# EPICS Support for OPC UA – Cheat Sheet

This document version applies to release 0.8.

# Concepts

A *Session* is a named connection between client and server *(0..n per IOC)*. Any variable on the server is also called an *Item*, which is accessed through its *NodeID*, consisting of a numerical *namespace index* and a *name* or *numerical ID*. To monitor (subscribe to) items, they are added to a *Subscription (0..n per Session*).

### Initialization from startup script

opcuaCreateSession <name> <server URL> [<debug> [<autoconnect>]]

#### Create a new session.

name	Name of the session to create
server URL	URL of the OPC UA server to connect to
debug	Initial level of debugging [def: 0 = off]
autoconnect	Automatically connect/reconnect to server [def: y]

opcuaSetOption <session> <option name> <value>

### Set session specific options.

session	Name of the session to configure
option name	Name of the option to configure
value	Value for the specified option

### Currently supported options for the Unified Automation SDK client:

nodes-max	Maximum number of nodes per low-level service call
read-nodes-max	Maximum number of nodes per read service call
read-timeout-min	Timeout (holdoff) after read service call [ms] (with one node if read-timeout-max is set)
read-timeout-max	Timeout (holdoff) after read service call with max number of nodes [ms]
write-nodes-max	Maximum number of nodes per write service call
write-timeout-min	Timeout (holdoff) after write service call [ms] (with one node if write-timeout-max is set)
write-timeout-max	Timeout (holdoff) after write service call with max number of nodes [ms]

opcuaCreateSubscription <name> <session> <interval> [<priority> [<debug>]]

### Create a new subscription.

name	Name of the subscription to create
session	Name of the session this subscription is related to
interval	Publishing interval for the subscription in ms [double]
priority	Priority of the subscription [0255; def: 0 = lowest]
debug	Initial level of debugging [def: 0 = off]

# Database configuration

All OPC UA related records use the setting DTYP = "OPCUA".

Periodic SCAN settings will create a "polling" behavior, which is not suggested for OPC UA. Instead, items should be monitored for changes by connecting them to a subscription and setting SCAN = "I/O Intr".

Simple setup: one item, one record, no structures

In addition to DTYP and SCAN, the link in the INP/OUT fields must be set.

```
@<name> ns=<namespace>;s=<identifierString> [<option>=<value>...]
@<name> ns=<namespace>;i=<identifierNumber> [<option>=<value>...]
```

name	Name of the subscription or session
namespace	Namespace index number of the NodeID
identifierString	Name (string identifier) of the node
identifierNumber	Numerical identifier of the node

### Supported options are:

sampling	Sampling interval in ms [double; def: -1 = use publishing interval]
qsize	Size of server side queue [def: 1 = no queueing]
cqsize	Size of client side queue [def: 1.5 * qsize; minimum 3]
discard	Discard policy on queue overrun [old/new; def: old = drop oldest]
register	Register item with the server for better performance [y/n; def: n]
timestamp	Timestamp source [server/source; def: server]
monitor	Set up monitor (output record gets bidirectional) [y/n; def: y]
bini	Behavior at initialization [read/ignore/write; def: read]

Full setup: one itemRecord, multiple connected data records

For each item, an itemRecord instance is created. Its INP link follows the definition from the simple setup shown above.

All connected data records define their INP/OUT links to point to the itemRecord.

@<item> [<option>=<value>...]

i	item	Name of the itemRecord this data record is connected to
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### Supported options are:

element	Path of the data record's element inside the item's structure ["." = hierarchy separator; "" = root element in case of no structure]
timestamp	Timestamp source [server/source; def: server]
monitor	Set up monitor (output record gets bidirectional) [y/n; def: y]

In all string values (identifierString, element), double quotes can be escaped by preceding them with one backslash and separators can be escaped by preceding them with two backslashes.

## Example

The Example is taken from a test setup connecting to a Siemens S7-1500 series PLC.

### Startup Script

The following setup in the startup script:

```
opcuaCreateSession PLC opc.tcp://192.168.1.145:4840 opcuaSetOption PLC nodes-max 1000 opcuaCreateSubscription FAST PLC 100 opcuaCreateSubscription SLOW PLC 500
```

creates the session, sets a limit of 1000 nodes per low-level service call and creates two subscriptions on that session with different publishing periods.

### **Database Records**

Records working with this setup might look like this.

```
record(longin, "OPC:li1") {
    field(DTYP, "OPCUA")
    field(INP, "@SLOW ns=3;s=\"DB_1\".\"myInt\" sampling=100 qsize=5")
    field(TSE, "-2")
    field(SCAN, "I/O Intr")
}
record(ao, "OPC:ao1") {
    field(DTYP, "OPCUA")
    field(OUT, "@PLC ns=3;s=\"DB 1\".\"myDouble\" monitor=n")
}
record(ao, "OPC:ao2") {
    field(DTYP, "OPCUA")
    field(OUT, "@SLOW ns=3;s=\"DB_1\".\"myDouble\"")
}
record(opcuaItem, "OPC:item1") {
    field(INP, "@FAST ns=3;s=\"DB 1\".\"myStruct\"")
    field(SCAN, "I/O Intr")
}
record(longin, "OPC:sli1") {
   field(DTYP, "OPCUA")
    field(INP, "@OPC:item1 element=Int1")
    field(TSE, "-2")
    field(SCAN, "I/O Intr")
}
record(ai, "OPC:sai1") {
    field(DTYP, "OPCUA")
    field(INP, "@OPC:item1 element=sub2.sub21.Double1")
    field(SCAN, "I/O Intr")
}
```

The first three records use the simple setup. While OPC:ao1 is bound to the session and is only writing, OPC:ao2 is monitored, i.e. bound to a subscription and being updated if the value changes on the PLC. OPC:li1 is sampling the value from the PLC with a higher frequency (every 100ms) and sets up a server side queue to not lose any updates.

The lower three records show a full setup. The itemRecord OPC:item1 is connecting to a structured item, and the two data records are connected the itemRecord, pointing to elements of its structure at different hierarchy levels.

The unusual node identifiers in the example (containing quote characters that have to be escaped) is the naming style used by TIA Portal for an S7-1500 series PLC.

The itemRecord is bidirectional. Setting its field DEFACTN to READ or WRITE selects which operation the record initiates when triggered through forward link processing or by writing to its PROC field. Writing to its READ or WRITE fields will explicitly force a read or write operation.