Lecture X -

Intermission: Exam

Preparation

Applied Optimization with Julia

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Intermission

Today's lecture

- Today's lecture is a little bit different
- Manage your expectations
- Give you a better idea of what to expect from the exam
- We will go through some examples together!

Exam's structure

- Exam consists of three parts
- Free modelling, questions, Julia coding
- Each point corresponds to approximately 1 minute of work

! Important

You can take a handwritten DIN A4 sheet of paper with you!

Exam Preparation Checklist

Before starting the exam:	
Review modeling notation conventions	
Practice writing sets, parameters, and variables	
Review common constraint patterns	
☐ Practice Julia syntax	
Prepare your DIN A4 cheat sheet	

Part I

1.a (6 Points)

A company that ships ice cream wants to maximize their profit. It can do that by transporting its different sorts of ice cream from their only production facility to several supermarkets.

Each delivered sort of ice cream makes the ice cream company a different profit per unit. The transportation costs per truckload are totally negligible as is the routing, as all supermarkets are located very close to each other. The company should maximally deliver the agreed number of units of each ice cream sort to each individual supermarket.

1.b (2 Points)

Please define the objective function to model the described problem based on your defined notation.



Tip

If you need additional sets, parameters or variables that are not yet defined, please define them as well.

1.c (4 Points)

Please define all necessary constraints and the variable ranges to model the described problem based on your notation.



Tip

If you need additional sets, parameters or variables that are not yet defined, please define them as well.

1.d (2 Points)

Is the model formulation a linear problem with binary variables?

Please explain your answer briefly.

1.e (8 Points)

The supermarkets are furious because the company doesn't always deliver the agreed truckloads of ice cream. Therefore, they want to penalize the company in the future, if it delivers less than the agreed amount. For each demand of a supermarket that could not be fulfilled, the company will have to pay a one-time fee for the ice-cream sort.

How can you expand your model to reflect this new situation? Write down all additional or modified sets, parameters, variables, constraints and the objective function while describing each with a few words.

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1.f (8 Points)

Next to the production facility of the ice cream company sits a company that sells frozen fish. Due to declining fish stocks in the ocean, the company does not need all of its trucks. It offers to rent their trucks for a certain price to the ice cream company so it can transport more ice cream. These trucks have twice the capacity of the truck currently in use by the ice cream company.

How can you expand your model to reflect this new situation? Write down all additional or modified Sets, parameters, variables. constraints and the objective function while

Part II

2.a (3 Points)

What is the goal of the Territory Design Problem (Districting Problem)?

Please answer in 2-3 sentences.

2.b (3 Points)

t_{mi}	Α	В	C	D
1	0	0	1	1
2	1	0	1	0
3	1	0	0	1
4	1	0	1	1
5	1	1	0	1
6	1	1	0	1

Please compute the coappearance matrix that results from these transactions.

2.c (2 Points)

Briefly explain in 2-3 sentences what a global optimum in an optimization problem is.

2.d (3 Points)

Name three optimization problems, e.g. Knapsack Problem.

You are welcome to answer this question in bullet points.

2.e (4 Points)

Explain briefly in 2-3 sentences what so-called "Big-M" constraints can be used for in mathematical modeling.

Part III

Hints

- *i* Programming Tips
- Pay attention to variable names and consistency
- Check for proper package imports
- Verify array indexing
- Remember to use the correct comparison operators
- Make sure to use proper JuMP syntax

3.a (7 Points)

The following Julia code contains seven errors. Highlight the errors in the code and briefly describe what would need to be done to correct them.

i Note

Assume that all variables containing data are loaded correctly, e.g. availablePanels and requestedPanels are already defined.

```
1 # Load the necessary packages
2 using JuMP
3 using HiGHS
4
5 # Define the size of the problem instance
6 nrSuppliers = length(availablePanels)
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```

3.b (4 Points)

In an optimization model, the following equations are given:

$$\sum_{m \in \mathcal{M}} 7 * U_{gm} * T_m - \sum_{k \in \mathcal{K}} R_k \leq D_g \quad orall g \in \mathcal{G}$$

Please define the equations in correct Julia syntax.

(i) Note

Assume that all required sets, variables, and parameters have already been defined.

3.c (2 Points)

For an optimization model the following binary variable is supposed to be created:

$$X_{i,j}$$
 where $i \in \{1,2,\ldots,10\}$ and $j \in \{1,2,\ldots,5\}$.

Specify the definition of the variable in correct Julia syntax.

3.d (2 Points)

What is the difference between a linear and a nonlinear problem? Please describe the difference in a few sentences.

Wrap Up

Key Takeaways

! Remember

- Time management is crucial
- Read questions carefully
- Describe your work clearly
- Use your cheat sheet strategically
- Double-check your answers if time permits

The end

i And that's it for todays lecture!

We now have covered the structure of the exam and you have a better idea of what to expect from the exam. In our upcoming tuorial, we will go through some additional examples and practice tasks.

Questions?

Literature

Literature I

For more interesting literature to learn more about Julia, take a look at the literature list of this course.