15 Never Give Up

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Step 1: Enter Starting Water	Profile							
	Calcium	Magnesium	Sodium	Chloride	Sulfate	Bicarbonate (HCO₃ ppm)		
A. Profile	(Ca ppm)	(Mg ppm)	(Na ppm)	(CI ppm)	(SO ₄ ppm)	O Alkalinity (CaCo	O ₃ ppm)	
Starting Water Profile:	41	9	67	0	44	178		
(ppm = mg/L)					A			
B. Volume	Mash Water	Sparge Water				· If your water repor	t gives Sulfate as Sulfur	
		T	1				a Ward Lab's report,	
Volume (liters):	4,5	5,88				multiply by that by		
(gallons):	1,19	1,55					- 10 g - 1 - 0 4	
% that is Distilled or RO:	0%	0%						
			•					
Step 2: Enter Grain Info				Distilled water		grain types	dist water pH	
	Select Grain	Weight	Color (°L)	Mash pH	1	- Select Grain -		
	Type	(kg)	(Crystal Malts Only)	(from chart)	2	Base - 2-Row	5,70	
Crystal Malt:	Base - 2-Row ▼	1,5		5,70] 3	Base - 6-Row	5,79	
Caramel malts, Cara Munich,	- Select Grain -			-			, and the second	
Cara Aroma, etc.		0		0,00		Base - Maris Otte	5,77	
	- Select Grain -	0		0,00	5	Base - Munich	5,43	
Roasted/Toasted Malt:	- Select Grain -	0		0,00	6	Base - Pilsner	5,75	
Roasted Barley, Black Patent, Carafa, etc.	- Select Grain -	0		0.00	7	Base - Wheat	6.04	
Caraia, etc.	- Select Grain -	0		0.00		Base - Vienna	5,56	
Acidulated Malt:				- 1			· ·	
Enter in Step 4a.	- Select Grain -	0		0,00	9	Base - Other	5,70	
	- Select Grain -	0		0,00	10	Crystal Malt	calculated	
	- Select Grain -	0		0,00	11	Roasted/Toasted	4,71	
Total (Grain Weight (kg):	1,5			The abov	o values are used to	calculate mash nH	
I otal Grain Weight (kg): 1,5 The above values are used to calculate mash pH. (lbs): 3,3 They may vary depending on maltser or other fact								
	Mash Thickness:	3 l/kg					s been found to be 5.56.	
		1.44 qt/lb			Modify if r	necessary.		
Step 3: View Mash pH		., 4			Note: When	n measuring actual r	nash pH with a meter,	
Ctop of vious maon pri			ESTIMATED				to 15 minutes for mash	
	Effective Alkalinity Residual		Desired pH to stabilize					
			Room-Temp '					
	(CaCO ₃ ppm)	Alkalinity	Mash pH	Mash pH	Thoro are u	There are varying opinions on the optimum range here.		
	-233	-284	5,40	5.4 - 5.6		der doing your own research and/or		
					experimentation to determine what's best for you.			
Step 4a: Adjust Mash pH DOWN (if needed)								
	Gypsum	Calc. Chloride	Epsom Salt		Acidulated Malt		Lactic Acid	
add at dough-in or prior.	CaSO₄	CaCl ₂	MgSO ₄	acid content:	2,0%	acid content:	80%	
► Mash Water Additions (grams):	0	0,35	0,11	grams:	0	ml:	1,7	
, ,								
Adjusting Sparge Water? (y/n):				OZ:	0,0	☐ Typically 2.0%.	. Revise if necessary.	
Sparge Water Additions (grams):	0,0	0,0	0,0	(0% of total wt) Some recommend keeping this under 3%				
add to boil, or to sparge water prior	to sparging, or co	mbine with mash s	alts when treating	all water combined	prior to brewing.			
Step 4b: Adjust Mash pH UP (if needed) Calculations for chalk's true affect on pH are very complex and may require an								
	Slaked Lime	Baking Soda	Chalk	acid to fully dissolve. This spreadsheet uses half of chalk's full potential based				
add at dough-in or prior.	Ca(OH) ₂	NaHCO₃	CaCO ₃			ion. Results may va		
Mash Water Additions (grams):		0,18	0					
, ,		0,10		J				
Adjusting Sparge Water? (y/n):	_	_		1				
Sparge Water Additions (grams):	0,0	0,0	0,0					
— add to boil, or to sparge water prior to sparging, or combine with mash salts when treating all water combined prior to brewing.								
Step 5: View Resulting Wate	r Profile							
	Calcium	Magnesium	Sodium	Chloride	Sulfate	Chloride	/ Sulfate	
	(0	(Mg ppm)	(Na ppm)	(CI ppm)	(SO ₄ ppm)	Ra	tio	
	(Ca ppm)				F.4	0.7		
Mash Water Profile:		11	78	38	54	0,7	71	
	62							
Mash + Sparge Water Profile:	62 50	10	72	16	48	0,3	34	
Mash + Sparge Water Profile: Palmer's Recommended Ranges :	62 50 50 - 150	10 10 - 30	72 0 - 150	16 <i>0 - 250</i>	48 <i>50 - 350</i>	0,3 Below .77, May er	nhance bitterness	
Mash + Sparge Water Profile:	62 50 50 - 150	10 10 - 30	72 0 - 150	16 <i>0 - 250</i>	48 <i>50 - 350</i>	0,3 Below .77, May er	nhance bitterness	