1) Original:



2) Thresholding:

a. Threshold Value = 32

b.



c. All the pixels with intensity values above the used threshold were assigned intensity value of 255 (white) and all those less than the threshold were reduced to 0 (black). Image was converted from a grayscale image to a binary (black and white) image.

3) Contrast stretching:



b. Range being stretched: [7, 96],

c. Contrast stretching changes the range of intensities to a desired range. On performing contrast stretching, different objects and details in the image are better detectable.

4) Gamma correction:



c. gamma value = 0.45,

d. gamma < 1, so the lower intensities are enhanced, for example, the reflection in the bottle is enhanced and more detailed than the original image

5) Histogram equalization:



b. On histogram equalization, the histogram of the image is 'flattened' so that all intensities are uniformly distributed. Compared to previous methods, one range is not compressed compared to other and contrast is enhanced in a more sophisticated manner.

```
CODE:
clear
close all
% read in the image
im = imread('Image.bmp', 'bmp');
im = double(im);
[Ny,Nx] = size(im);
% display the image
figure(1);
imshow(uint8(im));
title('original image');
응응
% set the threshold
threshold = 32;
im threshold = zeros(Ny, Nx);
for i = 1:Nx,
  for j = 1:Ny,
    if im(j,i) > threshold
      im threshold(j,i) = 255;
    else
      im threshold(j,i) = 0;
    end
  end
end
figure(2);
imshow(uint8(im threshold));
```

title('threshold');

```
응응
% create a histogram of the image
histo = zeros(256,1);
for i = 1:Nx,
   for j = 1:Ny,
      histo(im(j,i)+1) = histo(im(j,i)+1) + 1;
   end
end
% create the CDF from the PDF (i.e. the histogram)
CDF = zeros(256,1);
CDF(1) = histo(1);
for i = 2:256,
   CDF(i) = CDF(i-1) + histo(i);
CDF = CDF/Nx/Ny;
% find the lower limit
for i=1:256,
   if CDF(i) > 0.05
     lower = i;
      break;
   end
end
% find the upper limit
for i=1:256,
   if CDF(i) > 0.95
      upper = i;
      break;
   end
end
gain = 255/(upper - lower);
% apply the contrast
im contrast = gain*(im - lower);
% dispay the image
figure(3);
imshow(uint8(im contrast));
title('contrast');
```

```
응응
qamma = 0.45;
im gamma = im/255;
im gamma = im gamma.^gamma;
im_gamma = im_gamma*255;
figure(5);
imshow(uint8(im gamma));
title('gamma');
CDF = 255*CDF;
im HE = zeros(Ny, Nx);
for i = 1:Nx,
 for j = 1:Ny,
   im HE(j,i) = CDF(im(j,i) + 1);
 end
end
figure(6);
imshow(uint8(im HE));
title('histogram stretch');
```