

## Tutorial: Flux Balance Analysis in MATLAB

### Setting up COBRA and loading a model

1. Download the latest version of the COBRA Toolbox (found here: <https://github.com/opencobra/cobratoolbox>).
2. Extract the cobratoolbox ZIP archive in your directory of choice.
3. Launch MATLAB and navigate to the cobratoolbox directory.
4. Add the cobratoolbox directory to the MATLAB search path using `addpath(genpath('filepath'))`; followed by `savepath()`.
5. Check the path has been added using `path`.
6. Run `initCobraToolbox` to initialise the Cobra Toolbox.
7. Type `model = readCbModel(['filename.mat']);` to load a COBRA-compliant model into MATLAB.

Field	Value
rxns	2583x1 cell
metS	1805x1 cell
S	1805x2583 sparse double
rev	2583x1 double
lb	2583x1 double
ub	2583x1 double
c	2583x1 double
metCharge	1805x1 int32
rules	2583x1 cell
genes	1367x1 cell
rxnGeneMat	2583x1367 sparse double
grRules	2583x1 cell
subSystems	2583x1 cell
confidenceScores	2583x1 cell
rxnReferences	2583x1 cell
rxnECNumbers	2583x1 cell
rxnNotes	2583x1 cell
rxnNames	2583x1 cell
metNames	1805x1 cell
metFormulas	1805x1 cell
metChEBIID	1805x1 cell
metKEGGID	1805x1 cell
metPubChemID	1805x1 cell
metInChIString	1805x1 cell
b	1805x1 double
description	'J01366.xml'

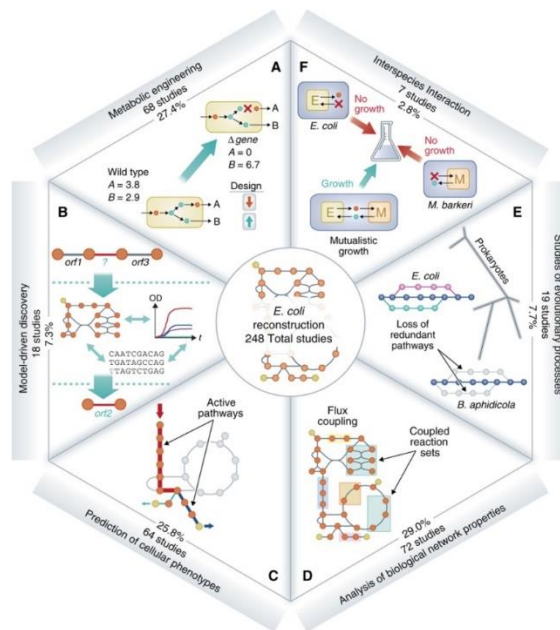


Fig 1. (Left) Fields used to describe a genome-scale metabolic model in MATLAB. (Right) available studies around flux balance analysis and omic-integration in genome-scale metabolic models

### Model navigation and flux balance analysis

1. Check the index of the default reaction set as cellular objective  
`ix_obj = find(model.c==1)`
2. Find the name of the reaction set as objective  
`model.rxns(ix_obj)`  
`model.rxnNames(ix_obj)`

3. Predict the default cellular growth rate

```
FBA_solution = optimizeCbModel(model)
```

4. Identify the reaction allowing glucose uptake and its lower bound (what is maximum uptake?)

```
ix_glucose = find(strcmp('EX_glc(e)', model.rxns))
model.lb(ix_glucose)
```

5. Change the glucose import to -5 mmol/(h gdW) and re-run the model

```
model.lb(ix_glucose) = -5;
FBA_solution_2 = optimizeCbModel(model)
```

6. Find the names of all exchange reactions in the model and their respective lower and upper flux bounds

```
indices_ex_rxns = strmatch('EX_', model.rxns);
ex_rxns = model.rxns(indices_ex_rxns);
names_ex_rxns = model.rxnNames(indices_ex_rxns);
lb_ex_rxns = model.lb(indices_ex_rxns);
ub_ex_rxns = model.ub(indices_ex_rxns);
```

7. List all genes in the model

```
genes = model.genes
```

8. Perform sequential single gene knockout of the first 100 genes, viewing the growth rate after each gene is knocked out

```
for i = 1 : length (genes(1:100))
    disp(['I'm knocking out ' genes{i}]);
    modelDel = deleteModelGenes(model, genes{i});
    temp = optimizeCbModel(modelDel);
    FBA_growth_after_KO(i) = temp.f;
    disp(['The growth rate is '
num2str(FBA_growth_after_KO(i))]);
end
```

## References and Further Reading

Heirendt, L., Arreckx, S., Pfau, T., Mendoza, S. N., Richelle, A., Heinken, A., ... & Magnúsdóttir, S. (2017). Creation and analysis of biochemical constraint-based models: the COBRA Toolbox v3. 0. arXiv preprint arXiv:1710.04038.

Angione, C. (2018). Integrating splice-isoform expression into genome-scale models characterizes breast cancer metabolism. *Bioinformatics*, 34(3), 494–501.

Orth, J. D., Conrad, T. M., Na, J., Lerman, J. A., Nam, H., Feist, A. M., & Palsson, B. Ø. (2011). A comprehensive genome-scale reconstruction of *Escherichia coli* metabolism—2011. *Molecular systems biology*, 7(1), 535.

Orth, J. D., Thiele, I., & Palsson, B. Ø. (2010). What is flux balance analysis? *Nature biotechnology*, 28(3), 245–248.