

DualCam: Product Requirements Document

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Product Name: DualCam

Platform: iOS 18+

Technology Stack: Swift 6, AVFoundation, SwiftUI

Executive Summary

DualCam is a next-generation dual camera iOS application designed to capture simultaneous front and back camera footage with a premium liquid glass aesthetic. The app leverages iOS 18's latest AVFoundation multi-camera APIs to deliver professional-grade dual perspective recording while maintaining an intuitive, consumer-friendly interface.

Vision Statement

To provide content creators, vloggers, and everyday users with the most powerful, reliable, and beautifully designed dual camera recording experience on iOS, enabling authentic storytelling through multi-perspective capture.

Business Objectives

- Market Differentiation:** Stand out from competitors (Mixcam, DoubleTake) through superior reliability, design, and feature completeness
- User Delight:** Deliver a premium, Apple-native experience with liquid glass design language
- Technical Excellence:** Leverage cutting-edge iOS 18+ and Swift 6 capabilities
- Flexible Output:** Provide three recording outputs (front, back, combined) for maximum editing flexibility

Success Metrics

• Technical Performance:

- App crash rate < 0.1%
- 99% successful save rate to Photos library
- < 5% hardware cost threshold for multi-cam recording
- Thermal management prevents overheating during 10+ minute recordings

• User Engagement:

- Daily active users retention > 40% after 30 days
- Average session length > 5 minutes
- Feature adoption rate > 60% for advanced controls

• App Store Performance:

- Target 4.5+ star rating
- Featured in App Store "New Apps We Love"

- Top 10 in Photo & Video category within 3 months
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Product Overview

Product Description

DualCam is a professional-quality dual camera recording application that enables users to simultaneously capture video from both front and back cameras on their iPhone. The app produces three distinct outputs: a front-only video, a back-only video, and a combined picture-in-picture or split-screen video, all saved directly to the Photos library.

Target Platform

- **iOS Version:** 18.0 or later
- **Device Requirements:**
 - iPhone XS, XS Max, XR and later models
 - A12 Bionic chip or newer
 - Multi-camera support capability (verified via `AVCaptureMultiCamSession.isMultiCamSupported`)
 - Minimum 4GB RAM
 - 100MB available storage (excluding recorded videos)

Design Philosophy

DualCam embraces Apple's liquid glass/glassmorphism design language, featuring:

- Semi-transparent UI elements with background blur
 - Soft, glowing borders on interactive components
 - Layered depth hierarchy
 - Smooth animations and transitions
 - Dark mode optimized
 - Accessibility-first approach
-

Target Audience

Primary Personas

1. Content Creator Clara (Age 22-35)

- **Background:** Social media influencer, YouTuber, TikTok
- **Goals:** Create engaging reaction videos, vlogs, and dual-perspective content
- **Pain Points:** Existing apps crash, have recording limits, poor quality
- **Needs:** Reliable recording, high quality output, easy sharing to social media
- **Tech Savvy:** High - understands video settings and formats

2. Interview Ian (Age 28-45)

- **Background:** Journalist, podcaster, event organizer
- **Goals:** Capture interviews with simultaneous host and guest perspectives
- **Pain Points:** Needs professional reliability, doesn't want to learn complex tools
- **Needs:** Easy operation, multiple output files for editing, good audio
- **Tech Savvy:** Medium - familiar with iOS but not video production

3. Vlogger Vanessa (Age 18-28)

- **Background:** College student, travel enthusiast, lifestyle vlogger
- **Goals:** Document experiences with authentic front+back perspective
- **Pain Points:** Limited budget, wants professional results without expensive gear
- **Needs:** Fun UI, good stabilization, filters and effects
- **Tech Savvy:** Medium-high - comfortable with iPhone features

4. Parent Paul (Age 35-50)

- **Background:** Family documenter, captures kids' moments
- **Goals:** Capture special moments while also capturing family reactions
- **Pain Points:** Doesn't want complexity, just wants it to work
- **Needs:** Simple interface, automatic settings, easy sharing
- **Tech Savvy:** Low-medium - uses iPhone casually

Secondary Personas

- Educators creating instructional content
- Fitness instructors recording workout tutorials
- Musicians capturing performance and audience simultaneously
- Event photographers offering dual perspective coverage

Feature Specifications

1. Core Camera Functionality

1.1 Multi-Camera Capture System

Priority: P0 (Critical)

Description: Simultaneous capture from front and back cameras using `AVCaptureMultiCamSession`.

Technical Requirements:

- Implement `AVCaptureMultiCamSession` with manual connection management
- Configure separate `AVCaptureDeviceInput` for front and back cameras
- Use `addInputWithNoConnections()` and `addOutputWithNoConnections()` methods
- Create explicit `AVCaptureConnection` instances for each camera-output pair
- Monitor hardware cost to stay below 1.0 threshold
- Implement dynamic quality adjustment if approaching hardware limits

User Stories:

- As a user, I want to see both front and back camera previews simultaneously
- As a user, I want smooth, synchronized recording from both cameras
- As a user, I want the app to handle hardware limitations gracefully

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Both camera feeds display in real-time with < 100ms latency
- ☒ Recording starts and stops simultaneously on both cameras
- ☒ Hardware cost monitoring prevents session failure
- ☒ Graceful fallback to single camera if multi-cam unavailable
- ☒ Support for all camera combinations (wide, ultra-wide, telephoto)

1.2 Three-Output Recording System

Priority: P0 (Critical)

Description: Simultaneously record and save three distinct video files: front-only, back-only, and combined view.

Technical Requirements:

- Create three separate AVCaptureVideoDataOutput instances:
 1. Front camera output → front_only.mov
 2. Back camera output → back_only.mov
 3. Combined output → combined.mov (composited using Metal)
- Use AVAssetWriter for each output to write to separate file URLs
- Implement Metal shader for real-time compositing of combined view
- Ensure frame synchronization across all three outputs
- Handle different frame rates/resolutions between cameras gracefully

Recording Outputs:

Output 1: Front Camera Only

- Full resolution front camera video
- File naming: DualCam_Front_YYYYMMDD_HHMMSS.mov
- Independent of combined view composition

Output 2: Back Camera Only

- Full resolution back camera video
- File naming: DualCam_Back_YYYYMMDD_HHMMSS.mov
- Independent of combined view composition

Output 3: Combined View

- Picture-in-picture or split-screen composite
- User-selectable layout (see Layout Options below)
- File naming: DualCam_Combined_YYYYMMDD_HHMMSS.mov
- Includes both camera feeds in single frame

User Stories:

- As a video editor, I want separate files for each camera to edit independently
- As a content creator, I want a ready-to-share combined video immediately
- As a user, I want all three files saved automatically without extra steps

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Three distinct video files created for each recording session
- ☒ All files saved to Photos library automatically
- ☒ Files maintain frame synchronization (< 33ms drift)
- ☒ No data loss or corruption in any output
- ☒ Combined view matches real-time preview exactly
- ☒ All files include proper metadata (creation date, location, etc.)

1.3 Combined View Layout Options

Priority: P0 (Critical)

Description: Multiple composition layouts for the combined output.

Available Layouts:

1. Picture-in-Picture (PiP)

- Large background: Back camera (full screen)
- Small overlay: Front camera (moveable, resizable)
- PiP positions: 4 corners + center
- PiP sizes: Small (15%), Medium (25%), Large (40%)
- Rounded corners with liquid glass border

2. Split-Screen Vertical

- Top: Front camera (50% height)
- Bottom: Back camera (50% height)
- Thin divider line with glass effect

3. Split-Screen Horizontal

- Left: Front camera (50% width)
- Right: Back camera (50% width)
- Thin divider line with glass effect

4. Background Dominance

- Back camera: 70% of screen
- Front camera: 30% of screen (bottom overlay)
- Preserves more of back camera view

5. Equal Focus

- Both cameras: 50% each
- Side-by-side or top-bottom
- Equal priority for both perspectives

Interactive Controls:

- Tap layout icon to cycle through options
- Drag PiP window to reposition during preview
- Pinch PiP window to resize
- Layout settings persist between sessions

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ All 5 layouts available and functional
- ☒ Layout changes reflected in real-time preview
- ☒ PiP window draggable to any screen position
- ☒ Layout changes during recording applied to subsequent frames
- ☒ Settings saved and restored on app launch

2. Camera Preview Interface

2.1 Stacked Dual Preview

Priority: P0 (Critical)

Description: Real-time preview of both camera feeds before and during recording.

Layout:

- **Primary View:** Larger camera feed (user-selectable: front or back)
- **Secondary View:** Smaller overlay or split-screen
- **Match Combined Output:** Preview reflects selected layout
- **Real-time Updates:** < 60ms latency from sensor to screen

Technical Implementation:

- Use AVCaptureVideoPreviewLayer for each camera
- Composite using Metal for combined preview
- Maintain 60fps preview when possible
- Adaptive quality based on device capabilities

User Stories:

- As a user, I want to see exactly what will be recorded
- As a user, I want smooth, lag-free preview
- As a creator, I want to frame both shots before recording

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Both camera feeds visible simultaneously
 - ☒ Preview matches final recording output
 - ☒ Smooth 60fps preview on supported devices
 - ☒ Preview maintains aspect ratio correctly
 - ☒ No black bars or distortion
-

3. Recording Controls

3.1 Record Button

Priority: P0 (Critical)

Design:

- Large circular button (84pt diameter)
- Center bottom of screen
- Liquid glass background with white/red fill
- State indicators:
 - **Ready:** White fill, glass border
 - **Recording:** Red fill, pulsing animation
 - **Processing:** Loading spinner

Behavior:

- Single tap: Start/stop recording
- Long press: Reserved for future quick settings
- Haptic feedback on tap
- Visual state transitions (smooth animations)

Recording States:

- **Idle:** Ready to record
- **Recording:** Active recording with timer display
- **Processing:** Saving files to library
- **Success:** Visual confirmation of save
- **Error:** Clear error message with retry option

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Immediate response to tap (< 100ms)
 - ☒ Clear visual feedback for all states
 - ☒ Haptic feedback for state changes
 - ☒ Recording timer visible during capture
 - ☒ Cancel/stop always available
-

3.2 Recording Timer**Priority:** P0 (Critical)**Display:**

- HH:MM:SS format for recordings > 1 hour
- MM:SS format for recordings < 1 hour
- SS format for first minute
- Position: Top center of screen
- Liquid glass background
- Pulsing red dot indicator

Features:

- Real-time update every second
- No recording time limit (only storage dependent)
- Battery level warning when < 20%
- Storage warning when < 500MB available
- Temperature warning if device overheating

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Timer accurate to ± 1 second
 - ☒ Timer visible in all screen orientations
 - ☒ Red recording indicator pulsing
 - ☒ Warning indicators don't obstruct view
 - ☒ Timer resets properly between recordings
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4. Advanced Camera Features**4.1 Independent Zoom Controls****Priority:** P0 (Critical)**Description:** Separate zoom control for front and back cameras.**Implementation:**

- **Pinch Gesture:** Zoom active camera (indicated by border highlight)
- **Zoom Slider:** Dedicated control with camera toggle
- **Preset Buttons:** 0.5x, 1x, 2x, 5x (device dependent)
- **Zoom Range:** 0.5x to 10x digital zoom
- **Smooth Transitions:** Animated zoom changes

UI Elements:

- Zoom level indicator (e.g., "2.0x")
- Camera toggle button to switch zoom target

- Slider for fine-grained control
- Quick preset tap buttons

Technical Requirements:

- Use `AVCaptureDevice.videoZoomFactor` for zoom
- Respect `activeFormat.videoMaxZoomFactor` limits
- Smooth zoom ramp with configurable duration
- Independent zoom state for each camera

User Stories:

- As a user, I want to zoom in on my back camera without affecting front camera
- As a creator, I want quick zoom presets for common focal lengths
- As a user, I want smooth zoom transitions during recording

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Independent zoom for front and back cameras
 - ☒ Pinch-to-zoom gesture works intuitively
 - ☒ Zoom level indicator always visible
 - ☒ Preset buttons work instantly
 - ☒ Zoom state persists between recordings
-

4.2 Video Quality Settings

Priority: P1 (High)

Resolution Options:

- **720p HD** (1280x720) - Basic quality, smaller file size
- **1080p Full HD** (1920x1080) - Standard quality (default)
- **4K UHD** (3840x2160) - Maximum quality (if hardware cost allows)

Frame Rate Options:

- **24fps** - Cinematic look
- **30fps** - Standard video (default)
- **60fps** - Smooth motion (if supported)

Codec Options:

- **H.264** - Universal compatibility (default)
- **H.265/HEVC** - Better compression, smaller files
- **ProRes** - Professional editing (future enhancement)

Quality Presets:

- **High Efficiency:** 1080p, 30fps, H.265
- **Balanced:** 1080p, 30fps, H.264 (default)
- **Maximum Quality:** 4K, 60fps, H.265
- **Social Media:** 1080p, 30fps, H.264, optimized bitrate

UI:

- Settings panel with liquid glass design
- Visual previews of quality differences
- File size estimates for each option
- Real-time hardware cost indicator

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ All resolution options functional
 - ☒ Frame rate changes applied correctly
 - ☒ Codec selection works as expected
 - ☒ Presets provide sensible defaults
 - ☒ Hardware limitations communicated clearly
-

4.3 Exposure & Focus Controls**Priority:** P1 (High)**Exposure Controls:**

- **Auto Exposure (AE):** Default automatic mode
- **AE Lock:** Tap-and-hold to lock exposure
- **Exposure Compensation:** ± 3 EV slider adjustment
- **Manual Exposure:**
 - ISO range: 29-2000 (device dependent)
 - Shutter speed: 1/8000s to 1/3s
- **Exposure Indicator:** Visual meter showing current level

Focus Controls:

- **Auto Focus (AF):** Continuous autofocus (default)
- **Tap-to-Focus:** Tap on preview to focus
- **AF Lock:** Lock focus at current distance
- **Manual Focus:** Slider for lens position (0.0-1.0)
- **Focus Peaking:** Highlight in-focus areas (optional)

UI Design:

- Tap preview: Show AF/AE reticle
- Swipe up/down on reticle: Adjust exposure compensation
- Settings panel: Manual controls
- Yellow square: AF/AE target indicator
- Lock icon: Indicates locked state

Technical Implementation:

```
// Exposure control
device.exposureMode = .continuousAutoExposure
device.setExposureTargetBias(compensation) { _ in }

// Focus control
device.focusMode = .continuousAutoFocus
device.focusPointOfInterest = CGPoint(x: 0.5, y: 0.5)
```

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Tap-to-focus works instantly
 - ☒ Exposure compensation visible in real-time
 - ☒ Manual controls provide precise adjustment
 - ☒ AF/AE locks function properly
 - ☒ Reticle disappears after 3 seconds
-

4.4 Flash & Torch Controls

Priority: P1 (High)

Flash Modes:

- **Off:** No flash
- **On:** Always fire flash
- **Auto:** Flash based on ambient light

Torch Mode (Video Light):

- **Off:** No torch
- **On:** Continuous light during recording
- **Auto:** Torch based on scene brightness
- **Brightness Levels:** 0-100% adjustable

UI:

- Flash/torch icon button (top-left of preview)
- States cycle: Off → Auto → On
- Icon changes color to indicate state
- Torch brightness slider (when torch enabled)

Technical Requirements:

- Check `device.hasTorch` and `device.hasFlash`
- Use `device.torchMode` for video recording
- Adjust `device.setTorchModeOn(level:)` for brightness
- Monitor battery impact (show warning if < 20%)

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Flash modes work for compatible cameras
 - ☒ Torch enables smoothly during recording
 - ☒ Brightness adjustment visible in real-time
 - ☒ Low battery warning shown if using torch
 - ☒ Graceful handling of non-torch devices
-

4.5 Video Stabilization

Priority: P1 (High)

Stabilization Modes:

- **Off:** No stabilization
- **Standard:** Basic software stabilization (default)
- **Enhanced:** Advanced stabilization
- **Cinematic:** Smooth, film-like motion
- **Action Mode:** Maximum stability for high motion

Implementation:

```
if connection.isVideoStabilizationSupported {  
    connection.preferredVideoStabilizationMode = .cinematicExtended  
}
```

UI:

- Settings panel option
- Visual icon indicating active mode
- Real-time preview of stabilization effect
- Warning if mode not supported

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ All modes functional on supported devices
 - ☒ Stabilization visible in preview
 - ☒ Clear indication of active mode
 - ☒ Performance impact minimal
 - ☒ Fallback for unsupported modes
-

4.6 Audio Settings

Priority: P1 (High)

Audio Features:

- **Microphone Selection:**
 - Built-in microphone (front, back, bottom)
 - External microphone (Lightning/USB-C)
 - Bluetooth microphone
- **Audio Monitoring:** Real-time level meters
- **Manual Gain Control:** Adjust input level (-12dB to +12dB)
- **Wind Noise Reduction:** Toggle on/off
- **Audio Format:**
 - Sample rate: 48kHz (default), 44.1kHz
 - Bit depth: 16-bit, 24-bit
 - Channels: Mono, Stereo

UI:

- Audio settings in settings panel
- Level meters during recording
- Microphone icon indicates active input
- Mute toggle (video only recording)

Technical Implementation:

```
let audioDevice = AVCaptureDevice.default(for: .audio)
let audioInput = try AVCaptureDeviceInput(device: audioDevice!)
session.addInput(audioInput)
```

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Audio levels display in real-time
 - ☒ External microphone detected automatically
 - ☒ Wind noise reduction audible effect
 - ☒ Gain control functional
 - ☒ Mute option works correctly
-

4.7 Grid Overlays

Priority: P2 (Medium)

Grid Types:

- **None:** No grid (default for beginners)
- **Rule of Thirds:** 3x3 grid (default)
- **Golden Ratio:** Fibonacci spiral
- **Center Cross:** Crosshair alignment
- **Square:** 1:1 aspect ratio guide

UI:

- Toggle in quick settings
- Semi-transparent overlay (20% opacity)
- Liquid glass aesthetic
- Doesn't appear in final video

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Grid visible in preview only
 - ☒ All grid types render correctly
 - ☒ Grid doesn't impact performance
 - ☒ Preference saved between sessions
 - ☒ Grid adapts to screen orientation
-

4.8 Timer & Self-Timer

Priority: P2 (Medium)

Timer Options:

- **Off:** Immediate recording
- **3 seconds:** Short delay
- **10 seconds:** Standard delay
- **Custom:** User-defined (5-60 seconds)

Countdown Display:

- Large numbers in center of screen
- Countdown audio beeps
- Visual countdown animation
- Cancel option during countdown

UI:

- Timer icon button in controls
- Shows selected delay time
- Countdown overlay during countdown

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Timer countdown accurate
 - ☒ Audio beeps at 3, 2, 1
 - ☒ Cancel button functional
 - ☒ Recording starts automatically after countdown
 - ☒ Timer setting persists
-

4.9 Filters & Effects

Priority: P2 (Medium)

Available Filters:

- **None:** Natural color
- **Vivid:** Increased saturation
- **Dramatic:** High contrast
- **Cool:** Blue tint
- **Warm:** Orange/yellow tint
- **B&W:** Black and white
- **Sepia:** Vintage tone
- **Cinematic:** Film-like grade

Real-time Application:

- Filters applied during recording
- Preview shows filter effect
- Metal shaders for performance
- Adjustable filter intensity (0-100%)

UI:

- Horizontal filter carousel
- Thumbnail previews of each filter
- Live preview when swiping
- Filter name displayed

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ All filters render in real-time
 - ☒ No performance degradation
 - ☒ Filters apply to combined output
 - ☒ Separate files unaffected by filters
 - ☒ Filter choice saved between sessions
-

5. User Interface Design

5.1 Liquid Glass Design System

Priority: P0 (Critical)

Design Principles:

- **Translucency:** 20-40% opacity for glass elements
- **Background Blur:** 20-30px blur radius
- **Borders:** 1px soft borders with white 40% opacity
- **Shadows:** Soft shadows (radius 10-20px, 20-30% opacity)
- **Colors:**
 - Light mode: White with subtle blue tint
 - Dark mode: Dark gray with subtle purple tint
- **Typography:** San Francisco (system font)
 - Regular weight for body
 - Semibold for emphasis
 - Bold for headers

SwiftUI Materials:

```
.background(.ultraThinMaterial) // Lightest glass
.background(.thinMaterial)     // Light glass
.background(.regularMaterial)   // Standard glass
.background(.thickMaterial)     // Heavy glass
```

Component Library:

- **GlassButton:** Circular buttons with glass background
- **GlassPanel:** Rectangular panels for settings/info
- **GlassSlider:** Slider controls with glass track
- **GlassCard:** Content cards with glass effect
- **GlassBadge:** Small indicators and labels

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Consistent glass aesthetic throughout app
 - ☒ Respects accessibility settings (reduce transparency)
 - ☒ Performs smoothly on all supported devices
 - ☒ Adapts to light and dark mode
 - ☒ Maintains readability (WCAG AA contrast)
-

5.2 Main Recording Screen**Priority:** P0 (Critical)**Layout:****Top Bar (Floating):**

- Status indicators (top-left to top-right):
- Settings gear icon
- Flash/torch toggle
- Timer display (when recording)
- Battery indicator
- Close/back button

Center:

- Full-screen camera preview
- AF/AE reticle (when active)
- Grid overlay (if enabled)
- Filter preview

Bottom Bar (Floating):

- Gallery thumbnail (bottom-left)
- Record button (bottom-center)
- Camera flip button (bottom-right)
- Zoom controls (when pinching or tapping zoom)

Settings Panel (Slide-up):

- Swipe up from bottom to reveal
- Glass panel with controls:
- Resolution & frame rate

- Layout options
- Exposure & focus
- Audio settings
- Filters
- Grid toggle

Visual Design:

- Full bleed camera preview
- Floating glass controls don't obstruct view
- Smooth animations (0.3s ease-in-out)
- Auto-hide controls after 3s of inactivity
- Tap screen to show controls again

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ All controls accessible within 2 taps
 - ☒ Preview uses 100% of screen
 - ☒ Controls auto-hide during recording
 - ☒ Settings panel smooth slide animation
 - ☒ Touch targets minimum 44x44pt
-

5.3 Settings/Configuration Screen

Priority: P1 (High)

Categories:**Video Settings:**

- Resolution (720p, 1080p, 4K)
- Frame rate (24, 30, 60fps)
- Codec (H.264, H.265)
- Bitrate (Low, Medium, High, Maximum)

Audio Settings:

- Microphone selection
- Sample rate
- Wind noise reduction
- Audio monitoring

Recording Settings:

- Layout default
- Auto-save to library
- File naming convention
- Maximum recording duration

Interface Settings:

- Grid type
- Control auto-hide duration
- Haptic feedback toggle
- Sound effects toggle

About:

- App version

- Device compatibility info
- Privacy policy
- Support/feedback

UI Design:

- Standard iOS Settings-style interface
- Grouped table view sections
- Glass-styled cells
- Inline pickers and toggles
- Immediate preview of changes

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ All settings accessible
 - ☒ Changes save immediately
 - ☒ Settings persist between launches
 - ☒ Clear descriptions for each option
 - ☒ Restore defaults option available
-

5.4 Gallery/Library View

Priority: P1 (High)

Features:

- Thumbnail grid of recorded videos
- Group by recording session (3 files per session)
- Preview thumbnails for each file type
- Metadata display (date, duration, file size, resolution)
- Multi-select for batch operations

Actions:

- **Tap thumbnail:** Preview video in full screen
- **Long press:** Show context menu
- Share
- Delete
- Rename
- Export
- View details
- **Swipe:** Quick delete

Batch Operations:

- Select multiple sessions
- Delete selected
- Share selected
- Export selected

UI Design:

- Grid layout (2-3 columns)
- Glass overlay showing file info
- Combined view thumbnail as primary
- Small badges for front/back files
- Filter by date, duration, resolution

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ All recorded videos appear in gallery
 - ☒ Thumbnails generate quickly
 - ☒ Actions perform correctly
 - ☒ Batch operations work smoothly
 - ☒ Gallery syncs with Photos library
-

6. Photos Library Integration

6.1 Automatic Save to Photos

Priority: P0 (Critical)

Behavior:

- All recordings automatically saved to Photos library
- Three separate video assets created per recording
- Assets grouped in “DualCam” album
- Metadata included (date, location, camera model)

Implementation:

```
import Photos

PHPhotoLibrary.requestAuthorization { status in
    if status == .authorized {
        PHPhotoLibrary.shared().performChanges({
            PHAssetChangeRequest.creationRequestForAssetFromVideo(atFileURL: videoURL)
        })
    }
}
```

Album Organization:

- Custom “DualCam” album created automatically
- Recordings also appear in “Recents”
- Smart album creation (by date, camera used)
- Proper asset collections API usage

User Stories:

- As a user, I want my recordings saved automatically
- As a user, I want to find my recordings in the Photos app
- As a user, I want my videos organized in a dedicated album

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ All three videos saved for each recording
 - ☒ Save success rate > 99%
 - ☒ Custom album created on first launch
 - ☒ Metadata preserved (EXIF, GPS if enabled)
 - ☒ No duplicate assets created
-

6.2 Permissions Handling

Priority: P0 (Critical)

Required Permissions:

- **Camera:** Required for video capture
- **Microphone:** Required for audio recording
- **Photos Library:** Required for saving videos

Permission Flow:

1. **First Launch:** Request all permissions upfront
2. **Permission Denied:** Show educational screen explaining why needed
3. **Settings Link:** Direct link to iOS Settings if user denied
4. **Graceful Degradation:** Limited functionality if permissions denied

UI/UX:

- Clear permission prompts with custom messaging
- Before iOS system prompt, show app screen explaining benefits
- Visual indicators when permissions missing
- In-app settings to review/change permissions
- Never repeatedly prompt (respect user choice)

Info.plist Entries:

```
<key>NSCameraUsageDescription</key>
<string>DualCam needs camera access to record dual-perspective videos</string>

<key>NSMicrophoneUsageDescription</key>
<string>DualCam needs microphone access to record audio with your videos</string>

<key>NSPhotoLibraryAddUsageDescription</key>
<string>DualCam needs Photos access to save your recorded videos</string>

<key>NSPhotoLibraryUsageDescription</key>
<string>DualCam needs Photos access to show your recorded videos in the gallery</string>

<key>NSLocationWhenInUseUsageDescription</key>
<string>DualCam can add location data to your videos if you choose</string>
```

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ All permission prompts clear and friendly
- ☒ Custom messaging before system prompts
- ☒ Settings link functional
- ☒ App doesn't crash if permissions denied
- ☒ User can change permissions from within app

7. Technical Architecture

7.1 Technology Stack

Priority: P0 (Critical)

Languages & Frameworks:

- **Swift 6:** Latest Swift with strict concurrency checking

- **SwiftUI**: Modern UI framework
- **UIKit**: Where SwiftUI limitations exist (AVFoundation integration)
- **AVFoundation**: Camera capture and recording
- **Metal**: Real-time video compositing
- **Photos/PhotoKit**: Library integration
- **Combine**: Reactive state management
- **CoreMotion**: Device orientation detection

Minimum Requirements:

- iOS 18.0+
- Xcode 16+
- Swift 6 language mode
- Strict concurrency checking enabled

Project Structure:

```

DualCam/
├── App/
│   ├── DualCamApp.swift
│   └── AppDelegate.swift (if needed)
├── Core/
│   ├── Camera/
│   │   ├── MultiCameraManager.swift
│   │   ├── CameraConfiguration.swift
│   │   ├── RecordingSession.swift
│   │   └── CameraPermissions.swift
│   ├── Recording/
│   │   ├── RecordingCoordinator.swift
│   │   ├── VideoWriter.swift
│   │   ├── AudioManager.swift
│   │   └── MetalCompositor.swift
│   ├── Storage/
│   │   ├── PhotoLibraryManager.swift
│   │   ├── FileManager+Extensions.swift
│   │   └── RecordingMetadata.swift
│   └── Models/
│       ├── CameraSettings.swift
│       ├── RecordingSettings.swift
│       └── LayoutConfiguration.swift
├── UI/
│   ├── Screens/
│   │   ├── CameraView.swift
│   │   ├── SettingsView.swift
│   │   └── GalleryView.swift
│   ├── Components/
│   │   ├── GlassButton.swift
│   │   ├── GlassPanel.swift
│   │   ├── RecordButton.swift
│   │   ├── ZoomControl.swift
│   │   └── LayoutSelector.swift
│   └── Styles/
│       ├── LiquidGlassModifiers.swift
│       └── ColorPalette.swift
├── ViewModels/
│   ├── CameraViewModel.swift
│   ├── SettingsViewModel.swift
│   └── GalleryViewModel.swift
└── Resources/
    ├── Assets.xcassets
    ├── Info.plist
    └── Localizable.strings

```

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Clean architecture with clear separation of concerns
- ☒ Swift 6 concurrency safety compliance
- ☒ MVVM pattern for state management
- ☒ Reusable components throughout app
- ☒ Comprehensive documentation

7.2 AVCaptureMultiCamSession Implementation**Priority:** P0 (Critical)**Architecture Overview:**

```

class MultiCameraManager {
    private let multiCamSession = AVCaptureMultiCamSession()

    // Camera inputs
    private var backCameraInput: AVCaptureDeviceInput?
    private var frontCameraInput: AVCaptureDeviceInput?

    // Video outputs for separate files
    private let backVideoOutput = AVCaptureVideoDataOutput()
    private let frontVideoOutput = AVCaptureVideoDataOutput()

    // For combined view
    private let combinedVideoOutput = AVCaptureVideoDataOutput()

    // Preview layers
    private let backPreviewLayer: AVCaptureVideoPreviewLayer
    private let frontPreviewLayer: AVCaptureVideoPreviewLayer

    func setupMultiCamSession() async throws {
        guard AVCaptureMultiCamSession.isMultiCamSupported else {
            throw CameraError.multiCamNotSupported
        }

        multiCamSession.beginConfiguration()

        // Add cameras without automatic connections
        try addBackCamera()
        try addFrontCamera()

        // Add outputs without automatic connections
        addVideoOutputs()

        // Manually create connections
        createConnections()

        // Monitor hardware cost
        guard multiCamSession.hardwareCost <= 1.0 else {
            throw CameraError.hardwareCostExceeded
        }

        multiCamSession.commitConfiguration()
    }
}

```

Key Components:

1. Session Setup:

- Check `isMultiCamSupported` before initialization
- Use `beginConfiguration()` / `commitConfiguration()` for atomic changes
- Add inputs with `addInputWithNoConnections()`
- Add outputs with `addOutputWithNoConnections()`

2. Manual Connections:

- Create explicit connections between input ports and outputs
- Separate connection for each camera-output pair
- No connection reuse or fanout

3. Hardware Cost Management:

- Monitor `hardwareCost` property (must stay < 1.0)

- Dynamically reduce resolution/frame rate if approaching limit
- Use sensor binning when appropriate
- Display warning to user if cost high

4. Format Selection:

- Choose compatible formats for both cameras
- Balance quality vs. hardware cost
- Respect user's resolution/frame rate preferences
- Fallback to lower quality if needed

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Multi-cam session initializes successfully on compatible devices
- ☒ Hardware cost stays below 1.0
- ☒ Both cameras stream simultaneously
- ☒ Manual connections established correctly
- ☒ Error handling for unsupported devices

7.3 Metal Compositor for Combined View

Priority: P0 (Critical)

Purpose:

Real-time compositing of front and back camera feeds into single frame for combined output.

Metal Pipeline:

```
class MetalCompositor {
    private let device: MTLDevice
    private let commandQueue: MTLCommandQueue
    private let pipelineState: MTLRenderPipelineState

    func composite(
        backFrame: CVPixelBuffer,
        frontFrame: CVPixelBuffer,
        layout: LayoutConfiguration
    ) -> CVPixelBuffer {
        // Create render pass
        // Apply layout transformations
        // Composite frames
        // Return composited buffer
    }
}
```

Shader Implementation:

- Vertex shader for layout positioning
- Fragment shader for blending and effects
- Support for PiP, split-screen, and custom layouts
- Glass borders and shadows rendered in shader
- Efficient GPU-based processing

Layout Rendering:

- **PiP:** Scale and position small frame over large frame
- **Split-Screen:** Crop and position both frames side-by-side

- **Borders:** Render liquid glass borders using alpha blending
- **Shadows:** Apply soft shadows to small frame

Performance:

- Target 30fps minimum for composition
- Optimize shader for real-time performance
- Use texture caching for efficiency
- Asynchronous command buffer execution

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Composites 30+ fps consistently
 - ☒ All layouts render correctly
 - ☒ No visible artifacts or tearing
 - ☒ Efficient GPU utilization (< 50%)
 - ☒ Proper synchronization with audio
-

7.4 Three-Output Recording Strategy

Priority: P0 (Critical)

Architecture:

```

class RecordingCoordinator {
    private var backVideoWriter: VideoWriter
    private var frontVideoWriter: VideoWriter
    private var combinedVideoWriter: VideoWriter

    func startRecording() async throws {
        // Create three separate file URLs
        let backURL = generateFileURL(suffix: "Back")
        let frontURL = generateFileURL(suffix: "Front")
        let combinedURL = generateFileURL(suffix: "Combined")

        // Initialize video writers
        backVideoWriter = VideoWriter(url: backURL, settings: settings)
        frontVideoWriter = VideoWriter(url: frontURL, settings: settings)
        combinedVideoWriter = VideoWriter(url: combinedURL, settings: settings)

        // Start writing
        try await backVideoWriter.start()
        try await frontVideoWriter.start()
        try await combinedVideoWriter.start()
    }

    func processFrames(
        backBuffer: CMSampleBuffer,
        frontBuffer: CMSampleBuffer
    ) async {
        // Write to separate writers
        await backVideoWriter.append(backBuffer)
        await frontVideoWriter.append(frontBuffer)

        // Composite and write combined
        let composited = compositor.composite(back: backBuffer, front: frontBuffer)
        await combinedVideoWriter.append(composited)
    }
}

```

VideoWriter Class:

- Uses `AVAssetWriter` for each output file
- Separate `AVAssetWriterInput` for video and audio
- Handles frame timing and synchronization
- Manages file I/O on background queue
- Implements error recovery

Frame Synchronization:

- Use presentation timestamps (PTS) from `CMSampleBuffer`
- Ensure all three outputs have synchronized frames
- Handle frame drops gracefully
- Maintain A/V sync for all outputs

File Management:

- Temporary files during recording
- Atomic move to Photos library on completion
- Cleanup on error or cancel
- Progress tracking for each writer

Acceptance Criteria:

-  Three files created for every recording

- ☒ Frame synchronization < 33ms drift
- ☒ All files playable and valid
- ☒ Proper cleanup on errors
- ☒ No data loss or corruption

7.5 State Management with Combine

Priority: P1 (High)

ViewModel Pattern:

```
@MainActor
class CameraViewModel: ObservableObject {
    @Published var isRecording = false
    @Published var recordingDuration: TimeInterval = 0
    @Published var zoomLevelBack: CGFloat = 1.0
    @Published var zoomLevelFront: CGFloat = 1.0
    @Published var selectedLayout: LayoutConfiguration = .pipBottomRight
    @Published var hardwareCost: Float = 0.0
    @Published var systemPressure: AVCaptureSystemPressureLevel?

    private let cameraManager: MultiCameraManager
    private let recordingCoordinator: RecordingCoordinator
    private var cancellables = Set<AnyCancellable>()

    init(cameraManager: MultiCameraManager,
         recordingCoordinator: RecordingCoordinator) {
        self.cameraManager = cameraManager
        self.recordingCoordinator = recordingCoordinator

        setupBindings()
    }

    func toggleRecording() async {
        if isRecording {
            await stopRecording()
        } else {
            await startRecording()
        }
    }
}
```

State Flow:

- User interaction → ViewModel → Manager → Update state
- State changes published via `@Published` properties
- SwiftUI views react to state changes
- Actor-isolated async operations for camera work

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ State changes propagate immediately to UI
- ☒ No race conditions or data races
- ☒ Thread-safe state updates
- ☒ Memory leaks prevented (weak references)
- ☒ Clear separation between UI and business logic

7.6 Error Handling Strategy

Priority: P0 (Critical)

Error Categories:

```
enum CameraError: LocalizedError {  
    case multiCamNotSupported  
    case hardwareCostExceeded  
    case cameraUnavailable(position: AVCaptureDevice.Position)  
    case permissionDenied(type: PermissionType)  
    case recordingFailed(reason: String)  
    case insufficientStorage  
    case deviceOverheating  
    case formatNotSupported  
  
    var errorDescription: String? {  
        // User-friendly error messages  
    }  
  
    var recoverySuggestion: String? {  
        // Actionable recovery steps  
    }  
}
```

Error Handling Flow:

1. **Catch errors** at appropriate level
2. **Log errors** for debugging
3. **Show user-friendly message** in UI
4. **Provide recovery action** when possible
5. **Graceful degradation** if feature unavailable

User-Facing Errors:

- **Alert dialogs** for critical errors
- **Toast notifications** for warnings
- **Inline messages** for validation errors
- **Recovery buttons** (e.g., "Open Settings", "Try Again")

Example Implementation:

```

func startRecording() async {
    do {
        try await recordingCoordinator.startRecording()
        isRecording = true
    } catch CameraError.insufficientStorage {
        showError(
            title: "Not Enough Storage",
            message: "Free up space and try again",
            action: .openSettings
        )
    } catch {
        showError(
            title: "Recording Failed",
            message: error.localizedDescription,
            action: .retry
        )
    }
}
}

```

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ All errors caught and handled
- ☒ User-friendly error messages
- ☒ Recovery actions provided
- ☒ Errors logged for debugging
- ☒ App never crashes from recoverable errors

7.7 Performance Optimization

Priority: P1 (High)

Optimization Strategies:

1. Background Queue Usage:

- Camera operations on dedicated serial queue
- Video writing on separate background queue
- UI updates only on main thread
- Metal rendering on GPU

2. Memory Management:

- Release sample buffers immediately after use
- Reuse pixel buffer pools
- Monitor memory pressure
- Clear caches on memory warning

3. Thermal Management:

- Monitor AVCaptureDevice.systemPressureState
- Reduce quality when pressure is elevated
- Show warning to user before shutdown
- Implement cool-down period if needed

4. Battery Optimization:

- Use efficient codecs (H.265 vs H.264)
- Disable torch when not needed

- Reduce preview frame rate when not recording
- Batch file I/O operations

5. **Frame Rate Maintenance:**

- Target 30fps for recording minimum
- 60fps preview when possible
- Drop preview frames before recording frames
- Use appropriate video stabilization mode

Monitoring:

- Real-time hardware cost display
- FPS counter (debug mode)
- Memory usage indicator
- Thermal state indicator
- Battery level display

Acceptance Criteria:

- ☒ Maintains 30fps recording consistently
 - ☒ Memory usage stays reasonable (< 500MB)
 - ☒ Thermal management prevents overheating
 - ☒ Battery drain acceptable (< 20%/hour recording)
 - ☒ App responds smoothly to user interaction
-

8. Development Timeline

Phase 1: Foundation (Weeks 1-2)

Deliverables:

- Project setup with Swift 6 and iOS 18 SDK
- Basic app structure and navigation
- Camera permissions implementation
- Single camera preview working

Key Milestones:

- ☒ Project builds successfully
 - ☒ Camera permission flow complete
 - ☒ Single camera preview displays
 - ☒ Basic UI framework in place
-

Phase 2: Multi-Camera Core (Weeks 3-4)

Deliverables:

- AVCaptureMultiCamSession implementation
- Dual camera preview working
- Hardware cost monitoring
- Basic recording to single file

Key Milestones:

- ☒ Both cameras preview simultaneously
- ☒ Multi-cam session stable

- ☒ Recording starts and stops reliably
 - ☒ Basic file saved to Photos library
-

Phase 3: Three-Output System (Weeks 5-6)

Deliverables:

- Metal compositor for combined view
- Three separate video writers
- Frame synchronization
- All three files saving correctly

Key Milestones:

- ☒ Metal compositor functional
 - ☒ Three output files created
 - ☒ Frames synchronized across outputs
 - ☒ No data loss or corruption
-

Phase 4: Liquid Glass UI (Weeks 7-8)

Deliverables:

- Complete liquid glass design system
- All main screens with glass aesthetic
- Animations and transitions
- Light and dark mode support

Key Milestones:

- ☒ Glass components library complete
 - ☒ Main recording screen polished
 - ☒ Settings screen functional
 - ☒ Gallery view implemented
-

Phase 5: Advanced Features (Weeks 9-11)

Deliverables:

- Independent zoom controls
- Exposure and focus controls
- Video quality settings
- Audio configuration
- Filters and effects
- Grid overlays

Key Milestones:

- ☒ All P0 and P1 features implemented
 - ☒ Feature settings persist correctly
 - ☒ Advanced controls intuitive
 - ☒ Performance remains stable
-

Phase 6: Polish & Testing (Weeks 12-14)

Deliverables:

- Comprehensive testing on multiple devices
- Bug fixes and optimizations
- Accessibility improvements
- Documentation and help screens
- App Store assets preparation

Key Milestones:

- ☒ All critical bugs fixed
 - ☒ Performance targets met
 - ☒ Accessibility audit passed
 - ☒ App Store submission ready
-

Phase 7: Launch & Iteration (Week 15+)

Deliverables:

- App Store submission
- Marketing materials
- User feedback collection
- Iterative improvements

Key Milestones:

- ☒ App approved by Apple
 - ☒ Public launch
 - ☒ Initial user reviews positive
 - ☒ Roadmap for v1.1 defined
-

9. Success Metrics & KPIs

Technical Performance Metrics

Stability:

- Crash-free rate: > 99.9%
- Recording success rate: > 99%
- File save success rate: > 99.5%

Performance:

- Recording frame rate: 30fps minimum, 60fps target
- Preview latency: < 100ms
- UI response time: < 100ms
- App launch time: < 3 seconds
- Memory footprint: < 500MB during recording
- Battery consumption: < 20% per hour of recording

Quality:

- Frame synchronization drift: < 33ms (1 frame at 30fps)
- Audio/video sync: < 50ms offset
- No visible artifacts in recordings
- Color accuracy maintained

User Engagement Metrics

Acquisition:

- App Store impressions → downloads conversion: > 20%
- First-time user activation rate: > 80%

Engagement:

- Daily active users (DAU): Track growth
- Weekly active users (WAU): Track growth
- Sessions per user per week: > 3
- Average session duration: > 5 minutes
- Recording completion rate: > 90%

Retention:

- Day 1 retention: > 60%
- Day 7 retention: > 40%
- Day 30 retention: > 25%
- 90-day retention: > 15%

Feature Adoption:

- Advanced controls usage: > 40% of users
 - Layout switching: > 60% of users
 - Gallery access: > 70% of users
 - Filters usage: > 50% of users
-

Business Metrics

App Store Performance:

- Average rating: 4.5+ stars
- Total ratings: 1,000+ within 3 months
- Review response time: < 48 hours
- Feature requests collected: Continuous

Growth:

- Month-over-month user growth: > 20%
- Organic vs. paid acquisition ratio: Track
- Social sharing rate: > 10% of recordings

Satisfaction:

- Net Promoter Score (NPS): > 50
 - User satisfaction score: > 4.0/5.0
 - Support ticket resolution rate: > 95%
-

10. Risk Assessment & Mitigation

Technical Risks

Risk 1: Hardware Limitations

- **Description:** Some devices may not support multi-cam or have insufficient hardware
- **Probability:** Medium

- **Impact:** High
- **Mitigation:**
 - Comprehensive device compatibility checking
 - Graceful fallback to single-camera mode
 - Clear communication of device requirements
 - Dynamic quality adjustment based on hardware cost

Risk 2: Thermal Throttling

- **Description:** Extended recording may cause device overheating
- **Probability:** High
- **Impact:** Medium
- **Mitigation:**
 - Real-time thermal monitoring
 - Proactive quality reduction before shutdown
 - User warnings with cool-down suggestions
 - Optimization of video encoding settings

Risk 3: Battery Drain

- **Description:** Multi-camera recording is power-intensive
- **Probability:** High
- **Impact:** Medium
- **Mitigation:**
 - Battery level display and warnings
 - Efficient codec usage (H.265)
 - Optional power-saving mode
 - Background task management

Risk 4: Frame Synchronization

- **Description:** Maintaining sync across three outputs challenging
- **Probability:** Medium
- **Impact:** High
- **Mitigation:**
 - Use presentation timestamps consistently
 - Buffer management to handle timing variations
 - Comprehensive testing with different scenarios
 - Fallback mechanism if sync drifts

User Experience Risks

Risk 5: Complexity Overload

- **Description:** Too many features may overwhelm users
- **Probability:** Medium
- **Impact:** Medium
- **Mitigation:**
 - Progressive disclosure of advanced features
 - Smart defaults that work for most users
 - Onboarding tutorial for first-time users
 - Settings organized in clear categories

Risk 6: Storage Consumption

- **Description:** Three files per recording uses significant storage
 - **Probability:** High
 - **Impact:** Medium
 - **Mitigation:**
 - Storage warning when space low
 - Optional setting to save only combined view
 - Automatic cleanup of temporary files
 - Clear file size indicators in settings
-

Business Risks**Risk 7: Competition**

- **Description:** Established apps (Mixcam, DoubleTake) have market presence
- **Probability:** High
- **Impact:** Medium
- **Mitigation:**
 - Differentiate with superior design and reliability
 - Leverage iOS 18 features competitors lack
 - Build community through social media
 - Responsive to user feedback

Risk 8: App Store Approval

- **Description:** Rejection or delays in review process
 - **Probability:** Low
 - **Impact:** High
 - **Mitigation:**
 - Follow Apple guidelines strictly
 - Comprehensive testing before submission
 - Clear privacy policy and permissions explanations
 - Responsive to reviewer feedback
-

11. Future Enhancements (Post-V1)**V1.1 - Advanced Recording Features**

- Live streaming support
- Multi-device sync (use multiple iPhones)
- Remote control via Apple Watch
- Cloud backup integration
- Social media direct upload

V1.2 - Professional Tools

- Manual color grading controls
- LUT (Look-Up Table) support
- Professional audio meters
- Timecode synchronization
- ProRes recording codec

V1.3 - AI-Powered Features

- Auto-framing and tracking
- Scene detection and auto-settings
- AI-powered filters
- Automatic highlight generation
- Intelligent noise reduction

V2.0 - Platform Expansion

- iPad optimization
- Mac Catalyst version
- Apple Vision Pro support
- Cross-device continuity
- Multi-user collaboration

Appendix

A. Competitive Analysis

Feature	DualCam	Mixcam	DoubleTake	Dualgram
Price	TBD	\$1.99/week	Free	Subscription
Max Resolution	4K	4K	1080p	Unknown
iOS Version	18+	13+	13+	13+
Swift Version	6	Unknown	Objective-C/ Swift	Unknown
Separate Outputs	✓ 3 files	✗ 1 file	✓ 2 files	✗ 1 file
Layout Options	5 options	4 options	3 options	2 options
Independent Zoom	✓	✗	✗	✗
Liquid Glass UI	✓	✗	✗	✗
Advanced Controls	✓ Full	⚠ Limited	⚠ Limited	✗ Basic
Reliability	Target 99%+	⚠ Issues	⚠ Issues	✓ Good
Photo Capture	Future	✓	✗	✓

B. Device Compatibility Matrix

Device	Multi-Cam	4K Recording	Metal	Recommendation
iPhone 15 Pro Max	✓	✓	✓	Excellent
iPhone 15 Pro	✓	✓	✓	Excellent
iPhone 15	✓	✓	✓	Excellent
iPhone 14 Pro Max	✓	✓	✓	Excellent
iPhone 14 Pro	✓	✓	✓	Excellent
iPhone 14	✓	✓	✓	Excellent
iPhone 13 Pro Max	✓	✓	✓	Great
iPhone 13 Pro	✓	✓	✓	Great
iPhone 13	✓	✓	✓	Great
iPhone 12 Pro Max	✓	✓	✓	Great
iPhone 12 Pro	✓	✓	✓	Great
iPhone 12	✓	✓	✓	Good
iPhone 11 Pro Max	✓	⚠ Limited	✓	Good
iPhone 11 Pro	✓	⚠ Limited	✓	Good
iPhone 11	✓	⚠ Limited	✓	Good
iPhone XS Max	✓	⚠ Limited	✓	Acceptable
iPhone XS	✓	⚠ Limited	✓	Acceptable
iPhone XR	✓	✗	✓	Acceptable

C. Glossary of Terms

- **AVCaptureMultiCamSession**: Apple's API for simultaneous multi-camera capture
- **Hardware Cost**: Resource utilization metric (0.0-1.0) for multi-camera capture
- **Liquid Glass**: UI design style with translucent, blurred backgrounds

- **PiP**: Picture-in-Picture layout with one camera overlaid on another
- **H.265/HEVC**: High Efficiency Video Codec for better compression
- **Metal**: Apple's GPU framework for high-performance graphics
- **CMSampleBuffer**: Core Media sample buffer containing video/audio frames
- **Presentation Timestamp (PTS)**: Timing information for media frames
- **Sensor Binning**: Combining adjacent pixels to reduce resolution and power

D. References

1. Apple Developer Documentation - AVFoundation
2. Apple Human Interface Guidelines - iOS 18
3. WWDC 2019 Session 249 - Camera Capture Beyond the Basics
4. WWDC 2023 - What's New in Camera Capture
5. Swift Concurrency Documentation
6. Metal Programming Guide
7. PhotoKit Framework Documentation

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