

$$3.05 \quad \bar{T} = \frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \frac{(15,1 + 14,9 + \dots + 15,1)s}{10 \cdot 20} = \frac{301,4s}{200} =$$

Største avvik:

$$1,507s = \underline{1,51s}$$

$$\delta T = \frac{0,3s}{10} = 0,03s$$

$$\delta T = 0,03s \text{ ville vært}$$

et bra anslag for usikkerheten hvis vi hadde færre enn ca 10 målinger.

Vi har 20 målinger og deler på 2 til slutt

$$\text{Dette gir } \delta T = \frac{0,03s}{2} = 0,015s$$

Vi avrunder så til ett siffers nøyaktighet og får $\delta T = 0,02s$

3.06 a)

$$\bar{m} = \frac{m_1 + m_2 + m_3 + m_4 + m_5}{5} = \frac{9,305g}{5} = \underline{1,861g}$$

$$m_{\min} = 1,818g$$

$$m_{\max} - \bar{m} = 0,046g$$

$$m_{\max} = 1,907g$$

$$\bar{m} - m_{\min} = 0,043g$$

Største avvik er 0,046g

Avviket starter i andre siffer etter komma.

Svarer bør derfor skrives

$$\underline{\bar{m} \pm \delta m = 1,86g \pm 0,05g}$$

$$b) \quad \frac{\delta m}{\bar{m}} = \frac{0,046g}{1,86g} = 0,0247 \approx 0,02 = \frac{2}{100} = \underline{2\%}$$

$$3.08 \text{ a) } \frac{\delta m}{\bar{m}} = \frac{0,5g}{85,4g} = 0,00585 = 0,585\% \approx \underline{0,6\%}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } m &= 0,37\text{kg} \pm 3\% & \text{dvs } \bar{m} &= 0,37\text{kg} \\ &= & \text{og } \delta m &= \frac{3}{100} \cdot \bar{m} \\ & & &= \frac{3}{100} \cdot 0,37\text{kg} \\ & & &= 0,01\text{kg} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3.09 \quad F_A &= (52 \pm 3)\text{N} & \text{dvs. } F_A & \text{ ligger i intervallet } [49, 55]\text{N} \\ F_B &= (48 \pm 5)\text{N} & \text{og } F_B & \text{ i } [43, 53]\text{N} \end{aligned}$$

Det er overlapp mellom intervallene
fra ~~49~~ N til 53 N.

Med den målesikkerheten vi har kan det
dermed godt tenkes at kreftene egentlig
er like store.

$F_A = F_B$ Kan forsvares ut fra
målingene.

$$3.10 \quad L_1 = \bar{L}_1 \pm \delta L_1 = (2,348 \pm 0,005) \text{ m}$$

$$L_2 = \bar{L}_2 \pm \delta L_2 = (2,451 \pm 0,005) \text{ m}$$

$$a) \quad \bar{S}_{\text{sum}} = \bar{L}_1 + \bar{L}_2 = (2,348 + 2,451) \text{ m} = 4,799 \text{ m}$$

$$\delta S_{\text{sum}} = \delta L_1 + \delta L_2 = 0,005 \text{ m} + 0,005 \text{ m} = \underline{\underline{0,01 \text{ m}}}$$

$$\frac{\delta S_{\text{sum}}}{S_{\text{sum}}} = \frac{0,01 \text{ m}}{4,799 \text{ m}} = 0,00208 \approx \underline{\underline{0,2\%}}$$

$$b) \quad \bar{\text{Diff}} = \bar{L}_2 - \bar{L}_1 = (2,451 - 2,348) \text{ m} = 0,103 \text{ m}$$

$$\delta \text{Diff} = \delta L_1 + \delta L_2 = \underline{\underline{0,01 \text{ m}}} \quad \underline{\underline{D = 0,103 \text{ m} \pm 0,01 \text{ m}}}$$

$$\frac{\delta \text{Diff}}{\text{Diff}} = \frac{0,01 \text{ m}}{0,103 \text{ m}} = 0,0970 \approx \underline{\underline{10\%}} \quad (\text{ett sifferns n y k tighet})$$

$$c) \quad \bar{P}_{\text{prod}} = \bar{L}_1 \cdot \bar{L}_2 = 2,348 \text{ m} \cdot 2,451 \text{ m} = 5,75494 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_{\text{prod, max}} = L_{1, \text{max}} \cdot L_{2, \text{max}} = 2,353 \text{ m} \cdot 2,456 \text{ m} = 5,77896 \text{ m}^2$$

$$P_{\text{prod, min}} = L_{1, \text{min}} \cdot L_{2, \text{min}} = 2,343 \text{ m} \cdot 2,446 \text{ m} = 5,73097 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\delta P_{\text{prod}} = \frac{P_{\text{prod, max}} - P_{\text{prod, min}}}{2} = \frac{(5,77896 - 5,73097) \text{ m}^2}{2} = 0,02399 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\frac{\delta P_{\text{prod}}}{P_{\text{prod}}} = \frac{0,024 \text{ m}^2}{5,75 \text{ m}^2} = 4,17 \cdot 10^{-3} = \underline{\underline{0,4\%}}$$

$$d) \quad \bar{B}_r = \frac{\bar{L}_2}{\bar{L}_1} = \frac{2,451}{2,348} = 1,04386$$

$$B_{r, \text{max}} = \frac{L_{2, \text{max}}}{L_{1, \text{min}}} = \frac{2,456}{2,343} = 1,04822$$

$$B_{r, \text{min}} = \frac{L_{2, \text{min}}}{L_{1, \text{max}}} = \frac{2,446}{2,353} = 1,03952$$

$$\delta B_r = \frac{B_{r, \text{max}} - B_{r, \text{min}}}{2} = \frac{1,04822 - 1,03952}{2} = 4,35 \cdot 10^{-3} = \underline{\underline{0,004}}$$

$$\frac{\delta B_r}{B_r} = \frac{0,0043}{1,04386} = 4,119 \cdot 10^{-3} = \underline{\underline{0,4\%}}$$

$$\frac{\delta B}{B} = \frac{\delta L_1}{L_1} + \frac{\delta L_2}{L_2} = \frac{0,005}{2,348} + \frac{0,005}{2,451}$$

3.11 a) $X = ab$

$a = (14,6 \pm 0,5) \text{ cm}$

$b = (2,56 \pm 0,01) \text{ cm}$

$X_{\max} = 15,1 \cdot 2,57 \text{ cm}^2 = 38,807 \text{ cm}^2$

$X_{\min} = 14,1 \cdot 2,55 \text{ cm}^2 = 35,955 \text{ cm}^2$

$\delta X = \frac{X_{\max} - X_{\min}}{2} = \frac{38,807 - 35,955}{2} \text{ cm}^2 = 1,426 \text{ cm}^2$

$\bar{X} = 14,6 \cdot 2,56 \text{ cm}^2 = 37,376 \text{ cm}^2$

$X = \bar{X} \pm \delta X = \underline{37 \text{ cm}^2 \pm 1 \text{ cm}^2}$

$\frac{\delta X}{X} = \frac{1,4}{37} = 0,0378 = \underline{4\%}$

$\frac{\delta X}{X} = \frac{\delta a}{a} + \frac{\delta b}{b} = \frac{0,5}{14,6} + \frac{0,01}{2,56} = 0,0381 = \underline{4\%}$

b) $X = \frac{a}{b}$

$a = (100 \pm 4) \text{ cm}$

$b = (50 \pm 1) \text{ cm}$

$\frac{\delta X}{X} = 0,0381$

$\delta X = 0,0381 \cdot \bar{X}$

$X_{\max} = \frac{a_{\max}}{b_{\min}} = \frac{104 \text{ cm}}{49 \text{ cm}} = 2,122$

$X_{\min} = \frac{a_{\min}}{b_{\max}} = \frac{96 \text{ cm}}{51 \text{ cm}} = 1,882$

$\bar{X} = \frac{100 \text{ cm}}{50 \text{ cm}} = 2,000$

$\delta X = \frac{X_{\max} - X_{\min}}{2} = \frac{2,122 - 1,882}{2} = 0,12$

$X = \bar{X} \pm \delta X = \underline{2,0 \pm 0,1}$

$\frac{\delta X}{X} = \frac{0,12}{2,0} = 0,06 = \underline{6\%}$

c) $X = ab^2$ $a = (7,00 \pm 0,04) \text{ m}$ $b = (3,50 \pm 0,03) \text{ m}$

$\bar{X} = 7,00 \cdot 3,50^2 \text{ m}^3 = 85,750 \text{ m}^3$

$X_{\max} = 7,04 \cdot 3,53^2 \text{ m}^3 = 87,724 \text{ m}^3$

$X_{\min} = 6,96 \cdot 3,47^2 \text{ m}^3 = 83,804 \text{ m}^3$

$X = \bar{X} \pm \delta X = \underline{86 \text{ m}^3 \pm 2 \text{ m}^3}$

$\frac{\delta X}{X} = \frac{1,96}{86} = 0,02 = \underline{2\%}$

$\delta X = \frac{X_{\max} - X_{\min}}{2} = \frac{(87,724 - 83,804) \text{ m}^3}{2} = 1,96 \text{ m}^3$

d) Den relative usikkerheden er størst i b , og b kvadreres slik at dette får ekstra stor betydning.

