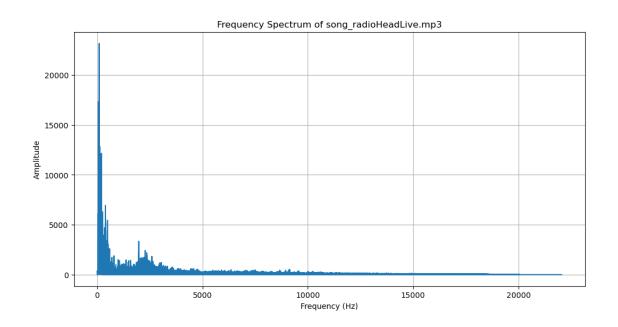
project update 1113

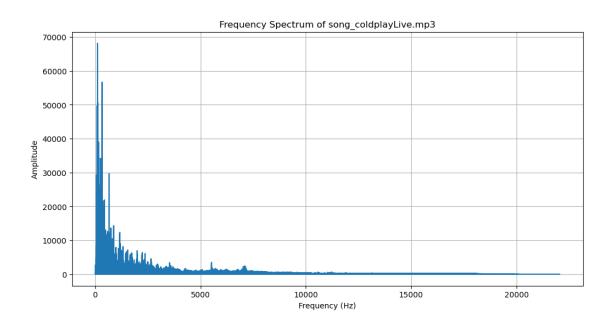
November 13, 2024

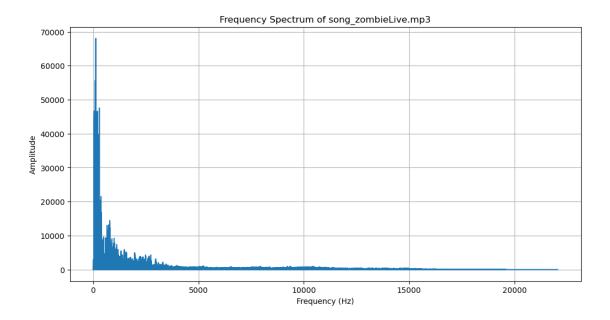
- 0.1 For Wednesday, November 13, please list what you proposed to have completed by the middle of Week 7, and summarize what you have accomplished. You can be as detailed as you like. This counts towards your preliminary report score.
- 0.2 Proposed to be done by the end of the week:
 - Start working on frequency analysis of studio recorded music clips.
 - Start working on time analysis for both live music and studio recorded music.
 - Decide a way to use polynomial function to denoise live music while maintaining natural form

0.2.1 From Before(for code integrity):

```
[]: import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import glob
     import os
     import librosa
     song_files = glob.glob('song_*.mp3')
     for song_file in song_files:
         data, sample_rate = librosa.load(song_file, sr=None, mono=True)
         N = len(data)
         yf = np.fft.fft(data)
         xf = np.fft.fftfreq(N, 1 / sample_rate)
         idxs = np.where(xf >= 0)
         xf = xf[idxs]
         yf = np.abs(yf[idxs])
         plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
         plt.plot(xf, yf)
         plt.title(f'Frequency Spectrum of {os.path.basename(song_file)}')
         plt.xlabel('Frequency (Hz)')
         plt.ylabel('Amplitude')
         plt.grid(True)
         plt.show()
```







0.3 New Progress

0.3.1 Import libraries and create studio to live recording pairs

0.3.2 Process each song by:

- Normalize the audio signals
- Time alignment using cross-correlation
- Align the live recording
- Truncate to the same length
- Compute STFT
- Compute magnitude and phase
- Spectral subtraction

- Reconstruct the denoised signal
- Normalize denoised audio

```
[]: for song in songs:
        live_file = song['live']
         studio_file = song['studio']
        song_name = os.path.splitext(os.path.basename(studio_file))[0]
        print(f"\nProcessing '{song name}'...")
        data_live, sr_live = librosa.load(live_file, sr=None, mono=True)
        data_studio, sr_studio = librosa.load(studio_file, sr=None, mono=True)
         if sr live != sr studio:
             data live = librosa.resample(data live, sr live, sr studio)
             sr_live = sr_studio
        data_live = data_live / np.max(np.abs(data_live))
        data_studio = data_studio / np.max(np.abs(data_studio))
        print(" Performing time alignment...")
        correlation = correlate(data_live, data_studio, mode='full')
        lag = np.argmax(correlation) - len(data_studio) + 1
        if lag > 0:
             data_live_aligned = data_live[lag:]
        else:
             data_live_aligned = np.pad(data_live, (abs(lag), 0), 'constant')
        min length = min(len(data live aligned), len(data studio))
        data_live_aligned = data_live_aligned[:min_length]
        data_studio = data_studio[:min_length]
        print(" Computing STFT...")
        D_live = librosa.stft(data_live_aligned, n_fft=2048, hop_length=512)
        D_studio = librosa.stft(data_studio, n_fft=2048, hop_length=512)
        mag_live, phase_live = librosa.magphase(D_live)
        mag_studio, _ = librosa.magphase(D_studio)
        print(" Applying spectral subtraction...")
        mag_diff = mag_live - mag_studio
        mag_diff = np.maximum(mag_diff, 0)
        D_denoised = mag_diff * phase_live
        data_live_denoised = librosa.istft(D_denoised, hop_length=512)
        data_live_denoised = data_live_denoised / np.max(np.abs(data_live_denoised))
        output_file = f"denoised_{song_name}.wav"
         sf.write(output_file, data_live_denoised, sr_studio)
```

```
print(f" Denoised audio saved to '{output_file}'.")
  # Plotting the results
  print(" Plotting the results...")
  plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
  plt.title(f"Waveforms - {song_name}")
  plt.plot(data_live_aligned, label='Live Aligned', alpha=0.5)
  plt.plot(data_studio, label='Studio', alpha=0.5)
  plt.plot(data_live_denoised, label='Denoised', alpha=0.5)
  plt.legend()
  plt.show()
  # Plot spectrograms
  def plot_spectrogram(data, sr, title):
      D = librosa.amplitude_to_db(np.abs(librosa.stft(data, n_fft=2048,__
→hop_length=512)), ref=np.max)
      plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
      librosa.display.specshow(D, sr=sr, hop_length=512, x_axis='time',_

y_axis='log')

      plt.colorbar(format='%+2.0f dB')
      plt.title(title)
      plt.show()
  plot_spectrogram(data_live_aligned, sr_studio, f'Live Aligned Spectrogram -u
plot_spectrogram(data_studio, sr_studio, f'Studio Spectrogram -_

√{song name}')
  plot_spectrogram(data_live_denoised, sr_studio, f'Denoised Spectrogram -_
print(f"Finished processing '{song_name}'.\n")
```

```
Processing 'zombie'...

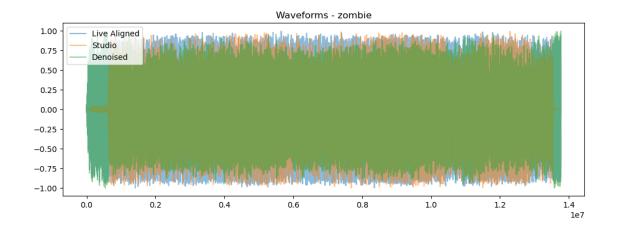
Performing time alignment...

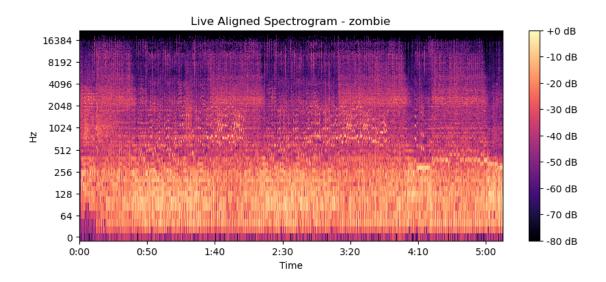
Computing STFT...

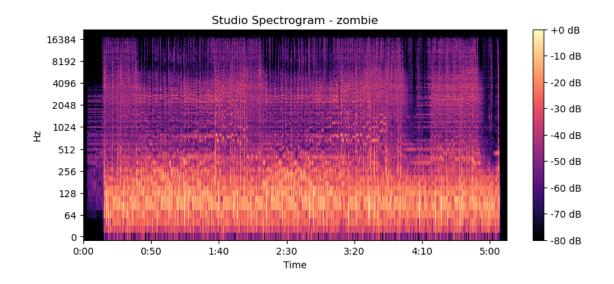
Applying spectral subtraction...

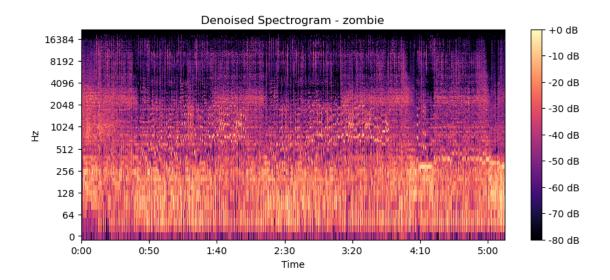
Denoised audio saved to 'denoised_zombie.wav'.

Plotting the results...
```









Finished processing 'zombie'.

Processing 'creep'...

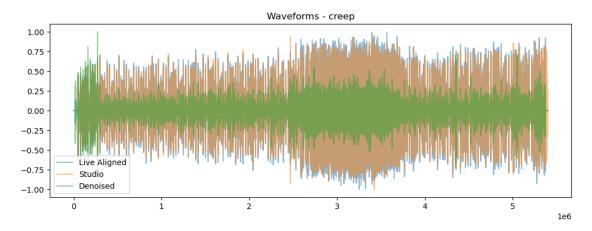
Performing time alignment...

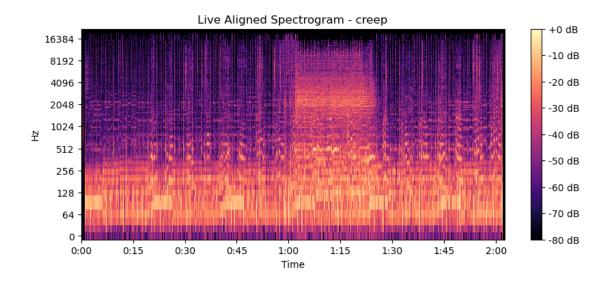
Computing STFT...

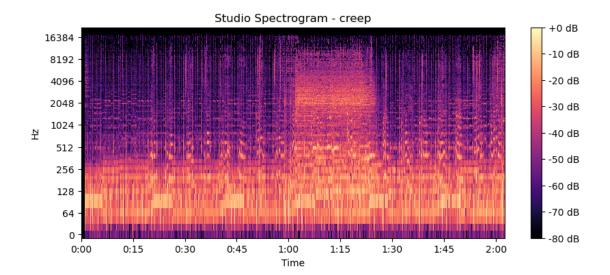
Applying spectral subtraction...

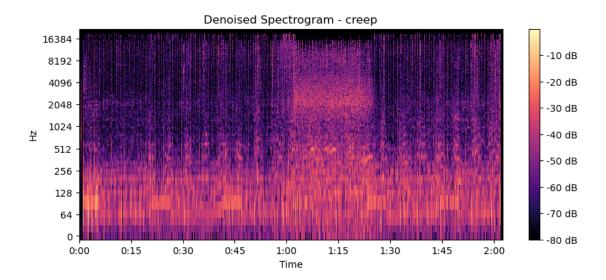
Denoised audio saved to 'denoised_creep.wav'.

Plotting the results...









Finished processing 'creep'.

Processing 'bittersweet'...

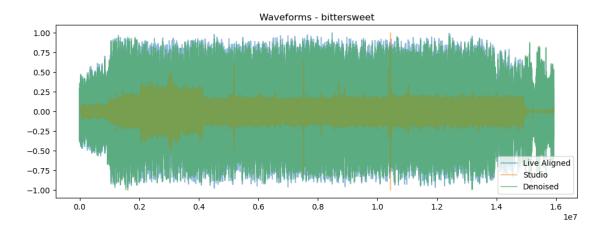
Performing time alignment...

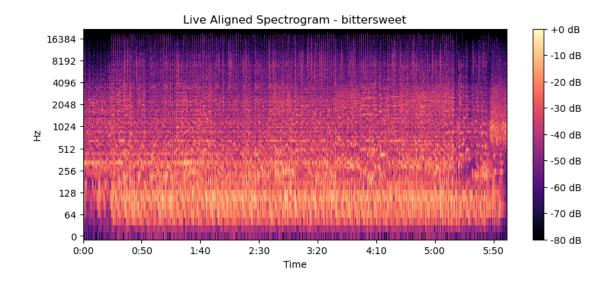
Computing STFT...

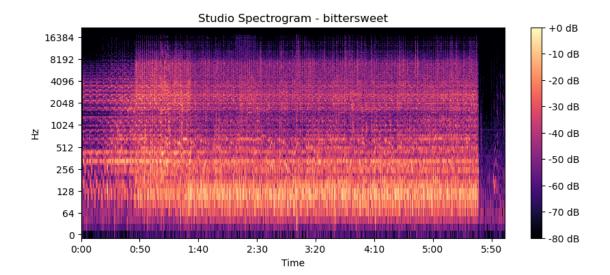
Applying spectral subtraction...

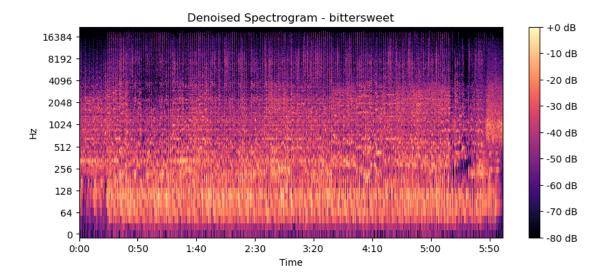
Denoised audio saved to 'denoised_bittersweet.wav'.

Plotting the results...









Finished processing 'bittersweet'.

0.3.3 In the above charts it shows we achieved successful time and frequency alignment with live and studio recordings, however the normalization functions made denoise audio seem a little unnatural which would be improved in new updates.

0.4 Next Steps

- find alternative to normalizing functions
- find polynomial function for each song to denoise the live music
- find better way to improve the alignment between studio and live music