

## 12 SMaSH Simcoe

### Step 1: Enter Starting Water Profile

#### A. Profile

	Calcium (Ca ppm)	Magnesium (Mg ppm)	Sodium (Na ppm)	Chloride (Cl ppm)	Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> ppm)	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Bicarbonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> ppm) <input type="radio"/> Alkalinity (CaCO <sub>3</sub> ppm)
Starting Water Profile: (ppm = mg/L)	41	9	67	0	44	178

#### B. Volume

	Mash Water	Sparge Water
Volume (liters):	3,97	5,44
(gallons):	1,05	1,44
% that is Distilled or RO:	0%	0%

If your water report gives Sulfate as Sulfur (SO<sub>4</sub>-S) such as a Ward Lab's report, multiply by that by 3 to get SO<sub>4</sub>

### Step 2: Enter Grain Info

#### Crystal Malt:

Caramel malts, Cara Munich, Cara Aroma, etc.

#### Roasted/Toasted Malt:

Roasted Barley, Black Patent, Carafo, etc.

#### Acidulated Malt:

Enter in Step 4a.

Select Grain Type	Weight (kg)	Color (°L) (Crystal Malts Only)	Distilled water Mash pH (from chart)	grain types	dist water pH
Base - Maris Otte ▼	1,325		5,77	1 - Select Grain -	
- Select Grain - ▼	0		0,00	2 Base - 2-Row	5,70
- Select Grain - ▼	0		0,00	3 Base - 6-Row	5,79
- Select Grain - ▼	0		0,00	4 Base - Maris Otte	5,77
- Select Grain - ▼	0		0,00	5 Base - Munich	5,43
- Select Grain - ▼	0		0,00	6 Base - Pilsner	5,75
- Select Grain - ▼	0		0,00	7 Base - Wheat	6,04
- Select Grain - ▼	0		0,00	8 Base - Vienna	5,56
- Select Grain - ▼	0		0,00	9 Base - Other	5,70
- Select Grain - ▼	0		0,00	10 Crystal Malt	calculated
- Select Grain - ▼	0		0,00	11 Roasted/Toasted	4,71
Total Grain Weight (kg):	1,325				
(lbs):	2,9				
Mash Thickness:	3 l/kg				
	1,44 qt/lb				

The above values are used to calculate mash pH. They may vary depending on maltster or other factors - for example Rahr 2-Row has been found to be 5.56. Modify if necessary.

### Step 3: View Mash pH

Effective Alkalinity (CaCO <sub>3</sub> ppm)	Residual Alkalinity	ESTIMATED Room-Temp Mash pH	Desired Room-Temp Mash pH
-123	-260	5,50	5.4 - 5.6

Note: When measuring actual mash pH with a meter, keep in mind that it can take up to 15 minutes for mash pH to stabilize.

There are varying opinions on the optimum range here. Consider doing your own research and/or experimentation to determine what's best for you.

### Step 4a: Adjust Mash pH DOWN (if needed)

	Gypsum CaSO <sub>4</sub>	Calc. Chloride CaCl <sub>2</sub>	Epsom Salt MgSO <sub>4</sub>	acid content: grams:	Acidulated Malt 2,0%	acid content: ml:	Lactic Acid 80%
add at dough-in or prior.							
Mash Water Additions (grams):	0	1,84	0,86		0		1
Adjusting Sparge Water? (y/n):	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	oz:	0,0		
Sparge Water Additions (grams):	0,0	0,0	0,0				
(0% of total wt) Some recommend keeping this under 3%							
add to boil, or to sparge water prior to sparging, or combine with mash salts when treating all water combined prior to brewing.							

### Step 4b: Adjust Mash pH UP (if needed)

	Slaked Lime Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub>	Baking Soda NaHCO <sub>3</sub>	Chalk CaCO <sub>3</sub>	Calculations for chalk's true affect on pH are very complex and may require an acid to fully dissolve. This spreadsheet uses half of chalk's full potential based on experimental data w/o acid addition. Results may vary.			
add at dough-in or prior.							
Mash Water Additions (grams):	0	0	0				
Adjusting Sparge Water? (y/n):	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
Sparge Water Additions (grams):	0,0	0,0	0,0				
add to boil, or to sparge water prior to sparging, or combine with mash salts when treating all water combined prior to brewing.							

### Step 5: View Resulting Water Profile

	Calcium (Ca ppm)	Magnesium (Mg ppm)	Sodium (Na ppm)	Chloride (Cl ppm)	Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> ppm)	Chloride / Sulfate Ratio
Mash Water Profile:	168	29	67	224	128	1,74
Mash + Sparge Water Profile:	94	18	67	94	80	1,19
Palmer's Recommended Ranges:	50 - 150	10 - 30	0 - 150	0 - 250	50 - 350	.77 to 1.3 = Balanced

There are varying opinions on these ranges. Consider doing your own research and/or experimentation to determine what's best for you.