Key Terms from Lecture #1: Making Language Visible

Sign: an object indicating the probable presence or occurrence of something else; an indication.

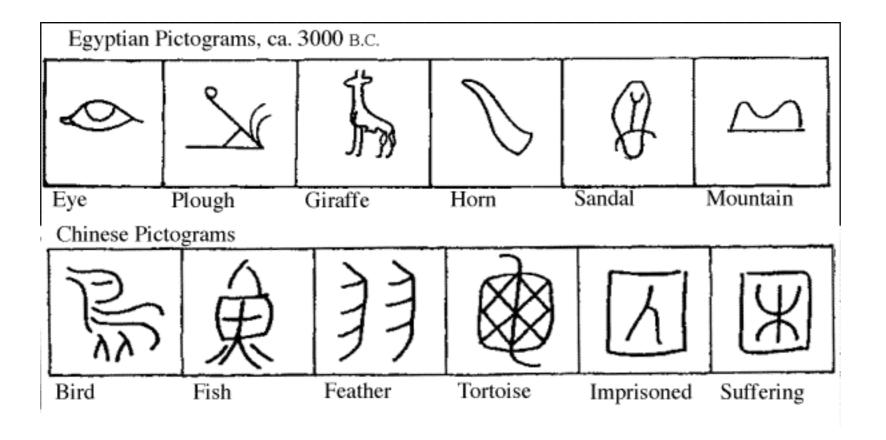
Symbol: a thing that represents or stands for something else, especially a material object representing something abstract.

"the limousine was another symbol of his wealth and authority"

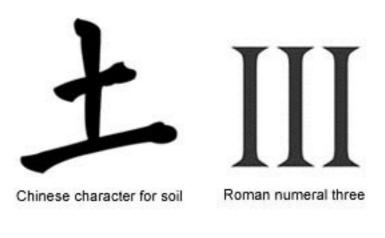
Syllabary: a set of written characters representing syllables and (in some languages or stages of writing) serving the purpose of an alphabet

Conventionalization: to simplify or stylize; taking characteristics and reducing them to motifs. there is always a process of abstraction required.

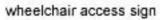
Schematize: to form into or arrange in a scheme.



Pictogram: a pictorial symbol for a word or phrase



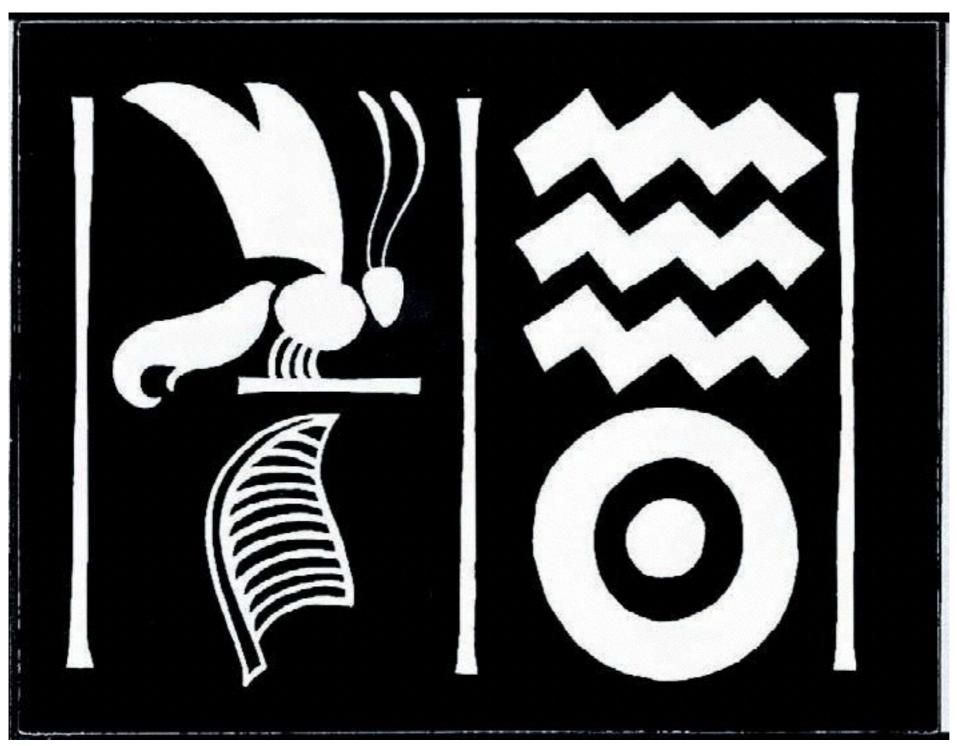






biohazard sign

Ideogram: a written character symbolizing the *idea* of a thing without indicating the sounds used to say it, eg, numerals



Rebus: a puzzle in which words are represented by combinations of pictures and individual letters

NIMARTISQ'DOLOSETD CHAODENSOSDIVVMN NEQUOCAPTAEDVMFV

IOCEANISEREIOSPEDEREUPUL DEMSIDUSEUGIENSUBILISCIS ORTGBERNASCALLODESCEN

deillodiscittiquemmitte utroquinonestquiaetpat musetfiliascumdicitssiaut

Holi tamere accipere ince riccin con ingenitucin Quod chim luea noctum et. despusco et. bfbkqxy ABCDEFGGbIJKLOTH OPGRSTUXYYZYVCO



saebat Bh ministmaus ubtatemut mant der sucoubaghttame tismoonmulluntoft enmayre inseration adb neucaptain stan punsievä teneturau anamad neutrem refeamment houms