## A Grammar of ENŁALEN

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## **Background & Motivation**

## Contents

вас	ckground & Motivation	]								
Co	ntents	ii								
Lis	t of Glossing Abbreviations	iii								
I	Grammar	1								
1	World & Culture									
2	Phonology 2.1 Modern Enłalen phonology	3 3 4								
3	Morphosyntax 3.1 'Parts of Speech'	5 5 5								
4	Semantics 4.1 Definiteness & specificity in nominalizers	6								
II	Dictionary	7								
III	Texts & Translations	q								

## **List of Glossing Abbreviations**

## Part I

## Grammar

## **World & Culture**

The word 'Enfalen' reportedly comes from the Old Elvish word *\*hi:nolama:laʔi:na*, a word which roughly means 'a long time ago (we) talked like this'. This perception of the language, as some ancient thing that has endured through countless generations unchanged, is common among speakers of Enfalen. However, the language itself and the culture of its speakers has varied dramatically throughout the years, more than its speakers tend to be willing to openly acknowledge.

## Phonology

#### 2.1 Modern Enlalen phonology

#### 2.1.1 Phoneme inventory

	Labial	Alveolar	Palatal	Back
Lenis Stop	p	t		ķ
Aspirated Stop	$ {p^h}$	$t^{\mathbf{h}}$		$ m k^h$
Ejective Stop	p'	ť'		ķ'
Fricative	f	s		χ
Nasal	m	n		
Lateral		1		Ļ
Glide	w		j	ſ
Vowel	o		i	a

Table 2.1: Enlalen Phoneme Inventory

#### 2.1.2 Allophony & phonotactics

- · Vowels /i, o, a/ become nasal [  $\tilde{e},$   $\tilde{o},$   $\tilde{a}$  ] when they precede a nasal
- · Front vowels and semivowels  $[i, \tilde{e}, j]$  become central  $[i, \tilde{9}, u_l]$  before dorsal sonorants  $[\underline{r}, w, f, a]$  and after dorsal obstruents  $[\underline{k}, \underline{k}^h, \underline{k}', \chi]$
- · Back vowel [o] becomes central [9] before [j, i]
- · Mid, non-front vowels [9, 9, 0, 0] become high [i, 1, u, u] after a high semivowel [j, w, u]
- · Mid vowels [o, õ, ẽ, ə, š] become low lax [v, v, æ, a, ã]
- Aspirated stops  $/p^h, t^h, \underline{k}^h/$  become unaspirated  $[p,t,\underline{k}]$  before a nasal vowel.
- · Nasal and lateral consonants /m, n, l,  $\underline{\mathbf{r}}$  assimilate in place-of-articulation to a following obstruent before labials, /l/ becomes [ $\underline{\mathbf{r}}$ ] and / $\underline{\mathbf{r}}$ / remains [ $\underline{\mathbf{r}}$ ].
- · /lw, rw/ become [1w, rw].
- · Fricatives /f, s,  $\chi$ / are voiced [v, z,  $\kappa$ ] intervocalically and when following a voiced consonant.
- · Unaspirated stops /p, t,  $\underline{k}$ / are voiced [b, d, g] intervocalically.
- · Aspirated stops  $/p^h,\,t^h,\,\underline{k}^h/$  become voiceless fricatives  $[f,\varrho,\chi]$  intervocalically
- · Ejectives /p', t', k'/ become unaspirated voiceless stops [p, t, k] intervocalically

CHAPTER 2. PHONOLOGY 4

#### 2.1.3 Romanization

The 'romanization' of Enlalen is a near-phonemic representation, with the exception of using  $\langle e \rangle$  to represent /i/ when it occurs before a nasal (where it is allophonically lowered).

p t 
$$\underline{k}$$
  $p^h$   $t^h$   $\underline{k}^h$   $p'$   $t'$   $\underline{k}'$   $f$   $s$   $\chi$   $m$   $n$   $l$   $\underline{L}$   $w$   $j$   $\Omega$   $o$   $i$   $a$   $[\tilde{e}]$   $p$   $t$   $k$   $\phi$   $\vartheta$   $\chi$   $\pi$   $\tau$   $\kappa$   $f$   $s$   $h$   $m$   $n$   $l$   $l$   $w$   $y$   $q$   $o$   $i$   $a$   $e$ 

blablabla « balakanaχan en olipalikaτο iπanoli kaφenpan enθilpati aκiten » blabla

#### 2.2 Old Elvish & the Enlalen orthography

#### 2.2.1 Phonology of Old Elvish

	Labial	Alveolar	Dorsal	Glottal		Front	Back
Stops	p	t	k	3	High	i iː	o or
Non-Stops	m	n l		h	Low	a a	I
	(a)	Consonants			(	b) Vowels	s

Table 2.2: Old Elvish Phoneme Inventory

#### 2.2.2 Sound changes and their effects on the orthography

2.2.3 Orthographic reform

## Morphosyntax

- 3.1 'Parts of Speech'
- 3.2 Nominalization
- 3.3 Word order & sentence structure

## **Semantics**

4.1 Definiteness & specificity in nominalizers

# Part II Dictionary

## Placeholder

#### Also Placeholder

I'll figure this out later

enłalen  $\bullet$  n.

I really need to reorganize this so it suits this better tbh

## Part III Texts & Translations