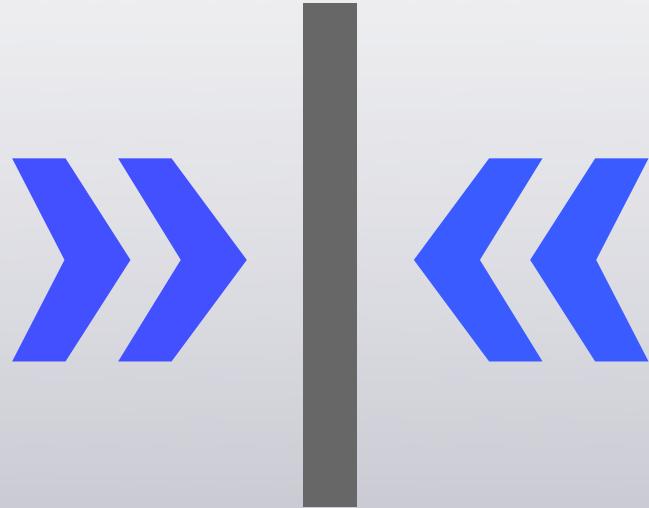


Scary Jifty



Jesse Vincent



Best Practical

Not covering...

Not covering...

»|« Jifty::DBI

Not covering...

»|« Jifty::DBI

»|« Continuations

Not covering...

»|« Jifty::DBI

»|« Continuations

»|« Actions

Not covering...

»|« Jifty::DBI

»|« Continuations

»|« Actions

»|« Regions and Fragments

Those are all
intro-level
topics.

Agenda

Agenda

»|« PubSub

Agenda

»|« PubSub

»|« Declarative Templates

Agenda

»|« PubSub

»|« Declarative Templates

»|« I18N

Agenda

»|« PubSub

»|« Declarative Templates

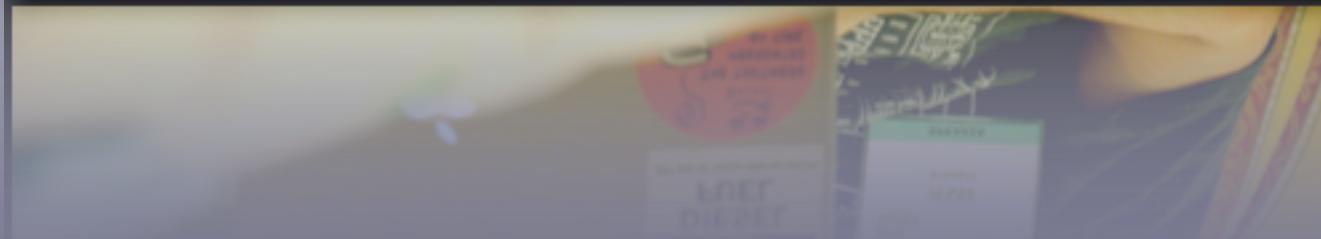
»|« I18N

»|« Scarier stuff

If you were here
this morning,
you know...



I'm Crazy



Jifty isn't
just me
these days...

**We have 20+
committers.**

Including
Audrey



She's
Crazy
too



My goals

My goals

✓ Unease

My goals

- ✓ Unease
- ✓ Fear

My goals

- ✓ Unease
- ✓ Fear
- ✓ Shock

My goals

- ✓ Unease
- ✓ Fear
- ✓ Shock
- ✓ Disgust

My goals

- ✓ Unease
- ✓ Fear
- ✓ Shock
- ✓ Disgust
- ✓ Recruitment

My goals



PubSub



Comet!



**Remember
1997?**



Pointcast



Marimba



**Comet is just
Server Push**



No-click
page
updates



**How it
usually
works**



Javascript on the
client side sends a
‘Subscribe to events
matching
‘/foo/bar’



**Server
registers the
subscription**



**Client
connects to a
special server**



**Client waits
for server to
send events**



**Server sends
events as
JSON data...**



...or worse



XML





**Javascript on the
client side builds
HTML using the
event.**



**Javascript on client
side inserts the
HTML into the
DOM.**



**What that *really*
means...**



You write custom
Javascript to
send event
subscriptions
to the server.



You write a custom
handler to
subscribe to events
on behalf of the
client.



You write a custom
server to dispatch
events to the client.



You write a
javascript client to
poll for events.



You write a
Javascript
templating engine
to deal with
formatting results.



You manipulate the
DOM by hand to
insert your events.



You spend your
evenings sobbing
quietly into a pint
of cheap beer.



The Jifty way (starting backwards)



**Fragments are
ideal for this.**



Fragments

(A refresher)



**On the fly
page updates**



**They react
to user input**



AHAH
(not AJAX)



HTTP Request

(Javascript or browser)



HTML rendered on server



**Server sends
back HTML**



**Client inserts
response in DOM**



(Without JS, server
returns whole
transformed pages)



We extended
fragments to
include placement
information



We wrote a
“long-poll”
routine for Jifty’s
clientside.



It connects to the
built-in fragment
server and waits for
content.



We wrote a fragment server that takes the client's subscriptions and renders them into fragments.



(It's built into
the standard
Jifty server)



We wrote a simple
Perl syntax for
describing
subscription
operations.



It generates the JS invocations you need and works like the rest of our fragment stuff.



**That just left
the hard part.**



The Message Bus



We had some nasty
requirements.



**Must not require
additional user setup**



**No required
external processes**



No Java



(Yes, we're bigoted)



(And it's good for
a cheap laugh)



**Developer usability
is really important**



Needs to
scale up





Plenty of options at
the super-high-end



Needs to
scale down

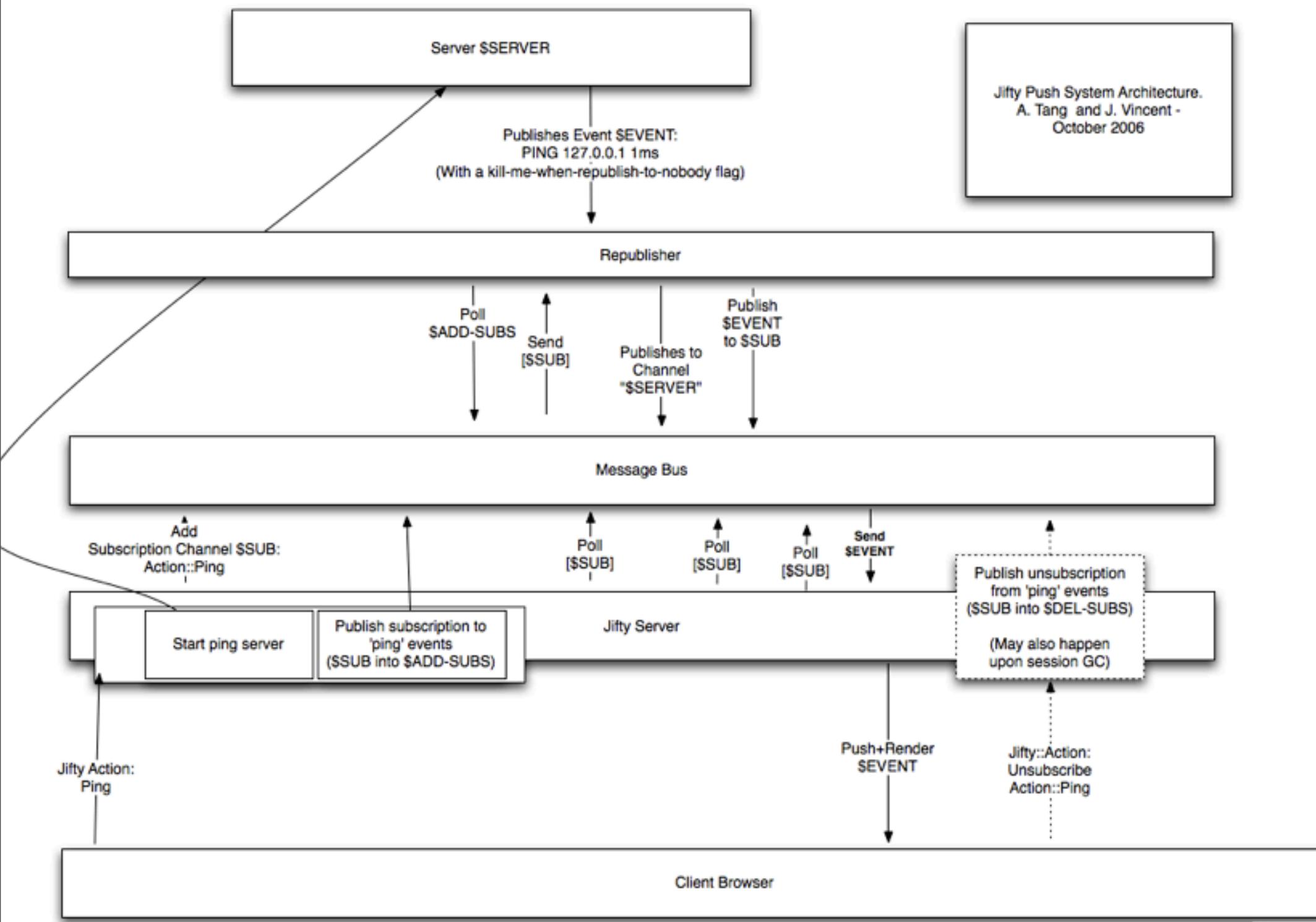


The low-end was a
vast, barren plain



We made

IPC::PubSub





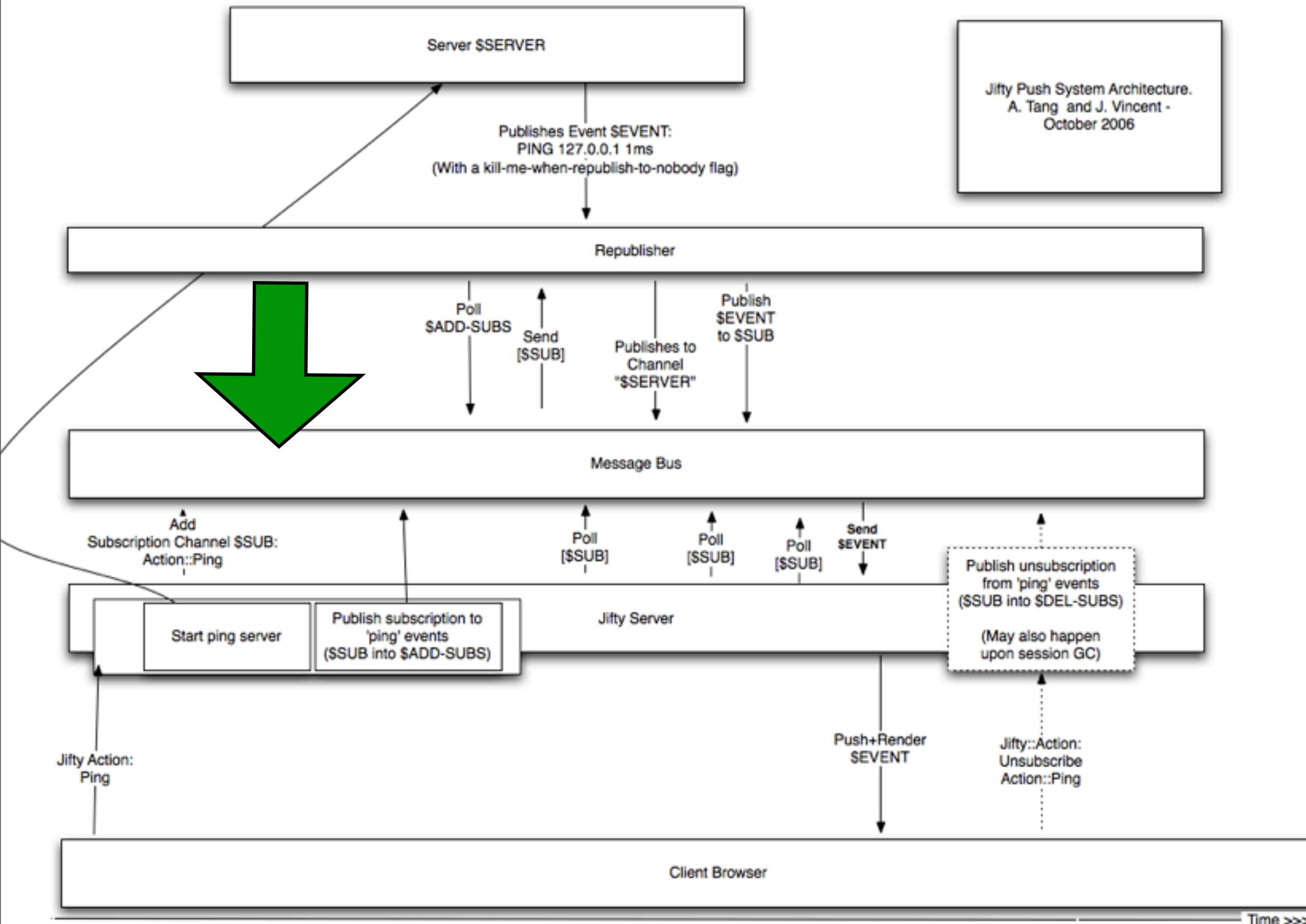
**Implemented
in Perl 6**



**Ported
to Perl 5**

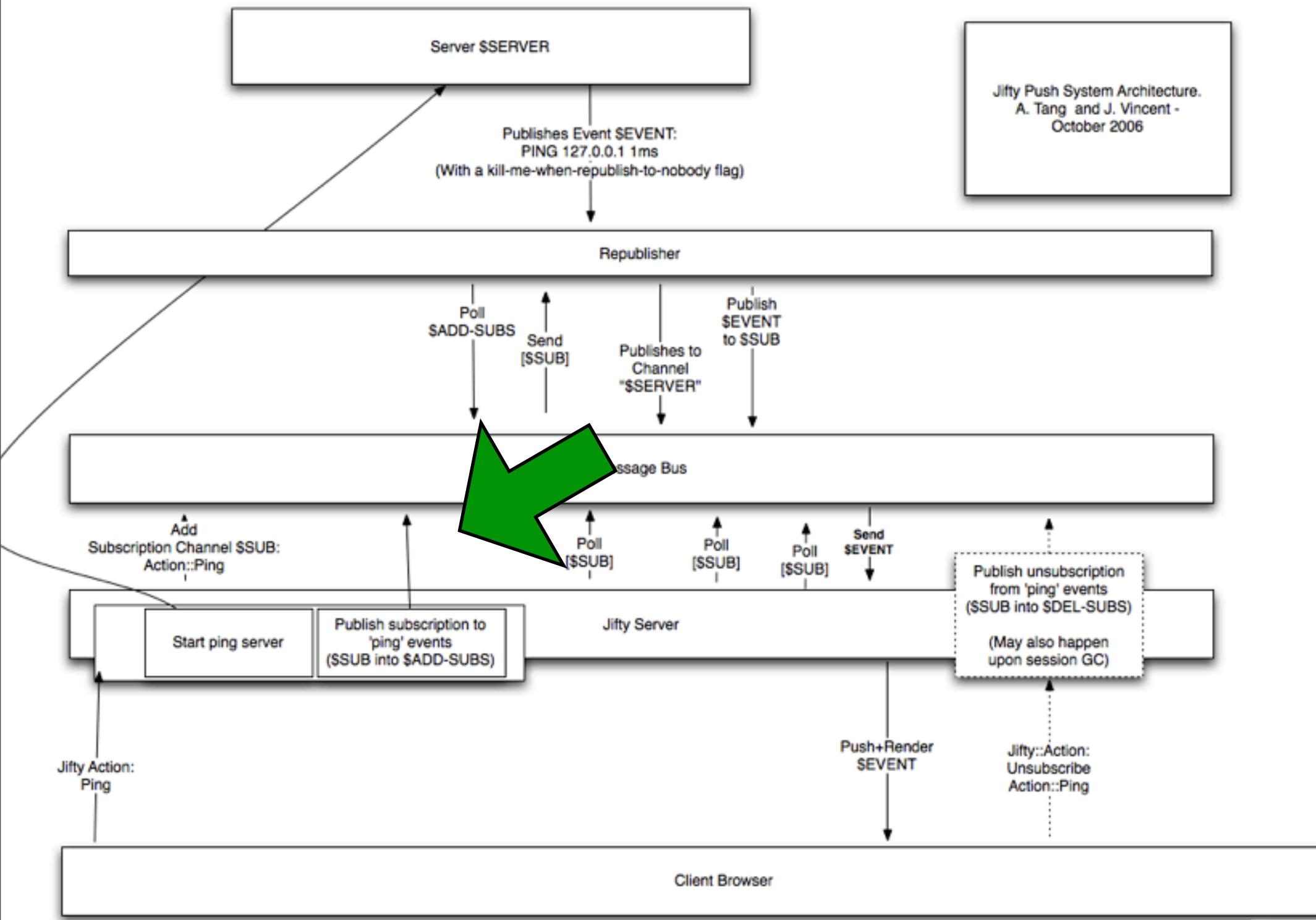


Clients subscribe to Channels of Events



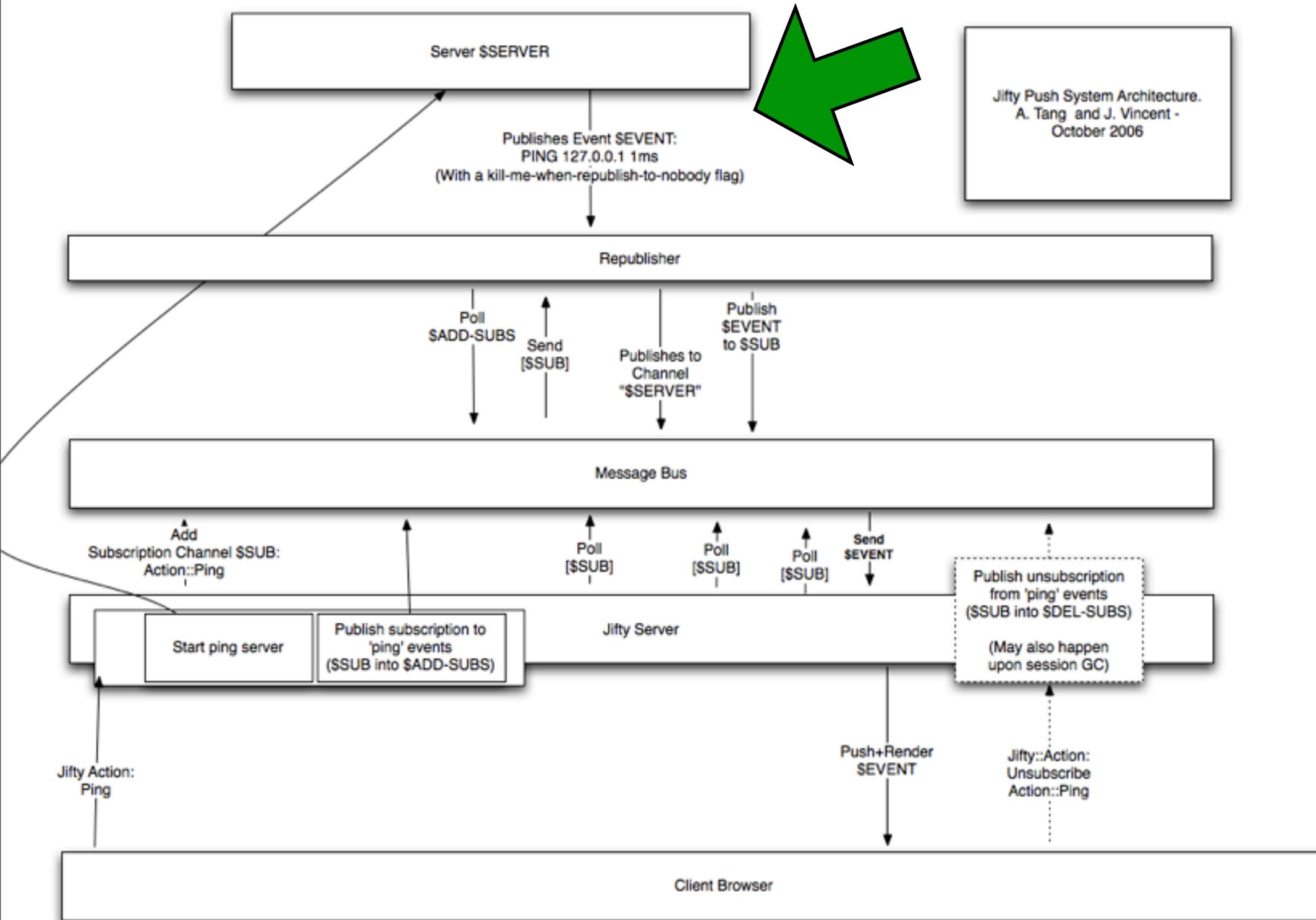


**Channels are
described by a Class
and a Class-Specific
“Search”**



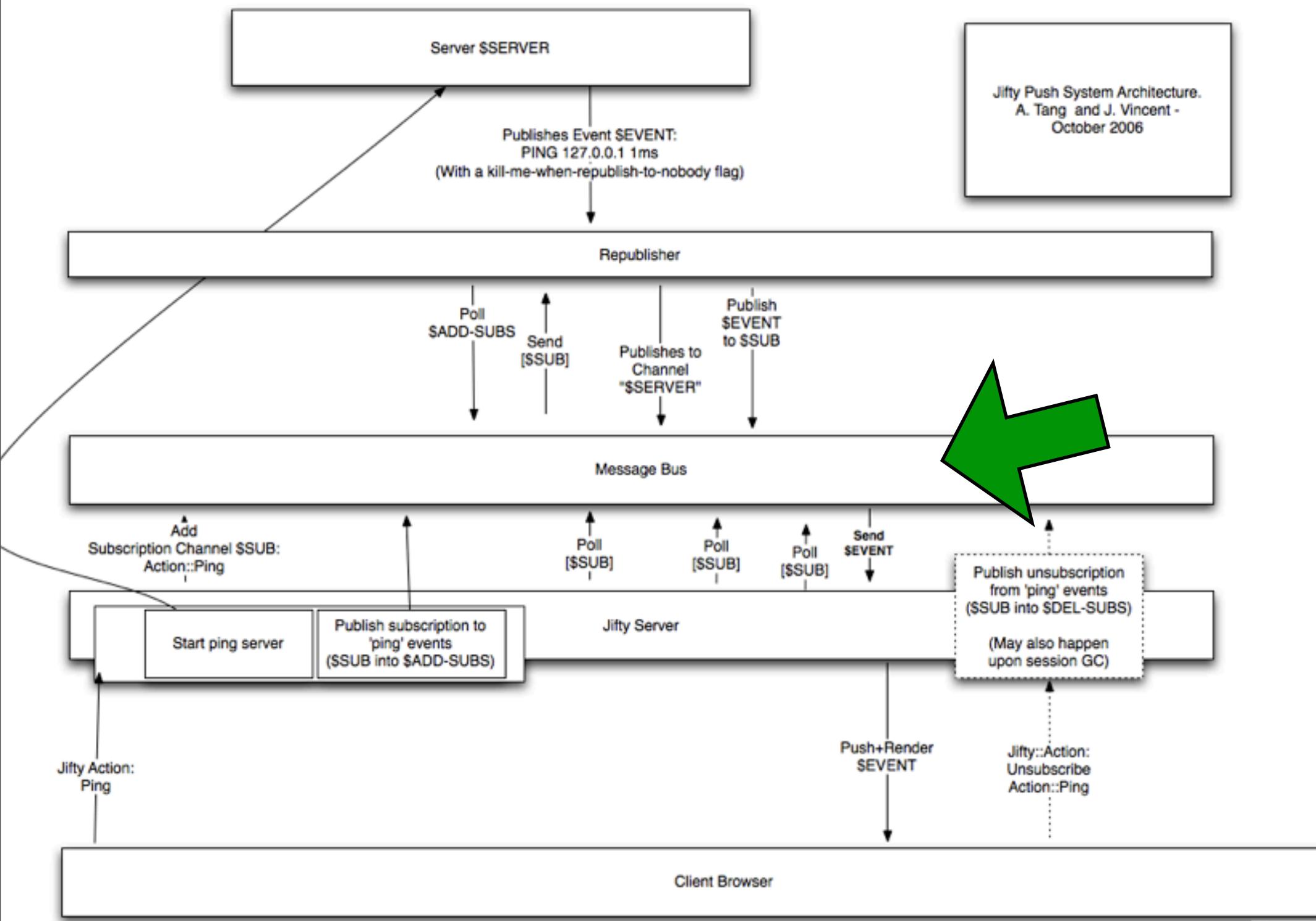


Servers publish Event streams



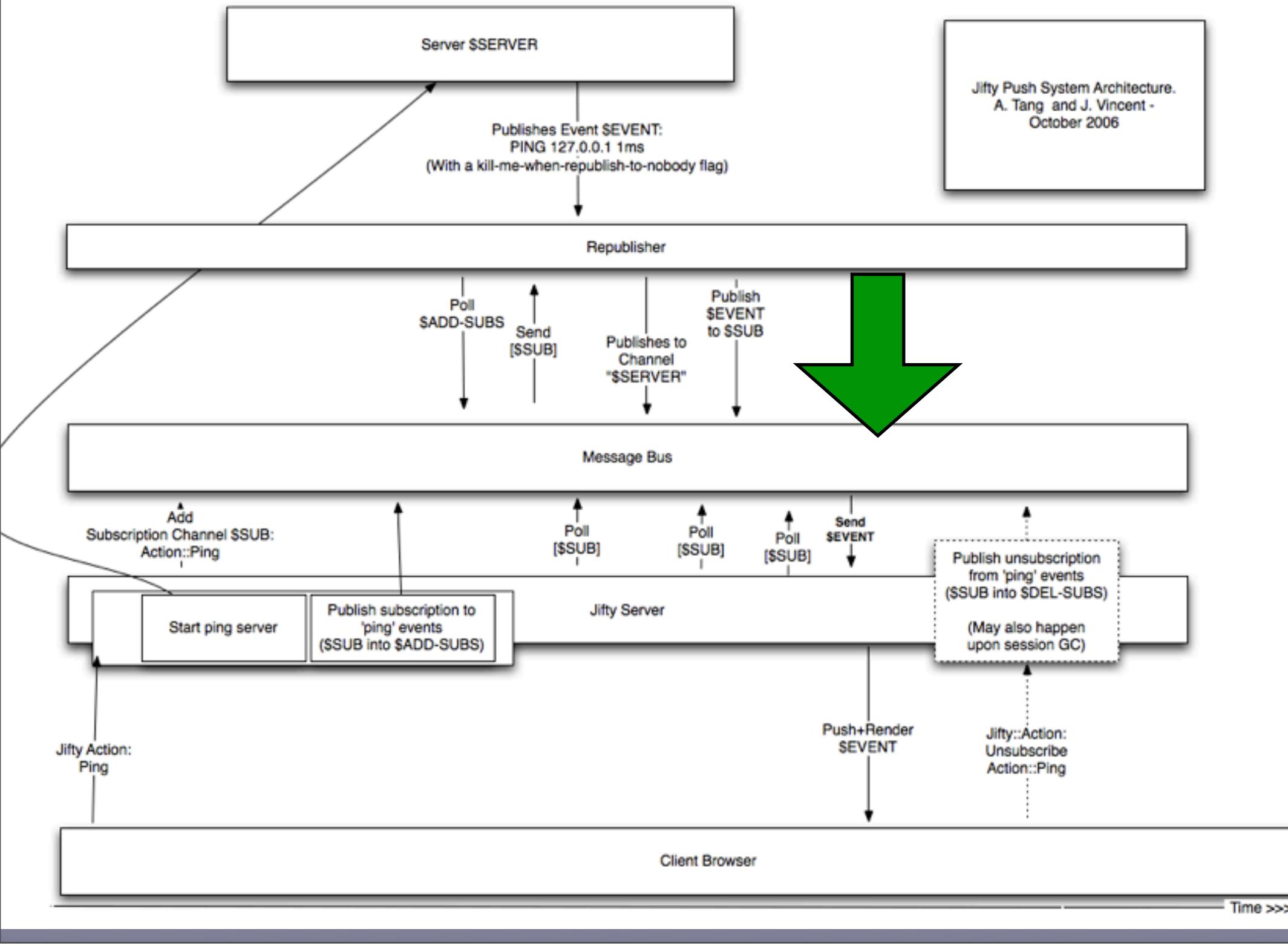


**“Republishers”
place Events in
Channels**





When a client
process polls,
hand it events





The Backends



**Pluggable
(of course)**



A plain
hash



MemCached (of course)



DBM::Deep



Jifty::DBI



**That's where
it gets weird**



Near-realtime notifications for new events



Optional full,
queryable
archive of
historical events



In a jifty
world....



External servers publish events



Jifty::Actions publish events



CRUD
operations on
models are
Jifty::Actions



They
publish
events



**Client apps
subscribe to
(Class, Search,
Renderer)**



That's it



How you
use it:



In-browser chat



(Because we'd all
rather use Firefox
than a program
designed for chat)



Six files. 50 loc.

```
$ find lib share -type f |xargs wc
 18      49      428 lib/Chat/Action/Send.pm
   6      10      84 lib/Chat/Event/Message.pm
   6      11      92 lib/Chat/Server.pm
   1       3      44 share/web/templates/fragments/message
   7      38     272 share/web/templates/fragments/sender
 12      48     425 share/web/templates/index.html
 50     159    1345 total
```



share/web/templates/fragments/sender

```
<%init>
my $action = Jifty->web->new_action( class => 'Send' );
</%init>
<% Jifty->web->form->start %>
<% $action->form_field('message', focus => 1) %>
<% Jifty->web->form->submit(
    onclick => [ { submit => $action },
                  { refresh_self => 1 } ]) %>
<% Jifty->web->form->end %>
```



share/web/templates/fragments/message

```
<div>
<% ${$ARGS{event}}->{message} %>
</div>
```



share/web/templates/index.html

```
<&| /_elements/wrapper,
    title => "Jifty chat server", subtitle => "" &>

<% Jifty::Web::PageRegion->new(
    name => "message",
    path => '/__jifty/empty' )->render %>
<% Jifty::Web::PageRegion->new(
    name => "sender",
    path => '/fragments/sender' )->render %>
</&>
<%init>
Jifty->subs->add(
    class      => 'Message',
    region     => "message",
    mode       => 'Bottom',
    render_with => '/fragments/message',
);
<%init>
```



lib/Chat/Action/Send.pm

```
package Chat::Action::Send;
use warnings;
use strict;

use Jifty::Param::Schema;
use Jifty::Action schema {
    param message => label is 'Say something witty:';
};

sub take_action {
    my $self = shift;
    my $msg  = $self->argument_value('message');
    $msg = "<$1\@$ENV{'REMOTE_ADDR'}> $msg"
    if $ENV{HTTP_USER_AGENT} =~ /([^\w\d]+)[\w\d]*$/;
    Chat::Event::Message->new( { message => $msg } )->publish;
}
1;
```



lib/Chat/Event/Message.pm

```
package Chat::Event::Message;
use strict;
use warnings;
use base 'Chat::Event';

1;
```



lib/Chat/Server.pm

```
package Chat::Server;
use base 'Jifty::Server';

sub net_server { 'Net::Server::Fork' }

1;
```



**What
the heck**



I only

live once



A live
demo!



chat!



We have another
use for this...



We're going for
syncable apps next.



Template::Declare



**Jifty uses
HTML::Mason**



TT doesn't
do it for me.



I don't want to
learn another
language for
templating.



Mason's
closer.



It's Perl...



...mostly



<mason><is><still>
<full><of>
<angle><brackets>



</brackets></angle>
 </of></full>
</still></is></mason>



**<html><is><for>
<jedi><knights>**



The rest of us are
just screwed



**So what's
the answer?**



**HTML Templating is
a holdover from the
days of <blink>**



It let designers
do your layout



Now they
have CSS



There's a chance to
do things more
sanely



There's a chance to
do things ~~lesse~~
sanely



I like Perl.



I want
mixins



I want
inheritance



I want
introspection



I want
CPAN



**There's
Prior Art**



Remember this?

```
print header, start_html('A Simple Example'),
h1('A Simple Example'),
start_form, "What's your name? ", textfield('name'),
p,"What's the combination?", p,
checkbox_group(
-name    => 'words',
-values => [ 'eenie', 'meenie', 'minie', 'moe' ],
-defaults => [ 'eenie', 'minie' ]
),
p, "What's your favorite color?",
popup_menu(
-name    => 'color',
-values => [ 'red', 'green', 'blue', 'chartreuse' ]
),
p, submit, end_form, hr;
```



**CGI.pm is still
sick and
wrong...**



so are
we.



(So are the
Ruby guys)



HAML



Markaby



Template::Declare



Template::Declare

```
template '/page/edit.html' => sub { p {
    form {
        div { attr { class => 'form_wrapper' } }
        form_next_page( url => '/view/' . $page );
        render_param( $action => 'name' );

        div { attr { class => 'inline' } }
            render_param( $action => 'content', rows => 30 )
        }
        div { attr { class => 'inline' } }
            form_submit( label => 'Create' )
        }
    }
}
show('markup');
} };
```



We read perlsub.pod
very carefully and
are abusing every
single line of it.

- A. Tang, December 2006



=head1 BUGS

Crawling all over, baby. Be very, very careful. This code is so cutting edge, it can only be fashioned from carbon nanotubes.



The Mundane



Faking up inheritance

```
foreach my $parent (@{"$pkg\::ISA"}) {  
    $parent->can('has_template') or next;  
    $rv = $parent->has_template($name);  
    return $rv if $rv;  
}
```



The Obscure



Naming the anonymous

```
sub install_tag {  
    my $tag = lc( $_[0] );  
    my $name = $tag;  
  
    push @EXPORT, $tag;  
  
    no strict 'refs';  
    no warnings 'redefine';  
    *$tag = sub (&;$)  
    { local *__ANON__ = $tag; _tag(@_) };  
}
```



The Obscure



Optionally gobbling

```
sub install_tag {  
    my $tag = lc( $_[0] );  
    my $name = $tag;  
  
    push @EXPORT, $tag;  
  
    no strict 'refs';  
    no warnings 'redefine';  
    *$tag = sub (&;$)  
        { local *__ANON__ = $tag; _tag(@_) };  
}
```



...for readability

```
p { b { 'Basic' }  
    i { 'Important' }  
    u { 'Unusual' }  
}
```

```
p { b { 'Basic' };  
    i { 'Important' };  
    u { 'Unusual' };  
}
```



The Wrong



Functional syntax, OO Semantics

```
sub show {  
    local $self = shift  
    if ( $_[0]->isa('Template::Declare') );  
    my $template = shift;  
    my $buf      = '';  
  
    {  
        ...  
    }  
}
```



**We're not
ditching
Mason.**



The Plan



You can
cross the
streams



The refactoring
should make it
easier to add TT



But maybe
you won't
want it
anymore.



**“T-D is the first
thing I'd
consider using
instead of TT”**

- Matt Trout, #jifty, December 2006



internationalization



I18N



**Problem: Every
string in your
code should be
localized.**



In RT, we create a
loc(") method in
our base class...in
every base class.



I guess we could use a
crazy Exporter and
spew it all over the
symbol table.



i18n.pm:

**~~“foo bar” is an
overloaded
i18n object**



autobox.pm:

I don't even want
to think about it



Jifty::I18N



One exposed
method



_("...");



**Same problem
as RT?**



Nope.



_ is special.



Only Larry gets

“
.”
•



But everybody gets

‘ ’





**It's always in the
current package.**



_(‘Cat’);
Just works.
Anywhere



**There's
always a
catch.**



Other code

can get _()
confused

with....



**Some smartass
in the audience
want to shout
out the answer?**



Right.

The `stat()`
cache.



It all still works fine

```
my $loc_method = sub {
    # Retain compatibility
    # with "-e _" etc.
    return \*_ unless @_;
    ...
};

{
    no strict 'refs';
    no warnings 'redefine';
    *_= $loc_method;
}
```

Fixed in 5.10!



I'm not even going
to get into:



**Blessing an object
into package ‘θ’**



**...so ref() returns
false.**



```
local *is::AUTOLOAD  
= sub { ... };
```



**to create a ‘=>’
workalike**



Or why I let Audrey
check in this code...



...that MD5s the call stack

```
use Digest::MD5 qw(md5_hex);
my $frame = 1;
my @stack = (ref($self) || $self);
while (my ($pkg, $filename, $line) = caller($frame++)) {
    push @stack, $pkg, $filename, $line;
}
my $digest = md5_hex("@stack");
```



If I haven't scared you
off yet...



If I haven't scared you
off yet...

We're hiring



If I haven't scared you
off yet...

We're hiring
Unfortunately...



If I haven't scared you
off yet...

We're hiring

Unfortunately...

We pay in dollars