Measuring by Sight

Short-answer measuring problems.

Instructions

Adjust the figures to fit the given conditions within **eyeball accuracy**. Enter the requested measurements.

Problem 1 Geogebra link: https://tube.geogebra.org/m/gjf28er6 In figure above, when point C is adjusted so that \overline{BC} is perpendicular to \overline{AC} , $AC = \boxed{2.09}$.

Hint: When two lines are perpendicular, they cross to create four congruent angles.

Hint: Use the corner of a piece of paper.

Problem 2 Geogebra link: https://tube.geogebra.org/m/a888zyw2 In $\triangle ABC$ above, the height to base \overline{AC} is $\boxed{3.585}$.

Hint: You may move point D. A height is the length of an altitude, which must be perpendicular to the line containing the chosen base.

Problem 3 Geogebra link: https://tube.geogebra.org/m/kta9hbuf In $\triangle ABC$ above, the height to base \overline{AC} is $\boxed{3.511}$.

Hint: You may move point D. A height is the length of an altitude, which must be perpendicular to the line containing the chosen base.

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