

# DualCam: Product Requirements Document

**Document Version:** 1.0

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**Product Name:** DualCam

**Platform:** iOS 18+

**Technology Stack:** Swift 6, AVFoundation, SwiftUI

## Executive Summary

DualCam is a next-generation dual camera iOS application designed to capture simultaneous front and back camera footage with a premium liquid glass aesthetic. The app leverages iOS 18's latest AVFoundation multi-camera APIs to deliver professional-grade dual perspective recording while maintaining an intuitive, consumer-friendly interface.

## Vision Statement

To provide content creators, vloggers, and everyday users with the most powerful, reliable, and beautifully designed dual camera recording experience on iOS, enabling authentic storytelling through multi-perspective capture.

## Business Objectives

- Market Differentiation:** Stand out from competitors (Mixcam, DoubleTake) through superior reliability, design, and feature completeness
- User Delight:** Deliver a premium, Apple-native experience with liquid glass design language
- Technical Excellence:** Leverage cutting-edge iOS 18+ and Swift 6 capabilities
- Flexible Output:** Provide three recording outputs (front, back, combined) for maximum editing flexibility

## Success Metrics

- Technical Performance:**
  - App crash rate < 0.1%
  - 99% successful save rate to Photos library
  - < 5% hardware cost threshold for multi-cam recording
  - Thermal management prevents overheating during 10+ minute recordings
- User Engagement:**
  - Daily active users retention > 40% after 30 days
  - Average session length > 5 minutes
  - Feature adoption rate > 60% for advanced controls
- App Store Performance:**
  - Target 4.5+ star rating
  - Featured in App Store "New Apps We Love"

- Top 10 in Photo & Video category within 3 months
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## Product Overview

### Product Description

DualCam is a professional-quality dual camera recording application that enables users to simultaneously capture video from both front and back cameras on their iPhone. The app produces three distinct outputs: a front-only video, a back-only video, and a combined picture-in-picture or split-screen video, all saved directly to the Photos library.

### Target Platform

- **iOS Version:** 18.0 or later
- **Device Requirements:**
  - iPhone XS, XS Max, XR and later models
  - A12 Bionic chip or newer
  - Multi-camera support capability (verified via `AVCaptureMultiCamSession.isMultiCamSupported`)
  - Minimum 4GB RAM
  - 100MB available storage (excluding recorded videos)

### Design Philosophy

DualCam embraces Apple's liquid glass/glassmorphism design language, featuring:

- Semi-transparent UI elements with background blur
  - Soft, glowing borders on interactive components
  - Layered depth hierarchy
  - Smooth animations and transitions
  - Dark mode optimized
  - Accessibility-first approach
- 

## Target Audience

### Primary Personas

#### 1. Content Creator Clara (Age 22-35)

- **Background:** Social media influencer, YouTuber, TikToker
- **Goals:** Create engaging reaction videos, vlogs, and dual-perspective content
- **Pain Points:** Existing apps crash, have recording limits, poor quality
- **Needs:** Reliable recording, high quality output, easy sharing to social media
- **Tech Savvy:** High - understands video settings and formats

#### 2. Interview Ian (Age 28-45)

- **Background:** Journalist, podcaster, event organizer
- **Goals:** Capture interviews with simultaneous host and guest perspectives
- **Pain Points:** Needs professional reliability, doesn't want to learn complex tools
- **Needs:** Easy operation, multiple output files for editing, good audio
- **Tech Savvy:** Medium - familiar with iOS but not video production

### 3. Vlogger Vanessa (Age 18-28)

- **Background:** College student, travel enthusiast, lifestyle vlogger
- **Goals:** Document experiences with authentic front+back perspective
- **Pain Points:** Limited budget, wants professional results without expensive gear
- **Needs:** Fun UI, good stabilization, filters and effects
- **Tech Savvy:** Medium-high - comfortable with iPhone features

### 4. Parent Paul (Age 35-50)

- **Background:** Family documenter, captures kids' moments
- **Goals:** Capture special moments while also capturing family reactions
- **Pain Points:** Doesn't want complexity, just wants it to work
- **Needs:** Simple interface, automatic settings, easy sharing
- **Tech Savvy:** Low-medium - uses iPhone casually

## Secondary Personas

- Educators creating instructional content
  - Fitness instructors recording workout tutorials
  - Musicians capturing performance and audience simultaneously
  - Event photographers offering dual perspective coverage
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## Feature Specifications

### 1. Core Camera Functionality

#### 1.1 Multi-Camera Capture System

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

**Description:** Simultaneous capture from front and back cameras using AVCaptureMultiCamSession.

**Technical Requirements:**

- Implement AVCaptureMultiCamSession with manual connection management
- Configure separate AVCaptureDeviceInput for front and back cameras
- Use `addInputWithNoConnections()` and `addOutputWithNoConnections()` methods
- Create explicit AVCaptureConnection instances for each camera-output pair
- Monitor hardware cost to stay below 1.0 threshold
- Implement dynamic quality adjustment if approaching hardware limits

**User Stories:**

- As a user, I want to see both front and back camera previews simultaneously
- As a user, I want smooth, synchronized recording from both cameras
- As a user, I want the app to handle hardware limitations gracefully

**Acceptance Criteria:**

- Both camera feeds display in real-time with < 100ms latency
- Recording starts and stops simultaneously on both cameras
- Hardware cost monitoring prevents session failure
- Graceful fallback to single camera if multi-cam unavailable
- Support for all camera combinations (wide, ultra-wide, telephoto)

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## 1.2 Three-Output Recording System

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

**Description:** Simultaneously record and save three distinct video files: front-only, back-only, and combined view.

**Technical Requirements:**

- Create three separate AVCaptureVideoDataOutput instances:
  1. Front camera output → front\_only.mov
  2. Back camera output → back\_only.mov
  3. Combined output → combined.mov (composed using Metal)
- Use AVAssetWriter for each output to write to separate file URLs
- Implement Metal shader for real-time compositing of combined view
- Ensure frame synchronization across all three outputs
- Handle different frame rates/resolutions between cameras gracefully

**Recording Outputs:**

**Output 1: Front Camera Only**

- Full resolution front camera video
- File naming: DualCam\_Front\_YYYYMMDD\_HHMMSS.mov
- Independent of combined view composition

**Output 2: Back Camera Only**

- Full resolution back camera video
- File naming: DualCam\_Back\_YYYYMMDD\_HHMMSS.mov
- Independent of combined view composition

**Output 3: Combined View**

- Picture-in-picture or split-screen composite
- User-selectable layout (see Layout Options below)
- File naming: DualCam\_Combined\_YYYYMMDD\_HHMMSS.mov
- Includes both camera feeds in single frame

**User Stories:**

- As a video editor, I want separate files for each camera to edit independently
- As a content creator, I want a ready-to-share combined video immediately
- As a user, I want all three files saved automatically without extra steps

**Acceptance Criteria:**

- Three distinct video files created for each recording session
  - All files saved to Photos library automatically
  - Files maintain frame synchronization (< 33ms drift)
  - No data loss or corruption in any output
  - Combined view matches real-time preview exactly
  - All files include proper metadata (creation date, location, etc.)
- 

## 1.3 Combined View Layout Options

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

**Description:** Multiple composition layouts for the combined output.

#### Available Layouts:

##### 1. Picture-in-Picture (PiP)

- Large background: Back camera (full screen)
- Small overlay: Front camera (moveable, resizable)
- PiP positions: 4 corners + center
- PiP sizes: Small (15%), Medium (25%), Large (40%)
- Rounded corners with liquid glass border

##### 2. Split-Screen Vertical

- Top: Front camera (50% height)
- Bottom: Back camera (50% height)
- Thin divider line with glass effect

##### 3. Split-Screen Horizontal

- Left: Front camera (50% width)
- Right: Back camera (50% width)
- Thin divider line with glass effect

##### 4. Background Dominance

- Back camera: 70% of screen
- Front camera: 30% of screen (bottom overlay)
- Preserves more of back camera view

##### 5. Equal Focus

- Both cameras: 50% each
- Side-by-side or top-bottom
- Equal priority for both perspectives

#### Interactive Controls:

- Tap layout icon to cycle through options
- Drag PiP window to reposition during preview
- Pinch PiP window to resize
- Layout settings persist between sessions

#### Acceptance Criteria:

- All 5 layouts available and functional
  - Layout changes reflected in real-time preview
  - PiP window draggable to any screen position
  - Layout changes during recording applied to subsequent frames
  - Settings saved and restored on app launch
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## 2. Camera Preview Interface

### 2.1 Stacked Dual Preview

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

**Description:** Real-time preview of both camera feeds before and during recording.

**Layout:**

- **Primary View:** Larger camera feed (user-selectable: front or back)
- **Secondary View:** Smaller overlay or split-screen
- **Match Combined Output:** Preview reflects selected layout
- **Real-time Updates:** < 60ms latency from sensor to screen

**Technical Implementation:**

- Use AVCaptureVideoPreviewLayer for each camera
- Composite using Metal for combined preview
- Maintain 60fps preview when possible
- Adaptive quality based on device capabilities

**User Stories:**

- As a user, I want to see exactly what will be recorded
- As a user, I want smooth, lag-free preview
- As a creator, I want to frame both shots before recording

**Acceptance Criteria:**

- Both camera feeds visible simultaneously
  - Preview matches final recording output
  - Smooth 60fps preview on supported devices
  - Preview maintains aspect ratio correctly
  - No black bars or distortion
- 

### 3. Recording Controls

#### 3.1 Record Button

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

**Design:**

- Large circular button (84pt diameter)
- Center bottom of screen
- Liquid glass background with white/red fill
- State indicators:
  - **Ready:** White fill, glass border
  - **Recording:** Red fill, pulsing animation
  - **Processing:** Loading spinner

**Behavior:**

- Single tap: Start/stop recording
- Long press: Reserved for future quick settings
- Haptic feedback on tap
- Visual state transitions (smooth animations)

**Recording States:**

- **Idle:** Ready to record
- **Recording:** Active recording with timer display
- **Processing:** Saving files to library
- **Success:** Visual confirmation of save
- **Error:** Clear error message with retry option

### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Immediate response to tap (< 100ms)
  - Clear visual feedback for all states
  - Haptic feedback for state changes
  - Recording timer visible during capture
  - Cancel/stop always available
- 

## **3.2 Recording Timer**

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

### **Display:**

- HH:MM:SS format for recordings > 1 hour
- MM:SS format for recordings < 1 hour
- SS format for first minute
- Position: Top center of screen
- Liquid glass background
- Pulsing red dot indicator

### **Features:**

- Real-time update every second
- No recording time limit (only storage dependent)
- Battery level warning when < 20%
- Storage warning when < 500MB available
- Temperature warning if device overheating

### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Timer accurate to  $\pm 1$  second
  - Timer visible in all screen orientations
  - Red recording indicator pulsing
  - Warning indicators don't obstruct view
  - Timer resets properly between recordings
- 

## **4. Advanced Camera Features**

### **4.1 Independent Zoom Controls**

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

**Description:** Separate zoom control for front and back cameras.

### **Implementation:**

- **Pinch Gesture:** Zoom active camera (indicated by border highlight)
- **Zoom Slider:** Dedicated control with camera toggle
- **Preset Buttons:** 0.5x, 1x, 2x, 5x (device dependent)
- **Zoom Range:** 0.5x to 10x digital zoom
- **Smooth Transitions:** Animated zoom changes

### **UI Elements:**

- Zoom level indicator (e.g., "2.0x")
- Camera toggle button to switch zoom target

- Slider for fine-grained control
- Quick preset tap buttons

#### **Technical Requirements:**

- Use `AVCaptureDevice.videoZoomFactor` for zoom
- Respect `activeFormat.videoMaxZoomFactor` limits
- Smooth zoom ramp with configurable duration
- Independent zoom state for each camera

#### **User Stories:**

- As a user, I want to zoom in on my back camera without affecting front camera
- As a creator, I want quick zoom presets for common focal lengths
- As a user, I want smooth zoom transitions during recording

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Independent zoom for front and back cameras
  - Pinch-to-zoom gesture works intuitively
  - Zoom level indicator always visible
  - Preset buttons work instantly
  - Zoom state persists between recordings
- 

## **4.2 Video Quality Settings**

**Priority:** P1 (High)

#### **Resolution Options:**

- **720p HD** (1280x720) - Basic quality, smaller file size
- **1080p Full HD** (1920x1080) - Standard quality (default)
- **4K UHD** (3840x2160) - Maximum quality (if hardware cost allows)

#### **Frame Rate Options:**

- **24fps** - Cinematic look
- **30fps** - Standard video (default)
- **60fps** - Smooth motion (if supported)

#### **Codec Options:**

- **H.264** - Universal compatibility (default)
- **H.265/HEVC** - Better compression, smaller files
- **ProRes** - Professional editing (future enhancement)

#### **Quality Presets:**

- **High Efficiency**: 1080p, 30fps, H.265
- **Balanced**: 1080p, 30fps, H.264 (default)
- **Maximum Quality**: 4K, 60fps, H.265
- **Social Media**: 1080p, 30fps, H.264, optimized bitrate

#### **UI:**

- Settings panel with liquid glass design
- Visual previews of quality differences
- File size estimates for each option
- Real-time hardware cost indicator

### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- All resolution options functional
  - Frame rate changes applied correctly
  - Codec selection works as expected
  - Presets provide sensible defaults
  - Hardware limitations communicated clearly
- 

## **4.3 Exposure & Focus Controls**

**Priority:** P1 (High)

### **Exposure Controls:**

- **Auto Exposure (AE):** Default automatic mode
- **AE Lock:** Tap-and-hold to lock exposure
- **Exposure Compensation:** ±3 EV slider adjustment
- **Manual Exposure:**
- ISO range: 29-2000 (device dependent)
- Shutter speed: 1/8000s to 1/3s
- **Exposure Indicator:** Visual meter showing current level

### **Focus Controls:**

- **Auto Focus (AF):** Continuous autofocus (default)
- **Tap-to-Focus:** Tap on preview to focus
- **AF Lock:** Lock focus at current distance
- **Manual Focus:** Slider for lens position (0.0-1.0)
- **Focus Peaking:** Highlight in-focus areas (optional)

### **UI Design:**

- Tap preview: Show AF/AE reticle
- Swipe up/down on reticle: Adjust exposure compensation
- Settings panel: Manual controls
- Yellow square: AF/AE target indicator
- Lock icon: Indicates locked state

### **Technical Implementation:**

```
// Exposure control
device.exposureMode = .continuousAutoExposure
device.setExposureTargetBias(compensation) { _ in }

// Focus control
device.focusMode = .continuousAutoFocus
device.focusPointOfInterest = CGPoint(x: 0.5, y: 0.5)
```

### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Tap-to-focus works instantly
  - Exposure compensation visible in real-time
  - Manual controls provide precise adjustment
  - AF/AE locks function properly
  - Reticle disappears after 3 seconds
-

## 4.4 Flash & Torch Controls

**Priority:** P1 (High)

### Flash Modes:

- **Off:** No flash
- **On:** Always fire flash
- **Auto:** Flash based on ambient light

### Torch Mode (Video Light):

- **Off:** No torch
- **On:** Continuous light during recording
- **Auto:** Torch based on scene brightness
- **Brightness Levels:** 0-100% adjustable

### UI:

- Flash/torch icon button (top-left of preview)
- States cycle: Off → Auto → On
- Icon changes color to indicate state
- Torch brightness slider (when torch enabled)

### Technical Requirements:

- Check `device.hasTorch` and `device.hasFlash`
- Use `device.torchMode` for video recording
- Adjust `device.setTorchModeOn(level:)` for brightness
- Monitor battery impact (show warning if < 20%)

### Acceptance Criteria:

- Flash modes work for compatible cameras
- Torch enables smoothly during recording
- Brightness adjustment visible in real-time
- Low battery warning shown if using torch
- Graceful handling of non-torch devices

## 4.5 Video Stabilization

**Priority:** P1 (High)

### Stabilization Modes:

- **Off:** No stabilization
- **Standard:** Basic software stabilization (default)
- **Enhanced:** Advanced stabilization
- **Cinematic:** Smooth, film-like motion
- **Action Mode:** Maximum stability for high motion

### Implementation:

```
if connection.isVideoStabilizationSupported {
    connection.preferredVideoStabilizationMode = .cinematicExtended
}
```

**UI:**

- Settings panel option
- Visual icon indicating active mode
- Real-time preview of stabilization effect
- Warning if mode not supported

**Acceptance Criteria:**

- All modes functional on supported devices
  - Stabilization visible in preview
  - Clear indication of active mode
  - Performance impact minimal
  - Fallback for unsupported modes
- 

## 4.6 Audio Settings

**Priority:** P1 (High)**Audio Features:****- Microphone Selection:**

- Built-in microphone (front, back, bottom)
- External microphone (Lightning/USB-C)
- Bluetooth microphone

**- Audio Monitoring:** Real-time level meters**- Manual Gain Control:** Adjust input level (-12dB to +12dB)**- Wind Noise Reduction:** Toggle on/off**- Audio Format:**

- Sample rate: 48kHz (default), 44.1kHz
- Bit depth: 16-bit, 24-bit
- Channels: Mono, Stereo

**UI:**

- Audio settings in settings panel
- Level meters during recording
- Microphone icon indicates active input
- Mute toggle (video only recording)

**Technical Implementation:**

```
let audioDevice = AVCaptureDevice.default(for: .audio)
let audioInput = try AVCaptureDeviceInput(device: audioDevice!)
session.addInput(audioInput)
```

**Acceptance Criteria:**

- Audio levels display in real-time
  - External microphone detected automatically
  - Wind noise reduction audible effect
  - Gain control functional
  - Mute option works correctly
-

## 4.7 Grid Overlays

**Priority:** P2 (Medium)

### Grid Types:

- **None:** No grid (default for beginners)
- **Rule of Thirds:** 3x3 grid (default)
- **Golden Ratio:** Fibonacci spiral
- **Center Cross:** Crosshair alignment
- **Square:** 1:1 aspect ratio guide

### UI:

- Toggle in quick settings
- Semi-transparent overlay (20% opacity)
- Liquid glass aesthetic
- Doesn't appear in final video

### Acceptance Criteria:

- Grid visible in preview only
  - All grid types render correctly
  - Grid doesn't impact performance
  - Preference saved between sessions
  - Grid adapts to screen orientation
- 

## 4.8 Timer & Self-Timer

**Priority:** P2 (Medium)

### Timer Options:

- **Off:** Immediate recording
- **3 seconds:** Short delay
- **10 seconds:** Standard delay
- **Custom:** User-defined (5-60 seconds)

### Countdown Display:

- Large numbers in center of screen
- Countdown audio beeps
- Visual countdown animation
- Cancel option during countdown

### UI:

- Timer icon button in controls
- Shows selected delay time
- Countdown overlay during countdown

### Acceptance Criteria:

- Timer countdown accurate
  - Audio beeps at 3, 2, 1
  - Cancel button functional
  - Recording starts automatically after countdown
  - Timer setting persists
-

## 4.9 Filters & Effects

**Priority:** P2 (Medium)

### Available Filters:

- **None:** Natural color
- **Vivid:** Increased saturation
- **Dramatic:** High contrast
- **Cool:** Blue tint
- **Warm:** Orange/yellow tint
- **B&W:** Black and white
- **Sepia:** Vintage tone
- **Cinematic:** Film-like grade

### Real-time Application:

- Filters applied during recording
- Preview shows filter effect
- Metal shaders for performance
- Adjustable filter intensity (0-100%)

### UI:

- Horizontal filter carousel
- Thumbnail previews of each filter
- Live preview when swiping
- Filter name displayed

### Acceptance Criteria:

- All filters render in real-time
  - No performance degradation
  - Filters apply to combined output
  - Separate files unaffected by filters
  - Filter choice saved between sessions
- 

## 5. User Interface Design

### 5.1 Liquid Glass Design System

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

#### Design Principles:

- **Translucency:** 20-40% opacity for glass elements
- **Background Blur:** 20-30px blur radius
- **Borders:** 1px soft borders with white 40% opacity
- **Shadows:** Soft shadows (radius 10-20px, 20-30% opacity)
- **Colors:**

- Light mode: White with subtle blue tint
- Dark mode: Dark gray with subtle purple tint
- **Typography:** San Francisco (system font)
- Regular weight for body
- Semibold for emphasis
- Bold for headers

### SwiftUI Materials:

```
.background(.ultraThinMaterial)    // Lightest glass
.background(.thinMaterial)        // Light glass
.background(.regularMaterial)     // Standard glass
.background(.thickMaterial)       // Heavy glass
```

### Component Library:

- **GlassButton**: Circular buttons with glass background
- **GlassPanel**: Rectangular panels for settings/info
- **GlassSlider**: Slider controls with glass track
- **GlassCard**: Content cards with glass effect
- **GlassBadge**: Small indicators and labels

### Acceptance Criteria:

- Consistent glass aesthetic throughout app
  - Respects accessibility settings (reduce transparency)
  - Performs smoothly on all supported devices
  - Adapts to light and dark mode
  - Maintains readability (WCAG AA contrast)
- 

## 5.2 Main Recording Screen

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

### Layout:

#### Top Bar (Floating):

- Status indicators (top-left to top-right):
- Settings gear icon
- Flash/torch toggle
- Timer display (when recording)
- Battery indicator
- Close/back button

#### Center:

- Full-screen camera preview
- AF/AE reticle (when active)
- Grid overlay (if enabled)
- Filter preview

#### Bottom Bar (Floating):

- Gallery thumbnail (bottom-left)
- Record button (bottom-center)
- Camera flip button (bottom-right)
- Zoom controls (when pinching or tapping zoom)

#### Settings Panel (Slide-up):

- Swipe up from bottom to reveal
- Glass panel with controls:
- Resolution & frame rate

- Layout options
- Exposure & focus
- Audio settings
- Filters
- Grid toggle

**Visual Design:**

- Full bleed camera preview
- Floating glass controls don't obstruct view
- Smooth animations (0.3s ease-in-out)
- Auto-hide controls after 3s of inactivity
- Tap screen to show controls again

**Acceptance Criteria:**

- All controls accessible within 2 taps
  - Preview uses 100% of screen
  - Controls auto-hide during recording
  - Settings panel smooth slide animation
  - Touch targets minimum 44x44pt
- 

## 5.3 Settings/Configuration Screen

**Priority:** P1 (High)

**Categories:**

**Video Settings:**

- Resolution (720p, 1080p, 4K)
- Frame rate (24, 30, 60fps)
- Codec (H.264, H.265)
- Bitrate (Low, Medium, High, Maximum)

**Audio Settings:**

- Microphone selection
- Sample rate
- Wind noise reduction
- Audio monitoring

**Recording Settings:**

- Layout default
- Auto-save to library
- File naming convention
- Maximum recording duration

**Interface Settings:**

- Grid type
- Control auto-hide duration
- Haptic feedback toggle
- Sound effects toggle

**About:**

- App version

- Device compatibility info
- Privacy policy
- Support/feedback

**UI Design:**

- Standard iOS Settings-style interface
- Grouped table view sections
- Glass-styled cells
- Inline pickers and toggles
- Immediate preview of changes

**Acceptance Criteria:**

- All settings accessible
  - Changes save immediately
  - Settings persist between launches
  - Clear descriptions for each option
  - Restore defaults option available
- 

## 5.4 Gallery/Library View

**Priority:** P1 (High)

**Features:**

- Thumbnail grid of recorded videos
- Group by recording session (3 files per session)
- Preview thumbnails for each file type
- Metadata display (date, duration, file size, resolution)
- Multi-select for batch operations

**Actions:**

- **Tap thumbnail:** Preview video in full screen
- **Long press:** Show context menu
- Share
- Delete
- Rename
- Export
- View details
- **Swipe:** Quick delete

**Batch Operations:**

- Select multiple sessions
- Delete selected
- Share selected
- Export selected

**UI Design:**

- Grid layout (2-3 columns)
- Glass overlay showing file info
- Combined view thumbnail as primary
- Small badges for front/back files
- Filter by date, duration, resolution

**Acceptance Criteria:**

- All recorded videos appear in gallery
  - Thumbnails generate quickly
  - Actions perform correctly
  - Batch operations work smoothly
  - Gallery syncs with Photos library
- 

## 6. Photos Library Integration

### 6.1 Automatic Save to Photos

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

**Behavior:**

- All recordings automatically saved to Photos library
- Three separate video assets created per recording
- Assets grouped in “DualCam” album
- Metadata included (date, location, camera model)

**Implementation:**

```
import Photos

PHPhotoLibrary.requestAuthorization { status in
    if status == .authorized {
        PHPhotoLibrary.shared().performChanges({
            PHAssetChangeRequest.creationRequestForAssetFromVideo(atFileURL: videoURL)
        })
    }
}
```

**Album Organization:**

- Custom “DualCam” album created automatically
- Recordings also appear in “Recents”
- Smart album creation (by date, camera used)
- Proper asset collections API usage

**User Stories:**

- As a user, I want my recordings saved automatically
- As a user, I want to find my recordings in the Photos app
- As a user, I want my videos organized in a dedicated album

**Acceptance Criteria:**

- All three videos saved for each recording
  - Save success rate > 99%
  - Custom album created on first launch
  - Metadata preserved (EXIF, GPS if enabled)
  - No duplicate assets created
-

## 6.2 Permissions Handling

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

### Required Permissions:

- **Camera:** Required for video capture
- **Microphone:** Required for audio recording
- **Photos Library:** Required for saving videos

### Permission Flow:

1. **First Launch:** Request all permissions upfront
2. **Permission Denied:** Show educational screen explaining why needed
3. **Settings Link:** Direct link to iOS Settings if user denied
4. **Graceful Degradation:** Limited functionality if permissions denied

### UI/UX:

- Clear permission prompts with custom messaging
- Before iOS system prompt, show app screen explaining benefits
- Visual indicators when permissions missing
- In-app settings to review/change permissions
- Never repeatedly prompt (respect user choice)

### Info.plist Entries:

```

<key>NSCameraUsageDescription</key>
<string>DualCam needs camera access to record dual-perspective videos</string>

<key>NSMicrophoneUsageDescription</key>
<string>DualCam needs microphone access to record audio with your videos</string>

<key>NSPhotoLibraryAddUsageDescription</key>
<string>DualCam needs Photos access to save your recorded videos</string>

<key>NSPhotoLibraryUsageDescription</key>
<string>DualCam needs Photos access to show your recorded videos in the gallery</string>

<key>NSLocationWhenInUseUsageDescription</key>
<string>DualCam can add location data to your videos if you choose</string>

```

### Acceptance Criteria:

- All permission prompts clear and friendly
- Custom messaging before system prompts
- Settings link functional
- App doesn't crash if permissions denied
- User can change permissions from within app

## 7. Technical Architecture

### 7.1 Technology Stack

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

### Languages & Frameworks:

- **Swift 6:** Latest Swift with strict concurrency checking

- **SwiftUI:** Modern UI framework
- **UIKit:** Where SwiftUI limitations exist (AVFoundation integration)
- **AVFoundation:** Camera capture and recording
- **Metal:** Real-time video compositing
- **Photos/PhotoKit:** Library integration
- **Combine:** Reactive state management
- **CoreMotion:** Device orientation detection

**Minimum Requirements:**

- iOS 18.0+
- Xcode 16+
- Swift 6 language mode
- Strict concurrency checking enabled

**Project Structure:**

```

DualCam/
  └── App/
    ├── DualCamApp.swift
    └── AppDelegate.swift (if needed)
  └── Core/
    ├── Camera/
      ├── MultiCameraManager.swift
      ├── CameraConfiguration.swift
      ├── RecordingSession.swift
      └── CameraPermissions.swift
    ├── Recording/
      ├── RecordingCoordinator.swift
      ├── VideoWriter.swift
      ├── AudioManager.swift
      └── MetalCompositor.swift
    ├── Storage/
      ├── PhotoLibraryManager.swift
      ├── FileManager+Extensions.swift
      └── RecordingMetadata.swift
    └── Models/
      ├── CameraSettings.swift
      ├── RecordingSettings.swift
      └── LayoutConfiguration.swift
  └── UI/
    ├── Screens/
      ├── CameraView.swift
      ├── SettingsView.swift
      └── GalleryView.swift
    ├── Components/
      ├── GlassButton.swift
      ├── GlassPanel.swift
      ├── RecordButton.swift
      ├── ZoomControl.swift
      └── LayoutSelector.swift
    ├── Styles/
      ├── LiquidGlassModifiers.swift
      └── ColorPalette.swift
  └── ViewModels/
    ├── CameraViewModel.swift
    ├── SettingsViewModel.swift
    └── GalleryViewModel.swift
  └── Resources/
    ├── Assets.xcassets
    ├── Info.plist
    └── Localizable.strings

```

#### Acceptance Criteria:

- Clean architecture with clear separation of concerns
- Swift 6 concurrency safety compliance
- MVVM pattern for state management
- Reusable components throughout app
- Comprehensive documentation

## 7.2 AVCaptureMultiCamSession Implementation

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

**Architecture Overview:**

```

class MultiCameraManager {
    private let multiCamSession = AVCaptureMultiCamSession()

    // Camera inputs
    private var backCameraInput: AVCaptureDeviceInput?
    private var frontCameraInput: AVCaptureDeviceInput?

    // Video outputs for separate files
    private let backVideoOutput = AVCaptureVideoDataOutput()
    private let frontVideoOutput = AVCaptureVideoDataOutput()

    // For combined view
    private let combinedVideoOutput = AVCaptureVideoDataOutput()

    // Preview layers
    private let backPreviewLayer: AVCaptureVideoPreviewLayer
    private let frontPreviewLayer: AVCaptureVideoPreviewLayer

    func setupMultiCamSession() async throws {
        guard AVCaptureMultiCamSession.isMultiCamSupported else {
            throw CameraError.multiCamNotSupported
        }

        multiCamSession.beginConfiguration()

        // Add cameras without automatic connections
        try addBackCamera()
        try addFrontCamera()

        // Add outputs without automatic connections
        addVideoOutputs()

        // Manually create connections
        createConnections()

        // Monitor hardware cost
        guard multiCamSession.hardwareCost <= 1.0 else {
            throw CameraError.hardwareCostExceeded
        }

        multiCamSession.commitConfiguration()
    }
}

```

## Key Components:

### 1. Session Setup:

- Check `isMultiCamSupported` before initialization
- Use `beginConfiguration()` / `commitConfiguration()` for atomic changes
- Add inputs with `addInputWithNoConnections()`
- Add outputs with `addOutputWithNoConnections()`

### 2. Manual Connections:

- Create explicit connections between input ports and outputs
- Separate connection for each camera-output pair
- No connection reuse or fanout

### 3. Hardware Cost Management:

- Monitor `hardwareCost` property (must stay < 1.0)

- Dynamically reduce resolution/frame rate if approaching limit
- Use sensor binning when appropriate
- Display warning to user if cost high

#### 4. Format Selection:

- Choose compatible formats for both cameras
- Balance quality vs. hardware cost
- Respect user's resolution/frame rate preferences
- Fallback to lower quality if needed

#### Acceptance Criteria:

- Multi-cam session initializes successfully on compatible devices
  - Hardware cost stays below 1.0
  - Both cameras stream simultaneously
  - Manual connections established correctly
  - Error handling for unsupported devices
- 

## 7.3 Metal Compositor for Combined View

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

#### Purpose:

Real-time compositing of front and back camera feeds into single frame for combined output.

#### Metal Pipeline:

```
class MetalCompositor {
    private let device: MTLDevice
    private let commandQueue: MTLCommandQueue
    private let pipelineState: MTLRenderPipelineState

    func composite(
        backFrame: CVPixelBuffer,
        frontFrame: CVPixelBuffer,
        layout: LayoutConfiguration
    ) -> CVPixelBuffer {
        // Create render pass
        // Apply layout transformations
        // Composite frames
        // Return composited buffer
    }
}
```

#### Shader Implementation:

- Vertex shader for layout positioning
- Fragment shader for blending and effects
- Support for PiP, split-screen, and custom layouts
- Glass borders and shadows rendered in shader
- Efficient GPU-based processing

#### Layout Rendering:

- **PiP:** Scale and position small frame over large frame
- **Split-Screen:** Crop and position both frames side-by-side

- **Borders:** Render liquid glass borders using alpha blending
- **Shadows:** Apply soft shadows to small frame

**Performance:**

- Target 30fps minimum for composition
- Optimize shader for real-time performance
- Use texture caching for efficiency
- Asynchronous command buffer execution

**Acceptance Criteria:**

- Composites 30+ fps consistently
  - All layouts render correctly
  - No visible artifacts or tearing
  - Efficient GPU utilization (< 50%)
  - Proper synchronization with audio
- 

## 7.4 Three-Output Recording Strategy

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

**Architecture:**

```

class RecordingCoordinator {
    private var backVideoWriter: VideoWriter
    private var frontVideoWriter: VideoWriter
    private var combinedVideoWriter: VideoWriter

    func startRecording() async throws {
        // Create three separate file URLs
        let backURL = generateFileURL(suffix: "Back")
        let frontURL = generateFileURL(suffix: "Front")
        let combinedURL = generateFileURL(suffix: "Combined")

        // Initialize video writers
        backVideoWriter = VideoWriter(url: backURL, settings: settings)
        frontVideoWriter = VideoWriter(url: frontURL, settings: settings)
        combinedVideoWriter = VideoWriter(url: combinedURL, settings: settings)

        // Start writing
        try await backVideoWriter.start()
        try await frontVideoWriter.start()
        try await combinedVideoWriter.start()
    }

    func processFrames(
        backBuffer: CMSampleBuffer,
        frontBuffer: CMSampleBuffer
    ) async {
        // Write to separate writers
        await backVideoWriter.append(backBuffer)
        await frontVideoWriter.append(frontBuffer)

        // Composite and write combined
        let composited = compositor.composite(back: backBuffer, front: frontBuffer)
        await combinedVideoWriter.append(composited)
    }
}

```

### **VideoWriter Class:**

- Uses `AVAssetWriter` for each output file
- Separate `AVAssetWriterInput` for video and audio
- Handles frame timing and synchronization
- Manages file I/O on background queue
- Implements error recovery

### **Frame Synchronization:**

- Use presentation timestamps (PTS) from `CMSampleBuffer`
- Ensure all three outputs have synchronized frames
- Handle frame drops gracefully
- Maintain A/V sync for all outputs

### **File Management:**

- Temporary files during recording
- Atomic move to Photos library on completion
- Cleanup on error or cancel
- Progress tracking for each writer

### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Three files created for every recording

- Frame synchronization < 33ms drift
  - All files playable and valid
  - Proper cleanup on errors
  - No data loss or corruption
- 

## 7.5 State Management with Combine

**Priority:** P1 (High)

### ViewModel Pattern:

```
@MainActor
class CameraViewModel: ObservableObject {
    @Published var isRecording = false
    @Published var recordingDuration: TimeInterval = 0
    @Published var zoomLevelBack: CGFloat = 1.0
    @Published var zoomLevelFront: CGFloat = 1.0
    @Published var selectedLayout: LayoutConfiguration = .pipBottomRight
    @Published var hardwareCost: Float = 0.0
    @Published var systemPressure: AVCaptureSystemPressureLevel?

    private let cameraManager: MultiCameraManager
    private let recordingCoordinator: RecordingCoordinator
    private var cancellables = Set<AnyCancellable>()

    init(cameraManager: MultiCameraManager,
          recordingCoordinator: RecordingCoordinator) {
        self.cameraManager = cameraManager
        self.recordingCoordinator = recordingCoordinator

        setupBindings()
    }

    func toggleRecording() async {
        if isRecording {
            await stopRecording()
        } else {
            await startRecording()
        }
    }
}
```

### State Flow:

- User interaction → ViewModel → Manager → Update state
- State changes published via `@Published` properties
- SwiftUI views react to state changes
- Actor-isolated async operations for camera work

### Acceptance Criteria:

- State changes propagate immediately to UI
  - No race conditions or data races
  - Thread-safe state updates
  - Memory leaks prevented (weak references)
  - Clear separation between UI and business logic
-

## 7.6 Error Handling Strategy

**Priority:** P0 (Critical)

### Error Categories:

```
enum CameraError: LocalizedError {
    case multiCamNotSupported
    case hardwareCostExceeded
    case cameraUnavailable(position: AVCaptureDevice.Position)
    case permissionDenied(type: PermissionType)
    case recordingFailed(reason: String)
    case insufficientStorage
    case deviceOverheating
    case formatNotSupported

    var errorDescription: String? {
        // User-friendly error messages
    }

    var recoverySuggestion: String? {
        // Actionable recovery steps
    }
}
```

### Error Handling Flow:

1. **Catch errors** at appropriate level
2. **Log errors** for debugging
3. **Show user-friendly message** in UI
4. **Provide recovery action** when possible
5. **Graceful degradation** if feature unavailable

### User-Facing Errors:

- **Alert dialogs** for critical errors
- **Toast notifications** for warnings
- **Inline messages** for validation errors
- **Recovery buttons** (e.g., “Open Settings”, “Try Again”)

### Example Implementation:

```

func startRecording() async {
    do {
        try await recordingCoordinator.startRecording()
        isRecording = true
    } catch CameraError.insufficientStorage {
        showError(
            title: "Not Enough Storage",
            message: "Free up space and try again",
            action: .openSettings
        )
    } catch {
        showError(
            title: "Recording Failed",
            message: error.localizedDescription,
            action: .retry
        )
    }
}

```

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- All errors caught and handled
  - User-friendly error messages
  - Recovery actions provided
  - Errors logged for debugging
  - App never crashes from recoverable errors
- 

## **7.7 Performance Optimization**

**Priority:** P1 (High)

#### **Optimization Strategies:**

##### **1. Background Queue Usage:**

- Camera operations on dedicated serial queue
- Video writing on separate background queue
- UI updates only on main thread
- Metal rendering on GPU

##### **2. Memory Management:**

- Release sample buffers immediately after use
- Reuse pixel buffer pools
- Monitor memory pressure
- Clear caches on memory warning

##### **3. Thermal Management:**

- Monitor AVCaptureDevice.systemPressureState
- Reduce quality when pressure is elevated
- Show warning to user before shutdown
- Implement cool-down period if needed

##### **4. Battery Optimization:**

- Use efficient codecs (H.265 vs H.264)
- Disable torch when not needed

- Reduce preview frame rate when not recording
- Batch file I/O operations

#### **5. Frame Rate Maintenance:**

- Target 30fps for recording minimum
- 60fps preview when possible
- Drop preview frames before recording frames
- Use appropriate video stabilization mode

#### **Monitoring:**

- Real-time hardware cost display
- FPS counter (debug mode)
- Memory usage indicator
- Thermal state indicator
- Battery level display

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Maintains 30fps recording consistently
  - Memory usage stays reasonable (< 500MB)
  - Thermal management prevents overheating
  - Battery drain acceptable (< 20%/hour recording)
  - App responds smoothly to user interaction
- 

## **8. Development Timeline**

### **Phase 1: Foundation (Weeks 1-2)**

#### **Deliverables:**

- Project setup with Swift 6 and iOS 18 SDK
- Basic app structure and navigation
- Camera permissions implementation
- Single camera preview working

#### **Key Milestones:**

- Project builds successfully
  - Camera permission flow complete
  - Single camera preview displays
  - Basic UI framework in place
- 

### **Phase 2: Multi-Camera Core (Weeks 3-4)**

#### **Deliverables:**

- AVCaptureMultiCamSession implementation
- Dual camera preview working
- Hardware cost monitoring
- Basic recording to single file

#### **Key Milestones:**

- Both cameras preview simultaneously
- Multi-cam session stable

- Recording starts and stops reliably
  - Basic file saved to Photos library
- 

## Phase 3: Three-Output System (Weeks 5-6)

### **Deliverables:**

- Metal compositor for combined view
- Three separate video writers
- Frame synchronization
- All three files saving correctly

### **Key Milestones:**

- Metal compositor functional
  - Three output files created
  - Frames synchronized across outputs
  - No data loss or corruption
- 

## Phase 4: Liquid Glass UI (Weeks 7-8)

### **Deliverables:**

- Complete liquid glass design system
- All main screens with glass aesthetic
- Animations and transitions
- Light and dark mode support

### **Key Milestones:**

- Glass components library complete
  - Main recording screen polished
  - Settings screen functional
  - Gallery view implemented
- 

## Phase 5: Advanced Features (Weeks 9-11)

### **Deliverables:**

- Independent zoom controls
- Exposure and focus controls
- Video quality settings
- Audio configuration
- Filters and effects
- Grid overlays

### **Key Milestones:**

- All P0 and P1 features implemented
  - Feature settings persist correctly
  - Advanced controls intuitive
  - Performance remains stable
-

## Phase 6: Polish & Testing (Weeks 12-14)

### **Deliverables:**

- Comprehensive testing on multiple devices
- Bug fixes and optimizations
- Accessibility improvements
- Documentation and help screens
- App Store assets preparation

### **Key Milestones:**

- All critical bugs fixed
  - Performance targets met
  - Accessibility audit passed
  - App Store submission ready
- 

## Phase 7: Launch & Iteration (Week 15+)

### **Deliverables:**

- App Store submission
- Marketing materials
- User feedback collection
- Iterative improvements

### **Key Milestones:**

- App approved by Apple
  - Public launch
  - Initial user reviews positive
  - Roadmap for v1.1 defined
- 

## 9. Success Metrics & KPIs

### Technical Performance Metrics

#### **Stability:**

- Crash-free rate: > 99.9%
- Recording success rate: > 99%
- File save success rate: > 99.5%

#### **Performance:**

- Recording frame rate: 30fps minimum, 60fps target
- Preview latency: < 100ms
- UI response time: < 100ms
- App launch time: < 3 seconds
- Memory footprint: < 500MB during recording
- Battery consumption: < 20% per hour of recording

#### **Quality:**

- Frame synchronization drift: < 33ms (1 frame at 30fps)
- Audio/video sync: < 50ms offset
- No visible artifacts in recordings
- Color accuracy maintained

---

## User Engagement Metrics

### **Acquisition:**

- App Store impressions → downloads conversion: > 20%
- First-time user activation rate: > 80%

### **Engagement:**

- Daily active users (DAU): Track growth
- Weekly active users (WAU): Track growth
- Sessions per user per week: > 3
- Average session duration: > 5 minutes
- Recording completion rate: > 90%

### **Retention:**

- Day 1 retention: > 60%
- Day 7 retention: > 40%
- Day 30 retention: > 25%
- 90-day retention: > 15%

### **Feature Adoption:**

- Advanced controls usage: > 40% of users
  - Layout switching: > 60% of users
  - Gallery access: > 70% of users
  - Filters usage: > 50% of users
- 

## Business Metrics

### **App Store Performance:**

- Average rating: 4.5+ stars
- Total ratings: 1,000+ within 3 months
- Review response time: < 48 hours
- Feature requests collected: Continuous

### **Growth:**

- Month-over-month user growth: > 20%
- Organic vs. paid acquisition ratio: Track
- Social sharing rate: > 10% of recordings

### **Satisfaction:**

- Net Promoter Score (NPS): > 50
  - User satisfaction score: > 4.0/5.0
  - Support ticket resolution rate: > 95%
- 

## 10. Risk Assessment & Mitigation

### **Technical Risks**

#### **Risk 1: Hardware Limitations**

- **Description:** Some devices may not support multi-cam or have insufficient hardware
- **Probability:** Medium

- **Impact:** High
- **Mitigation:**
  - Comprehensive device compatibility checking
  - Graceful fallback to single-camera mode
  - Clear communication of device requirements
  - Dynamic quality adjustment based on hardware cost

### **Risk 2: Thermal Throttling**

- **Description:** Extended recording may cause device overheating
- **Probability:** High
- **Impact:** Medium
- **Mitigation:**
  - Real-time thermal monitoring
  - Proactive quality reduction before shutdown
  - User warnings with cool-down suggestions
  - Optimization of video encoding settings

### **Risk 3: Battery Drain**

- **Description:** Multi-camera recording is power-intensive
- **Probability:** High
- **Impact:** Medium
- **Mitigation:**
  - Battery level display and warnings
  - Efficient codec usage (H.265)
  - Optional power-saving mode
  - Background task management

### **Risk 4: Frame Synchronization**

- **Description:** Maintaining sync across three outputs challenging
  - **Probability:** Medium
  - **Impact:** High
  - **Mitigation:**
    - Use presentation timestamps consistently
    - Buffer management to handle timing variations
    - Comprehensive testing with different scenarios
    - Fallback mechanism if sync drifts
- 

## **User Experience Risks**

### **Risk 5: Complexity Overload**

- **Description:** Too many features may overwhelm users
- **Probability:** Medium
- **Impact:** Medium
- **Mitigation:**
  - Progressive disclosure of advanced features
  - Smart defaults that work for most users
  - Onboarding tutorial for first-time users
  - Settings organized in clear categories

### **Risk 6: Storage Consumption**

- **Description:** Three files per recording uses significant storage
  - **Probability:** High
  - **Impact:** Medium
  - **Mitigation:**
    - Storage warning when space low
    - Optional setting to save only combined view
    - Automatic cleanup of temporary files
    - Clear file size indicators in settings
- 

## **Business Risks**

### **Risk 7: Competition**

- **Description:** Established apps (Mixcam, DoubleTake) have market presence
- **Probability:** High
- **Impact:** Medium
- **Mitigation:**
  - Differentiate with superior design and reliability
  - Leverage iOS 18 features competitors lack
  - Build community through social media
  - Responsive to user feedback

### **Risk 8: App Store Approval**

- **Description:** Rejection or delays in review process
  - **Probability:** Low
  - **Impact:** High
  - **Mitigation:**
    - Follow Apple guidelines strictly
    - Comprehensive testing before submission
    - Clear privacy policy and permissions explanations
    - Responsive to reviewer feedback
- 

## **11. Future Enhancements (Post-V1)**

### **V1.1 - Advanced Recording Features**

- Live streaming support
- Multi-device sync (use multiple iPhones)
- Remote control via Apple Watch
- Cloud backup integration
- Social media direct upload

### **V1.2 - Professional Tools**

- Manual color grading controls
- LUT (Look-Up Table) support
- Professional audio meters
- Timecode synchronization
- ProRes recording codec

### V1.3 - AI-Powered Features

- Auto-framing and tracking
- Scene detection and auto-settings
- AI-powered filters
- Automatic highlight generation
- Intelligent noise reduction

### V2.0 - Platform Expansion

- iPad optimization
- Mac Catalyst version
- Apple Vision Pro support
- Cross-device continuity
- Multi-user collaboration

## Appendix

### A. Competitive Analysis

Feature	DualCam	Mixcam	DoubleTake	Dualgram
<b>Price</b>	TBD	\$1.99/week	Free	Subscription
<b>Max Resolution</b>	4K	4K	1080p	Unknown
<b>iOS Version</b>	18+	13+	13+	13+
<b>Swift Version</b>	6	Unknown	Objective-C/ Swift	Unknown
<b>Separate Outputs</b>	✓ 3 files	✗ 1 file	✓ 2 files	✗ 1 file
<b>Layout Options</b>	5 options	4 options	3 options	2 options
<b>Independent Zoom</b>	✓	✗	✗	✗
<b>Liquid Glass UI</b>	✓	✗	✗	✗
<b>Advanced Controls</b>	✓ Full	⚠ Limited	⚠ Limited	✗ Basic
<b>Reliability</b>	Target 99%+	⚠ Issues	⚠ Issues	✓ Good
<b>Photo Capture</b>	Future	✓	✗	✓

## B. Device Compatibility Matrix

Device	Multi-Cam	4K Recording	Metal	Recommendation
iPhone 15 Pro Max	✓	✓	✓	Excellent
iPhone 15 Pro	✓	✓	✓	Excellent
iPhone 15	✓	✓	✓	Excellent
iPhone 14 Pro Max	✓	✓	✓	Excellent
iPhone 14 Pro	✓	✓	✓	Excellent
iPhone 14	✓	✓	✓	Excellent
iPhone 13 Pro Max	✓	✓	✓	Great
iPhone 13 Pro	✓	✓	✓	Great
iPhone 13	✓	✓	✓	Great
iPhone 12 Pro Max	✓	✓	✓	Great
iPhone 12 Pro	✓	✓	✓	Great
iPhone 12	✓	✓	✓	Good
iPhone 11 Pro Max	✓	⚠ Limited	✓	Good
iPhone 11 Pro	✓	⚠ Limited	✓	Good
iPhone 11	✓	⚠ Limited	✓	Good
iPhone XS Max	✓	⚠ Limited	✓	Acceptable
iPhone XS	✓	⚠ Limited	✓	Acceptable
iPhone XR	✓	✗	✓	Acceptable

## C. Glossary of Terms

- **AVCaptureMultiCamSession:** Apple's API for simultaneous multi-camera capture
- **Hardware Cost:** Resource utilization metric (0.0-1.0) for multi-camera capture
- **Liquid Glass:** UI design style with translucent, blurred backgrounds

- **PiP:** Picture-in-Picture layout with one camera overlaid on another
- **H.265/HEVC:** High Efficiency Video Codec for better compression
- **Metal:** Apple's GPU framework for high-performance graphics
- **CMSampleBuffer:** Core Media sample buffer containing video/audio frames
- **Presentation Timestamp (PTS):** Timing information for media frames
- **Sensor Binning:** Combining adjacent pixels to reduce resolution and power

## D. References

1. Apple Developer Documentation - AVFoundation
  2. Apple Human Interface Guidelines - iOS 18
  3. WWDC 2019 Session 249 - Camera Capture Beyond the Basics
  4. WWDC 2023 - What's New in Camera Capture
  5. Swift Concurrency Documentation
  6. Metal Programming Guide
  7. PhotoKit Framework Documentation
- 

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