Bank)
Cost impact			Value impact

3

On-Premises costs to include in any comparison with AWS

The cost of AWS includes cost drivers that are often hidden in an on-premises deployment. To create an like for like comparison, keep in mind the following components of on-premises and colocation environments.

1	Server Costs	Hardware – Server, Rack Chassis PDUs, ToR Switches (+Maintenance)	Software - OS, Virtualization Licenses (+Maintenance)	Facilities Cost		
				Space	Power	Cooling
2	Storage Costs	Hardware – Storage Disks, SAN/FC Switches	Software - Backup	Facilities Cost		
				Space	Power	Cooling
3	Network Costs	Network Hardware – LAN Switches, Load Balancer Bandwidth costs	Software – Network Monitoring	Facilities Cost		
				Space	Power	Cooling
4	IT Labor Costs	Server Admin, Virtualization Admin, Storage Admin, Network Admin, Support Team				

Setting the right expectations for AWS spend

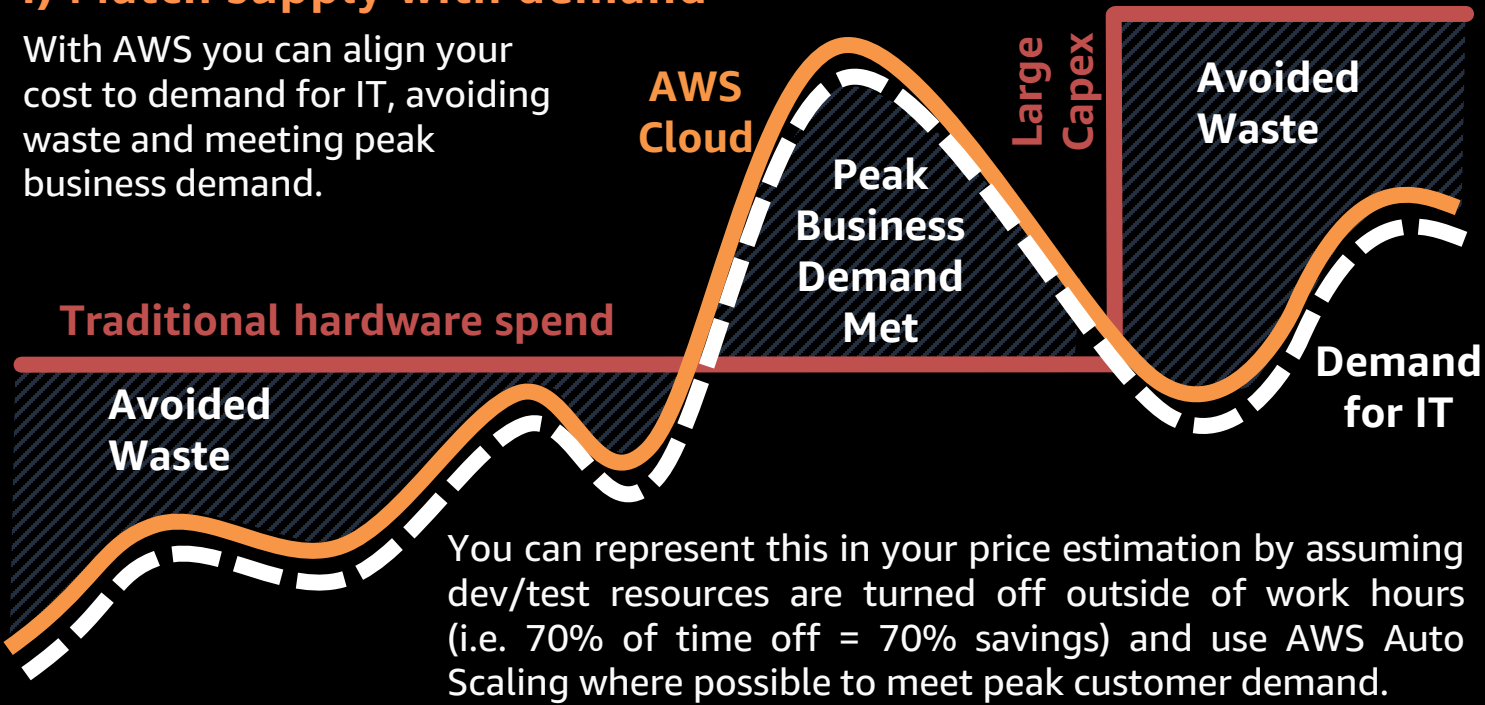
Most organisations operate to a budget and want to understand how much AWS will cost. In order to generate the right estimate, keep in mind the following suggestions.

1 Estimate your cost based on the best practices you plan to apply

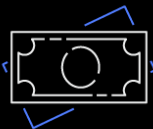
Consider the following cost efficiency levers when forming your price estimate.

i) Match supply with demand

With AWS you can align your cost to demand for IT, avoiding waste and meeting peak business demand.



ii) Pick the right pricing model



Pick from one of the four pricing models (on-demand, Savings Plans, Reserved Instances, Amazon EC2 Spot) in your cost estimation. Learn more on pages 5 and 6 of this document.

Learn more about Pricing Options




Click the icon to learn more

iii) Fit storage to your needs



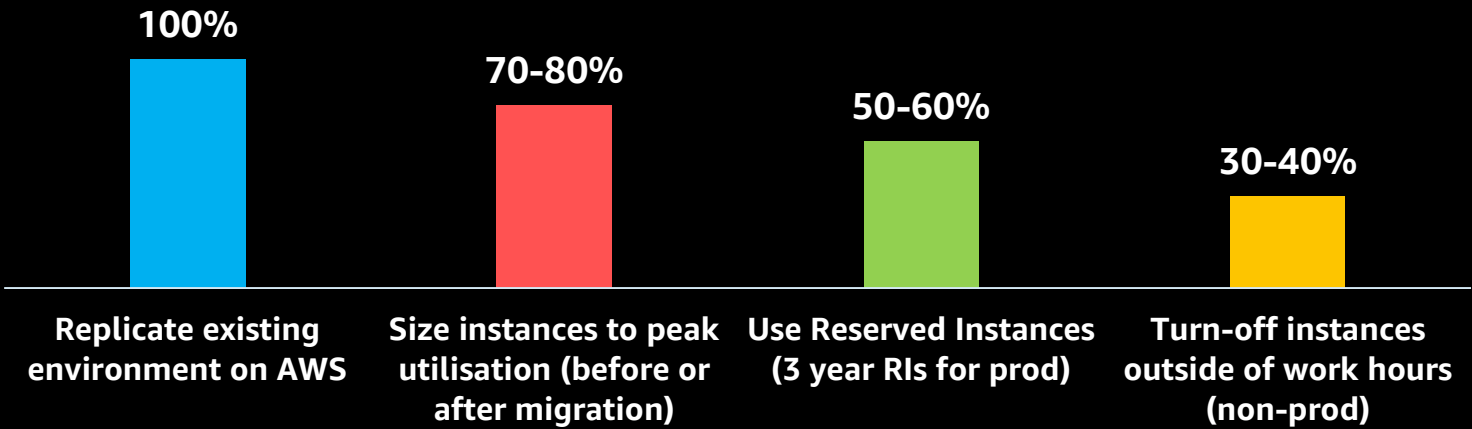
Storage type can have a big impact on pricing and cost. For example, long-term archival storage (Amazon Glacier) can be 20x cheaper than persistent local storage (Amazon EBS-GP2).

Learn more about Storage Options



Click the icon to learn more

Combining optimisation levers has a significant cost impact



2 Preparing cost estimates

New workloads

Net new workloads should consider the best practices above when using any tool suggested below.

Migrating Workloads

For migrations you should determine your peak resource utilisation (i.e. peak CPU and RAM), and the expected usage pattern (e.g. % of time unused) before creating your price estimate. Tools like your hypervisor resource utilisation report or TSO Logic will be able to provide the data points.

The following tools help you estimate your predicted spend on AWS Cloud:

Self-serve

Simple Monthly Calculator



AWS pricing calculator



Both calculators are useful for pricing, the newer AWS pricing calculator will supersede the Simple Monthly Calculator.

Supported options

Migration Acceleration Program (MAP)

For larger migrations or experiments, you may qualify for support such as detailed cost modelling and/or programs such as the Migration Acceleration Program.



Contact AWS Sales

Reach out to your Account Manager or AWS Sales if you'd like to learn more about the MAP or TSO Logic.



Click the icons to learn more

Setup for Cost Visibility & Optimisation

AWS Cloud provides much greater transparency into your IT infrastructure spending.

You can now see spend down to departments, teams or even an individual level.

AWS also provides powerful tools allowing you to predict, manage and optimise your spend.

The steps below will help you get started.

1 Gain insights into your costs

AWS provides transparency into where your spend is being incurred.

We encourage customers to supplement their monthly spend review process with a more frequent (e.g. weekly) approach using AWS Cost Explorer to catch unexpected spend at the time it occurs. AWS Budgets can send warnings based on user defined thresholds.



Monthly
AWS invoice

Move towards tools with
greater speed to insight



1. AWS Cost Explorer

2. AWS budgets



Learn more about AWS cost management tools at: <https://aws.amazon.com/aws-cost-management/>

2 What can AWS Cost Explorer do?

Cost Explorer is available to all customers, free of charge in the AWS Console.

It visualises your costs (\$) and usage (e.g. GBs, Hours), and allows you to drill down via grouping and filtering functionality. Both engineers and budget owners should use AWS Cost Explorer as part of a weekly cost review to avoid any spend surprises.

Questions that Cost Explorer can answer

- What is my spend by AWS Product (incl. AWS Marketplace)?
- How have costs changed over time by AWS Account?
- Which team has cost optimisation opportunity?

Setting up AWS Cost Explorer

Learn more about
AWS Cost Explorer



Use Cost Explorer to
Analyse spend & usage



Go to the AWS Cost
Explorer Console



Click the icons to learn more

3 AWS Budgets for warnings

AWS Budgets can provide warnings (via email or SNS notifications) when user specified cost, usage, or reservation thresholds are reached.

AWS Budgets improves awareness of your AWS spend, enabling you to act quickly when actual values deviate from expectations.

Scenarios where AWS Budgets can help

- I want to spend at most \$100 in my training account, inform me when it reaches 50%
- Let me know when my account is forecast to reach 110% of my monthly budget
- Warn me when my discounts are not applying as expected (e.g. RI Utilisation drops below 95%)

Setting up AWS Budgets

Learn more about
AWS Budgets



How to create an
AWS Budget



Go to the AWS
Budgets dashboard



Click the icons to learn more

Setup for Cost Visibility & Optimisation

Once customers start taking advantage of the tools that provide cost transparency, many also want to know: what is this spend for and who created these resources? The steps below will help you answer these questions.

4 Improve your cost allocation granularity



On AWS you can have multiple accounts grouped under a payer account. We encourage you to think about using a multi-account structure to categorise your spend, improving your ability to know where spend is being incurred.

Beyond accounts, resource tagging enables even more granular insight. Tagging can be used to let you know who created/owns a resource which is useful for informing those who have idle resources.

Benefits

Visibility + granular allocation enables:

- ✓ Showback
- ✓ Chargeback
- ✓ Ownership
- ✓ Responsible & efficient behavior across larger orgs.

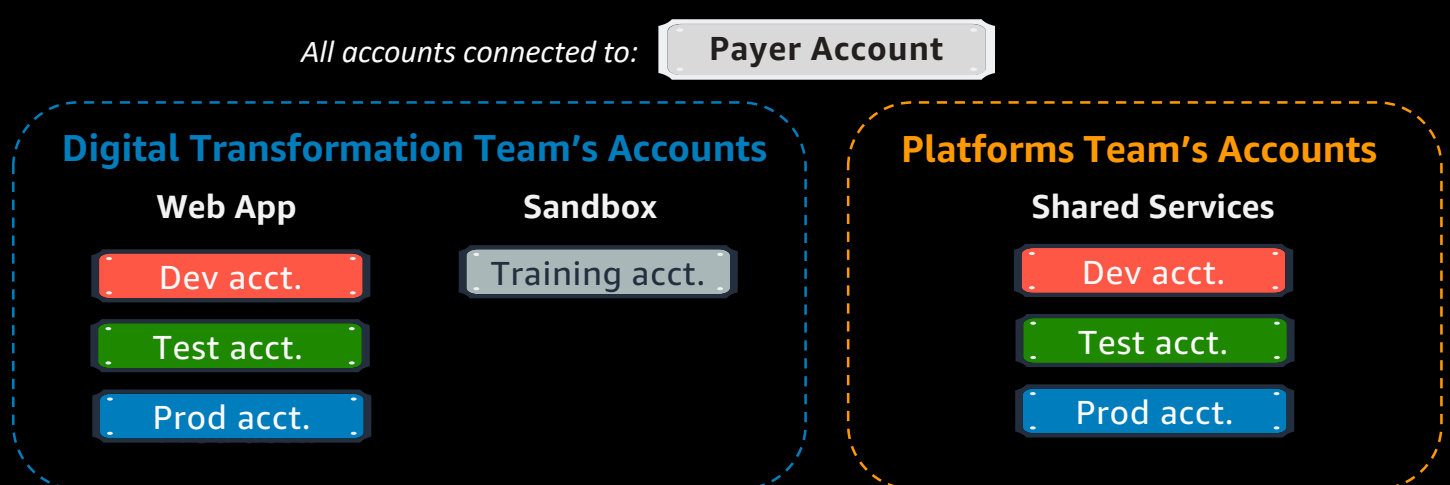
Multi-account structure (AWS Organizations)

A multi-account structure via AWS Organizations will separate your resources and spend by business unit, team, application, and environment.

When getting started, define and agree a multi-account structure and tagging policy with stakeholders such as Finance, Engineering, and Business teams.

Grouping spend and resources by accounts will save you time in the long-run as there is less need to implement tagging enforcement policies and tools.

The AWS Landing Zone solution helps customers more quickly set up a secure, multi-account AWS environment based on AWS best practices. An example multi-account structure is shown below.



Getting started with multi-account structures

Learn more about AWS Organizations



Launch faster using AWS landing zone



Click the icons to learn more

Tagging resources and tagging enforcement

Resource tags can be used like accounts to allocate spend. Advantages of tags include: 1) supporting optimisation automation (e.g. resource turn-off can be based on tags), 2) providing greater detail than account-level categorisation. Disadvantages of tags are that they require enforcement (e.g. correct for misspelling / missing tags).

Similar to accounts, stakeholders from across the business should be engaged to define valid tag names (e.g. Cost Centre), valid values (e.g. Cost Centre A), and to agree the method of tagging enforcement.

Getting started with resource tagging

Tagging best practices whitepaper



AWS tagging strategies



Cloud Custodian: Enterprise grade tagging enforcement



Click the icons to learn more

Cost Optimisation Levers

The following methods are commonly used by customers to improve cost efficiency on the cloud

1 Select the right instance size for your workloads

On-premises environments are often over-sized because they need to be provisioned for peak expected demand 3-6 months into the future (e.g. sized for end-of-year sales peak in July). AWS allows you can select the cheapest instance for what you actually need and up-size resources when required.

Right Sizing

Pre-migration, use your hypervisor resource utilisation report or a discovery tool like TSO Logic to fit your AWS environment to your actual IT need. Sizing down pre-migration reduces total effort as re-sizing resources in Production is more difficult. The example below shows basic steps to right size resources that are already running.



m4.4xl

1. Use a tool to find underutilised resources and total savings potential



2. Agree when to resize, how many to resize, and understand any other constraints



3. Size to what's needed (m4.4xlarge -> m4.xlarge saves 87%)



4. Review application Performance



5. Celebrate the savings win

Getting started with Right Sizing

Blog: EC2 Resource optimisation tool



Learn more about Cost Explorer: Rightsizing Recommendations



Click the icons to learn more

2 Use Savings Plan for Compute (EC2, ECS, EKS, EMR, and Fargate), and RIs for RDS, Redshift, ElastiCache, and Elasticsearch

Savings Plan is a new commitment for discount model that applies up to 72 percent discount (vs. on-demand) on Amazon EC2 and AWS Fargate usage. They are much more flexible than Reserved Instances, illustrated in the table below.



\$15 / hr on-demand



\$10 / hr Savings Plan

	Compute Savings Plans	EC2 Instance Savings Plans	Convertible RIs
	Discounts Up to 66%	Up to 72%	Up to 66%
Change instance family (e.g. m4 to m5)	✓	✗	✓ + manual work
Change instance size (e.g. large to 2xlarge)	✓	✓	✓ + manual work
Change OS (e.g. Windows to Linux)	✓	✓	✓ + manual work
Sharing commit across tenancies (e.g. Shared -Dedicated)	✓	✓	✓ + manual work
Using Fargate and leverage existing commits	✓	✗	✗
Change AWS Regions (e.g. Sydney to Singapore)	✓	✗	✗

Similar to RIs, Savings Plans come in 1 year or 3 year terms, the commitment in each hour cannot be saved to be used in the next hour if no matching no-demand instances were running, and will first apply benefits to resources in the account it was purchased in then share any remaining benefits with other linked accounts.

Different to RIs, Savings Plans discounts will first apply to on-demand resources with the highest discount and they apply automatically to matching resources without manual work. This automatically applied flexibility allows customers to purchase Savings Plans before waiting for other cost optimisation work (e.g. right sizing) to complete.

Services that should still use RIs for a discount

- Amazon RDS
- Amazon Redshift
- Amazon ElastiCache
- Amazon Elasticsearch
- Amazon DynamoDB*
- Amazon CloudFront*

* Reserved Capacity, but not an RI

Getting started with Savings Plans and RIs

Click on the icons to learn more

Learn about Savings Plans



How to purchase Savings Plan and RIs



AWS Console RI Tools

Savings Plan Monitoring

RI Budget Warnings

RI Expiration Alerts

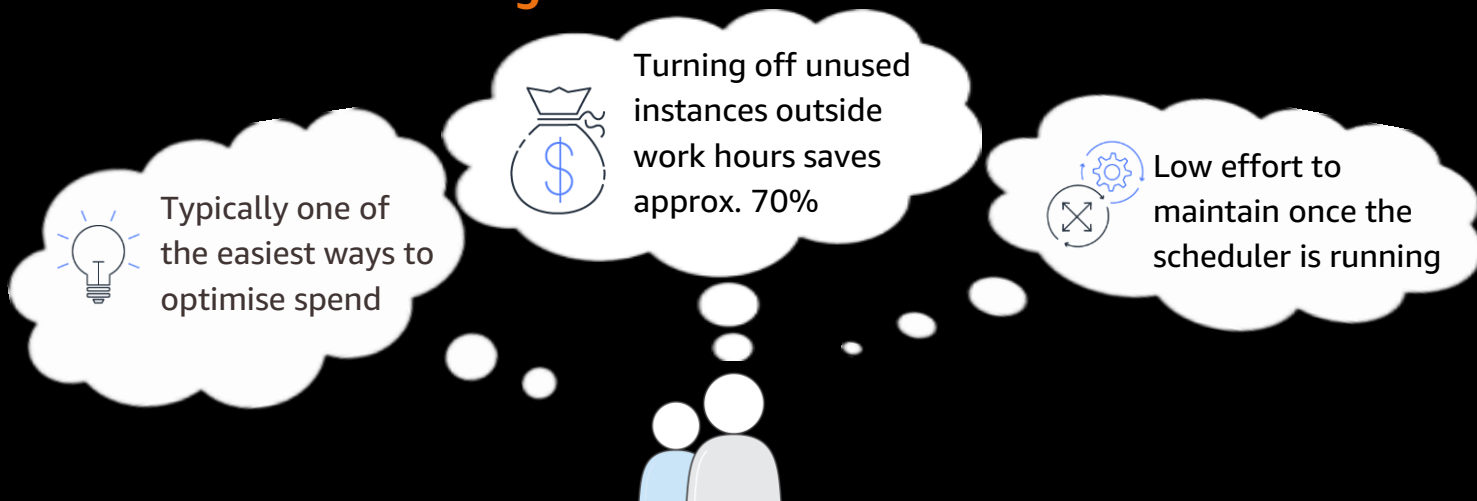
Cost Optimisation Levers

The following methods are commonly used by customers to improve cost efficiency

3 Schedule on-off your non-production workloads

One simple method to reduce costs is to stop resources that are not in use, and then start those resources again when their capacity is needed.

Benefits of Scheduling



Shut down unused instances with AWS Instance Scheduler

AWS Instance Scheduler enables customers to configure custom start and stop schedules for their EC2 and RDS Instances.

Setting up AWS Instance Scheduler

Instance Scheduler landing page



View the implementation guide



Click the icons to learn more

4 Use Amazon EC2 Spot Instances

Amazon EC2 Spot Instances let you take advantage of unused EC2 capacity in the AWS Cloud. Spot Instances are available at up to a 90% discount compared to On-Demand prices.

How best to use Spot Instances

As Spot is made up of the spare capacity in AWS data centers, you have the option to hibernate, stop or terminate your Spot Instances when EC2 reclaims the capacity back with two-minutes of notice.

SPOT IS IDEAL FOR:

- ☒ Fault-tolerant
- ☒ Flexible
- ☒ Loosely coupled
- ☒ Stateless workloads

With the right architecture, customers can use Spot even in production environments. For example, Spot can be architected in a way (via EC2 Fleet) that can switch between on-demand, RI, and Spot based on the cheapest available instance without interruption to your application.

Customer Spot Case Studies

Find out about how other customers leveraged Spot



Click the icon to learn more

Workloads suitable for Spot



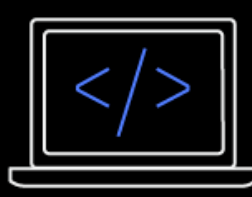
Big Data



CI/CD



Containerised Workloads



Web App/Services



HPC

Getting Started with Spot Instances

New Spot pricing model



Getting started guide



Introduction to EC2 Fleet



Click the icons to learn more

5 Ongoing training and learning

Recommended resources to continue learning about AWS Cost include:

[AWS Cost Labs](#)

[AWS Well Architected](#)

[AWS Cost Management Blog](#)