Tutorial 3

For this week, we will be extracting actual data out of databases so you will be required to have <u>SQLite</u> in order to complete the lab. Additionally, you may find the <u>SQLite</u> <u>Browser</u> helpful to use.

It is recommended that you become familiar with the command-line program and not the GUI (graphical user interface – i.e. SQLite Browser). It will help you in the long-run to not become overly reliant on using the GUI (as you will be required to write queries for assignments / midterm / final)

For the following problems, we will be using the following database schema. The SQLite database file can be found under the resources page on Quercus (week 4 module).

```
Classes(class, type, country, numGuns, bore, displacement)
Ships(name, class, launched)
Battles(name, date)
Outcomes(ship, battle, result)
```

Write the following queries based on the database schema. Additionally, write out the results that the queries return

- 1. Find the class name and country for all classes with at least 10 guns
- 2. Find the names of all ships launched prior to 1918 but call the resulting column shipName
- 3. Find the names of ships sunk in battle and the name of the battle in which they were sunk
- 4. Find all ships that have the same name as their class
- 5. Find the name of all ships that begin with the letter "R"
- 6. Find the ships heavier than 35,000 tons
- 7. List the name, displacement, and number of guns of the ships engaged in the battle of Guadalcanal
- 8. Find all the ships mentioned in the database (remember that all these ships may not appear in the Ship relation)
- 9. Find the countries that have both battleships and battlecruisers
- 10. Find those ships that were damaged in one battle but later fought in another
- 11. Find those battles with at least three ships of the same country

Practice writing SQL queries (as opposed to relational algebra) on the problems from last week's lab.