#### COMPILING MATHEMATICAL FUNCTIONS IN BIOCHEMICAL REACTION NETWORKS

Internship INRIA Lifeware - Julien Bienvenu

Séminaire interne 3 mai

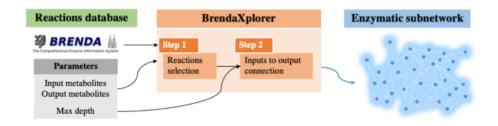
#### Context – Practical view point

M. Patrick Amar & Sys2diag

- Synthetic vesicles
- Multiple usages (cheap medical testing)

But : Need to figure out real-life CRNs

Brenda database & BrendaXplorer



**Fig. 2** Database pipeline implemented in <u>BrendaXplorer</u> software to extract concrete chemical reactions, currently used with <u>SiliCell Maker</u> software for implementing logical circuits.

#### Context – Theoretical viewpoint

- Lifeware & BioCham
- Able through polynomialization to perform the following pipeline :



# General objective

Compile general elementary mathematical functions in concrete CRN, by constraining our compilation pipeline to use the ODE terms of a limited set of well-characterized real enzymatic reactions

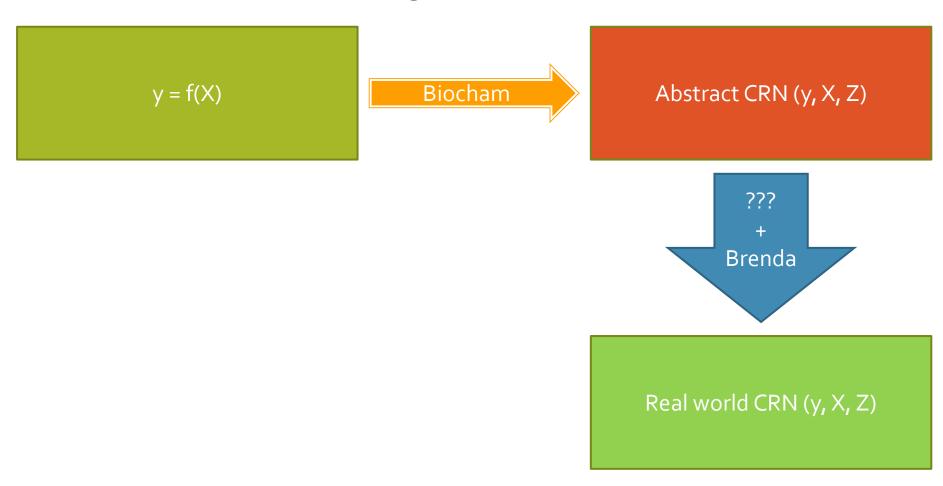
# Internship's objective(s)

Static mapping from the abstract CRN to a concrete CRN (using Brenda as a backend module to Biocham)

Bonus objective (if there's time):

Symbolic computation theory of our CRN compilation pipeline in order to constrain it to the limited resources of a reaction catalogue in the early ODE transformation phases

# Internship's objective(s)



## My approach – Dividing in three

Biocham:

Figuring out how to use and exploit the abstract CRNs that it returns

Brenda(Xplorer):

Figuring out how to use it and exploit the database of reactions it returns

Processing:

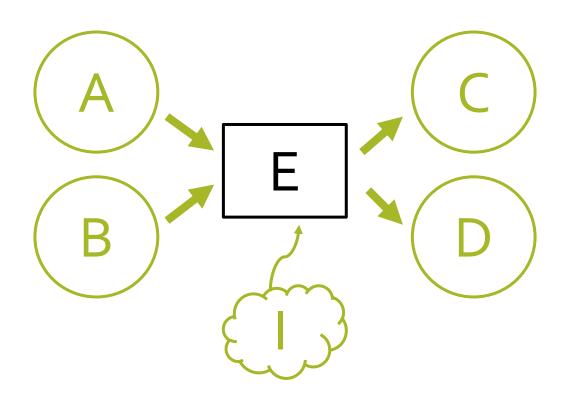
Where the magic happens

Pre-Processing Bricks

### My approach – General ideas

- Various objects and classes :
  - Metabolite
  - Reaction
  - Kinetics
  - Environment...
- Loose concept of « matching »
- Abstract CRNs as graphs, with a pre-traversal algorithm
- Dynamic programming to find matching reactions

# Some description of CRNs



E
A in
B in
C out
D out
I inhib

#### Pre-traversal of abstract CRN

- Step o : Consider and color as green the predefined metabolites
- Step 1: Select the enzyme with the most green metabolites and the least red
- Step 2 : Note the enzyme and the new filled metabolites
- Step 3 : Green-light these metabolites for all of their enzymes
- Step 4 : Go back to step 1...

Real-time demo on whiteboard!

## Final pipeline

- Pre-traversal optimises the pipeline : aims to show incompatibilities ASAP
- Pre-selecting enzyme candidates for every abstract one in advance matching with it's abstract kinetic
- Dynamic programming

## Key questions (for me)

- How to describe the environment/kinetics?
- Is the abstract CRN exhaustive? (Is graph matching enough?)
- Did I understand the task correctly?