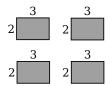
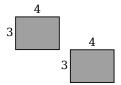
## Algorithms

Problems about algorithms.

**Problem 1** Explain what it means for an operation  $\star$  to be associative. Give some relevant and revealing examples and non-examples.

**Problem 2** Consider the following pictures:





Jesse claims that these pictures represent  $(2 \cdot 3) \cdot 4$  and  $2 \cdot (3 \cdot 4)$ .

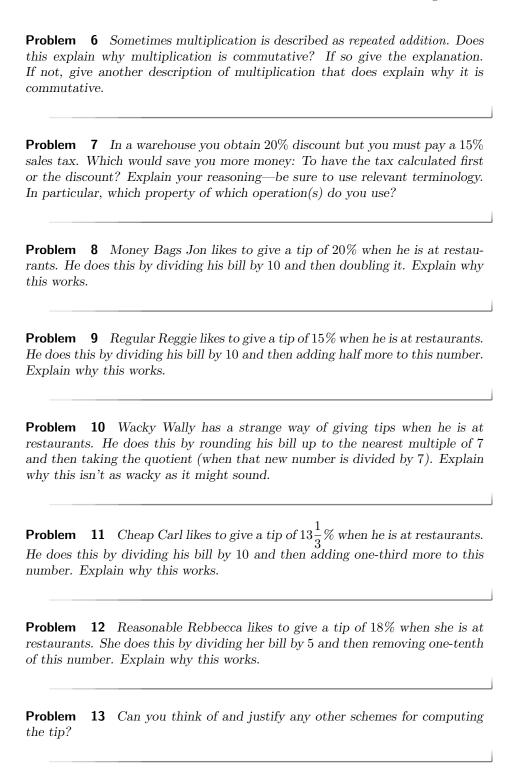
- (a) Is Jesse's claim correct? Explain your reasoning.
- (b) Do Jesse's pictures show the associativity of multiplication? If so, explain why. If not, draw new pictures representing  $(2\cdot 3)\cdot 4$  and  $2\cdot (3\cdot 4)$  that do show the associativity of multiplication.

**Problem 3** Explain what it means for an operation  $\star$  to be commutative. Give some relevant and revealing examples and non-examples.

**Problem 4** Explain what it means for an operation  $\star$  to distribute over another operation  $\dagger$ . Give some relevant and revealing examples and non-examples.

**Problem 5** Explain what it means for an operation  $\star$  to be closed on a set of numbers. Give some relevant and revealing examples and non-examples.

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**Problem 14** Here is an example of a standard addition algorithm:

 $\begin{array}{r}
 11 \\
 892 \\
 +398 \\
 \hline
 1290
 \end{array}$ 

- (a) Describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 15** Here is an example of the column addition algorithm:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 892 \\
 +398 \\
 \hline
 10 \\
 18 \\
 \hline
 11 \\
 \hline
 1290
 \end{array}$$

- (a) Describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 16** If you check out Problems and , you will learn about "partial" algorithms.

- (a) Develop a "partial" algorithm for addition, give it a name, and describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide a relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 17** Here is an example of the banker's addition algorithm:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 892 \\
 +398 \\
 \hline
 10 \\
 19 \\
 \hline
 12 \\
 \hline
 1290
 \end{array}$$

- (a) Describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 18** Here is an example of a standard subtraction algorithm:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 8 \\
 8 \cancel{9}^{1} 2 \\
 -37 8 \\
 \hline
 51 4
 \end{array}$$

- (a) Describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 19** Here is an example of the subtraction by addition algorithm:

$$892$$
 $-378$ 
 $514$ 
 $8 + 4 = 12$  add 1 to 7 to get 8
 $8 + 1 = 9$ 
 $3 + 5 = 8$ 

- (a) Describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 20** Here is an example of the Austrian subtraction algorithm:

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 & 9^{1}2 \\ -3 \% & 8 \\ \hline 5 & 1 & 4 \end{array}$$

- (a) Describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 21** If you check out Problems and , you will learn about "partial" algorithms.

- (a) Develop a "partial" algorithm for subtraction, give it a name, and describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide a relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 22** Here is an example of a standard multiplication algorithm:

 $\begin{array}{r}
 23 \\
 634 \\
 \times 8 \\
 \hline
 5072
 \end{array}$ 

- (a) Describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 23** Here is an example of the partial-products algorithm:

$$634 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline 4800 \\ 240 \\ \hline 32 \\ \hline 5072$$

- (a) Describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 24** Here is an example of a standard division algorithm:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 97 R \\
 \hline
 8)777 \\
 \hline
 72 \\
 \hline
 57 \\
 \underline{56} \\
 \hline
 1
 \end{array}$$

- (a) Describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 25** Here is an example of the partial quotients algorithm:

(a) Describe how to perform this algorithm.

- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 26** Here is another example of the partial-quotients division algorithm:

 $\begin{array}{c}
4 \\
10 \\
10 \\
8
\end{array}$   $\begin{array}{c}
10 \\
80 \\
\hline
197 \\
80 \\
\hline
117 \\
80 \\
\hline
37 \\
32 \\
\hline
5
\end{array}$ 

- (a) Describe how to perform this algorithm—be sure to explain how this is different from the scaffolding division algorithm.
- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 27** Here is an example of a standard multiplication algorithm:

- (a) Describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.

(c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here—you may assume that you already know the algebra behind the standard multiplication algorithm.

**Problem 28** Here is an example of the addition algorithm with decimals:

 $\begin{array}{r}
 1 \\
 37.2 \\
 +8.74 \\
 \hline
 45.94
 \end{array}$ 

- (a) Describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 29** Here is an example of the multiplication algorithm with decimals:

 $\begin{array}{r}
3.40 \\
\times .21 \\
\hline
340 \\
\hline
6800 \\
\hline
.7140
\end{array}$ 

- (a) Describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 30** Here is an example of the division algorithm without remainder:

$$\begin{array}{r}
0.75 \\
4 \overline{\smash{\big)}\ 3.00} \\
\underline{28} \\
\underline{20} \\
\underline{20}
\end{array}$$

- (a) Describe how to perform this algorithm.
- (b) Provide an additional relevant and revealing example demonstrating that you understand the algorithm.
- (c) Show the "behind-the-scenes" algebra that is going on here.

**Problem 31** In the following addition problem, every digit has been replaced with a letter.

$$MOON \\ + SUN \\ \hline PLUTO$$

Recover the original problem and solution. Explain your reasoning. Hint: S=6 and U=5.

**Problem 32** In the following addition problem, every digit has been replaced with a letter.

$$\frac{\mathit{SEND}}{\mathit{+MORE}}$$

Recover the original problem and solution. Explain your reasoning.

**Problem 33** In the following subtraction problem, every digit has been replaced with a letter.

Recover the original problem and solution. Explain your reasoning.

**Problem 34** In the following two subtraction problems, every digit has been replaced with a letter.

$$\begin{array}{cc} \textit{NINE} & \textit{NINE} \\ -\textit{TEN} & -\textit{ONE} \\ \hline \textit{TWO} & ALL \end{array}$$

Using both problems simultaneously, recover the original problems and solutions. Explain your reasoning.

**Problem 35** In the following multiplication problem, every digit has been replaced with a letter.

$$\begin{array}{c} \textit{LET} \\ \times \textit{NO} \\ \hline \textit{SOT} \\ \hline \textit{NOT} \\ \hline \textit{FRET} \end{array}$$

Recover the original problem and solution. Explain your reasoning.

**Problem 36** The following is a long division problem where every digit except 7 was replaced by X.

$$\begin{array}{c} X7X \\ XX \overline{\smash{\big)} XXXXX} \\ \underline{X77} \\ \underline{X7X} \\ \underline{X7X} \\ \underline{X7X} \\ \underline{XX} \\ \underline{XX} \end{array}$$

Recover the digits from this long division problem. Explain your reasoning.

**Problem 37** The following is a long division problem where the various digits were replaced by X except for a single 8. The double bar indicates that the remainder is 0.

$$\begin{array}{c} XX8XX\\ XXX \overline{)}XXXXXXXXX\\ \underline{XXX}\\ \overline{XXXX}\\ \underline{XXX}\\ \underline{XXX}\\ XXXX\\ \underline{XXXX}\\ XXXX\\ \underline{XXXX}\\ \end{array}$$

Recover the digits from this long division problem. Explain your reasoning.