

## Beregnelseslikningene

## Ekstraoppgaver

- |    |                       |                       |                       |            |
|----|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| 1. | $v_0 = 2 \frac{m}{s}$ | $a = 3 \frac{m}{s^2}$ | $t = 5s$              | Finn $v$   |
| 2. | $v_0 = 2 \frac{m}{s}$ | $a = 3 \frac{m}{s^2}$ | $v = 5 \frac{m}{s}$   | Finn $t$   |
| 3. | $v_0 = 2 \frac{m}{s}$ | $v = 3 \frac{m}{s}$   | $t = 5s$              | Finn $s$   |
| 4. | $v_0 = 2 \frac{m}{s}$ | $v = 3 \frac{m}{s}$   | $s = 5m$              | Finn $t$   |
| 5. | $v_0 = 1 \frac{m}{s}$ | $a = 2 \frac{m}{s^2}$ | $t = 3s$              | Finn $s$   |
| 6. | $s = 5m$              | $t = 2s$              | $a = 3 \frac{m}{s^2}$ | Finn $v_0$ |
| 7. | $a = 2 \frac{m}{s^2}$ | $v = 3 \frac{m}{s}$   | $v_0 = 1 \frac{m}{s}$ | Finn $s$   |

(Vi antar eksakte tall)

## Brudden brøk

eks. 
$$\frac{\frac{2}{3}}{\frac{4}{5}} = \frac{\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{5}{4}}{\frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{4}} = \frac{\frac{2 \cdot 5}{3 \cdot 4}}{\frac{4 \cdot 5}{5 \cdot 4}} = \frac{\frac{2 \cdot 5}{3 \cdot 4}}{\frac{20}{20}} = \frac{\frac{2 \cdot 5}{3 \cdot 4}}{1} = \frac{2 \cdot 5}{3 \cdot 4}$$

eks. 
$$\frac{\frac{m^2}{s^2}}{\frac{m}{s^2}} = \frac{\frac{m^2}{s^2} \cdot \frac{s^2}{m}}{\frac{m}{s^2} \cdot \frac{s^2}{m}} = m$$

Regel: 
$$\frac{\frac{a}{b}}{\frac{c}{d}} = \frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{d}{c}$$

## Kap. 1      Løsning Bevegelseslikningene

1.  $v = v_0 + at$

$$v = 2 \frac{m}{s} + 3 \frac{m}{s^2} \cdot 5s = (2 + 15) \frac{m}{s} = \underline{17 \frac{m}{s}}$$

2.  $v = v_0 + at$

$$(v - v_0) = at$$

$$\frac{(v - v_0)}{a} = t$$

$$t = \frac{(5 \frac{m}{s} - 2 \frac{m}{s})}{3 \frac{m}{s^2}} = \frac{3 \frac{m}{s}}{3 \frac{m}{s^2}} = \underline{1s}$$

3.  $s = \frac{1}{2}(v_0 + v) \cdot t = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (2 \frac{m}{s} + 17 \frac{m}{s}) \cdot 5s = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 19 \frac{m}{s} \cdot 5s = \underline{47,5m}$

4.  $s = \frac{1}{2}(v_0 + v) \cdot t$  1.2

$$2s = (v_0 + v) \cdot t$$

$$\frac{2s}{(v_0 + v)} = t \quad t = \frac{2 \cdot 5m}{(2 \frac{m}{s} + 17 \frac{m}{s})} = \frac{10m}{19 \frac{m}{s}} = \underline{0,5s}$$

5.  $s = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} at^2$

$$s = 1 \frac{m}{s} \cdot 3s + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \frac{m}{s^2} \cdot (3s)^2 = 3m + 1 \frac{m}{s^2} \cdot 9s^2 = 3m + 9m = \underline{12m}$$

6.  $s = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} at^2$

$$s - \frac{1}{2} at^2 = v_0 t$$

$$\frac{s - \frac{1}{2} at^2}{t} = v_0$$

$$v_0 = \frac{5m - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3 \frac{m}{s^2} \cdot (2s)^2}{2s} = \frac{5m - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3 \frac{m}{s^2} \cdot 4s^2}{2s} = \frac{5m - 6m}{2s} = \frac{-1m}{2s} = \underline{-0,5 \frac{m}{s}}$$

7.  $2as = v^2 - v_0^2$

$$s = \frac{v^2 - v_0^2}{2a}$$

$$s = \frac{(3 \frac{m}{s})^2 - (1 \frac{m}{s})^2}{2 \cdot 2 \frac{m}{s^2}} = \frac{9 \frac{m^2}{s^2} - 1 \frac{m^2}{s^2}}{4 \frac{m}{s^2}} = \frac{8 \frac{m^2}{s^2}}{4 \frac{m}{s^2}} = \underline{2m}$$