

第二章 第一节

1. (4)

$$P(X=k) = \frac{C_3^2 \cdot \frac{3 \times 2}{2 \times 1} \cdot \frac{10 \times 9 \times k}{13 \times 12 \times 11}}{\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} C_3^2 \cdot \frac{3 \times 2}{2 \times 1} \cdot \frac{10 \times 9 \times k}{13 \times 12 \times 11}} \cdot p$$

2. (1)

$$P(X=k) = \frac{C_{10}^{k-1}}{C_{13}^{k-1}} \times \frac{3}{14-k} \quad 1 \leq k \leq 11$$

(2)

$$P(X=k) = \left(\frac{10}{13}\right)^{k-1} \cdot \frac{3}{13} \quad 1 \leq k$$

3.

$$P(X=k) = \frac{C_3^k \cdot C_3^{3-k}}{C_6^3}$$

第二章 第二节

1. (2)

$$P(Y \geq 1) = 1 - P(Y=0) = \frac{25}{81}$$

2. (1)

$$P(X=1) = C_5^1 \cdot (1-p)^4 \cdot p$$

$$P(X=2) = C_5^2 \cdot (1-p)^3 \cdot p^2$$

$$\therefore p = \frac{1}{3}$$

(2)

$$\begin{aligned}P(X \geq 3) &= C_5^3 \cdot (1-p)^2 \cdot p^3 + C_5^4 \cdot (1-p)^1 \cdot p^4 + \\&\quad C_5^5 \cdot (1-p)^0 \cdot p^5 \\&= 0,5\end{aligned}$$