# **Docker and Kubernetes: The Complete Guide**

Installing Docker on macOS

This note will provide detailed steps and instructions to install Docker and signup for a DockerHub account on **macOS**. We will need a DockerHub account so that we can pull images and push the images we will build.

#### 1. Register for a DockerHub account

Visit the link below to register for a DockerHub account (this is free)

https://hub.docker.com/signup

### 2. Navigate to the Docker Desktop installation page

https://www.docker.com/products/docker-desktop/

#### 3. Select your Chip

Click the button that corresponds with the chip of your computer. If you have an M1 or M2 machine, you will need to click the Mac with Apple Chip button. Everyone else will need to click the Mac with Intel Chip button.

# **Docker Desktop**

Install Docker Desktop – the fastest way to containerize applications.

Mac with Intel Chip

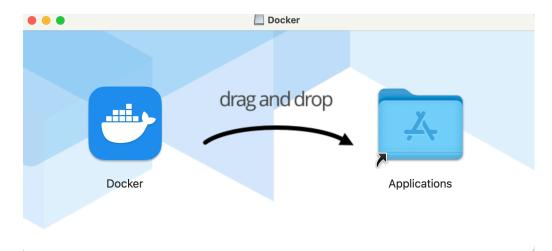
Mac with Apple Chip

MOST COMMON

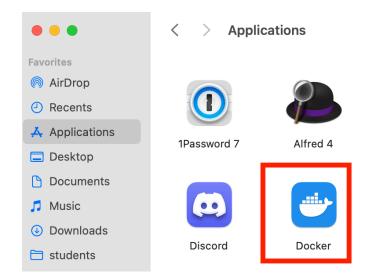
Also available for Windows and Linux

#### 4. Double-click the Docker.dmg file in your Downloads

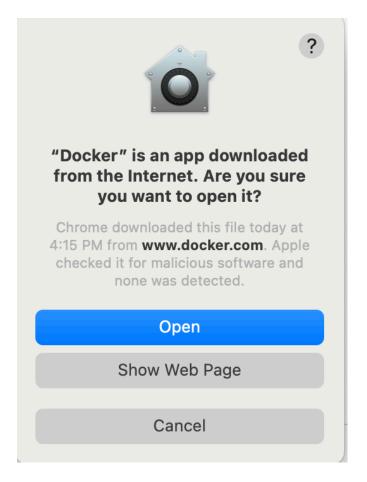
# 5. Drag and drop the Docker icon to the Applications folder



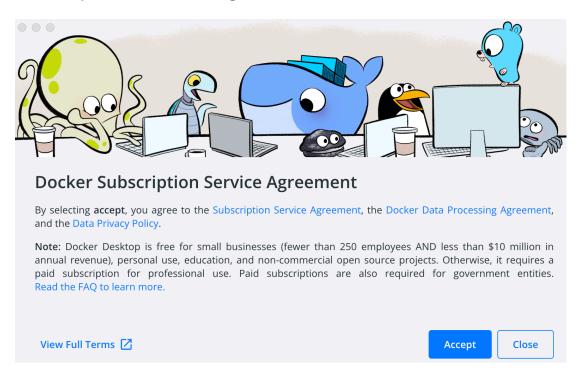
# 6. Go to Applications and double-click click the Docker icon:



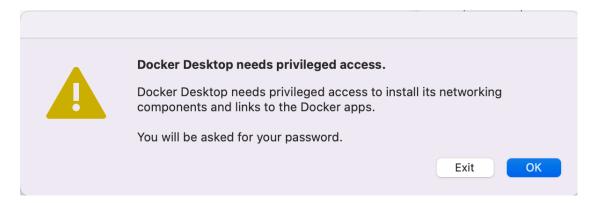
#### 7. Select "Open" in the "Are you Sure you want to open it" prompt



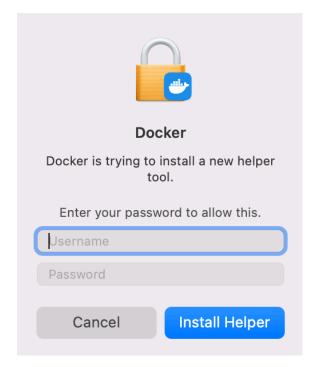
#### 8. Click "Accept" to the Service Agreement



# 9. Click "OK" to "Docker Desktop needs privileged access" prompt

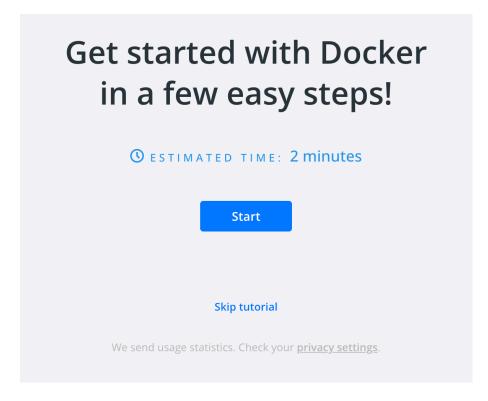


# 10. Enter your computer's username and password to install the helper



#### 11. Docker Desktop will launch for the first time

If the installation was successful, Docker Desktop will launch and present you with a tutorial. You are free to skip this.



#### 12. Check that Docker is working

Open your Terminal application and run the docker command. If all is well you should see some helpful instructions in the output similar to below.

```
Last login: Wed Sep 7 16:22:49 on ttys002
[→ ~ docker
 Usage: docker [OPTIONS] COMMAND
  A self-sufficient runtime for containers
 Options:
      --config string
                                                                            Location of client config files (default "/Users/inga/.docker")
                  --tlscacert string --tlscert string --tlskey s
                                                                             Trust certs signed only by this CA (default "/Users/inga/.docker/ca.pem")
                                                                             Path to TLS certificate file (default "/Users/inga/.docker/cert.pem")
                  --tlsverify
                                                                          Use TLS and verify the remote
      -v, --version
                                                                          Print version information and quit
 Management Commands:
      builder Manage builds
                                        Docker Buildx (Docker Inc., v0.9.1)
      buildx*
                                  Docker Compose (Docker Inc., v2.10.2)
      compose*
                                        Manage Docker configs
      config
       container Manage containers
      context
                                        Manage contexts
       extension* Manages Docker extensions (Docker Inc., v0.2.9)
       image
                                       Manage images
      manifest
                                        Manage Docker image manifests and manifest lists
       network
```

#### 13. Log in to Docker

Using your Terminal Application run the docker login command. You will be prompted to enter the Username and password (or your Personal Access Token) you created in step #1 when registering for a DockerHub account.

Once you see **Login Succeeded**, the setup is complete and you are free to continue to the next lecture.

Resources for this lecture

- <u>DockerHub Registration</u>
- Docker Desktop Install Link