

1227**Code : 15EE21T***Register
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II Semester Diploma Examination, Nov./Dec. 2017**ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS****Time : 3 Hours |****| Max. Marks : 100**

- Note :** (i) Answer any **six** questions from Part – A. Each question carries **5** marks.
(ii) Answer any **seven** full questions from Part – B. Each question carries **10** marks.

PART – A

1. Define the following :
 - (i) Bilateral circuit
 - (ii) Unilateral circuit
2. Compare magnetic circuit and electric circuit (write any 5 comparisons).
3. Define flux density, write SI unit and the equation for flux density.
4. Define Leakage co-efficient and permeance.
5. State Faraday's laws of Electromagnetic Induction.
6. Define the following :
 - (i) RMS value
 - (ii) Average value

7. Write a sinusoidal waveform and mark the following :

- (i) Instantaneous value
- (ii) Maximum value
- (iii) Cycle
- (iv) Time period

8. Explain the following :

- (i) Power factor
- (ii) Leading power factor
- (iii) Lagging power factor
- (iv) Unity power factor
- (v) Zero power factor

9. Define the following in 3 phase system :

- (i) Phase voltage and phase current
- (ii) Line voltage and line current

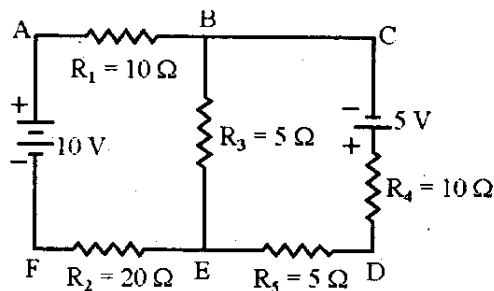
PART – B

10. (a) Explain with diagram passive network and active network.

(b) With a neat circuit diagram, explain :

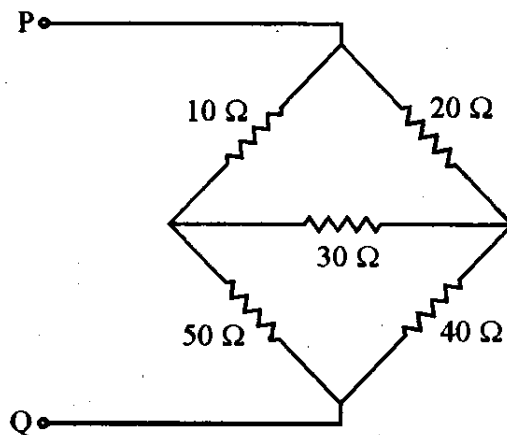
- (i) Open circuit
- (ii) Short circuit
- (iii) Closed circuit, conditions

11. (a) In the given circuit, calculate the current through resistor R_3 using Kirchoff's laws :



(b) State and explain reciprocity theorem.

12. (a) Using Delta-Star transformation, calculate the value of the equivalent resistance between P and Q of the circuit shown below :



- (b) State Superposition theorem.
13. (a) Define the following and write their units :
- (i) Flux
 - (ii) mmf
 - (iii) Magnetising force
 - (iv) Reluctance
 - (v) Absolute permeability
- (b) State the law of reluctance and show the relation between mmf reluctance and flux.
14. (a) Define the following and give one example for each :
- (i) Dynamically induced emf.
 - (ii) Statically induced emf.
- (b) State and explain Fleming's right hand rule.
15. (a) Explain Analytical method of calculating the average value of alternating current.
- (b) Explain the generation of single phase alternating voltage.

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16. (a) An AC voltage is represented by $e = 100 \sin 314t$. Calculate the
- (i) maximum value
 - (ii) frequency
 - (iii) RMS value
 - (iv) Instantaneous voltage at $t = 0.001$ seconds
- (b) Convert the following into polar forms if $A = (10 + j 6)$, $B = (30 + j 52)$.
Perform the following :
- (i) $A \times B$
 - (ii) A/B
17. (a) Define the following and write their units :
- (i) Inductive reactance
 - (ii) Capacitive reactance
 - (iii) Impedance
- (b) Define and write the equations for the following :
- (i) Resonant frequency of an RLC series circuit
 - (ii) Q factor of RLC series circuit
18. (a) Derive the equation for power in a pure resistive circuit.
- (b) A circuit has a resistance of 5Ω , inductance of 0.1 henry and capacitance of $0.5 \mu\text{F}$. Calculate the power factor.
19. (a) Show that line voltage $= \sqrt{3}$ phase voltage in 3 phase star connected system.
- (b) Explain Delta connected 3 phase system.
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