INT101 Midterm Exam 2021/1

Student ID: 64130500055 First Name: Phatcharaphon

Last Name: Saisung

A. Implement **Q01StaticMethod** class as follow:

- 1. Write the following two static methods:
 - 1.1) a static method (using your first name as the name of this method) to convert a length in meters to a length in wah where 1.0 meter = 0.5 wah (ratio). This method receives a length in meters and returns an equivalent length in wah.
 - 1.2) a static method (using your last name as the name of this method)to convert a length in yards to a length in meters where 1 yard = 0.91 meter (ratio).This method receives a length in yards and returns an equivalent length in meters.
- 2. In the static main method,
 - let xxx be a variable of type double and set its value to be the last three digits of your student id,
 - 2.2) print the value of xxx out using System.out.println(),
 - 2.3) converts xxx meters to wah and print the result out using System.out.println(),
 - 2.4) converts xxx yards to wah and print the result out using System.out.println().
- 3. Run this class, screen capture the output of this program, and place the output image in the answer.

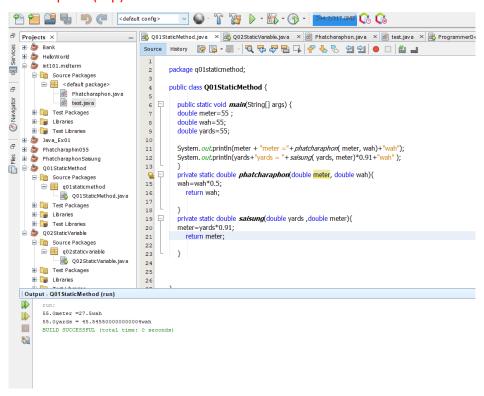
Note:

You must do all the calculation programmatically without doing any part manually or by using a calculator. All ratios must be set as constants locally in the methods.

You must use the naming conventions for all constants, variables, and methods.

In your submission, there must be 4 java source code files:

Q01StaticMethods.java, **Q02StaticVariable**.java, **YouFirstName**.java, and **YourLastName**.java and a pdf file containing screen capture output from Part A, B, and C. Zip all 5 files into one zip file (.zip).



INT101 Midterm Exam 2021/1

- B. Implement Q02StaticVariable class as follow:
 - 1. Define a static constant in this class to represent the following ratio: 1.0 acre = 2.529 rai.
 - 2. Write the following two static methods:
 - 2.1) a static method (using the first three letters of your first name as the method name) to convert an area in acres to an area in rai.
 - This method receives an area in acres and returns an equivalent area in rai.
 - 2.2) a static method (using the last four letters of your last name as the method name) to convert an area in rai to an area in acres.
 - This method receives an area in rai and returns an equivalent area in acres.
 - 3. In the static main method,
 - 3.1) let xxx be a variable of type double and set it value to be the last three digits of your student id.
 - 3.2) print the value of xxx out using System.out.println(),
 - 3.3) converts xxx acres to rai and print the result out using System.out.println(),
 - 3.4) converts xxx rai to acres and print the result out using System.out.println().
 - 4. Run this class, screen capture the output of this program, and place the output image in the answer.

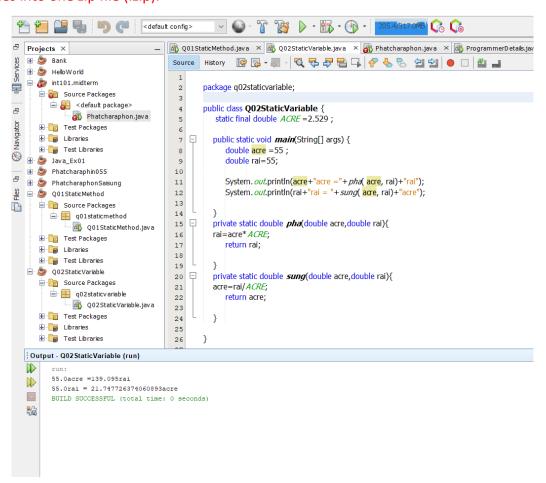
Note:

You must do all the calculation programmatically without doing any part manually or by using a calculator. All ratios must be set as constants locally in the methods.

You must use the naming conventions for all constants, variables, and methods.

In your submission, there must be 4 java source code files:

Q01StaticMethods.java, **Q02StaticVariable**.java, **YouFirstName**.java, and **YourLastName**.java and a pdf file containing screen capture output from Part A, B, and C. Zip all 5 files into one zip file (.zip).



INT101 Midterm Exam 2021/1

- **C.** Implement a class <u>named after your firstname</u>, in a package named **int101.midterm**, as follow:
 - 1. This class contains the following three private instance variables (of type double) named: mass (in grams), volume (in cc), and density (in g./cc.) where density cannot be changed.
 - 2. Write the following public non-static methods:
 - 2.1) A **constructor** that receives a mass and a volume to set its internal states (i.e., mass and volume). The density is set to mass/volume (i.e., mass divided by volume).
 - 2.2) A **constructor** that receives a density to set its internal state. Its internal states which are the mass and the volume are set to 0.
 - 2.3) Three getter methods, one for each field (i.e., mass, volume, density).
 - 2.4) Two **setter** methods, one for mass and the other for volume. Note that when the mass or the volume is changed, the other must be updated accordingly to preserve the density.
 - 2.5) One toString() method to return a string containing its mass, volume, and density.
 - 3. <u>Create another class named after your lastname</u>, not in any package, and create a public static void main method that does the following:
 - 3.1) Create two objects from this class: one from each constructor. You may set any different positive numbers as the mass, the volume, and the density.
 - 3.2) Print both objects out using **System.out.println()**.
 - 3.3) Call the mass setter on one object and call the volume setter on the other object.
 - 3.4) Print both objects out using System.out.println().
 - 4. Run the class that named after your lastname, screen capture the output of this program, and place the output image in the answer.

Note:

You must do all the calculation programmatically without doing any part manually or by using a calculator. All ratios must be set as constants locally in the methods.

You must use the naming conventions for all constants, variables, and methods.

In your submission, there must be 4 java source code files:

Q01StaticMethods.java, **Q02StaticVariable**.java, **YouFirstName**.java, and **YourLastName**.java and a pdf file containing screen capture output from Part A, B, and C. Zip all 5 files into one zip file (.zip).

ทำข้อนี้ไม่ได้เลยค่ะ TT

