# Experiment 4: Main Analyses

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# Setup

\$ Female

\$ Other

: int

Load data and select columns used in model. See data/exp4\_data\_about.txt for more details.

1011000001...

00000000000...

```
d <- read.csv("../data/exp4_data.csv", stringsAsFactors=TRUE) %>%
    rename("Participant"="SubjID", "Item"="Name") %>%
    select(Participant, Condition, GenderRating, Item, Male, Female, Other)
str(d)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 8771 obs. of 7 variables:
## $ Participant : Factor w/ 1253 levels "R_00dmdQaotbTidXz",..: 1001 1001 1001 1001 1001 1001 1001 23
## $ Condition : Factor w/ 3 levels "first","full",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ GenderRating: num 6.24 2.61 6.82 5.34 1.28 4.39 3.87 5.22 1.24 5.86 ...
## $ Item : Factor w/ 63 levels "Ashley Cook",..: 1 18 21 22 25 28 50 5 7 15 ...
## $ Male : int 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 ...
```

Center gender rating for names: Original scale from 1 to 7, with 1 as most masculine and 7 as most feminine. Mean-centered with higher still as more feminine.

```
d %<>% mutate(GenderRatingCentered=scale(d$GenderRating, scale=FALSE))
```

Set contrasts for name conditions, now weighted to account for uneven sample sizes. This uses Scott Fraundorf's function for weighted contrasts. (The psycholing package version doesn't support doing 2v1 comparisons, only 1v1.) Condition1 is Last vs First+Full. Condition2 is First vs Full.

```
source("centerfactor.R")
contrasts(d$Condition) <- centerfactor(d$Condition, c("last", "first"))
contrasts(d$Condition)</pre>
```

```
## [,1] [,2]
## first 0.3312051 -0.497605746
## full 0.3312051 0.502394254
## last -0.6687949 0.002394254
```

## Data Summary

Responses by condition.

Condition	Female	Male	Other	Female_MaleOther	Female_Male
first	1381	1511	62	0.8779402	0.9139643
full	1380	1416	116	0.9007833	0.9745763
last	1292	1529	84	0.8009919	0.8449967

- First name condition has second-most (slightly) female responses
- Full name condition has most *female* responses
- Last name condition has fewest female responses

## Main Model

Because Experiment 4 always introduces the character with a full name, then manipulates the name form in the subsequent 3 references, the main analysis is 1 model, as opposed to the 2 for Experiments 1 and 2.

Effects of Name Condition (first name, last name, full name) and first name Gender Rating (centered, + fem, -masc) on the likelihood of *female* responses, as opposed to *male* and *other* responses. Participant and Item are included as random intercepts, with items defined as the unique first, last and first + last name combinations. Condition1 is the contrast between last and first+full. Condition2 is the contrast between first and full.

```
summary(m.main)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
##
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
   Family: binomial (logit)
## Formula: Female ~ Condition * GenderRatingCentered + (1 | Participant) +
##
       (1 | Item)
##
      Data: d
##
##
       AIC
                 BIC
                       logLik deviance df.resid
##
     9145.4
              9202.1
                      -4564.7
                                9129.4
                                           8763
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
                1Q Median
                                3Q
      Min
                                       Max
  -3.4531 -0.5754 -0.2627 0.5724 5.4528
##
## Random effects:
  Groups
                Name
                            Variance Std.Dev.
## Participant (Intercept) 0.2014
                                     0.4488
                                     0.5999
                (Intercept) 0.3598
## Number of obs: 8771, groups: Participant, 1253; Item, 63
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                                   Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                                   -0.25605
                                               0.08160 -3.138 0.001703 **
## (Intercept)
## Condition1
                                    0.12636
                                               0.06170
                                                         2.048 0.040558 *
## Condition2
                                    0.06836
                                               0.07245
                                                         0.944 0.345422
## GenderRatingCentered
                                    0.76407
                                               0.04590
                                                       16.648 < 2e-16 ***
## Condition1:GenderRatingCentered 0.13147
                                               0.03451
                                                         3.809 0.000139 ***
## Condition2:GenderRatingCentered -0.10288
                                               0.04204 -2.447 0.014403 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
               (Intr) Cndtn1 Cndtn2 GndrRC C1:GRC
## Condition1
                0.012
## Condition2 -0.012 -0.016
## GndrRtngCnt -0.028 0.002 0.011
## Cndtn1:GnRC 0.001 -0.121 0.016 0.035
## Cndtn2:GnRC 0.011 0.016 -0.112 -0.030 -0.046
```

- $\bullet\,$  Less likely to recall character as female overall
- More likely to recall character as female in the First and Full Name conditions than in the Last Name condition
- More likely to recall character as female as first names become more feminine

#### Double check the directions of the interactions:

## L v F+F Interaction

m.main\_tidy <- tidy(m.main)</pre>

Dummy code to get the gender rating effect for just the First and Full Name conditions.

```
d$FFdummy = as.numeric(d$Condition)
dFFdummy[dFFdummy == 1] \leftarrow 0
dFFdummy[dFFdummy == 2] <- 0
dFFdummy[dFFdummy == 3] <- 1
with(d, tapply(FFdummy, list(Condition), mean))
## first full last
##
      0
            0
                   1
m.genderRating.FF <- glmer(Female ~ FFdummy * GenderRatingCentered +</pre>
               (1|Participant) + (1|Item),
               data=d, family=binomial)
m.genderRating.FF_tidy <- tidy(m.genderRating.FF)</pre>
summary(m.genderRating.FF)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
  Family: binomial (logit)
## Formula: Female ~ FFdummy * GenderRatingCentered + (1 | Participant) +
       (1 | Item)
     Data: d
##
##
##
        AIC
                 BIC logLik deviance df.resid
              9190.2 -4567.8
##
     9147.7
                               9135.7
                                           8765
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
            1Q Median
                                3Q
## -3.2676 -0.5751 -0.2669 0.5734 4.9543
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                            Variance Std.Dev.
               Name
## Participant (Intercept) 0.2005
                                     0.4477
                (Intercept) 0.3603
                                     0.6002
## Number of obs: 8771, groups: Participant, 1253; Item, 63
##
## Fixed effects:
                                Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                                -0.21216
                                            0.08437 -2.515 0.011918 *
## FFdummy
                                -0.12796
                                            0.06164 -2.076 0.037901 *
## GenderRatingCentered
                                            0.04766 16.893 < 2e-16 ***
                                 0.80513
## FFdummy:GenderRatingCentered -0.12944
                                            0.03446 -3.756 0.000172 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
               (Intr) FFdmmy GndrRC
## FFdummy
               -0.253
## GndrRtngCnt -0.032 0.026
## FFdmmy:GnRC 0.027 -0.120 -0.272
```

Then dummy code to get the gender rating effect just in the Last Name condition.

```
d$Ldummy = as.numeric(d$Condition)
d$Ldummy[d$Ldummy == 1] <- 1
d$Ldummy[d$Ldummy == 2] <- 1
d$Ldummy[d$Ldummy == 3] <- 0
with(d, tapply(Ldummy, list(Condition), mean))
## first full last
##
       1
             1
m.genderRating.L <- glmer(Female ~ Ldummy * GenderRatingCentered +</pre>
      (1|Participant) + (1|Item), data=d, family=binomial)
m.genderRating.L_tidy <- tidy(m.genderRating.L)</pre>
summary(m.genderRating.L)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
##
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
## Family: binomial (logit)
## Formula: Female ~ Ldummy * GenderRatingCentered + (1 | Participant) +
       (1 | Item)
##
##
      Data: d
##
##
        AIC
                 BIC logLik deviance df.resid
              9190.2 -4567.8
                                9135.7
##
     9147.7
                                           8765
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                ЗQ
## -3.2676 -0.5751 -0.2669 0.5734 4.9543
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
               Name
                            Variance Std.Dev.
## Participant (Intercept) 0.2005
                                     0.4477
               (Intercept) 0.3603
                                     0.6002
## Number of obs: 8771, groups: Participant, 1253; Item, 63
## Fixed effects:
                               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                               -0.34013
                                        0.09101 -3.737 0.000186 ***
## Ldummy
                                           0.06164
                                                    2.076 0.037901 *
                                0.12797
## GenderRatingCentered
                                           0.05066 13.337 < 2e-16 ***
                                0.67569
## Ldummy:GenderRatingCentered 0.12944
                                           0.03446
                                                    3.757 0.000172 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
               (Intr) Ldummy GndrRC
               -0.442
## Ldummy
## GndrRtngCnt -0.049 0.057
## Ldmmy:GndRC 0.056 -0.120 -0.425
m.genderRating.FF_tidy %>%
  filter(term=="GenderRatingCentered") %>%
  select(estimate) %>% as.numeric()
```

```
## [1] 0.8051347
```

```
m.genderRating.L_tidy %>%
filter(term=="GenderRatingCentered") %>%
select(estimate) %>% as.numeric()
```

```
## [1] 0.6756906
```

Interaction indicates Gender Rating has a larger effect in the First and Full Name conditions (0.81) than in the Last Name condition (0.67). This makes sense because the gendered first name is repeated all 4x in the First and Full name conditions, but only once in the Last Name condition.

#### F v F Interaction

## Fixed effects:

Dummy code to get the gender rating effect for just the First Name condition.

```
d$FirstDummy = as.numeric(d$Condition)
d$FirstDummy[d$FirstDummy == 1] <- 0
d$FirstDummy[d$FirstDummy == 2] <- 1
d$FirstDummy[d$FirstDummy == 3] <- 1
with(d, tapply(FirstDummy, list(Condition), mean))
## first full last
##
       0
             1
                   1
m.genderRating.First <- glmer(Female ~ FirstDummy * GenderRatingCentered +
    (1|Participant) + (1|Item), data=d, family=binomial)
m.genderRating.First_tidy <- tidy(m.genderRating.First)</pre>
summary(m.genderRating.First)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
##
  Family: binomial (logit)
## Formula: Female ~ FirstDummy * GenderRatingCentered + (1 | Participant) +
##
       (1 | Item)
      Data: d
##
##
##
        AIC
                 BIC
                     logLik deviance df.resid
##
     9151.6
              9194.0 -4569.8
                                9139.6
                                           8765
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
  -3.4660 -0.5784 -0.2629 0.5803 5.4716
##
##
## Random effects:
                            Variance Std.Dev.
## Groups
## Participant (Intercept) 0.2059
                                     0.4538
                (Intercept) 0.3592
                                     0.5994
## Item
## Number of obs: 8771, groups: Participant, 1253; Item, 63
```

```
##
                                   Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                               0.09228 - 2.697
                                   -0.24885
                                                                  0.007 **
## FirstDummy
                                   -0.01315
                                               0.06304 -0.209
                                                                  0.835
                                               0.05280 16.277 < 2e-16 ***
## GenderRatingCentered
                                    0.85944
## FirstDummy:GenderRatingCentered -0.14454
                                               0.03661 -3.948 7.88e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
               (Intr) FrstDm GndrRC
##
## FirstDummy -0.468
## GndrRtngCnt -0.055 0.065
## FrstDmm:GRC 0.064 -0.125 -0.497
Dummy code to get the gender rating effect for just the Full Name condition.
d$FullDummy = as.numeric(d$Condition)
d$FullDummy[d$FullDummy == 1] <- 1
d$FullDummy[d$FullDummy == 2] <- 0
d$FullDummy[d$FullDummy == 3] <- 1
with(d, tapply(FullDummy, list(Condition), mean))
## first full last
##
      1
            Ω
m.genderRating.Full <- glmer(Female ~ FullDummy * GenderRatingCentered +</pre>
  (1|Participant) + (1|Item), data=d, family=binomial)
m.genderRating.Full_tidy <- tidy(m.genderRating.Full)</pre>
summary(m.genderRating.Full)
## Generalized linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood (Laplace
     Approximation) [glmerMod]
##
## Family: binomial (logit)
## Formula: Female ~ FullDummy * GenderRatingCentered + (1 | Participant) +
##
      (1 | Item)
##
     Data: d
##
        AIC
##
                      logLik deviance df.resid
                 BIC
##
     9164.2
              9206.7 -4576.1
                                9152.2
                                           8765
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
           1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -3.0410 -0.5746 -0.2710 0.5694 4.7906
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
               Name
                            Variance Std.Dev.
## Participant (Intercept) 0.2015
                                     0.4489
                (Intercept) 0.3602
                                     0.6001
## Number of obs: 8771, groups: Participant, 1253; Item, 63
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
```

```
## (Intercept)
                                 -0.18022
                                             0.09138 -1.972
                                                               0.0486 *
## FullDummy
                                             0.06200 -1.851
                                                               0.0642 .
                                 -0.11477
                                  0.75588
                                                               <2e-16 ***
## GenderRatingCentered
                                             0.05139 14.709
## FullDummy:GenderRatingCentered 0.00606
                                             0.03511
                                                       0.173
                                                               0.8630
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
               (Intr) FllDmm GndrRC
              -0.450
## FullDummy
## GndrRtngCnt -0.035 0.038
## FllDmmy:GRC 0.038 -0.104 -0.451
m.genderRating.First_tidy %>%
  filter(term=="GenderRatingCentered") %>%
  select(estimate) %>% as.numeric()
## [1] 0.8594438
m.genderRating.Full_tidy %>%
```

```
## [1] 0.7558761
```

The effect of name gender rating is larger in the First Name condition (0.86) than in the Full Name condition (0.76).

#### Convert to Odds Ratios

filter(term=="GenderRatingCentered") %>%

select(estimate) %>% as.numeric()

### Intercept

```
m.main_intercept <- m.main_tidy %>% filter(term=="(Intercept)") %>%
    select(estimate) %>% as.numeric()

exp(m.main_intercept)

## [1] 0.774106

exp(-m.main_intercept)
```

```
## [1] 1.291813
```

0.77x less likely to recall as female overall. Easier to interpret: 1.29x more likely to recall as male overall.

#### Condition: Last vs First+Full

```
m.main_LFF <- m.main_tidy %>%
  filter(term=="Condition1") %>%
  select(estimate) %>% as.numeric()
exp(m.main_LFF)
```

```
## [1] 1.134694
```

1.13x more likely to recall as female in First + Full compared to Last.

#### Condition: Last Only

Dummy code with Last Name as 0, so that intercept is the Last Name condition only.

### ## [1] 1.437349

0.17x times less likely to recall as female in the Last Name condition -> 5.72x more likely to recall as male in the Last Name condition (trending).

#### Condition: First and Full Only

Dummy code with First and Full Name as 0, so that intercept is average for these two conditions.

## [1] 0.8151591

exp(-m.cond\_ff)

## [1] 1.226754

0.82x less likely to recall as female in First and Full Name conditions ->1.23x more likely to recall as male in First and Full Name conditions