11920 3 Hours / 70 Marks

Seat No.								
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Instructions:

- (1) All Questions are *compulsory*.
- (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
- (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

Marks

1. Attempt any FIVE of the following:

10

- (a) Define clearance volume and swept volume.
- (b) State any four specifications of LMV engine.
- (c) State function of the following components:
 - (i) Cam Shaft
 - (ii) Crank Shaft
- (d) List four functions of carburettor.
- (e) List any four functions of exhaust system.
- (f) State any two limitations of engine cooling system.
- (g) Define volumetric efficiency.

2. Attempt any THREE of the following:

12

- (a) Compare 2-stroke and 4-stroke engines. (Any 4 points)
- (b) Explain the working of overhead valve arrangement with sketch.
- (c) Describe the working of fuel injector with sketch.
- (d) Elaborate the working of dry sump lubrication system with sketch.

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3. Attempt any THREE of the following:

- (a) Describe working principle of 4-stroke petrol with sketch.
- (b) Describe the construction of gear drive of camshaft drive arrangement with sketch.
- (c) Explain the working of battery ignition system with circuit diagram.
- (d) Sketch high voltage connection between distributor and spark plugs of multicylinder engine with direction of rotation of distributor shaft assembly. Label the sketch.

4. Attempt any THREE of the following:

12

12

- (a) Show I.C. engine nomenclature with neat sketch.
- (b) State the materials used for piston with justification.
- (c) Select firing order for 4-cylinder engine with justification.
- (d) Explain the working of electrically driven fan in cooling system.
- (e) A four stroke engine with four cylinders, bore 80 mm and stroke 100 mm was tested at 3500 rpm and following data were recorded:

Fuel consumption = 300 gm/minute

Indicated mean effective pressure = 1 MPa

Engine torque developed = 140 N-m

If calorific value of fuel used is 42000 kJ/kg, calculate

- (i) Ip
- (ii) Mechanical efficiency
- (iii) Brake Thermal efficiency

5. Attempt any TWO of the following:

12

- (a) Statement: Valve cooling is necessary in some I.C. engines. Justify the statement by giving reasons and explain its working with sketch.
- (b) Explain the working of S.U electrical fuel pump with sketch.
- (c) Draw sketches showing fuel metering in the inline type F-I. P and Explain its working.

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6. Attempt any TWO of the following:

(a) Explain the working principle of the following dynamometers with suitable sketches, if necessary:

12

- (i) Hydraulic dynamometer
- (ii) Eddy Current dynamometer
- (b) Explain the selection of lubricating oil on the basis of viscosity and service rating.
- (c) An I.C engine develops a brake power of 26.2 kW. Following observations were made during a trial:

Power required to motor the engine = 4.5 kW

Cooling water circulated = 7.5 kg/min.

Specific heat of water = 4.187 kJ/kgk

Petrol consumption = 200 gm/minute

Temperature rise of cooling water = 50° C

If calorific value of petrol is 46,000 kJ/kg, draw heat balance sheet for the test on percentage basis.

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