


$$1) \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} x e^{\frac{1}{x^2-1}} = -\infty \quad e^{\frac{1}{x} \rightarrow 0} \rightarrow +\infty$$

$$2) f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 1 & x \leq 2 \\ e^x & x > 2 \end{cases} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} x^2 - 1 = 3 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} e^x = e^2$$

$$3) f(x) = 3 - x^2 + x^3 : [-1, 2] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$f(-1) = 3 - 1 - 1 = 1$$

$$f(2) = 3 - 4 + 8 = 7$$

per teorema

di weierstrass assume sicuramente
valore 2

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 2x$$

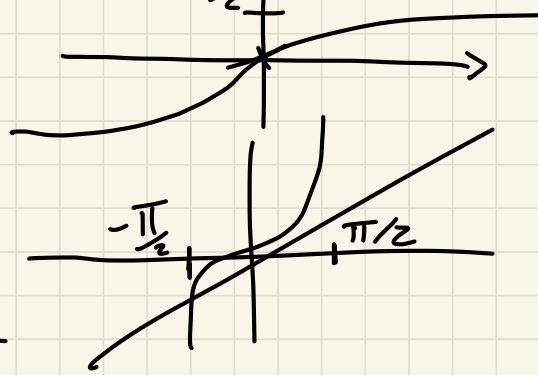
$$3x^2 - 2x = 0$$

$$x(3x - 2)$$

$$x = 0 \vee x = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \ln \left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \arctan \left(\frac{1}{x-1} \right) \right) =$$

$$= \ln \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{2} \right) = \ln 0 \rightarrow -\infty$$



$$5) \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{2x^2 - 1} - x}{|x|} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{2x^2 - 1} - x}{|x|}$$

$$\frac{|x| \sqrt{2 - \frac{1}{x^2}} - x}{|x|} = \frac{(|x| \sqrt{2} - x)}{|x|} = \frac{-x \sqrt{2} - x}{-x} =$$

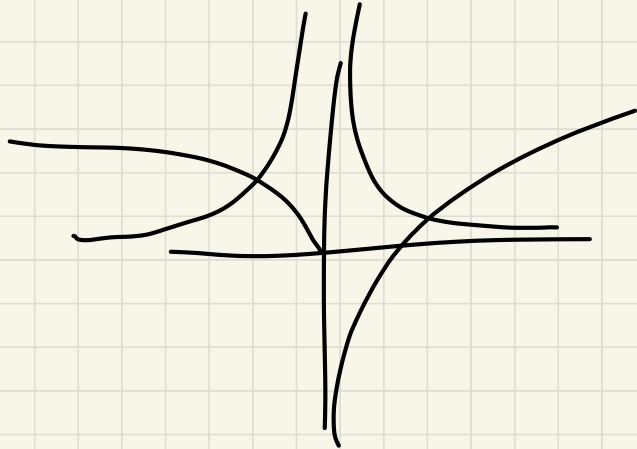
$$\frac{-\sqrt{2} - 1}{-1} = \sqrt{2} + 1$$

$$6) f(x) = \begin{cases} ax+2 & x \leq -1 \\ \ln(x^2+x+1) & x > -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} ax+2 = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} \ln(x^2+x+1) = 0 \quad -a+2=0 \quad a=2$$

$$7) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left(e^{\frac{x}{x^2}} - e^{\frac{1}{x}} - \ln x \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} -\ln x = +\infty$$

gerarchia degli infiniti:



8)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x+3 & -2 \leq x < 0 \\ 2x+2 & 0 \leq x \leq 2 \end{cases}$$

$f'(x) =$

