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## April 2018

<u>Time - Three hours</u> (Maximum Marks: 75)

- [N.B: (1) Q.No. 8 in PART A and Q.No. 16 in PART B are compulsory.

  Answer any FOUR questions from the remaining in each PART A and PART B
  - (2) Answer division (a) or division (b) of each question in PART C.
  - (3) Each question carries 2 marks in PART A, 3 marks in Part B and 10 marks in PART C. ]

## PART - A

- 1. Define transducer.
- Define thermistor.
- 3. What is strain gauge?
- 4. State the principle of solar cell.
- 5. Define slew rate.
- 6. Mention any two applications of Op. Amp.
- 7. What is a clipper?
- 8. What is the use of Geiger -Muller tube.

## PART - B

- 9. Define primary and secondary transducer.
- 10. State the uses of LVDT.
- 11. State the basic principle of capacitive transducer.
- 12. Draw the diagram of photo electric transducer.
- 13. Define signal conditioning.
- 14. Mention any three ideal characteristics of Op. Amp.
- 15. Define clipper and clamper.
- 16. Define Hall effect.

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## PART - C

17. (a) With a neat sketch explain the working of strain gauge type load cell.

(Or)

- (b) State the advantages of electrical transducers.
- 18. (a) Explain the construction and working of proximity sensor.

(Or

- (b) Explain how displacement can be measured using strain gauge.
- 19. (a) Explain the construction and working of thermo couple with neat sketch.

(Or)

- (b) With a neat sketch explain the working of Hall effect transducer.
- 20. (a) Explain with a neat sketch, Op. Amp. as an integrator.

(Or)

- (b) Draw the block diagram of AC signal conditioning system and explain.
- 21. (a) With a neat diagram explain the operation of instrumentation amplifier using Op. Amp.

(Or)

(b) With a neat diagram explain, Op. Amp. as zero crossing detector.

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