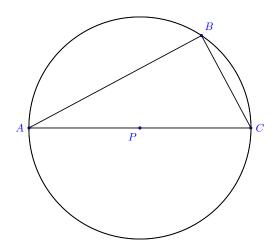
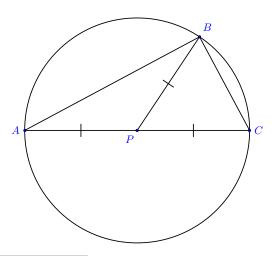
## **Inscribed Angles**

 ${\it Proofs.}$ 

**Problem 1** In the figure below,  $\overline{AB}$  is a diameter of a circle with center P. Natalia is trying to prove that  $\angle B$  is a right angle.

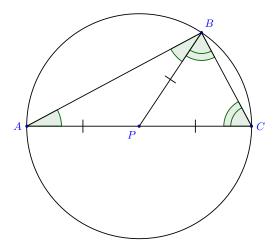


Natalia draws  $\overline{PB}$  and marks the diagram to show segments that she knows to be congruent because each one is a  $\boxed{radius}$  of the circle.

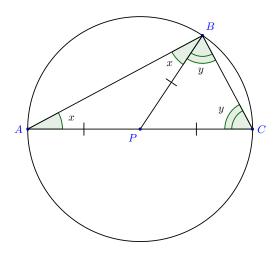


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Natalia sees that  $\triangle APB$  and  $\triangle BPC$  are  $\boxed{isosceles}$  triangles, so she marks the figure to show congruent angles.



In order to do some algebra with these congruent angles, Natalia labels their measures x and y, as shown in the following picture:



She writes an equation for the sum of the angles of  $\triangle ABC$ :

$$\boxed{x + (x+y) + y} = 180^{\circ}$$

Since  $m \angle B = [x + y]$ , she concludes that  $m \angle B = 90^{\circ}$ .