

Please fill in your Student Number and Name.

Student Number : _____

Name:

Student Number:

University of Cape Town ~ Department of Computer Science

Computer Science 1015F ~ 2011

Supplementary Class Test 3

Question	Max	Mark	Marker
1	10		
2	10		
3	10		
TOTAL	30		

Marks : 30

Time : 40 minutes

Instructions:

- a) Answer all questions.
- b) Write your answers in pen in the spaces provided.
- c) Show all calculations where applicable.

Question 1 [10]

Answer the following questions based on the code below.

```
def stuff ( filename ):  
    infile = open (filename, "r")  
    lines = infile.readlines ()  
    infile.close ()  
    outfile = open (filename, "w")  
    for line in range (0, len(lines)):  
        print (lines[line][-10:], file=outfile, end="")  
    outfile.close ()
```

- (a) Explain clearly what this code as a whole accomplishes. [2]

- (b) Explain the meanings of the “a” and “w” file access modes. [2]

- (c) Why does the print statement include **file=outfile**? What would the effect of leaving this out be? [2]

- (d) Write a statement to invoke this function on the **shorty.txt** file. Assume that **stuff** is located in the **dostuff.py** module and you are attempting to invoke it from within the **quickanddirty.py** program that is located in the same directory. Assume that the module has been imported with “import dostuff”. [2]

- (e) An exception handler is made up of a set of code blocks (**try/except/finally**). Explain what the purpose of any 2 blocks of an exception handler are. [2]

Question 2 [10]

(a) What are the 2 key elements of a **recursive** function? [2]

(b) Complete the following recursive function to calculate the sum of numbers from 1 to n. [4]

```
def sum ( n ):
```

(c) In general, when you have both an iterative algorithm and a recursive algorithm to solve a problem, which algorithm would you choose? Why? [2]

(d) Write an iterative solution to the problem in (b).

[2]

Question 3 [10]

- (a) Sort the following numbers using the recursive **quicksort** algorithm. Always choose the last element as the pivot. Clearly show each of the 3 steps of the algorithm with the pivot values circled in each step. [6]

8 17 13 14 5 10 12 11

- (b) What is the average time complexity of the quicksort algorithm? [1]

- (c) Describe the algorithm you would use to efficiently check for the existence of multiple items in a very long list of names. [3]
