10 Brexit ESB

			IO DI CAIL	_00				
Step 1: Enter Starting Water	Profile							
	Calcium	Magnesium	Sodium	Chloride	Sulfate	Bicarbonate (Health)	CO ₃ ppm)	
A. Profile	(Ca ppm)	(Mg ppm)	(Na ppm)	(CI ppm)	(SO ₄ ppm)	O Alkalinity (CaCo	O₃ ppm)	
Starting Water Profile:	41	9	67	0	44	178		
(ppm = mg/L)					†			
B. Volume	Mash Water	Sparge Water				If your water report	t gives Sulfate as Sulfur	
Volume (liters):		5,39]			(SO ₄ -S) such as a	Ward Lab's report,	
						multiply by that by	3 to get SO ₄	
(gallons):	1,07	1,42						
% that is Distilled or RO:	0%	0%	ļ					
Step 2: Enter Grain Info				Distilled water		grain types	dist water pH	
	Select Grain	Weight	Color (°L)	Mash pH	1			
0	Туре	(kg)	(Crystal Malts Only)	(from chart)		Base - 2-Row	5,70	
Crystal Malt: Caramel malts, Cara Munich,	Base - Maris Otte 🔻	0,675		5,77	3	Base - 6-Row	5,79	
Cara Aroma, etc.	Base - 2-Row ▼	0,525		5,70	4	Base - Maris Otte	5,77	
	Crystal Malt ▼	0,075	50,8	4,96	5	Base - Munich	5,43	
Roasted/Toasted Malt:	Crystal Malt	0,06	121,9	4,61	6	Base - Pilsner	5,75	
Roasted Barley, Black Patent,	Roasted/Toasted ▼	0,012	,-	4,71		Base - Wheat	6,04	
Carafa, etc.	- Select Grain -	0		0.00		Base - Vienna	5,56	
Acidulated Malt:	- Select Grain -	0		0.00		Base - Other	5,70	
Enter in Step 4a.				- 1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	- Select Grain -	0		0,00		Crystal Malt	calculated	
Total	- Select Grain -	0		0,00		Roasted/Toasted	4,71	
i otai (Grain Weight (kg):	1,347					calculate mash pH.	
(lbs): 3,0 They may vary depending on maltser or or Mash Thickness: 3 l/kg - for example Rahr 2-Row has been found								
	Masii IIIICKIIESS.	1,44 qt/lb				necessary.	been leana to be e.ee.	
Step 3: View Mash pH		1,44 9010				•	nash pH with a meter,	
Step 3. View Mash ph			<i>K</i>				to 15 minutes for mash	
	Effective Desired pH to stabilize					to 13 minutes for masir		
		Alkalınıty Residual Room-Temp						
	(CaCO ₃ ppm)	Alkalinity	Mash pH	Mash pH				
	146	-17	5,62	5.4 - 5.6		e are varying opinions on the optimum range here. sider doing your own research and/or		
					experimentation to determine what's best for you.			
Step 4a: Adjust Mash pH DOWN (if needed)								
.,	Gypsum	Calc. Chloride	Epsom Salt		Acidulated Malt		Lactic Acid	
add at dough-in or prior.	CaSO ₄	CaCl ₂	MgSO ₄	acid content:	2,0%	acid content:	80%	
Mash Water Additions (grams):	0	2,51	0,57	grams:	0	ml:	0	
Adjusting Sparge Water? (y/n):				OZ:	0,0	Typically 2.0%	. Revise if necessary.	
Sparge Water Additions (grams):		0,0	0,0	1	(0% of total wt)	_	keeping this under 3%	
, ,				all water combined	*	230000111110110	g and ander 070	
— add to boil, or to sparge water prior to sparging, or combine with mash salts when treating all water combined prior to brewing. Step 4b: Adjust Mash pH UP (if needed) Calculations for chalk's true affect on pH are very complex and may require an								
Ciop ioi riajaot maon pri or	Slaked Lime	Baking Soda	Chalk	acid to fully dissolve. This spreadsheet uses half of chalk's full potential based				
add at dough-in or prior.	Ca(OH) ₂	NaHCO ₃	CaCO ₃	on experimental data w/o acid addition. Results may vary.				
Mash Water Additions (grams):		0	0	1				
Adjusting Sparge Water? (y/n):				1				
→ Sparge Water Additions (grams):		0,0	0,0	1				
1 - 1				all water combined	prior to brewing			
— add to boil, or to sparge water prior to sparging, or combine with mash salts when treating all water combined prior to brewing. Step 5: View Resulting Water Profile								
.,	Calcium	Magnesium	Sodium	Chloride	Sulfate	Chloride	/ Sulfate	
	(Ca ppm)	(Mg ppm)	(Na ppm)	(CI ppm)	(SO ₄ ppm)	Ra		
Mash Water Profile:	210	22	67	300	99	3,0	03	
Mash + Sparge Water Profile:	114	15	67	128	68	1,9	00	
Palmer's Recommended Ranges :	50 - 150	10 - 30	0 - 150	0 - 250	50 - 350	Above 1.3 may er		
There are varying opinions on these ranges. Consider doing your own research and/or experimentation to determine what's best for you.								
more are varying	opinions on these	ranges. Consider	doing your own re	search and/or expe	ilinentation to det	ennine what's best i	or you.	